II

(Non-legislative acts)

# REGULATIONS

# **COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2018/659**

# of 12 April 2018

on the conditions for the entry into the Union of live equidae and of semen, ova and embryos of equidae

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 91/496/EEC of 15 July 1991 laying down the principles governing the organisation of veterinary checks on animals entering the Community from third countries and amending Directives 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC and 90/675/EEC (1), and in particular Article 3(2) and Article 9(1)(c) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 92/65/EEC of 13 July 1992 laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(I) to Directive 90/425/EEC (2), and in particular Article 17(3) thereof.

Having regard to Council Directive 2009/156/EC of 30 November 2009 on animal health conditions governing the movement and importation from third countries of equidae (3), and in particular Article 2(i), Article 12(1), (4) and (5), Article 13(2), Articles 15, 16, 17 and 19 thereof,

# Whereas:

- Directive 2009/156/EC lays down the animal health requirements governing imports into the Union of equidae. It provides that only equidae that come from a third country or part of a third country on a list of third countries drawn up in accordance with that Directive, and accompanied by a health certificate corresponding to a model also drawn up in accordance with that Directive, may be imported into the Union. The health certificate must attest that the equidae comply with the health conditions set out in accordance with that Directive in the corresponding health certificate.
- The list of third countries from which Member States authorise imports of live equidae and semen, ova and (2) embryos of the equine species and the regionalisation of certain of those third countries should be established on the basis of the animal health status of those third countries and be based on the list of third countries and parts of the territory of third countries set out in Commission Decision 2004/211/EC (4).
- (3) In accordance with Article 12(2)(a) of Directive 2009/156/EC, the animal health requirements laid down in this Regulation should be based on a risk assessment. The principle of grouping countries in health zones, as provided for in Article 12(4) of Directive 2009/156/EC, according to common risks has proven to be effective. However, as the word 'zones' suggests certain contiguity and certain risks of the same kind may prevail in distant areas, countries should be assigned to specific 'sanitary groups'.

OJ L 268, 24.9.1991, p. 56. OJ L 268, 14.9.1992, p. 54. OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1.

Commission Decision 2004/211/EC of 6 January 2004 establishing the list of third countries and parts of territory thereof from which Member States authorise imports of live equidae and semen, ova and embryos of the equine species, and amending Decisions 93/195/EEC and 94/63/EC (OJ L 73, 11.3.2004, p. 1).

- (4) Directive 92/65/EEC lays down the animal health requirements governing imports into the Union of semen, ova and embryos of the equine species. It provides that only commodities that come from a third country or part of a third country on a list of third countries drawn up in accordance with that Directive, and accompanied by a health certificate corresponding to a model also drawn up in accordance with that Directive, may be imported into the Union. The health certificate must attest that the commodities come from approved collection and storage centres or collection and production teams offering guarantees at least equivalent to those established in Annex D(I) to that Directive.
- (5) Directive 92/65/EEC, as amended by Council Directive 2008/73/EC (¹), introduced a simplified procedure for the listing of semen collection and storage centres and embryo collection and production teams in third countries, approved for imports of the commodities into the Union. The lists are available at the Commission website (²).
- (6) Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC sets out certain requirements for semen, ova and embryos of equidae and provides for rules for the approval, supervision and operation of semen collection and storage centres and embryo collection and production teams and detailed conditions for the health status of the donor animals. Accordingly, it is necessary to establish model health certificates for imports into the Union of semen, ova and embryos of equidae.
- (7) In addition, provision should be made for imports into the Union of existing stocks of commodities that comply with the provisions of Directive 92/65/EEC established prior to the entry into force of the amendments introduced by Commission Regulation (EU) No 176/2010 (3). Accordingly, it is necessary to set out separate model health certificates for imports of consignments of semen, ova and embryos of equidae collected or produced, processed and stored in accordance with Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC prior to 1 September 2010.
- (8) The long lasting stocking capabilities for such commodities make it impossible at present to fix a date for the exhaustion of the existing stocks. Therefore, it is not possible to fix a date for the termination of the use of those model health certificates for the existing stocks.
- (9) In order to ensure full traceability of the commodities, model health certificates should be set out in this Regulation for imports into the Union of semen of equidae collected in approved semen collection centres and dispatched from an approved semen storage centre, whether or not the latter constitutes part of a semen collection centre approved under a different approval number.
- (10) In addition, it is appropriate that consignments of the commodities imported into the Union from Switzerland are accompanied by the health certificates drawn up in accordance with the models used for trade within the Union in semen, ova and embryos of animals of the equine species and set out in Commission Decision 2010/470/EU (\*), with the adaptations set out in points 8 and 9 of Chapter IX(B) of Appendix 2 of Annex 11 to the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in Agricultural Products, as approved by Decision 2002/309/EC, Euratom of the Council and of the Commission (\*).
- (11) Semen, ova and embryos of animals of the equine species consigned from Canada to the Union may be accompanied by health certificates laid down in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Government of Canada on sanitary measures to protect public and animal health in respect of trade in live animals and animal products (6), as approved by Council Decision 1999/201/EC (7).
- (¹) Council Directive 2008/73/EC of 15 July 2008 simplifying procedures of listing and publishing information in the veterinary and zootechnical fields and amending Directives 64/432/EEC, 77/504/EEC, 88/407/EEC, 88/661/EEC, 89/361/EEC, 89/556/EEC, 90/426/EEC, 90/427/EEC, 90/428/EEC, 90/429/EEC, 90/539/EEC, 91/68/EEC, 91/496/EEC, 92/35/EEC, 92/65/EEC, 92/119/EEC, 94/28/EC, 2000/75/EC, Decision 2000/258/EC and Directives 2001/89/EC, 2002/60/EC and 2005/94/EC (OJ L 219, 14.8.2008, p. 40).

(2) http://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/semen/equine\_en

- (\*) Commission Regulation (EU) No 176/2010 of 2 March 2010 amending Annex D to Council Directive 92/65/EEC as regards semen collection and storage centres, embryo collection and production teams, and conditions for donor animals of the equine, ovine and caprine species and for handling semen, ova and embryos of those species (OJ L 52, 3.3.2010, p. 14).
- (4) Commission Decision 2010/470/EU of 26 August 2010 laying down model health certificates for trade within the Union in semen, ova and embryos of animals of the equine, ovine and caprine species and in ova and embryos of animals of the porcine species (OJ L 228, 31.8.2010, p. 15).
- 31.8.2010, p. 15).

  (5) Decision 2002/309/EC, Euratom of the Council, and of the Commission as regards the Agreement on Scientific and Technological Cooperation of 4 April 2002 on the conclusion of seven Agreements with the Swiss Confederation (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 1).

6) OJ L 71, 18.3.1999, p. 3.

(\*) Council Decision 1999/201/EC of 14 December 1998 on the conclusion of the Agreement between the European Community and the Government of Canada on sanitary measures to protect public and animal health in respect of trade in live animals and animal products (OJ L 71, 18.3.1999, p. 1).

- (12) Semen, ova and embryos of animals of the equine species consigned from New Zealand to the Union may be accompanied by health certificates laid down in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and New Zealand on sanitary measures applicable to trade in live animals and animal products (1), as approved by Council Decision 97/132/EC (2).
- (13) With the view to simplifying Union legislation, it is appropriate to group together in a single Regulation the animal health and certification requirements applicable for the entry into the Union of consignments of equidae and of semen, ova and embryos of equidae, including the list of third countries and parts of the territory of third countries from which Member States are to authorise the introduction into the Union of such consignments.
- (14) In order to preserve the certified health status of equidae during their movement from the exporting third country to the Union, it is necessary to lay down animal health requirements concerning the transport of equidae.
- (15) Provisions should be made for the quality of health testing and the recording of vaccinations. Provisions should also be made for the confirmation of test results by the European Union reference laboratory for equine diseases other than African horse sickness, designated in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 180/2008 (3) where risk based sampling of equidae, in accordance with Commission Decision 97/794/EC (4), produced results different to those certified by the dispatching third country.
- (16) The tests used for the diagnosis of equine viral arteritis and the categories of male equidae to which the test requirements for equine viral arteritis apply should be defined based on the recommendations of the Scientific Veterinary Committee (5), which are contained in Commission Decision 95/329/EC (6), and the latest recommendations in Chapter 12.9. of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), 2016 Edition (7).
- (17) A specific model health certificate should be laid down for transit through the Union of live equidae from one third country, or part of the territory of a third country, to another third country or to another part of the territory of the same third country.
- (18) For the controls necessary to ensure a uniform implementation by Member States of the provisions on temporary admission of registered horses, the re-entry of registered horses after temporary export, the transit of equidae and the conversion of temporary admission of registered horses into permanent entry, it is necessary to lay down specific and additional provisions on the use of the integrated computerised veterinary system 'TRACES' provided for in Commission Decisions 2003/24/EC (8) and 2004/292/EC (9) from the veterinary border inspection post of entry, approved in accordance with Commission Decision 2009/821/EC (10) till the exit point from the Union.
- (19) In the interests of consistency and simplification of Union legislation, the format of the model health certificates for entry into the Union of equidae and of semen, ova and embryos of the equidae should be based on the standard models for veterinary certificates set out in Annex I to Commission Decision 2007/240/EC (11).

(2) Council Decision 97/132/EC of 17 December 1996 on the conclusion of the Agreement between the European Community and New Zealand on sanitary measures applicable to trade in live animals and animal products (OJ L 57, 26.2.1997, p. 4).

(5) Report of the Scientific Veterinary Committee on Equine Viral Arteritis, 12 December 1994, VI/4994/94 — Rev. 4.

(7) http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre\_eav.htm

(9) Commission Decision 2004/292/EC of 30 March 2004 on the introduction of the Traces system and amending Decision 92/486/EEC (OJ L 94, 31.3.2004, p. 63).

(10) Commission Decision 2009/821/EC of 28 September 2009 drawing up a list of approved border inspection posts, laying down certain rules on the inspections carried out by Commission veterinary experts and laying down the veterinary units in Traces (OJ L 296, 12.11.2009, p. 1).

(11) Commission Decision 2007/240/EC of 16 April 2007 laying down new veterinary certificates for importing live animals, semen, embryos, ova and products of animal origin into the Community pursuant to Decisions 79/542/EEC, 92/260/EEC, 93/195/EEC, 93/196/EEC, 95/328/EC, 96/333/EC, 96/539/EC, 96/540/EC, 2000/572/EC, 2000/585/EC, 2000/666/EC, 2002/613/EC, 2003/56/EC, 2003/779/EC, 2003/804/EC, 2003/858/EC, 2003/863/EC, 2003/881/EC, 2004/407/EC, 2004/438/EC, 2004/595/EC, 2004/639/EC and 2006/168/EC (OJ L 104, 21.4.2007, p. 37).

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ L 57, 26.2.1997, p. 5.

<sup>(3)</sup> Commission Regulation (EC) No 180/2008 of 28 February 2008 concerning the Community reference laboratory for equine diseases other than African horse sickness and amending Annex VII to Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OLL 56, 29.2.2008, p. 4).

<sup>(4)</sup> Commission Decision 97/794/EC of 12 November 1997 laying down certain detailed rules for the application of Council Directive 91/496/EEC as regards veterinary checks on live animals to be imported from third countries (OJ L 323, 26.11.1997, p. 31).

<sup>(\*)</sup> Commission Decision 95/329/EC of 25 July 1995 defining the categories of male equidae to which the requirement regarding viral arteritis laid down in Article 15 (b) (ii) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC applies (OJ L 191, 12.8.1995, p. 36).

<sup>(\*)</sup> Commission Decision 2003/24/EC of 30 December 2002 concerning the development of an integrated computerised veterinary system (OJ L 8, 14.1.2003, p. 44).

- (20) Provisions should be made to determine, in accordance with Article 19(c) of Directive 2009/156/EEC, the conditions for converting temporary entry into permanent entry, including provisions on the necessary information in TRACES and the exchange of the Common Veterinary Entry Document (CVED) set out in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/2004 (¹).
- (21) Specific animal health conditions should be laid down for the re-entry of registered horses after temporary export to third countries in order to participate in races, competitions and cultural events, and the corresponding model certificates should be set out in an Annex to this Regulation.
- (22) Commission Decision 93/444/EEC (²) defines the 'exit point' and requires, inter alia, that animals destined for export to a third country are, on their way to the exit point, to be accompanied by a health certificate applicable at least to trade in animals for slaughter of the species concerned. It also requires the competent authority at the place of dispatch to notify the exit point of the intended movement. It is necessary to clarify that in order to ensure traceability the 'exit point' should be a border inspection post and that the health certificate referred to in Article 2(1) of Decision 93/444/EEC should be the health certificate set out in Annex III to Directive 2009/156/EC also in the case of registered horses intended for temporary export.
- (23) For reasons of legal certainty, Commission Decisions 92/260/EEC (³), 93/195/EEC (⁴), 93/196/EEC (⁵), 93/197/EEC (⁵), 94/699/EC (⁻), 95/329/EC, 2003/13/EC (⁵), 2004/177/EC (°), 2004/211/EC, 2010/57/EU (¹¹) and 2010/471/EU (¹¹) should be repealed.
- (24) In order to enable economic operators to adapt to the new rules laid down in this Regulation, it is appropriate to provide for a transitional period during which Member States are to authorise the entry into the Union of equidae and semen, ova and embryos of equidae which comply with the conditions set out in the model health certificates applicable before the date of application of this Regulation.
- (25) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

# SECTION 1

### Subject matter, scope and definitions

### Article 1

# Subject matter and scope

This Regulation establishes the list of third countries and parts of the territory of third countries from which the entry into the Union of consignments of equidae and of their semen, ova and embryos is authorised.

- (¹) Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/2004 of 18 February 2004 introducing a document for the declaration of, and veterinary checks on, animals from third countries entering the Community (OJ L 49, 19.2.2004, p. 11).
- (2) Commission Decision 93/444/EEC of 2 July 1993 on detailed rules governing intra-Community trade in certain live animals and products intended for exportation to third countries (OJ L 208, 19.8.1993, p. 34).
- (3) Commission Decision 92/260/EEC of 10 April 1992 on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for temporary admission of registered horses (OJ L 130, 15.5.1992, p. 67).
- (4) Commission Decision 93/195/EEC of 2 February 1993 on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for the re-entry of registered horses for racing, competition and cultural events after temporary export (OJ L 86, 6.4.1993, p. 1).
- (5) Commission Decision 93/196/EEC of 5 February 1993 on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of equidae for slaughter (OJ L 86, 6.4.1993, p. 7).
- (6) Commission Decision 93/197/EEC of 5 February 1993 on animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production (OJ L 86, 6.4.1993, p. 16).
- (7) Commission Decision 94/699/EC of 19 October 1994 providing for less frequent identity and physical checks on the temporary admission of certain equidae from Sweden, Norway and Finland and repealing Decision 93/321/EEC (OJ L 280, 29.10.1994, p. 88).
- (8) Commission Decision 2003/13/EC of 10 January 2003 on the temporary admission of horses participating in the pre-Olympic test event in Greece in 2003 (OJ L 7, 11.1.2003, p. 86).
- (°) Commission Decision 2004/177/EC of 20 February 2004 on the temporary introduction of registered horses participating in the Olympic Games or the Paralympic Games in Greece in 2004 (OJ L 55, 24.2.2004, p. 64).

  (10) Commission Decision 2010/57/EU of 3 February 2010 laying down health guarantees for the transit of equidae being transported
- (10) Commission Decision 2010/57/EU of 3 February 2010 laying down health guarantees for the transit of equidae being transported through the territories listed in Annex I to Council Directive 97/78/EC (OJ L 32, 4.2.2010, p. 9).
   (11) Commission Decision 2010/471/EU of 26 August 2010 on imports into the Union of semen, ova and embryos of animals of the equine
- (1) Commission Decision 2010/471/EU of 26 August 2010 on imports into the Union of semen, ova and embryos of animals of the equine species as regards lists of semen collection and storage centres and embryo collection and production teams and certification requirements (OJ L 228, 31.8.2010, p. 52).

It also lays down the animal health and veterinary certification requirements applicable to those consignments.

#### Article 2

#### **Definitions**

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) 'regionalisation'	means the official recognition of a part of the territory of a third country with precise geo-
	graphical delimitations, containing an equidae subpopulation with a distinct health status
	with respect to one or more specific diseases and subject to appropriate surveillance, disease

control and biosecurity measures;

(b) 'identification document'

means any document which may be used to prove the identity of an equine animal and which includes at least the following information:

- a narrative describing the animal and recording its marks depicted in a completed outline diagram;
- (ii) a reference to specific marks, characteristics or identifiers which establish an unambiguous link between the animal and the document;
- (iii) the information set out in points 1, 2, 3 and 6 to 10 of Part A and in points 12 to 18 in Part B of Section 1 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/262 (¹);
- (c) 'registered horse'

means an animal of the species Equus caballus registered as defined in Council Directive 90/427/EEC (2), identified by means of an identification document issued by:

- (i) the breeding authority or any other competent authority of the country where the animal originated which manages the studbook or register for that breed of animal; or
- (ii) any international association or organisation which manages horses for competition or racing;
- (d) 'entry' means the action of moving equidae or their semen, ova or embryos into one of the territories listed in Annex I to Council Directive 97/78/EC (3);
- (e) 'type of entry' means respectively the temporary admission, the re-entry after temporary export, imports and transit;
- (f) 'temporary admission' means the status of a registered horse originating in a third country and moved into the Union territory for a period of less than 90 days;
- means the movement of a registered horse out of the Union for a period of less than (g) 'temporary export'
- means the movement of a registered horse from a third country into the Union after tem-(h) 're-entry' porary export from the Union;
- (i) 'imports' means the movement of a consignment of equidae or their semen, ova or embryos into the Union for an undetermined period;
- means the movement of a consignment of equidae across Union territory by road, rail or (j) 'transit' waterway transport from one third country to another or from one part of the territory of a third country to another part of the territory of the same third country;
- (k) 'border inspection means any inspection post as defined in Article 2(2)(f) of Directive 91/496/EEC and Article 2(2)(g) of Directive 97/78/EC and approved for the commodity concerned in accordpost' ance with Decision 2009/821/EC;

<sup>(1)</sup> Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/262 of 17 February 2015 laying down rules pursuant to Council Directives 90/427/EEC and 2009/156/EC as regards the methods for the identification of equidae (Equine Passport Regulation) (OJ L 59, 3.3.2015, p. 1).

Council Directive 90/427/EEC of 26 June 1990 on the zootechnical and genealogical conditions governing intra-Community trade in equidae (OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 55).

(3) Council Directive 97/78/EC of 18 December 1997 laying down the principles governing the organisation of veterinary checks on

products entering the Community from third countries (OJ L 24, 30.1.1998, p. 9).

(l) 'category of equidae'	means respectively registered equidae, equidae for slaughter and equidae for breeding and
	production as defined in Article 2 of Directive 2009/156/EC, and registered horses;

- (m) 'ova' means the haploid stages of the ootidogenesis including secondary oocytes and ova;
- (n) 'operator' means any natural or legal person subject to one or more of the rules provided for in this Regulation who has equidae or their germinal products under its responsibility;
- (o) 'isolation' means the separation for a specified period of equidae from other animals to prevent the transmission through direct or indirect contact of specified pathogen(s), while the equidae are undergoing observation and, if appropriate, testing and treatment under the supervision of the veterinary authority;
- (p) 'quarantine' means the isolation of equidae on premises operated in accordance with specific biosecurity rules under the control of the veterinary authority;
- (q) 'vector-protected quarantine'

means the quarantine of equidae which

- (i) is carried out on dedicated premises that are:
  - screened against the intrusion of relevant vectors,
  - included in a system of vector surveillance within the premises and of measures to limit the presence of relevant vectors around the premises;
- (ii) may include exercise of the quarantined animal under official supervision during the vector-low period of the day and subject to application of insecticides and insect repellents and where possible body-coverage;
- (r) 'vector-proof quarantine'

means the quarantine of equidae in a sealed building which is:

- furnished with positive pressure ventilation and filtered air inlets,
- is only accessible through a double door entry-exit system (1),
- in which a vector surveillance system is operated,
- where Standard Operating Procedures, including description of back-up and alarm systems, are implemented for the operation of the quarantine and the transport of equidae to the place of loading,
- (s) 'TRACES' means the integrand 2004/292

means the integrated computerised veterinary system provided for in Decisions 2003/24/EC and 2004/292/EC.

### SECTION 2

# List of third countries and parts thereof for the entry into the Union of equidae and semen, ova and embryos of equidae

### Article 3

# List of third countries and parts of the territory of third countries from which the entry of equidae into the Union is authorised

- 1. Member States shall authorise the entry into the Union of consignments of equidae from the third countries or, where the Union applies regionalisation, parts of the territory of third countries, listed in columns 2 and 4 of the table in Annex I in accordance with the indications set out in that Annex, as follows:
- (a) the temporary admission of registered horses as indicated in column 6 of the table set out in Annex I, and accompanied by an individual health certificate drawn up in accordance with the model health certificate set out in Section A of Part 1 of Annex II;
- (b) the transit of equidae as indicated in column 15 of the table set out in Annex I, and accompanied by an individual health certificate drawn up in accordance with the model health certificate set out in Section B of Part 1 of Annex II;
- (c) the re-entry of registered horses for racing, competition and cultural events after temporary export as indicated in column 7 of the table set out in Annex I, and accompanied by an individual health certificate drawn up in accordance with the appropriate model health certificate set out in Section A or B of Part 2 of Annex II;

 $<sup>\</sup>label{lem:control-measures_bt_guidance_vpe_7068_2012.pdf} \label{lem:control-measures_bt_guidance_vpe_7068_2012.pdf} \\ \text{(i) } https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/animals/docs/ad_control-measures_bt_guidance_vpe_7068_2012.pdf} \\ \text{(i) } https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/site$ 

- (d) the import of registered horses as indicated in column 8 of the table set out in Annex I, and accompanied by an individual health certificate drawn up in accordance with the model health certificate set out in Section A of Part 3 of Annex II;
- (e) the import of a consignment of equidae for slaughter as indicated in column 9 of the table set out in Annex I, and accompanied by a health certificate drawn up in accordance with the model health certificate set out in Section B of Part 3 of Annex II;
- (f) the import of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production as indicated in column 10 of the table set out in Annex I, and accompanied by an individual health certificate drawn up in accordance with the model health certificate set out in Section A of Part 3 of Annex II.
- 2. The competent authority of the third country of dispatch shall apply the measures necessary in order to comply with the specific conditions or temporal limitations indicated for that country in column 16 of the table in Annex I.

# Third countries and parts of the territory of third countries from which the entry into the Union of semen of equidae is authorised

Member States shall authorise the entry into the Union of consignments of semen of equidae from the third countries, or, where the Union applies regionalisation, parts of the territory of third countries, listed in columns 2 and 4 of the table in Annex I, as indicated in columns 11, 12 and 13 of that table, and provided that the consignment complies with the following conditions:

- (a) the consignment is dispatched from a semen collection or storage centre listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC;
- (b) the consignment is accompanied by a health certificate drawn up in accordance with the appropriate model health certificate set out in Part 1 of Annex III.

# Article 5

# Third countries and parts of the territory of third countries from which the entry into the Union of ova and embryos of equidae is authorised

Member States shall authorise the entry into the Union of consignments of ova and embryos of equidae from the third countries, or, where the Union applies regionalisation, parts of the territory of third countries, listed in columns 2 and 4 of the table in Annex I, as indicated in column 14 of that table, and provided that the consignment complies with the following conditions:

- (a) the consignment is dispatched by an embryo collection or production team listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC;
- (b) the consignment is accompanied by a health certificate drawn up in accordance with the appropriate model health certificate set out in Part 2 of Annex III.

# SECTION 3

# General requirements for entry into the Union of consignments of equidae and of semen, ova and embryos of equidae

# Article 6

# Certification

- 1. The health certificates, as provided for in Articles 3, 4 and 5, shall be drawn up and issued in accordance with:
- (a) the applicable supplementary guarantees or conditions specified in column 16 of Annex I;
- (b) the explanatory notes provided for in Part 4 of Annex II and Part 3 of Annex III respectively.
- 2. The provisions of paragraph 1 shall not preclude the use of electronic certification or other agreed systems, whenever harmonised procedures at Union level have been established.

# Period of validity of health certificates

- 1. The operator responsible for a consignment of equidae or of semen, ova or embryos of equidae intended for entry into the Union shall ensure that the consignment is presented to an approved border inspection post authorised for the consignment concerned no later than 10 days from the date of certification of the consignment in the third country of dispatch.
- 2. Where equidae are transported by sea, the period of 10 days referred to in paragraph 1 shall be extended by the time of transport on sea.

### SECTION 4

# Transport requirements for entry of equidae into the Union

#### Article 8

# General animal health requirements

- 1. The operator responsible for a consignment of equidae intended for entry into the Union shall ensure that those equidae are transported in compliance with the following:
- (a) the equidae are transported by a means of transport carrying only equidae that are destined for the Union or alternatively are accompanied by a health certificate required for transit;
- (b) the equidae are transported by a means of transport carrying only equidae of the same certified health status, except where otherwise authorised in the specific animal health requirements set out in Sections A and B of Part 1 and in Section A of Part 3 of Annex II;
- (c) the equidae are transported by road or railway or moved on foot only in a third country or a part of the territory of a third country that is authorised for at least one type of entry of at least one category of equidae.
- 2. The operator responsible for a consignment of equidae intended for entry into the Union shall ensure compliance with the following:
- (a) the crates, containers, stalls or jet-stalls and the means of transport or the transport compartment of the means of transport in which equidae will be transported are cleansed and disinfected prior to loading of the animals with a disinfectant officially recognised in the country of dispatch;
- (b) the means of transport used for road or railway transport are designed, constructed and operated to prevent the escape of faeces, urine and fodder during the intended journey;
- (c) measures to protect the animals from attacks of insect vectors shall be applied in case of the occurrence of one of the following diseases:
  - (i) African horse sickness or Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis in the third country of dispatch or transit;
  - (ii) one or more of the vector-borne diseases listed in Article 11(1), with the exception of equine infectious anaemia, if the equidae are not immune or vaccinated against the pathogen.

In the case of the diseases referred to in point (i) the vector protection shall include measures such as the netting of the crates, containers, stalls or jet-stalls, forced ventilation and keeping the transport compartment closed, except during loading and unloading of the animals or when attending to the animals.

3. The operator responsible for a consignment of equidae intended for entry into the Union shall ensure that, during the journey, the equidae are only unloaded in a third country or a part of the territory of a third country that is authorised for the entry of equidae into the Union in accordance with Annex I.

# Article 9

# Specific animal health requirements for transport by air

- 1. The operator responsible for a consignment of equidae intended for entry into the Union by air shall ensure compliance with the following:
- (a) the crates, containers or jet-stalls and the surrounding airspace in the transport compartment are sprayed with an appropriate insect repellent in combination with an insecticide immediately after the closing of the doors of the aircraft:
- (b) the captain of the aircraft completes and signs the declaration set out in Part 1 of Annex V.

- 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 3 of Article 8, Member States may, on request of the operator of the consignment, authorise direct transhipment from one aircraft to another aircraft which takes place in a country not listed in Annex I, provided that the following requirements are satisfied:
- (a) the transhipment is carried out in the same airport within the area of the same customs office under direct supervision of an official veterinarian or the responsible customs officer;
- (b) during the transhipment the equidae are protected from attacks by insect vectors of diseases transmissible to equidae;
- (c) the equidae do not come into contact with equidae of a different health status;
- (d) the measures provided for in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 are applied in relation to the aircraft to be used for onward travel;
- (e) compliance with the conditions set out in point (a) of paragraph 1 and in points (a), (b) and (c) of this paragraph is certified by the official veterinarian or the responsible customs officer in the Transhipment Manifest drawn up in accordance with the model set out in Part 3 of Annex V.

# Specific animal health requirements for transport by sea

- 1. The operator responsible for a consignment of equidae intended for entry into the Union by sea shall ensure compliance with the following:
- (a) the vessel is scheduled to dock directly at a port in the Union without calling into a port of a third country or in a part of the territory of a third country not included in Annex I;
- (b) the crates, containers or stalls and the surrounding airspace in the transport compartment are sprayed with an appropriate insect repellent in combination with an insecticide immediately after the closing of the compartment;
- (c) the captain of the vessel completes and signs the declaration set out in Part 2 of Annex V.
- 2. By way of derogation from point (a) of paragraph 1, Member States may authorise direct transhipment from one vessel to another vessel which takes place in a country not listed in Annex I, provided:
- (a) the transhipment is carried out in the same port within the area of the same customs office under direct supervision of an official veterinarian or the responsible customs officer;
- (b) the equidae are during the transhipment protected from attacks by insect vectors of diseases transmissible to equidae;
- (c) the equidae do not come into contact with equidae of a different health status;
- (d) compliance with the conditions set out in point (b) of paragraph 1 and points (a), (b) and (c) of this paragraph is certified by the official veterinarian or the responsible customs officer in the Transhipment Manifest drawn up in accordance with the model set out in Part 3 of Annex V.

# SECTION 5

General requirements for the testing and vaccination of equidae intended for entry into the Union and of donor equidae whose semen, ova or embryos are intended for entry into the Union

# Article 11

# General requirements for laboratory testing for the certification of consignments of equidae, or their semen, ova or embryos intended for entry into the Union

1. The competent authority of the third country dispatching equidae or semen, ova or embryos of equidae, which are intended for entry into the Union shall ensure that the laboratory tests provided for in the health certificates set out in Annexes II and III for glanders, dourine, equine infectious anaemia, Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, Western and Eastern equine encephalomyelitis, Japanese encephalitis, West Nile Fever, vesicular stomatitis, equine viral arteritis and contagious equine metritis meet at least the sensitivity and specificity requirements laid down for the disease concerned in the respective Chapter of Section 2.5 of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals, latest edition, of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE).

- 2. The competent authority of the third country dispatching equidae which are destined for the Union shall ensure that the laboratory tests provided for in the health certificates set out in Annex II for African horse sickness are carried out in accordance with Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC.
- 3. The competent authority of the third country dispatching equidae or semen, ova or embryos of equidae, which are destined for the Union shall ensure compliance with the following:
- (a) the tests referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 are carried out in a laboratory recognised by the competent authority in the third country of dispatch;
- (b) the details of sampling and the results of the tests are stated as required in the health certificate set out for the consignment concerned in Annex II or III based on the laboratory report made available to the certifying official veterinarian.

# Testing upon arrival in the Union

- 1. Where a test carried out, in or on behalf of the Member State of entry, on a sample taken in accordance with Article 4 of Decision 97/794/EC does not confirm the result of a laboratory test attested in a health certificate accompanying equidae or semen, ova or embryos of equidae arriving in the Union, as set out in Annex II or III to this Regulation, the competent authority of that Member State of entry shall ensure that the test is repeated in the national reference laboratory designated for the disease concerned in accordance with Article 4(1) of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1).
- 2. Where the measures provided for in paragraph 1 do not result in a conclusive outcome of the checks for compliance carried out in accordance with Article 4 of Decision 97/794/EC, the competent authority referred to in paragraph 1 shall ensure that the sample referred to in that paragraph is subjected to definitive testing as follows:
- (a) for African horse sickness, in the European Union reference laboratory for African horse sickness designated in accordance with Council Directive 92/35/EEC (²);
- (b) for the diseases referred to in Article 11(1), in the European Union reference laboratory for equine diseases other than African horse sickness, designated in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 180/2008.

# Article 13

# Application of vaccines and recording of vaccination

- 1. The competent authority of the third country dispatching equidae or semen, ova or embryos of equidae, which are destined for the Union, shall ensure that the vaccination attested in any of the certificates set out in Annexes II or III is carried out in compliance with the following:
- (a) the vaccination is carried out in accordance with the manufacturers' instructions or national legislation, whatever is stricter;
- (b) the vaccination is carried out using a licensed vaccine which meets at least the requirements for safety, sterility and efficacy set out for the vaccine concerned in the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals, latest edition, of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE).
- 2. Where the competent authority of a third country attests that a positive laboratory finding in a serological test for African horse sickness is related to previous vaccination, the vaccination shall be documented in the identification document accompanying the equine animal, where such identification document is available.

# Article 14

# Requirements relating to equine viral arteritis

- 1. Uncastrated male equidae intended for entry into the Union, with the exception of those listed in point 1 of Annex IV, shall be subject to tests for equine viral arteritis to ascertain that their semen is free of equine arteritis virus.
- 2. Vaccination against equine viral arteritis, including the testing required in accordance with point 1(a) of Annex IV, shall be carried out under official veterinary supervision.
- (¹) Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules (OJ L 165, 30.4.2004, p. 1).
- (2) Council Directive 92/35/EEC of 29 April 1992 laying down control rules and measures to combat African horse sickness (OJ L 157, 10.6.1992, p. 19).

3. Vaccination against equine viral arteritis shall be valid where there is documented proof accompanying the equine animal of an uninterrupted history of a primary course carried out in compliance with one of the vaccination protocols provided for in point 1(a) of Annex IV and regular revaccination according to manufacturers' recommendations and in any event at intervals of not more than 12 months.

#### SECTION 6

# Identification of equidae intended for entry into the Union

### Article 15

# Identification of equidae intended for entry into the Union

1. Equidae destined for entry into the Union shall be individually identified so as to ensure an unequivocal correspondence between the animal and its certified health status.

That identification shall:

- (a) either comply with the requirements of Article 14 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/262; or
- (b) provide at least the information detailed in points 1, 2, 3 and 6 to 10 of Part A and in points 12 to 18 of Part B of Section I of Part 1 of Annex I to that Regulation.
- 2. Equidae for slaughter to be imported into the Union shall be marked individually with an electronic transponder or an ear tag, the number of which shall be recorded in the health certificate accompanying the animals during transport.
- 3. Equidae for slaughter to be imported into the Union shall bear on their left front hoof a clear and indelible hotbranded 'S' of the size not less than half the length of the hoof wall, in the following cases:
- (a) if they are marked individually, by way of derogation from paragraph 2, by an alternative method indicated in the health certificate, in which case the animals must be consigned to the slaughterhouse of destination in accordance with Article 21(a);
- (b) if they are destined to be consigned to the slaughterhouse of destination in accordance with Article 21(b).

# SECTION 7

# Specific animal health and certification requirements for entry into the Union of consignments of equidae

# Article 16

# Measures to be taken by the competent authorities to ensure traceability of a registered horse admitted temporarily

- 1. Provided compliance with the entry conditions has been established, the competent authority at the border inspection post of entry shall:
- (a) retain a copy of the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a);
- (b) inform, through TRACES, the relevant competent authority or border inspection post of exit, as appropriate, of the entry of a temporarily admitted registered horse, as follows:
  - (i) the competent authority of the place of destination indicated in Box I.6 of the common veterinary entry document ('CVED') set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 282/2004;
  - (ii) the border inspection post of exit declared in the declaration by the owner or the representative of the owner of the registered horse accompanying the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a) by completing Box I.24 of the CVED;
  - (iii) the competent authorities responsible for the places of temporary residence indicated in the declaration by the owner or the representative of the owner of the registered horse accompanying the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a);
- (c) deliver at least one copy of the CVED to the operator identified as 'operator responsible for the consignment' in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in paragraph 1(b).

- 2. Where a registered horse is to be moved from one Member State to another Member State during its temporary admission, the competent authority of the place of dispatch shall:
- (a) provided the animal health conditions of Articles 4 and 5 of Directive 2009/156/EC are fulfilled, issue a health certificate in accordance with Annex III to Directive 2009/156/EC either for an individual registered horse or for a consignment of registered horses of the same origin and with the same destination, and enter in Box I.6 of that certificate a reference to the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a) of each temporarily admitted registered horse forming the consignment and a reference to the CVED referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b);
- (b) inform, through TRACES, the competent authority at the place of destination, of the movement of a registered horse to that Member State, and request the verification of arrival by completing a further Part III of the CVED referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b);
- (c) deliver to the operator, as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b), a new print of the CVED displaying the Part III added in accordance with point (b) of this paragraph;
- (d) invalidate or withdraw any print of the CVED delivered to the operator in accordance with paragraph 1(c), or, if there had been a previous movement to another Member State, in accordance with point (c) of this paragraph.
- 3. The competent authority of the place of destination referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b) and in paragraph 2(b) shall acknowledge through TRACES the arrival of the registered horse and document the checks carried out by completing Part III of the CVED.
- 4. At the end of the temporary admission, the competent authority referred to in points (i) or (iii) of paragraph 1(b) which certifies the temporarily admitted registered horse to the third country of origin or to another third country, shall:
- (a) inform, through TRACES, the border inspection post of exit of the departure of the temporarily admitted registered horse from the Union, by completing a further Part III of the CVED referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b);
- (b) deliver to the operator, as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b), a new print of the CVED displaying the Part III added in accordance with point (a) of this paragraph;
- (c) where the border inspection post of exit is situated in another Member State,
  - (i) issue, in accordance with Decision 93/444/EEC, a certificate in accordance with Annex III to Directive 2009/156/EC either for an individual registered horse or for a consignment of registered horses of the same origin and with the same destination;
  - (ii) enter in Box I.6 of the certificate referred to in point (i) a reference to the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a) of each temporarily admitted registered horse forming the consignment and a reference to the CVED referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b).
- 5. The border inspection post of exit referred to in point (a) of paragraph 4 shall document the termination of the temporary admission of the registered horse by completing Part III of the CVED accordingly.
- 6. Where the temporary admission of a registered horse has not been terminated in accordance with paragraph 5 within a period of less than 90 days following the date of issue of the CVED referred to in point (i) of paragraph 1(b), an alert is sent automatically through TRACES to the border inspection post of entry and the competent authorities referred to in this Article until those competent authorities have determined the status of the registered horse.

# Operator responsibilities for temporarily admitted registered horses

- 1. The operator responsible for a registered horse temporarily admitted into the Union, as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b), shall ensure that the following conditions are met:
- (a) the registered horse shall at all times during its temporary admission be accompanied by its original health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a) and by the CVED issued by the border inspection post of entry into the Union:
- (b) the registered horse shall remain in the respective Member State and on the premises stated in the declaration accompanying the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a);
- (c) where the registered horse is to be moved to another Member State, it shall be accompanied by a health certificate in accordance with Annex III to Directive 2009/156/EC and the modified CVED delivered by the competent authority in accordance with Article 16(2);

- (d) any former prints of the CVED are surrendered to the competent authority for invalidation or withdrawal;
- (e) the registered horse shall leave the Union through a border inspection post indicated in the health certificate referred to in in Article 3(1)(a) not later than 89 days following the date of entry into the Union indicated on the corresponding CVED.
- 2. The operator referred to in paragraph 1 shall remain responsible for the movement of the registered horse during its temporary admission in the Union, and in particular shall inform:
- (a) the competent authority referred to in points (i) and (iii) of Article 16(1)(b) regarding any changes to be made to the movements stated in the declaration accompanying the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a);
- (b) the border inspection post of exit regarding the date when the temporarily admitted registered horse is to depart from the Union;
- (c) the competent authority referred to in points (i) and (iii) of Article 16(1)(b) responsible for the holding regarding the death or loss of the registered horse or any emergency, such as health conditions, requiring veterinary attention beyond the 89 days of temporary admission.

# Re-entry after temporary export of registered horses temporarily admitted into the Union

- 1. Registered horses temporarily admitted into the Union may be authorised for re-entry after temporary export to a third country or part of the territory of a third country authorised for the re-entry of registered horses to take part in specific races, competitions or cultural events for which model health certificates for re-entry into the Union are laid down in accordance with Article 20(3), provided that the re-entry into the Union takes place within a period of less than 90 days following the date of issuing of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b).
- 2. In order to allow the re-entry of a registered horse referred to in paragraph 1, the competent authority referred to in points (i) and (iii) of Article 16(1)(b) issuing the certificate for the temporary export shall:
- (a) apply the measures provided for in points (a), (b) and, where applicable, (c) of Article 16(4);
- (b) inform, through TRACES, the border inspection post of scheduled re-entry by completing Part III of the CVED;
- (c) deliver to the operator as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b), a new print of the CVED displaying the Part III added in accordance with point (b) of this paragraph;
- (d) invalidate or withdraw any print of the CVED delivered in accordance with Article 16(1)(c) or, if there had been a previous movement to another Member State, in accordance with Article 16(2)(c).
- 3. The border inspection post of re-entry shall:
- (a) retain the original of the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(c);
- (b) inform, through TRACES, of the re-entry of the registered horse:
  - (i) the competent authority of the place of destination, as declared in the declaration accompanying the health certificate referred to in Article 16(1)(a), or as modified in accordance with Article 17(2)(a);
  - (ii) the border inspection post of exit, as declared in the declaration accompanying the health certificate referred to in Article 16(1)(a), or as modified in accordance with Article 17(2)(a), by completing Box I.24 of the CVED referred to in point (d);
- (c) request the competent authority of the place of destination to verify and, where appropriate, to confirm the arrival of the registered horse by completing Box I.6 of the CVED referred to in point (d);
- (d) deliver to the operator a print of a new CVED in which Box II.1 is completed with a reference to the number of the CVED delivered previously in accordance with Article 16(1)(c) or, if there had been a previous movement to another Member State, in accordance with Article 16(2)(c), and in which Box II.14 is completed within the deadline for leaving the Union indicated in the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b);
- (e) invalidate or withdraw any print of the CVED delivered to the operator in accordance with Article 16(1)(c) or, if there had been a previous movement to another Member State, in accordance with Article 16(2)(c).

4. Following the re-entry after temporary export of a temporarily admitted registered horse in accordance with paragraph 1, the rules laid down in Article 16 apply for the remaining period of less than 90 days following the date of issuing of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b).

### Article 19

# Conversion of temporary admission into permanent entry and death or loss of a registered horse

- 1. Where the operator, as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b), submits an application to the competent authority referred to in point (i) or (iii) of Article 16(1)(b) or in Article 16(2)(b), to convert the temporary admission of a registered horse into a permanent entry, a Member State may authorise that conversion provided that the following requirements are met:
- (a) in accordance with Annex I, imports of registered horses are authorised from the third country or part of the territory of the third country concerned;
- (b) the competent authority responsible for the place of temporary residence has complied with the following conditions:
  - (i) that competent authority has carried out with satisfactory results the checks necessary to verify compliance with the test and vaccination requirements for imports of registered horses from the third country or part of the territory of the third country concerned set out in Part 3 of Annex II;
  - (ii) that competent authority has ensured that the registered horse remained under official veterinary supervision in that Member State until 3 months have elapsed from the date of its entry into the Union indicated on the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b).
- 2. The competent authority referred to in paragraph 1, or a border inspection post designated for this task by the Member State, shall:
- (a) terminate the temporary admission in TRACES by choosing 'Conversion into permanent entry' in Part III of the CVED delivered to the operator in accordance with either Article 16(1)(c), or, if there had been a previous movement to another Member State, with Article 16(2)(c) or, if there had been a previous re-entry after temporary export, with Article 18(3)(c);
- (b) deliver to the operator identified in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b), a new print of the CVED referred to in point (a), or a new CVED, in which 'For internal market' is checked in Box I.21;
- (c) invalidate or withdraw any print of the CVED delivered to the operator in accordance with either Article 16(1)(c), or, if there had been a previous movement to another Member State, with Article 16(2)(c) or, if there had been a previous re-entry after temporary export, with Article 18(3)(c);
- (d) invalidate or withdraw the original of the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(a).
- 3. During the period of conversion, the operator, as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED issued in accordance with point (i) of Article 16(1)(b) or Article 18(3)(b) of the registered horse shall take the following measures:
- (a) arrange regular visits carried out and recorded by a veterinarian to check the registered horse for clinical signs of possible infectious diseases;
- (b) keep records on the movement of the registered horse and on movements of equidae on and off the holding where it is kept;
- (c) complete the customs procedures, as referred to in Article 15 of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/262;
- (d) make an application in accordance with Article 15(1) of Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/262 for the issuing of an identification document or the adaptation of an existing identification document.
- 4. In the case of death or loss of a registered horse temporarily admitted into the Union, the competent authority of the place of death or loss, where required by the Member State concerned in close collaboration with a border inspection post, shall:
- (a) terminate the temporary admission in TRACES by choosing 'Death/Loss' in Part III of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b) or Article 18(3)(b);

(b) invalidate or withdraw any print of the CVED delivered to the operator in accordance with either Article 16(1)(c), or, if there had been a previous movement to another Member State, with Article 16(2)(c) or, if there had been a previous re-entry after temporary export, with Article 18(3)(c).

#### Article 20

# Specific animal health conditions regarding the re-entry of registered horses after temporary export for races, competition and cultural events

- 1. Member States shall authorise the re-entry of registered horses subject to compliance with the following conditions:
- (a) the registered horse has remained outside the Union for not more than 30 days, unless specifically provided for in paragraph 3;
- (b) the registered horse has neither been resident in nor transited on land through any third country or part of the territory of a third country that is not assigned to the same sanitary group as the third country or part of the territory of a third country in which the health certificate in accordance with Section A of Part 2 of Annex II has been signed by the official veterinarian;
- (c) the health certificate for temporary export signed by the official veterinarian in the Member State of origin, or an authorised copy thereof, is presented on request of the border inspection post of re-entry into the Union.
- 2. The competent authority certifying a registered horse for temporary export to a third country shall ensure that in application of Article 2(1) of Decision 93/444/EEC the registered horse is accompanied until the exit point in another Member State by a health certificate in accordance with Annex III to Directive 2009/156/EC.
- 3. The re-entry after temporary export for a period of more than 30 days of registered horses taking part in specific races, competitions or cultural events is subject to specific animal health requirements as contained in the corresponding model health certificates provided for Section B of Part 2 of Annex II in respect of the relevant event.
- 4. The operator, as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED, responsible for the consignment shall ensure that during the temporary export the registered horse neither has been resident in nor has transited on land through any third country or part of the territory of a third country that is not assigned to the same sanitary group as the third country or part of the territory of a third country in which the health certificate in accordance with Section A of Part 2 of Annex II has been signed by the official veterinarian.

### Article 21

# Specific animal health conditions regarding imports of equidae for slaughter

The operator, as identified in Box I.7 of the CVED referred to in point (i) of Article 16(1)(b), of a consignment of equidae for slaughter shall ensure that after the checks carried out at the border inspection post of entry into the Union, the animals:

- (a) are either conveyed directly, without delay and without coming into contact with equidae of a different health status, to the slaughterhouse of destination where they shall be slaughtered within 72 hours of arrival at the slaughterhouse; or
- (b) pass through a single approved market or marshalling centre referred to in Article 7(1) of Directive 2009/156/EC as indicated in the health certificate referred to in Article 3(1)(e) of this Regulation, from where they are to be removed after the market under national rules ensuring traceability directly to a slaughterhouse to be slaughtered, as soon as possible, but at the latest within 5 working days of arrival in the Union without coming into contact with equidae of a different health status.

# SECTION 8

# Transitional and final provisions

### Article 22

# Transitional provisions

For a transitional period until 31 December 2018, Member States shall authorise the entry into the Union of consignments of equidae and of semen, ova and embryos of equidae accompanied by health certificates drawn up in accordance with the model health certificates applicable before the date of application of this Regulation specified in the second subparagraph of Article 24.

# Repeals

Decisions 92/260/EEC, 93/195/EEC, 93/196/EEC, 93/197/EEC, 94/699/EC, 95/329/EC, 2003/13/EC, 2004/177/EC, 2004/211/EC, 2010/57/EU and 2010/471/EU are repealed.

Any reference to those Decisions shall be construed as a reference to this Regulation.

# Article 24

# Entry into force and applicability

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 October 2018.

However, Article 16(1)(b)(iii), Article 16(2)(b), (c) and (d), Article 16(3), Article 16(4)(a) and (b), Article 16(5) and Article 17(1)(d) shall apply from 14 December 2019.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 April 2018.

For the Commission
The President
Jean-Claude JUNCKER

LIST OF THIRD COUNTRIES (1) AND PARTS OF THE TERRITORY OF THIRD COUNTRIES (2) FOR THE ENTRY INTO THE UNION OF CONSIGNMENTS OF EQUIDAE AND OF SEMEN, OVA AND EMBRYOS OF EQUIDAE

ANNEX I

		Code of the part of the			TA	Re-En		Imports			Imp	orts		Transit	Specific conditions
ISO- Code	Third country	territory of the third	Description of the part of the territory of the third country	SG	RH	RH	RH	ES	RE +		SEMEN	Γ	O/E	Equidae	
		country							EBP	RH	RE	EBP			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AE	United Arab Emirates	AE-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	_	_	X	—	—	X	X	
AR	Argentina	AR-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
AU	Australia	AU-0	Whole country	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
ВВ	Barbados	BB-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	_	_	X	_	_	_	X	
ВН	Bahrain	BH-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	_	_	_	_	_	_	X	
ВМ	Bermuda	BM-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	_	_	X	_	_	_	X	
ВО	Bolivia	BO-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	_	_	X			_	X	
BR	Brazil	BR-0	Whole country		_	_	_	_	_		_		_		
		BR-1	The states of: Rio Grande do Sul, Santa Catarina, Mato Grosso do Sul, Distrito Federal and Rio de Janeiro	D	X	X	X	_	_	X	_	_	_	X	
ВҮ	Belarus	BY-0	Whole country	В	X	X	X	X	X					X	
CA	Canada	CA-0	Whole country	С	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

		Code of the part of the			TA	Re-En		Imports			Imp	orts		Transit	Specific conditions
ISO- Code	Third country	territory of the third country	Description of the part of the territory of the third country	SG	RH	RH	RH	ES	RE + EBP	RH	SEMEN RE	EBP	O/E	Equidae	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
СН	Switzerland (1)	СН-0	Whole country	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
CL	Chile	CL-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	X	X	_	_	_	_	X	
CN	China	CN-0	Whole country	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		CN-1	The equine disease-free zone in Conghua City, Guangzhou Municipality, Guangdong Province including the Biosecurity Highway Passage from and to the airport in Guangzhou and Hong Kong (see BOX 1 for details)	G	X	X	X	_	_	_	_	_	_	X	
		CN-2	The venue for the Global Champions Tour at the Expo 2010 No 15 Parking Lot and the passage to the Shanghai Pudong International Airport in the northern part of the Pudong New area and the Eastern part of the Minhang District of the Metropolitan area of Shanghai (see BOX 1 for details)	G	_	X	_	_		_	_	_	_		Only if certified in accordance with Chapter 1 of Section B of Part 2 of Annex II

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Official Journal of the European Union

30.4.2018

		Code of the			TA	Re-En		Imports			Imp	orts		Transit	Specific conditions
ISO- Code	Third country	part of the territory of the third country	Description of the part of the territory of the third country	SG	RH	RH	RH	ES	RE + EBP	RH	SEMEN RE	EBP	O/E	Equidae	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
CR	Costa Rica	CR-0	Whole country	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		CR-1	Metropolitan area of San José	D	_	X	_	_	_		_	_	_		
CU	Cuba	CU-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
DZ	Algeria	DZ-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	X	X					X	
EG	Egypt	EG-0	Whole country		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		EG-1	The Equine Disease Free Zone established at the Egyptian Armed Forces Veterinary Hospital at El Nasr road, across Al Ahly Club, Cairo, and the highway passage to Cairo International Airport (see BOX 2 for details)	Е	X	_	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
FK	Falkland Islands	FK-0	Whole country	A	X	X	X	_	X					X	
GL	Greenland	GL-0	Whole country	A	X	X	X	X	X					X	
НК	Hong Kong	HK-0	Whole country	G	X	X	X	_			_	_	_	X	
IL	Israel (3)	IL-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	
IS	Iceland (5)	IS-0	Whole country	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	

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		Code of the part of the			TA	Re-En		Imports			Imp	orts		Transit	Specific conditions
ISO- Code	Third country	territory of the third country	Description of the part of the territory of the third country	SG	RH	RH	RH	ES	RE + EBP	RH	SEMEN RE	EBP	O/E	Equidae	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
JM	Jamaica	JM-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
JO	Jordan	JO-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
JP	Japan	JP-0	Whole country	G	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
KG	Kyrgyzstan	KG-0	Whole country		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		KG-1	Region of Issyk-Kul	В	_	_	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
KR	Korea Republic	KR-0	Whole country	G	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
KW	Kuwait	KW-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	_	_	_	_	_	_	X	
LB	Lebanon	LB-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	_	_	_	_	_	_	X	
MA	Morocco	MA-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	
ME	Montenegro	ME-0	Whole country	В	X	X	X	X	X					X	
MK	fYROM (4)	MK-0	Whole country	В	X	X	X	X	X					X	
МО	Macao	МО-0	Whole country	G	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
MY	Malaysia	MY-0	Whole country	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		MY-1	Peninsula	G	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
MU	Mauritius	MU-0	Whole country	Е	_	_	X	_			_		_	X	

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		Code of the part of the			TA	Re-En		Imports			Imp	orts		Transit	Specific conditions
ISO- Code	Third country	territory of the third country	Description of the part of the territory of the third country	SG	RH	RH	RH	ES	RE + EBP	RH	SEMEN RE	EBP	O/E	Equidae	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
MX	Mexico	MX-0	Whole country	С	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		MX-1	Metropolitan area of Mexico-City	С		X									Only if certified in accordance with Chapter 1 of Section B of Part 2 of Annex II
NO	Norway (5)	NO-1	Whole country	A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
NZ	New Zealand	NZ-0	Whole country	A	X	X	X	X	X					X	
OM	Oman	OM-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	_	_				_	X	
PE	Peru	PE-0	Whole country		_	_		_	_	_			_		
		PE-1	Region of Lima	D	X	X	X	_	_				_	X	
PM	St Pierre & Miquelon	PM-0	Whole country	A	_	_	X	_	X					X	
PY	Paraguay	PY-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	X	X					X	
QA	Qatar	QA-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
RS	Serbia (6)	RS-0	Whole country	В	X	X	X	X	X					X	

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		Code of the part of the			TA	Re-En		Imports			Imp	orts		Transit	Specific conditions
ISO- Code	Third country	territory of the third country	Description of the part of the territory of the third country	SG	RH	RH	RH	ES	RE + EBP	RH	SEMEN RE	EBP	O/E	Equidae	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
RU	Russia	RU-0	Whole country		_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
		RU-1	Provinces of Kaliningrad, Arkhangelsk, Vologda, Murmansk, Leningrad, Novgorod, Pskov, Briansk, Vladimir, Ivanovo, Tver, Kaluga, Kostroma, Moskva, Orjol, Riasan, Smolensk, Tula, Jaroslavl, Nijninovgorod, Kirov, Belgorod, Voronesh, Kursk, Lipezk, Tambov, Astrahan, Volgograd, Penza, Saratov, Uljanovsk, Rostov, Orenburg, Perm and Kurgan	В	X	X	X	X	X					X	
		RU-2	Regions of Stavropol and Krasnodar	В	X	X	X	X	X					X	
		RU-3	Republics of Karelia, Marij- El, Mordovia, Chuvachia, Kalmykia, Tatarstan, Dagestan, Kabardino- Balkaria, Severnaya Osetia, Ingushetia and Karachaevo- Cherkesia	В	X	X	X	X	X					X	
SA	Saudi Arabia	SA-0	Whole country	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
		SA-1	Whole country, except SA-2	E	X	X	X	_	_	X	_	_	_	X	

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		Code of the part of the			TA	Re-En		Imports			Imp	orts		Transit	Specific condition
ISO- Code	Third country	territory of the third	Description of the part of the territory of the third country	SG	RH	RH	RH	ES	RE +		SEMEN		O/E	Equidae	
		country							EBP	RH	RE	EBP			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		SA-2	Protection and surveillance zones in the provinces of Jizan, Asir and Najran as described in BOX 3		_		_			_					
SG	Singapore	SG-0	Whole country	G	X	X	X	_					_	X	
ТН	Thailand	TH-0	Whole country	G	Х	X	X	_	_		_	_	_	X	
TN	Tunisia	TN-0	Whole country	Е	X	X	X	X	X					X	
TR	Turkey	TR-0	Whole country		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		TR-1	Provinces of Ankara, Edirne, Istanbul, Izmir, Kirklareli and Tekirdag	Е	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	
UA	Ukraine	UA-0	Whole country	В	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	
US	United States of America	US-0	Whole country	С	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
UY	Uruguay	UY-0	Whole country	D	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	
ZA	South Africa	ZA-0	Whole country	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
		ZA-1	Metropolitan area of Cape- Town (see BOX 4 for details)	F	_	_	_	_	_	_	—	_	_		Commission Decision 2008/698/EC

<sup>(</sup>¹) Without prejudice to specific certification requirements provided for in Decision 2002/309/EC, Euratom of the Council, and of the Commission.
(²) Where official regionalisation applies in accordance with Article 13(2)(a) of Directive 2009/156/EC.

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<sup>(3)</sup> Hereinafter understood as the State of Israel, excluding the territories under Israeli administration since June 1967, namely the Golan Heights, the Gaza Strip, East Jerusalem and the rest of the West Bank.

<sup>(4)</sup> The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia - the definitive nomenclature for this country will be agreed following current negotiations at UN level.

<sup>(5)</sup> Without prejudice to specific certification requirements provided for in Article 17 of the Agreement on the European Economic Area (OJ L 1, 3.1.1994, p. 3).

<sup>(6)</sup> Excluding Kosovo as defined by United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244 of 10 June 1999.

# LEGEND TO ANNEX I:

Animal/Product	Categories/conditions
RH	Registered horses as defined in Article 2(c) of this Regulation.
ES	Equidae for slaughter as defined in Article 2(d) of Directive 2009/156/EC.
RE	Registered equidae as defined in Article 2(c) of Directive 2009/156/EC.
ЕВР	Equidae for breeding and production as defined in Article 2(e) of Directive 2009/156/EC.
SEMEN	Semen of the equine species collected in accordance with Article 17(2)(b)(ii) of Directive 92/65/EEC.
O/E	Ova and embryos of the equine species collected or produced in accordance with Article 17(2)(b)(ii) of Directive 92/65/EEC.

Columns	Information / Description of commodity	Required Health Certificate
1-4	Territorial description	NA
5	Sanitary Group	NA
6	Temporary admission of registered horses	ANNEX II Part 1 Section A
7	Re-entry of registered horses after temporary export for racing, competition and cultural events	ANNEX II Part 2 Section A  ANNEX II Part 2 Section B Chapter 1  ANNEX II Part 2 Section B Chapter 2
8	Imports of registered horses	ANNEX II Part 3 Section A
9	Imports of equidae for slaughter	ANNEX II Part 3 Section B
10	Imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production	ANNEX II Part 3 Section A

Columns	Information / Description of commodity	Required Health Certificate
11	Imports of semen collected from registered horses	Annex III Part 1 Section A Annex III Part 1 Section B Annex III Part 1 Section C Annex III Part 1 Section D
12	Imports of semen collected from registered equidae	Annex III Part 1 Section A Annex III Part 1 Section B Annex III Part 1 Section C Annex III Part 1 Section D
13	Imports of semen collected from equidae for breeding and production	Annex III Part 1 Section A Annex III Part 1 Section B Annex III Part 1 Section C Annex III Part 1 Section D
14	Imports of ova and embryos of the equine species	Annex III Part 2 Section A Annex III Part 2 Section B
15	Equidae in Transit	ANNEX II Part 1 Section B
16	Reference to specific conditions/additional guarantees	NA

# **Boxes**

- X Entry authorised
- Entry not authorised

# Sanitary Groups

Sanitary Group	Specific animal health guarantees required for entry of equidae into the Union			
A	equine infectious anaemia, equine viral arteritis			
В	equine infectious anaemia, equine viral arteritis, glanders, dourine			
С	equine infectious anaemia, equine viral arteritis, Eastern and Western equine encephalomyelitis, vesicular stomatitis			
D	equine infectious anaemia, equine viral arteritis, glanders, dourine, Eastern and Western equine encephalomyelitis, Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis, vesicular stomatitis			
E	equine infectious anaemia, equine viral arteritis, glanders, dourine, African horse sickness			
F	equine infectious anaemia, dourine, African horse sickness			
G	equine infectious anaemia, equine viral arteritis, glanders, dourine, Japanese encephalitis			



	1			
CN	China	CN-1	The specific equine ing delimitation:	disease-free zone in the Guangdong Province with the follow-
			Core zone:	equestrian site in Reshui Village, Lingkou Town of Conghua City with the surrounding area within a five km radius controlled by the road control post at State Highway 105;
			Surveillance zone:	all administrative divisions in Conghua City surrounding the core zone covering an area of 2 009 km <sup>2</sup> ;
			Protection zone:	outwards boundaries of the following contiguous administrative divisions surrounding the surveillance zone:
				— Baiyun District, Luogang District of Conghua City,
				— Huadu District of Guangzhou City,
				— Zengcheng City,
				<ul> <li>administrative divisions in Qingcheng District of Qingyuan City,</li> </ul>
				— Fogang County,
				— Xinfeng County,
				— Longmen County
			Biosecurity highway passage:	<ul> <li>from the equestrian site in the core zone to Guangzhou Baiyun International Airport through to the State High- way 105, Jiebei Highway, airport expressway, including the equine exclusion zone of one km around Baiyun In- ternational Airport in Guangzhou City;</li> </ul>
				— from the equestrian site in the core zone to Shenzhen Huanggang Port at the border of China with Hong Kong through State Highway 105, Jiebei highway, No. 2 north ring expressway and Guang-Shen highway with the equine exclusion zone on both sides of that highway of at least one km width;
			Pre-entry quarantine:	the quarantine facilities in the protection zone designated by the competent authority for the preparation of equidae from other parts of China for entry into the equine disease free zone.
CN	China	CN-2	Delimitation of the	zone in the Metropolitan area of Shanghai:
			Western boundary:	Huangpu River from its estuary in the North to the bifurcation of the Dazhi River,
			Southern boundary:	from the bifurcation of the Huangpu River to the estuary of the Dazhi River in the East,
			Northern and Eastern boundaries:	coast line.

BOX	2		
EG	Egypt	EG-1	The Equine Disease Free Zone (EDFZ) of about 0,1 km² size, established around the Egyptian Armed Forces Veterinary Hospital at El-Nasr Road, across Al Ahly Club, on the Eastern outskirts of Cairo, (localised at 30°04′19.6″N 31°21′16.5″E) and the passage of 10 km on the El-Nasr Road and the Airport Road to Cairo International Airport.
			(a) Delineation of the boundaries of the EDFZ:
			From the crossing of El-Nasr Road with El-Shaheed Ibrahim El-Shaikh Road (at 30°04′13.6″N 31°21′04.3″E) along the El-Shaheed Ibrahim El-Shaikh Road for about 500 m to the North until the first junction with the Passage Inside Armed Forces, turning right and following the Passage for about 100 m to the East, turning right again and following the Passage for 150 m to the South, turning left and following the Passage for 300 m to the East, turning right and following the Passage for 100 m to the South until El-Nasr Road, turning right and following El-Nasr Road for 300 m to South-West until opposite of the junction of El-Nasr Road with Hassan Ma'moon Road, turning right and following the Passage for 100 m to the North, turning left and following the Passage for 120 m to the West, turning left and following the Passage for 200 m to the South, turning right and following El-Nasr Road for 100 m to the West until the crossing of El-Nasr Road with El-Shaheed Ibrahim El-Shaikh Road.
			(b) Delineation of the boundaries of the pre-export quarantine area within the EDFZ:
			From the point opposite of the junction of El-Nasr Road with Hassan Ma'moon Road following the Passage for 100 m to the North, turning right and following the Passage for 250 m to the East, turning right and following the Passage for 50 m to the South until El-Nasr Road, turning right and following El-Nasr Road for 300 m to South-West until opposite of the junction of El-Nasr Road with Hassan Ma'moon Road.

BOX	3		
SA	Saudi Arabia	SA-1	Approved Quarantine stations:  1. Riyadh Airport  2. King Abdulaziz Race Track (Janadrijah)
		SA-2	Delimitation of the protection and surveillance zones established in accordance with points (a) and (b) of the second paragraph of Article 5(2) of Directive 2009/156/EC:
			<ul> <li>1. Province of Jizan</li> <li>— Protection zone: the whole province, except the part north of the road control post at Ash-Shuqaiq at road No 5 and north of road No 10;</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Surveillance zone: the part of the province north of the road control post at Ash-Shuqaiq at road No 5, controlled by the road control post at Al Qahmah, and north of road No 10.</li> </ul>
			2. Province of Asir
			— Protection zone: the part of the province delineated by road No 10, between Ad Darb, Abha and Khamis-Mushayt to the north, except the equestrian clubs at their air and military bases, and the part of the province delineated to the north by road No 15 leading from Khamis-Mushayt through Jarash, Al Utfah and Dhahran Al Janoub to the border with the province of Najran, and, the part of the province delineated to the north by the road leading from Al Utfah through Al Fayd to Badr Al Janoub (Province of Najran);

— Surveillance zone: the equestrian clubs at their air and military bases, the part of the province between the border of the protection zone and road No 209 from Ash-Shuqaiq to the road control post Muhayil on road No 211, the part of the province between the control post on road No 10 south of Abha, the city of Abha and the road control post Ballasmer 65 km from Abha on road No 15 leading north, the part of the province between Khamis-Mushayt and the road control post 90 km from Abha on road No 255 to Samakh and the road control post at Yarah, 90 km from Abha, on road No 10 leading to Riyadh, and, the part of the province south of a virtual line between the road control post at Yarah on road No 10 and Khashm-Ghurab on road No 177 up to the border of the province of Najran.

# 3. Province of Najran

- Protection zone: the part of the province delineated by the road from Al Utfah (province of Asir) to Badr Al Janoub and to As Sebt and from As Sebt along Wadi Habunah to the conjunction with road No 177 between Najran and Riyadh to the north and from this conjunction by road No 177 leading south to the conjunction with road No 15 from Najran to Sharourah, and, the part of the province south of road No 15 between Najran and Sharourah and the border with the Yemen.
- Surveillance zone: the part of the province south of a line between the road control post at Yarah, on road No 10, and Khashm-Ghurab, on road No 177, from the border of the province of Najran until the road control post at Khashm-Ghurab, 80 km from Najran, and west of road No 175 leading to Sharourah.

BOX	4			
ZA	South Africa	ZA-1	Approved Quarantine of 1. Kenilworth Quarant Delimitation of the	
			Northern boundary:	Blaauwberg Road (M14);
			Eastern boundary:	Koeberg Road (M14), Plattekloof Road (M14), N7 Highway, N1 Highway and M5 Highway,
			Southern boundary:	Ottery Road, Prince George's Drive, Wetton Road, Riverstone Road, Tennant Road, Newlands Drive, Paradise Road, Union Drive, Rhodes Drive up to the Newslands Forestry station and across Echo Gorge of Table Mountain to Camps Bay;
			Western boundary:	Coastline from Camps Bay to Blaauwberg Road.

# ANNEX II

# MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATES AND MODEL DECLARATIONS FOR THE ENTRY INTO THE UNION OF LIVE EQUIDAE

# PART 1

# Temporary admission and transit

# Section A

Model health certificate and model declaration for the temporary admission of registered horses into the Union for a period of less than 90 days

TRY:				Veterinary certificate to EU
l.1.	Consignor Name	1.2.	Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
	Address	1.3.	Central competent authority	-
	Tel.	1.4.	Local competent authority	
1.5.	Consignee Name Address	1.6.		
	Postcode Tel.			
1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of Cod origin origin	e I.9.	Country of ISO code destination	I.10. Region of Code destination
l.11.	Place of origin	1.12	2. Place of destination	
	Name Approval number Address		Name Address	
			Postcode	
I.13.	Place of loading	1.14	1. Date of departure	
I.15.	Means of transport	1.16	6. Entry BIP in EU	
	Aeroplane  Ship  Railway wagon	I		
	Road vehicle  Other  Identification  Documentary references	1.17	7. No(s) of CITES	
I.18.	Description of animal		I.19. Comm	odity code (HS code) 01 01
				I.20. Quantity
I.21.				I.22. Number of packages
1.23.	Seal/Container No			1.24.
1.25.	Animal certified for:			
	Registered horse			
1.26.			I.27. For import or admission in	nto EU 🔲
1.28.	Identification of the animal			
	pecies (Scientific Identification system Ide name) Equus caballus	entificat	ion number Age	Sex

#### **EUROPEAN UNION**

# Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number II. Attestation of animal health and welfare I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animal described in Box I.28: is a registered horse as defined in Article 2(c) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659; was examined today (1) and found free of clinical signs of diseases and of obvious signs of ectoparasite infestation: is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication; meets the requirements attested in points II.1 to II.5 of this certificate; is accompanied by the written declaration, signed by the owner of the animal or the representative of the owner. II.1. Attestation on third country or part of the territory of third country and holding of dispatch II.1.1. The animal is dispatched from ...... (insert name of country or part of the territory of a country), a country or part of the territory of a country, which on the date of issuing this certificate has the Code: Part II: Certification II.1.2. in the country of dispatch the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine (Trypanosoma equiperdum), glanders (Burkholderia mallei), equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis), equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies and anthrax; II.1.3. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country: which is considered free from African horse sickness in accordance with Directive 2009/156/EC and a) in which there has been no clinical, serological (in unvaccinated equidae) or epidemiological evidence of African horse sickness during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch and in which there have been no vaccinations against the disease during the period of 12 months prior to the date of dispatch; b) in which Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch; in which dourine has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; c) in which glanders has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; d) (3) either [e) in which vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch;] in which vesicular stomatitis has occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch,  $(^3)$  or [e) and a blood sample taken from the animal on ...... (insert date), within a period of 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, was tested with negative result for antibody to the vesicular stomatitis virus (3) either [in a virus neutralisation test at a serum dilution of 1 in 32;]] (3) or [in an ELISA in accordance with the relevant Chapter of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE;]] II.1.4. the animal does not come from a holding and to the best of my knowledge for the time periods referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 was not in contact with animals from holdings, which were subject to prohibition orders for the reasons referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 and which last for:

EN

(3) either

[II.2.1.

**EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number in the case of equidae suspected of having contracted dourine. II.1.4.1. (3) either [6 months beginning on the date of the last actual or possible contact with an animal suspected of having contracted dourine or infected with Trypanosoma equiperdum; (3) or [in the case of a stallion, until the animal is castrated;] [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises (3) or after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;] in the case of glanders, 11.1.4.2. [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease or subjected with positive results to a test for the detection of the causative pathogen Burkholderia mallei or antibodies to that pathogen, were killed and destroyed;] [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises (3) or after all animals of susceptible species have been killed and destroyed;] II.1.4.3. in the case of equine encephalomyelitis of any type, (3) either [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease have been slaughtered;] (3) or [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae infected with the virus causing West Nile Fever, Eastern equine encephalomyelitis or Western equine encephalomyelitis have died, been removed from the holding or fully recovered;] (3) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;] in the case of equine infectious anaemia, until the date on which, the infected animals having been II.1.4.4. slaughtered, the remaining equine animals on the holding have shown a negative reaction in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) carried out on blood samples collected on two occasions 3 months apart; II.1.4.5. in the case of vesicular stomatitis, (3) either [6 months following the last case;] [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;] in the case of rabies, 30 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and II.1.4.6. disinfection of the premises; II.1.4.7. in the case of anthrax, 15 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises; to the best of my knowledge, during the period of 15 days prior to the date of dispatch the animal has not been in II.1.5. contact with equidae infected or suspected of an infectious or contagious disease. 11 2 Attestation of residence and pre-export isolation

During a period of at least 40 days prior to the date of dispatch, the animal has been resident on

holdings under veterinary supervision situated in the country or part of the territory of the country of

dispatch which is assigned to Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, E or G, and

# **EUROPEAN UNION**

			I.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number		
	(³) either	[in a Member State of the Union;]]				
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[in a country or part of the territory of a country with Code:				
			assigned to the same Sanitary Group erritory of the country of dispatch;]]]	(2) as the country or part of the		
		( <sup>3</sup> ) and/or [a	assigned to Sanitary Group A, B or C;]]]			
			China ( <sup>5</sup> ), Hong Kong, Japan, Korea, Macao, Mala ne United Arab Emirates;]]]	ysia (Peninsula), Singapore, Thailand or		
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[II.2.1.	holdings un dispatch wh of dispatch	eriod of at least 60 days prior to the date of disp der veterinary supervision situated in the country nich is assigned to Sanitary Group F, or was impo from a Member State of the Union before enter station in accordance with point II.2.2;]	or part of the territory of the country of rted during the 60 days prior to the date		
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) either	[II.2.2.	the animal Sanitary Gr	is dispatched from a country or part of the terroup E and	itory of a country which is assigned to		
	(³) either	from vector country or point II.2.1	kept in isolation in the country or part of the territ insects for a period of at least 40 days prior to the part of the territory of the country of dispatch, from a Member State of the Union or a country or Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, E or G;]]	e date of dispatch, or since entry into the if it was imported in accordance with		
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	40 days pri country of Union or a E or G, and officially fre	kept in designated premises under official vetering or to the date of dispatch, or since entry into the dispatch, if it was imported in accordance with pocountry or part of the territory of a country which is the country or part of the territory of the country en of African horse sickness and is not adjacents occurred during the period of 2 years prior to the	te country or part of the territory of the coint II.2.1 from a Member State of the sassigned to Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, of dispatch is recognised by the OIE as not to a country in which African horse		
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[II.2.2.	the animal i Group F an	s dispatched from a country or part of the territory d was kept:	of country which is assigned to Sanitary		
	(³) either	fromvector-prote exercise w repellents in stables, and	during at least the last 40 days puring at least the last 40 days puring at least the last 40 days puring at least from two hours prior to satisfactory supervision combination with an insecticide effective against do in strict isolation from equidae not being prepare united for the temporary admission or imports into the	prior to the date of dispatch (insert date), confined to the sunset until two hours after sunrise and on, following the application of insect		
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	(insert nam dispatch an	ly confined in the approved vector-proof quarantine of quarantine station) during the period of d constant monitoring of the vector protection hat ected part of the quarantine station.]]	at least 14 days prior to the date of		
II.3.	Attestation	of vaccination	on and health tests			
(³) either	[II.3.1.		was not vaccinated against African horse sicknes ion suggesting previous vaccination;]	ss in the country of dispatch and there is		

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# **EUROPEAN UNION**

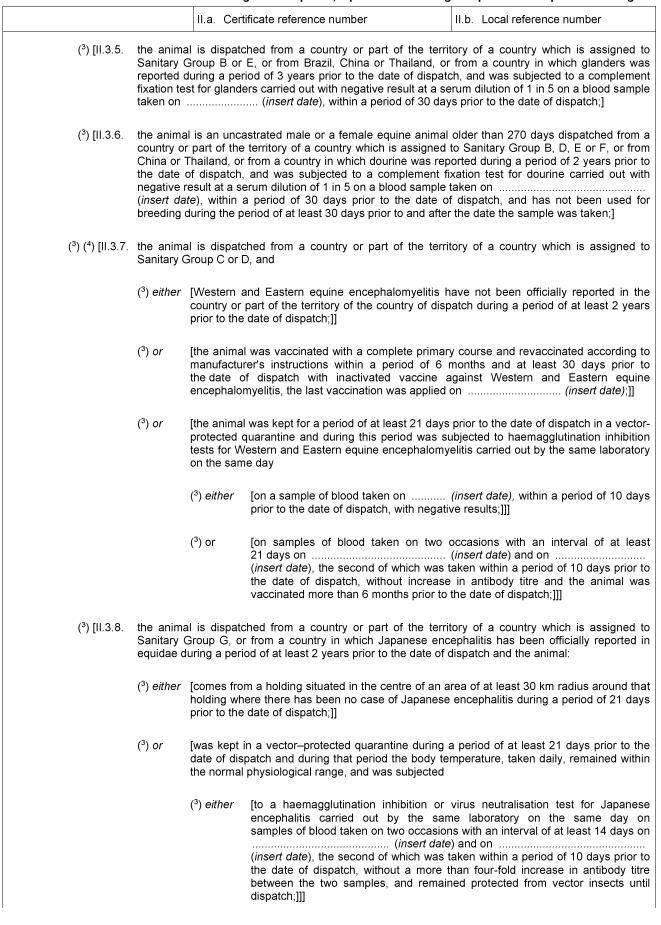
EUROPEAN	UNION		Registered equidae, equidae for breedi	ng and production equidae for slaughter
			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number
( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[II.3.1.	The anim	al was vaccinated against African horse sickness, a	and this vaccination was carried out:
	(²) either	[more tha	n 12 months prior to the date of dispatch;]]	
	(²) or	-	n 60 days and less than 12 months prior to the dat intry referred to in point II.1.3.(a), from where it is d	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[II.3.1.	Sanitary ( (insert da protected	nal is dispatched from a country or part of the te Group F and was vaccinated against African horse te) not more than 24 months and at least 40 day quarantine by administration of a registered as which is protective against the circulating seroty	sickness on/s prior to the date of entry in the vector-d vaccine according to manufacturer's
	II.3.2.		al was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equin rior to the date of dispatch from	e encephalomyelitis during the period of
	(³) either		y of which all parts of the territory are free of Ve at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch;]	enezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a
	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	Venezuel	the territory of a country which is assigned to an equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at leas an equine encephalomyelitis occurs in the remain and	st 2 years prior to the date of dispatch and
		(³) either	[is vaccinated against Venezuelan equine end course and revaccinated according to manuface 60 days and no more than 12 months prior to the protected quarantine for a period of at least 21 during that period remained clinically healthy, remained within the normal physiological range holding which showed a rise in body temperature, for virus isolation for Venezuelan equine encephal	cturer's recommendations not less than a date of dispatch, and was kept in vector-I days prior to the date of dispatch, and and its body temperature, taken daily, e, and any equine animal on the same, taken daily, was subjected to a blood test
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[is not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine et protected quarantine for a period of at least 21 clinically healthy, and its body temperature, to physiological range, and any equine animal on the body temperature, taken daily, was subjected Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis with neadispatched was subjected to a diagnostic test of with negative result conducted on a sample take entry into of the vector-protected quarantine and until dispatch;]]	1 days, and during that period remained aken daily, remained within the normal the same holding which showed a rise in to a blood test for virus isolation for egative results, and the animal to be for Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitisen not less than 14 days after the date of
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[was subjected to a haemagglutination in encephalomyelitis carried out by the same lat taken on two occasions with an interval of 21 days on	boratory on the same day on samples s on
	( <sup>3</sup> ) [II.3.3.	the anima	ıl is an uncastrated male equine animal older than	180 days, and
	(³) either		ched from a country in which equine viral arteritis of been officially reported during the period of 6 mo	

# **EUROPEAN UNION**

			- regional addition addition broading	, and production official to ciangino	
			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number	
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or		ed on a blood sample taken on (insert dates spatch, by virus neutralisation test for EVA with negation		
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	of 21 day	ed on an aliquot of its entire semen taken ons s prior to the date of dispatch, by virus isolation te PCR for EVA with negative result;]]		
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	and re-va	[was vaccinated against EVA on		
		(³) either	[before 31 December 2017, on the day a blood sa tested in a virus neutralisation test for EVA wit of 1 in 4;]]]		
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[before 31 December 2017, during a period of iso official veterinary supervision, commencing on the was tested during that isolation period in a virus n result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4;]]]	day a blood sample was taken which	
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[at the age of 180 to 270 days, during a perio supervision, during which the animal was subjecte carried out with negative result at a serum dilution oby the same laboratory with stable or declining titre 10 days apart;]]]	d to a virus neutralisation test for EVA of 1 in 4, or carried out on the same day	
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[after the animal was subjected to a virus neutralisa a serum dilution of 1 in 4, carried out on a blood sa commencing a period of uninterrupted isolation vaccination;]]]	mple taken not earlier than 7 days after	
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[at the age of 180 to 250 days, after the animal was for EVA carried out with negative result at a serum same day by the same laboratory with stable or decat least 14 days apart;]]]	dilution of 1 in 4, or carried out on the	
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	carried ou sample of	ected to a virus isolation test, polymerase chain real with negative result on an aliquot of its entire so that animal taken on (insert date), within h, was tested in a virus neutralisation test for EVA vin 4;]]	emen collected after the date a blood n a period of 6 months prior to the date	
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	legislation animal is legal act a that any	irements for testing for EVA or vaccination again	<ul> <li>Union legal act) on the ground that the in the equestrian event specified in that lidae not participating in such event and</li> </ul>	
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) either	[II.3.4.	anaemia,	al is dispatched from Iceland, which is certified a where it was continuously resident since birth, and e entered Iceland from other countries;]	• •	
( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[II.3.4.	Coggins t	al was subjected with negative result to an aga est) or to an ELISA for equine infectious anaemia of (insert date), this being within	•	
		(³) either	[a period of 90 days prior to the date of dispatch;]]		

EN

### **EUROPEAN UNION**



# **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number (3) or Ito a Ig-M capture ELISA test for the detection of antibodies against Japanese encephalitis virus with negative result, carried out on a blood sample taken not earlier than 7 days after the date the isolation commenced on ...... (insert date), and remained protected from vector insects until dispatch;]]] (3) or [was vaccinated against Japanese encephalitis with a complete primary course and revaccinated according to manufacturer's recommendations during a period of not less than 21 days and not more than 12 months prior to the date of dispatch;]] (3) (4) either [II.3.9. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group E, and was subjected to a serological test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, which was carried out by the same laboratory on the same day (3) either [on blood samples taken on two occasions with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, on (insert date) and on (insert date), the second of which was taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch: (3) either [with negative results in each case.]]] (3) or [with a positive result in the first sample, and [the second sample was subsequently tested with negative result in an agent identification test as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC.]]]] (3) or [the two samples were tested without more than a two-fold increase in antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test as described in point 2.4 of Chapter 2.5.1 of the OIE Terrestrial Manual for Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines.]]]] (3) or [on a blood sample taken on ...... (insert date), within a period of 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, and the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch is recognised by the OIE as officially free of African horse sickness and is not adjacent to a country in which African horse sickness has occurred during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch.]] $(^{3})(^{4})$ or [11.3.9. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group F, and [was subjected to a serological test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, which was carried out by the same laboratory on the same day on blood samples taken on two occasions with an interval of between 21 and 30 days. on ...... (insert date) and on ..... (insert date), the first sample not taken less than 7 days after introduction into the vector-protected guarantine, the second sample taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch, (3) either [with negative results in each case.]]] (3) or [with a positive result in the first sample, and [the second sample was subsequently tested with negative result in (3) either an agent identification test as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC.]]]] (3) or [the two samples were tested without more than a two-fold increase in antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test as described in

point 2.4 of Chapter 2.5.1 of the OIE Terrestrial Manual for

Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines.]]]]

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

EUROPEAN UNION			Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter				
			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[was subjected to a serological and an agent identific described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, case on a blood sample taken on	arried out with negative result in each (insert date) not less than			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[was subjected to an agent identification test for A Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, carried out w taken on	ith negative result on a blood sample less than 14 days after the date of			
II.4.	Attestatio	n of the tran	sport conditions				
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) either	[II.4.1.	Sanitary Union, w	nal is dispatched from a country or part of the territ Group A, B, C, D, E or G and arrangements have b ithout passing through a market, marshalling or ass ith other equidae of a different health status.]	een made to transport it directly to the			
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[II.4.1.	Sanitary ( quarantin	mal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Group F and arrangements have been made to transport it directly from the vector-protected ine station without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by a health te either for imports or for temporary admission into the Union				
		(²) either	[to the airport under vector-protected conditions and the aircraft being cleansed and disinfected in recognised in the third country of dispatch, and spratake off.]]	advance with a disinfectant officially			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[to a sea port in that country or part of the territory conditions and arrangements have been made scheduled directly to a port in the Union without ca part of the territory of a country not approved for stalls which were cleansed and disinfected in recognised in the third country of dispatch and spradeparture.]]	to transport it on a vessel which is lling into a port situated in a country or the entry into the Union of equidae, in advance with a disinfectant officially			
	II.4.2.	with at le	ements have been made and verified to prevent any contact with other equidae not complying least the same health requirements as described in this health certificate during the period rtification until dispatch to the Union.				
	II.4.3.	disinfecte	sport vehicles or containers in which the animal is d before loading with a disinfectant officially recogniss constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder cannot	sed in the third country of dispatch and			
II.5.	Attestatio	n of animal	welfare				
			d in Box I.28 was examined today (1) and found fit to ere made to protect its health and well-being effectivel				
Natae:							

### Notes:

### Part I:

- Box I.8.: Provide the code of the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch as appearing in column 3 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- Box I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) and information is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the Border Inspection Post of entry into the Union.
- Box I.23.: The container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number

Box I.28.: Identification system: The animal must bear an individual identifier which permits to link the animal to the identification document as defined in Article 2(b) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659. Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, brand, transponder etc.) and the anatomic place used on the

If a passport accompanies the animal, its number should be stated and the name of the competent authority which validated it.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

### Part II:

(¹) The certificate must be issued on the day of loading or on the last working day before loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination in the Union.

The temporary admission of this registered horse shall not be allowed when the animal was loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for temporary admission into the Union from the respective country or part of the territory of the country referred to in point II.1.1, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against the entry of equidae from this country or this part of the territory of the country of dispatch.

- (2) Code of the country or part of the territory of the country and the Sanitary Group as appearing in columns 3 and 5 respectively of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- (3) Delete as appropriate.
- (4) Statements that relate entirely and exclusively to a Sanitary Group different from the Sanitary Group to which the country of dispatch, or part of its territory, is assigned, may be left out, provided that the numbering of the subsequent statements is maintained.
- (5) Part of the territory of country authorised for temporary admission as appearing in columns 3 and 6 respectively of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.

This health certificate shall:

- (a) be drawn up in at least a language understood by the certifying officer and one of the official languages of the Member State of destination and of the Member State where the registered horse will enter Union territory and undergo the veterinary border checks;
- (b) be made out to a single consignee:
- (c) accompany the registered horse in the original throughout its temporary admission in the Union;
- (d) be signed and stamped in a colour different to the colour of the printing;
- (e) consist of a single sheet of paper or all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible by inserting page numbers and total number of pages, and each page shall bear the certificate reference number at the top of the page and those pages are stapled and stamped.

Official veterinarian							
	Name (in capital letters):	Qualification and title:					
	Date:	Signature:					
	Stamp:						

	Declaration by the owner or representative of the owner for the temporary admission of a registered horse							
Iden	tification o	f the	animal (¹)					
Spe	Species (Scientific name) Identification system Identification number Age Sex							
	Equus ca	aballı	us					
I, the	e undersigr	ned o	wner (²) o	or representative of the owner	$r^{(2)}$ of the registered horse des	scribed above, hereby declare	e, that:	
_	the horse							
	(²) either			d in( <i>insert name</i> ys prior to the date of dispatc	of country or part of the territor h;]	ry of a country of dispatch) d	uring a period of	
	(²) or				of country or part of the ten ys prior to the date of dispatch:		atch) during the	
		(a)		(insert date) f country or part of the territory	rom(in v of country of dispatch)	sert name of country from	m where horse	
		(b)		(insert date) f country or part of the territory	rom(in v of country of dispatch)	sert name of country from	n where horse	
		(c)		(insert date) f country or part of the territory	rom(in v of country of dispatch);]	sert name of country from	m where horse	
_				days prior to the date of dispa transmissible to equidae;	tch the horse has not been in o	contact with animals suffering	g from infectious	
_	the transpof the jour			e effected in such a way that	health and well-being of the ho	orse can be protected effectiv	vely at all stages	
_					n as applicable in accordance country of dispatch are fulfilled		mpanying health	
_				ansport as applicable in acco the country of dispatch are fu	rdance with point II.4 of the ac ılfilled;	companying health certificate	e for the country	
_	during its premises:		dence ins	side the Union for a period	of less than 90 days the hor	rse will be accommodated of	on the following	
	(a) from		(0	date) to(dat	e) in ( <i>plac</i> e	of holding) in (	Member State)	
	(b) from		(0	date) to(dat	e) in ( <i>plac</i> e	of holding) in (	Member State)	
	(c) from		(0	date) to(dat	e) in ( <i>plac</i> e	of holding) in (	Member State)	
	(d) from		(0	date) to(dat	e) in ( <i>plac</i> e	of holding) in (	Member State);	
_	this decla	ratior	n, it must		om one Member State of the U certificate issued by an official er State of destination;			
_				o leave the Union on of border post of exit);	(date) at the bo	rder post of		
Nam	ne and add	ress	of the ow	ner (²) or representative (²):				
				(dd/mm/yyyy)				
				( ),,,,,				
(1)	Article 2(b	of er) and	Commission of the anato	on Implementing Regulation (El mic place used on the animal.	dentifier which permits to link the a U) 2018/659. Specify the identifi stated and the name of the compe	ication system (such as ear t		
	Age: Date							
( <sup>2</sup> )	Sex (M = n Delete as a			C = castrated).				

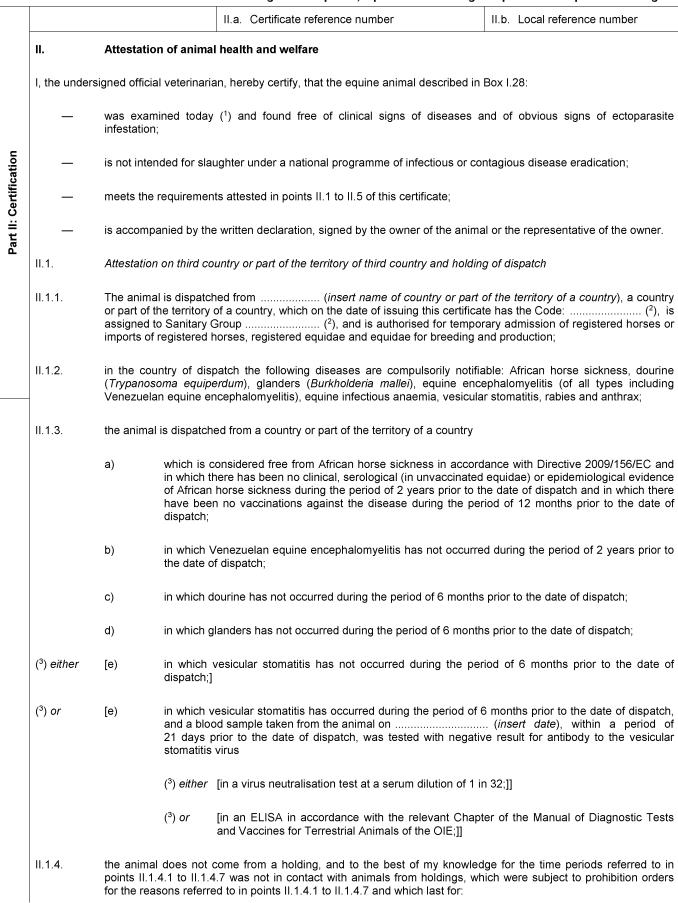
COUNTRY:

Veterinary certificate to EU

# $Section \,\, B$

Model health certificate and model declaration for the transit of live equidae through the Union from one third country or part of the territory of a third country to another third country or another part of the territory of the same third country

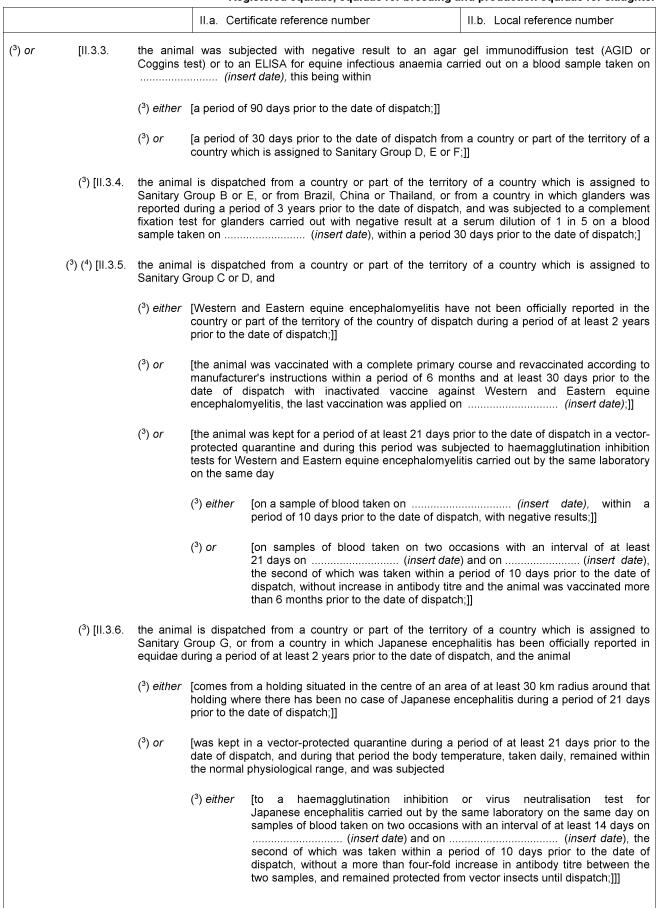
	l.1.	Consignor	1.2.	Certificate referer	nce No	I.2.a.			
		Name Address	1.3.	.3. Central competent authority					
		Tel.	1.4.	Local competent	authority				
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.5.	Consignee Name Address  Postcode Tel.	1.6.	Person responsib Name Address Postcode Tel.	le for the load i	in EU			
ails of dispa	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of code origin Code	1.9.		ISO code	I.10. Region of Code destination	<del></del>		
: Deta	l.11.	Place of origin	1.12				_		
Part I		Name Approval number Address							
	I.13.	Place of loading	1.14	. Date of departure					
	I.15.	Means of transport	1.16	. Entry BIP in EU					
		Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification	l.17	. No(s) of CITES					
	I.18.	Documentary references  Description of animals	I.19. Comm			nodity code (HS code) 01 01			
						I.20. Quantity			
	1.21.					I.22. Number of packages			
	1.23.	Seal/Container No				1.24.			
	1.25.	Animals certified for:							
		Registered equidae	proc	luction		slaughter			
	1.26.	For transit through EU to third country X		1.27.					
		Third country ISO code							
	1.28.	28. Identification of the animals							
	S	Species (Scientific Identification system Identi name)	ificati	on number	Age	Sex			



**EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number in the case of equidae suspected of having contracted dourine. II.1.4.1. (3) either [6 months beginning on the date of the last actual or possible contact with an animal suspected of having contracted dourine or infected with Trypanosoma equiperdum; (3) or [in the case of a stallion, until the animal is castrated;] [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises (3) or after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;] II.1.4.2. in the case of glanders, (3) either [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease or subjected with positive result to a test for the detection of the causative pathogen Burkholderia mallei or antibodies to that pathogen, were killed and destroyed;] (3) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been killed and destroyed;] II.1.4.3. in the case of equine encephalomyelitis of any type, (3) either [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease have been slaughtered;] (3) or [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae infected with the virus causing West Nile Fever, Eastern equine encephalomyelitis or Western equine encephalomyelitis have died, been removed from the holding or fully recovered;] (3) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;] 11.1.4.4. in the case of equine infectious anaemia, until the date on which, the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining animals on the holding have shown a negative reaction in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) carried out on blood samples collected on two occasions 3 months apart; II.1.4.5. in the case of vesicular stomatitis, (3) either [6 months following the last case;] [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises (3) or after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered.] II.1.4.6. in the case of rabies, 30 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises; II.1.4.7. in the case of anthrax, 15 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises; II.1.5. to the best of my knowledge, during the period of 15 days prior to the date of dispatch the animal has not been in contact with equidae infected or suspected of an infectious or contagious disease. 11.2. Attestation of residence and pre-export isolation (3) either [II.2.1. During a period of at least 40 days prior to the date of dispatch, the animal has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision situated in a country or part of the territory of a country of dispatch which is assigned to Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, E or G and

EUROPEAN U	NION	Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughte
		II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number
	(³) either	[in a Member State of the Union;]]
	( <sup>3</sup> ) andlor	[in a country or part of the territory of country with Code:
		(3) either [assigned to the same Sanitary Group
		(3) and/or [assigned to Sanitary Group A, B or C;]]]
		(3) and/or [assigned to Sanitary Group D, E or G and the animal is a registered horse as defined in Article 2(c) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659;]]]
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[II.2.1.	During a period of at least 60 days prior to the date of dispatch, the animal has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision situated in a country or part of the territory of a country of dispatch which is assigned to Sanitary Group F, or was imported during the 60 days prior to the date of dispatch from a Member State of the Union before entering the vector-protected or vector proof quarantine station in accordance with point II.2.2;]
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) either	[II.2.2.	the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group E and
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either	[has been kept in isolation in the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch protected from vector insects for a period of at least 40 days prior to the date of dispatch, or since entry into the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch, if it was imported in accordance with point II.2.1 from a Member State of the Union or a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, E or G;]]
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[has been kept in designated premises under official veterinary supervision for a period of at least 40 days prior to the date of dispatch, or since entry into the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch, if it was imported in accordance with point II.2.1 from a Member State of the Union or a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, E or G, and the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch is recognised by the OIE as officially free of African horse sickness and is not adjacent to a country in which African horse sickness has occurred during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch;]]
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[II.2.2.	the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group F and was kept
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either	[in the approved vector-protected quarantine station of
	(³) or	[permanently confined in the approved vector-proof quarantine station of
II.3.	Attestation	of vaccination and health tests
(³) either	[II.3.1.	The animal was not vaccinated against African horse sickness in the country of dispatch and there is no information suggesting previous vaccination;]

EUROPEAN U	NION		Registered equidae, equidae for breeding	g and production equidae for slaughter						
			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number						
(³) or	[II.3.1.	The anim	The animal was vaccinated against African horse sickness, and this vaccination was carried out							
	(³) either	[more tha	months prior to the date of dispatch;]]							
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or		an 60 days and less than 12 months prior to the date untry referred to in point II.1.3.(a), from where it is dis	and less than 12 months prior to the date of admission into the part of the territory red to in point II.1.3.(a), from where it is dispatched;]]						
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[II.3.1.	Sanitary (insert da protected	The animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group F and was vaccinated against African horse sickness on							
	II.3.2.		al was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine prior to the date of dispatch from	encephalomyelitis during the period of						
	(³) either		y of which all parts of the territory are free of Ven at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch;]	nezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a						
	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	Venezue	t of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group C or D which is free of zuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch and zuelan equine encephalomyelitis occurs in the remaining parts of the territory of the country of ch, and							
		(³) either	[is vaccinated against Venezuelan equine ence course and revaccinated according to manufact 60 days and no more than 12 months prior to the content of protected quarantine for a period of at least 21 during that period remained clinically healthy, a remained within the normal physiological range, holding which showed a rise in body temperature, to for virus isolation for Venezuelan equine encephalor	turer's recommendations not less than date of dispatch, and was kept in vector-days prior to the date of dispatch, and and its body temperature, taken daily, and any equine animal on the same taken daily, was subjected to a blood test						
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[is not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine enceprotected quarantine for a period of at least 21 clinically healthy, and its body temperature, take physiological range, and any equine animal on the body temperature, taken daily, was subjected to Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis with neg dispatched was subjected to a diagnostic test for with negative result conducted on a sample taken entry into vector-protected quarantine and remain dispatch;]]	days, and during that period remained ken daily, remained within the normal le same holding which showed a rise in to a blood test for virus isolation for gative results, and the animal to be r Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis in not less than 14 days after the date of						
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[was subjected to a haemagglutination inh encephalomyelitis carried out by the same laborat on two occasions with an interval of 21 days on	tory on the same day on samples taken						
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) either	[11.3.3.	anaemia,	al is dispatched from Iceland, which is certified a where it was continuously resident since birth and ve entered Iceland from other countries;]							



# **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number (3) or [to a lg-M capture ELISA test for the detection of antibodies against Japanese encephalitis virus with negative result, carried out on a blood sample taken not earlier than 7 days after the date the isolation commenced on ..... (insert date), and remained protected from vector insects until dispatch;]]] (3) or [was vaccinated against Japanese encephalitis with a complete primary course and revaccinated according to manufacturer's recommendations during a period of not less than 21 days and not more than 12 months prior to the date of dispatch;]] (3) (4) either [II.3.7. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group E and was subjected to a serological test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, which was carried out by the same laboratory on the same day (3) either [on blood samples taken on two occasions with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, on ...... (insert date) and on ...... (insert date), the second of which was taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch (3) either [with negative results in each case.]]] (3) or [with a positive result in the first sample, and [the second sample was subsequently tested with negative result in an agent identification test as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC.]]]] (3) or Ithe two samples were tested without more than a two-fold increase in antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test as described in point 2.4 of Chapter 2.5.1 of the OIE Terrestrial Manual for Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines.]]]] (3) or [on a blood sample taken on ...... (insert date), within a period of 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, and the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch is recognised by the OIE as officially free of African horse sickness and is not adjacent to a country or part of the territory of a country in which African horse sickness has occurred during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch.]]] $(^{3})(^{4})$ or the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to [11.3.7. Sanitary Group F, and (3) either [was subjected to a serological test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, which was carried out by the same laboratory on the same day on blood samples taken on two occasions with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, on ...... (insert date) and on ...... (insert date), the first sample not taken less than 7 days after introduction into the vector-protected quarantine, the second sample taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch, (3) either [with negative results in each case.]]] (3) or [with a positive result in the first sample, and [the second sample was subsequently tested with negative result in (3) either an agent identification test as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC.]]]] (3) or [the two samples were tested without more than a two-fold increase

in antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test as described in point 2.4 of Chapter 2.5.1 of the OIE Terrestrial Manual for

Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines.]]]]

Part I:

Box I.6.:

Person responsible for the load in Union.

# EN **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number (3) or [was subjected to a serological and an agent identification test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, carried out with negative result in each case on a blood sample taken on ...... (insert date) not less than 28 days after the date of introduction into the vector-protected quarantine and within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch.]] (3) or [was subjected to an agent identification test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, carried out with negative result on a blood sample taken on ...... (insert date) not less than 14 days after the date of introduction into the vector-protected quarantine and not more than 72 hours before dispatch.]] 11.4. Attestation of the transport conditions (3) (4) either [II.4.1. The animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, E or G and arrangements have been made to transport it directly to the Union, without passing through a market, marshalling or assembly centre and without coming into contact with other equidae of a different health status.] $(^3) (^4) or$ []].4.1. The animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group F and arrangements have been made to transport it directly from the vector-protected quarantine station without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by a health certificate either for imports or for temporary admission into the Union (3) either [to the airport under vector-protected conditions and the aircraft being cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognised in the third country of dispatch, and sprayed against vector insects just prior to take off.]] (3) or [to a sea port in that country or part of the territory of the country under vector-protected conditions and arrangements have been made to transport it on a vessel which is scheduled directly to a port in the Union without calling into a port situated in a country or part of the territory of a country not approved for the entry into the Union of equidae, in stalls which were cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognised in the third country of dispatch and sprayed against vector insects just prior to departure.]] 11.4.2. Arrangements have been made and verified to prevent any contact with other equidae not complying with at least the same health requirements as described in this health certificate during the period from certification until dispatch to the Union. 11.4.3. The transport vehicles or containers in which the animal is going to be loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with a disinfectant officially recognised in the third country of dispatch and they are so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation. 11.4.4. The equine animal is proceeding to ...... (insert country of destination outside the Union). Arrangements have been made and the necessary animal health conditions certified to ensure that the animal transits the Union without delay. 11.5. Attestation of animal welfare The animal described in Box I.28 was examined today (1) and found fit to be transported on the intended journey and arrangements were made to protect its health and well-being effectively at all stages of the journey. Notes:

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number

Box I.8.: Provide the code of the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch as appearing in column 3 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.

Box I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) and information is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the Border Inspection Post of entry into the Union.

Box I.23.: The container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

Box I.28.: Species: Select amongst: Equus caballus, Equus asinus, Equus africanus, Equus hemionus, Equus kiang, Equus quagga, Equus zebra, Equus grevyi, or indicate any cross between those

*Identification system*: The animal must bear an individual identifier which permits to link the animal to the identification document as defined in Article 2(b) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659. Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, brand, transponder) and the anatomic place used on the animal.

If a passport accompanies the animal, its number should be stated and the name of the competent authority which validated it.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

### Part II:

(1) The certificate must be issued on the day of loading or in the case of a registered horse on the last working day before loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination in the Union.

The entry into the Union of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for transit through the Union from the respective country or part of the territory of the country referred to in point II.1.1, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against the entry of equidae from this country or this part of the territory of the country of dispatch.

- (2) Code of the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch, and the Sanitary Group as appearing in columns 3 and 5 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- (3) Delete as appropriate.
- (4) Statements that relate entirely and exclusively to a Sanitary Group different from the Sanitary Group to which the country of dispatch, or part of its territory, is assigned, may be left out, provided that the numbering of the subsequent statements is maintained.

This health certificate shall:

- (a) be drawn up in at least a language understood by the certifying officer and one of the official languages of the Member State of destination and of the Member State where the animal will enter the Union territory and undergo the veterinary border checks;
- (b) be made out to a single consignee;
- (c) be signed and stamped in a colour different to the colour of the printing;
- (d) consist of a single sheet of paper or all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible by inserting page numbers and total number of pages, and each page shall bear the certificate reference number at the top of the page and those pages are stapled and stamped.

Official veterinarian							
Name (in capital letters):	Qualification and title:						
Date:	Signature:						
Stamp:							

	Declaration by the owner or representative of the owner for transit through the Union of an equine animal							
lder	ntification o	f the	animal (¹)					
Sp	ecies (Scie	ntific	name)	Identification system	Identificati	ion number	Age	Sex
I, th	e undersigi	ned c	wner (²) o	r representative of the	owner (2) of the anin	nal described abov	e, hereby declare, that:	
_	the anima	al						
	(²) either			d in ( <i>insert r</i> ys prior to the date of d		art of the territory o	of a country of dispatch) o	during a period of
	(²) or			(insert ence period of at least			ory of a country of disp	patch) during the
		(a)	on entered	(insert of the te	date) fromerritory of country of	(inse dispatch)	ert name of country from	m where animal
		(b)		(insert of the te			ert name of country from	m where animal
		(c)		(insert of country or part of the te			ert name of country from	m where animal
_				days prior to the dat diseases transmissible		ınimal has not bee	en in contact with anima	lls suffering from
_				ence and pre-export is or part of the territory			vith point II.2 of the acco	empanying health
_				insport as applicable in the country of dispatch		oint II.4 of the acco	mpanying health certifica	te for the country
_	the trans			e effected in such a v	vay that health and	well-being of the	animal can be protected	effectively at all
_				to leave the Union on . of border post of exit);		(insert date) at tl	he border post of	
Nan	ne and add	ress	of the owr	ner (²) or representative	e (²):			
Date	ə:			(dd/mm/yyyy)				
(1)	grevyi, or i Identification Article 2(b transponder If a passponder Age: Date	ndicaton system) of er) and erd according to the er	te any cross stem: The a Commission of the anator companies to the did/mm/y	s between those. animal must bear an indiv n Implementing Regulati mic place used on the anii he animal, its number sho	ridual identifier which p ion (EU) 2018/659. S mal.	permits to link the anii Specify the identifica	nuus kiang, Equus quagga, E mal to the identification docu tion system (such as ear nt authority which validated it	ument as defined in tag, tattoo, brand,
(2)	Delete as			<del>- //</del> ·				

# PART 2

# Re-entry after temporary export

# Section A

Model health certificate and model declaration for the re-entry into the Union of registered horses for racing, competition and cultural events after temporary export for a period of less than 30 days

COUN	OUNTRY: Veterinary certificate to EU							
	l.1.	Consignor Name	1.2.	Certificate reference No	I.2.a.			
	Address			Central competent authority				
¥		Tel.	1.4.	Local competent authority				
Inmer	1.5.	Consignee Name	1.6.					
onsig		Address						
ped c		Postcode						
patcl		Tel.						
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of Code origin congin	1.9.	Country of ISO code destination	I.10. Region of Code destination			
Deta	l.11.	Place of origin	I.12.	Place of destination				
Part I:		Name Approval number Address		Name Address				
				Postcode				
	I.13.	Place of loading	I.14. Date of departure					
	l.15.	Means of transport	I.16. Entry BIP in EU					
		Aeroplane ☐ _ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐						
		Road vehicle  Other  Identification  Documentary references	l.17.	No(s) of CITES				
	I.18.	Description of animal	I	I.19. Commo	odity code (HS code) <b>01 01</b>			
					I.20. Quantity 1			
	I.21.				I.22. Number of packages			
	1.23.	Seal/Container No			1.24.			
	1.25.	Animal certified for:						
		Registered horse						
	1.26.			I.27. For import or admission in	to EU 🔲			
	1.28.	Identification of the animal						
	Sı	pecies (Scientific Identification system Identi name)	ficatio	on number Age	Sex			
	E	Equus caballus						

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number II. Attestation of animal health and welfare I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animal described in Box I.28: is a registered horse as defined in Article 2(c) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659; was examined today (1) and found free of clinical signs of diseases and of obvious signs of ectoparasite infestation; Part II: Certification is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication; meets the requirements attested in points II.1 to II.3 of this certificate; is accompanied by the written declaration, signed by the owner of the horse or the representative of the owner. II.1. Attestation on third country or part of the territory of third country and holding of dispatch The animal is dispatched from ...... (insert name of country or part of the territory of a country), a country II.1.1. is assigned to Sanitary Group .......(2); II.1.2. in the country of dispatch the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine (Trypanosoma equiperdum), glanders (Burkholderia mallei), equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis), equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies and anthrax; II.1.3. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country: which is considered free from African horse sickness in accordance with Directive 2009/156/EC and in a) which there has been no clinical, serological (in unvaccinated equidae) or epidemiological evidence of African horse sickness during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch and in which there have been no vaccinations against the disease during the period of 12 months prior to the date of dispatch: in which Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the period of 2 years prior to b) the date of dispatch; c) in which dourine has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; d) in which glanders has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; II.1.4. the animal does not come from a holding, and to the best of my knowledge for the time periods referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 was not in contact with animals from holdings, which were subject to prohibition orders for the reasons referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 and which last for: II.1.4.1. in the case of equidae suspected of having contracted dourine, [6 months beginning on the date of the last actual or possible contact with an animal suspected of having contracted dourine or infected with Trypanosoma equiperdum;] (3) or [in the case of a stallion, until the animal is castrated;] (3) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;]

# **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number in the case of glanders, II.1.4.2. (3) either [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease or subjected with positive results to a test for the detection of the causative pathogen Burkholderia mallei or antibodies to that pathogen, were killed and destroyed;] [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises (3) or after all animals of susceptible species have been killed and destroyed;] II.1.4.3. in the case of equine encephalomyelitis of any type, [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease have been slaughtered;] [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae infected with the virus causing West (3) or Nile Fever, Eastern equine encephalomyelitis or Western equine encephalomyelitis have died, been removed from the holding or fully recovered;] (3) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;] II.1.4.4. in the case of equine infectious anaemia, until the date on which, the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining equine animals on the holding have shown a negative reaction in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) carried out on blood samples collected on two occasions 3 months apart; II.1.4.5. in the case of vesicular stomatitis, (3) either [6 months following the last case;] (3) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;] II.1.4.6. in the case of rabies, 30 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises; II.1.4.7. in the case of anthrax, 15 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises; II.1.5. to the best of my knowledge, during the period of 15 days prior to the date of dispatch the animal has not been in contact with equidae infected or suspected of an infectious or contagious disease. 11.2. Attestation of residence and pre-export isolation II.2.1. The animal was imported on ..... (insert date) (3) either [directly from the EU Member State ...... (insert name of EU Member State);] (3) or [from a country or part of the territory of a country ...... (insert name of country) under conditions at least as strict as those set out in this certificate;] 11.2.2. the animal exited from the Union less than 30 days ago, and since exit from the Union it was never in a country or part of the territory of a country (1) other than those of the same Sanitary Group, and resident on holdings under veterinary supervision, accommodated in separated stables without coming into contact with equidae of lower health status, except during racing, competition or the cultural event. II.3. Attestation of animal welfare The animal described in Box I.28 was examined today (1) and found fit to be transported on the intended journey and arrangements were made to protect its health and well-being effectively at all stages of the journey.

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number

#### Notes:

### Part I:

- Box I.8.: Provide the code of the country or part of the territory of the country as appearing in column 3 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- Box I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) and information is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the Border Inspection Post of entry into the Union.
- Box I.23.: The container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.
- Box I.28.: Identification system: The animal must bear an individual identifier which permits to link the animal to the identification document as defined in Article 2(b) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659. Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, brand, transponder) and the anatomic place used on the animal. The number of the accompanying passport must be stated and the name of the competent authority which validated it.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

### Part II:

(1) The certificate must be issued on the day of loading or on the last working day before loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination in the Union.

The re-entry after temporary export of this registered horse shall not be allowed when the animal was loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for re-entry into the Union from the respective country or the part of the territory of the country referred to in point II.1.1, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against the entry of live equidae from this country or this part of the territory of the country of dispatch.

- (2) Code of the country or part of the territory of the country and the Sanitary Group as appearing in columns 3 and 5 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- (3) Delete as appropriate.

This health certificate shall:

- (a) be drawn up in at least a language understood by the certifying officer and one of the official languages of the Member State of destination and of the Member State where the registered horse will enter the Union territory and undergo the veterinary border checks;
- (b) be made out to a single consignee;
- (c) be signed and stamped in a colour different to the colour of the printing;
- (d) consist of a single sheet of paper or all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible by inserting page numbers and total number of pages, and each page shall bear the certificate reference number at the top of the page and those pages are stapled and stamped.

Official veterinarian						
Name (in capital letters):	Qualification and title:					
Date:	Signature:					
Stamp:						

	Declaration by the owner or representative of the owner for the re-entry after temporary export of a registered horse for racing, competition and cultural events						
lden	itification of	f the animal (¹)					
Spe	ecies (Scie	ntific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex	
	Equus ca	aballus					
I, the	e undersigr	ned owner (²) or	representative of the owne	(2) of the registered horse descr	ibed above, hereby decl	are, that:	
_	the horse						
	(²) either		ly exported from the Union rior to this declaration;]	to the country of dispatch on		(insert date) less	
	(²) or		ountry of dispatch on There horse entered country	(insert date) fr v of dispatch);]	om	(insert name of	
_			ays prior to the date of dispansion	atch the horse has not been in co	ntact with animals suffer	ing from infectious	
	the transp of the jour		effected in such a way that	t health and well-being of the hors	se can be protected effec	ctively at all stages	
-	<ul> <li>the conditions for residence and pre-export isolation as applicable in accordance with point II.2 of the accompanying health certificate for the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch are fulfilled.</li> </ul>						
Nam	ne and add	ress of the own	er (²) or representative (²):				
Date	ə:		(dd/mm/yyyy)				
(1)	Article 2(b transponde If a passpo <i>Age</i> : Date	) of Commission er) and the anatom	Implementing Regulation (E nic place used on the animal, he animal, its number should be yy).	identifier which permits to link the ani EU) 2018/659. Specify the identifical e stated and the name of the competer	ition system (such as ear	r tag, tattoo, brand,	
(2)		appropriate.	outsitudy.				

### Section B

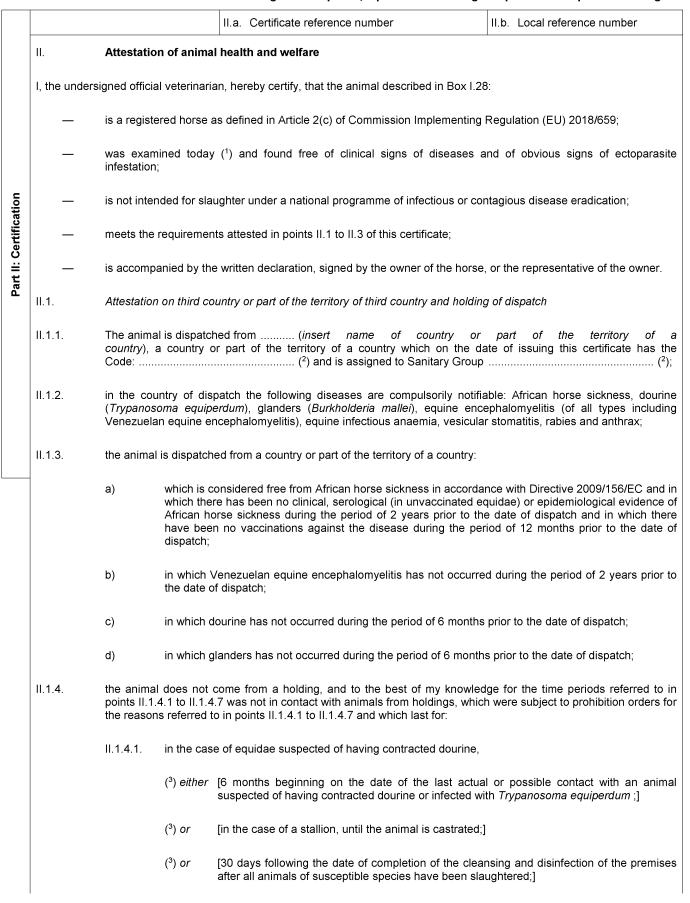
Model health certificates and model declarations applicable to re-entry into the Union of registered horses temporarily exported for specific competitions or races

# Chapter 1

Model health certificate and model declaration applicable to re-entry into the Union of registered horses for competition after temporary export for less than 90 days to participate in equestrian events organised under the auspices of the Fédération Equestre Internationale (FEI)

(Test event in preparation of the Olympic Games, Olympic Games, Paralympics, World Equestrian Games, Asian Equestrian Games, American Equestrian Games, Endurance World Cup in United Arab Emirates)

COUNT	TRY:					Veterinary certificate to EU	
	l.1.	Consignor Name	1.2.	Certificate reference N	10	l.2.a.	
		Address	1.3.	Central competent aut	hority		
		Tel.	1.4.	Local competent author	ority		
nment	1.5.	Consignee Name	1.6.				
onsig		Address					
atched		Postcode Tel.					
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of origin Code	1.9.	Country of destination	de I	l.10. Region of Code destination	
: Detai	l.11.	Place of origin	I.12. Place of destination				
Part		Name Approval number Address	Name Address				
			Postcode				
	I.13.	Place of loading	I.14. Date of departure				
	I.15.	Means of transport	I.16. Entry BIP in EU				
		Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐					
		Road vehicle Other Identification  Documentary references	I.17. No(s) of CITES				
	I.18.	Description of animal			I.19. (	Commodity code (HS code) 01 01	
						I.20. Quantity 1	
	I.21.					I.22. Number of packages	
	1.23.	Seal/Container No	1.24.				
	1.25.	Animal certified for:					
		Registered horse					
	1.26.			I.27. For import or adn	nission	into EU 🔲	
	1.28.	Identification of the animal					
	Species Identification system Identification number Age Sex (Scientific name)  Equus caballus						



			registered equidate, equidate for breeding	,					
			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number					
	II.1.4.2.	in the cas	e of glanders,						
		(³) either	[6 months beginning on the day on which the edsubjected with positive results to a test for the Burkholderia mallei or antibodies to that pathogen, we	detection of the causative pathogen					
		(³) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the after all animals of susceptible species have been killed and destroyed;]						
	II.1.4.3.	in the cas	e of equine encephalomyelitis of any type,						
		(³) either	[6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae slaughtered;]	e suffering from the disease have been					
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[6 months beginning on the day on which the equida Nile Fever, Eastern equine encephalomyelitis or W died, been removed from the holding or fully recovered	estern equine encephalomyelitis have					
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the clea after all animals of susceptible species have been sla						
	II.1.4.4.	slaughtere gel immu	te of equine infectious anaemia, until the date on whed, the remaining equine animals on the holding have inodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) carried ions 3 months apart;	shown a negative reaction in an agar					
	II.1.4.5.	in the cas	e of vesicular stomatitis,						
		(³) either	[6 months following the last case;]						
		(³) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the clea after all animals of susceptible species have been sla						
	II.1.4.6.		e of rabies, 30 days following the last case and the d in of the premises;	ate of completion of the cleansing and					
	II.1.4.7.		e of anthrax, 15 days following the last case and the on of the premises;	date of completion of the cleansing and					
II.1.5.			wledge, during the period of 15 days prior to the date nfected or suspected of an infectious or contagious di						
II.2.	Attestation	of residen	ce and pre-export isolation						
II.2.1.	The anima		ted into the country or part of the territory of the count	ry of dispatch on					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either	[directly fr	om the EU Member State	(insert name of EU Member State);]					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or		untry or part of the territory of a country Inder conditions at least as strict as those set out in th						
II.2.2.	the animal	exited from	n the Union						

			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number			
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either	a country supervisio health sta	an 30 days ago, and since exit from the Union was never in a country, or part of the terr try $(^1)$ other than those of the same Sanitary Group, and resident on holdings under vet sion, accommodated in separated stables without coming into contact with equidae or status except during competition and has taken part in or was stabled together with ating in the LG Global Champions Tour				
		(³) either	[in the Metropolitan area of Mexico City, Mexico;]]				
		(3) and/or	[in Miami, Unites States of America;]				
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[in Shanghai, China;]]				
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	a country supervisio	60 days ago, and since exit from the Union was never (¹) other than those of the same Sanitary Group, and in, accommodated in separated stables without comin tus except during competition and has taken part in ing in	resident on holdings under veterinary ng into contact with equidae of lower			
		(³) either	[the Asian Games in	(insert place).]]			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[the American Games in	(insert place).]]			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[the Endurance World Cup in United Arab Emirates.]]				
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	a country supervisio	90 days ago, and since exit from the Union was never (1) other than those of the same Sanitary Group, and n, accommodated in separated stables without cominant tus except during competition and has taken part in ng in	resident on holdings under veterinary ng into contact with equidae of lower			
		(³) either	[the Test event for the Olympic Games in	(insert place).]]			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[the Olympic Games in	(insert place).]]			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[the Paralympics in	(insert place).]]			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[the World Equestrian Games in	(insert place).]]			
II.3.	Attestation	of animal v	velfare				
			in Box I.28 was examined today (1) and found fit to be remade to protect its health and well-being effectively				
Notes:							
Part I:							
Box I.8.:	Provide the code of the country or part of the territory of the country as appearing in column 3 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.						
Box I.15.:		is to be pr	(railway wagons or container and lorries), flight no ovided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consig Jnion.				
Box I.23.:	The contain	ner number	and the seal number (if applicable) should be included	d.			

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number

Box I.28.: Identification system: The animal must bear an individual identifier which permits to link the animal to the identification document as defined in Article 2(b) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659. Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, brand, transponder) and the anatomic place used on the animal. The number of the accompanying passport must be stated and the name of the competent authority which validated it.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

### Part II:

(1) The certificate must be issued on the day of loading or on the last working day before loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination in the Union.

The re-entry after temporary export of this registered horse shall not be allowed when the animal was loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for re-entry into the Union from the respective country or the part of the territory of the country referred to in point II.1.1, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against the entry of equidae from this country or this part of the territory of the country of dispatch.

- (2) Code of the country or part of the territory of the country, and the Sanitary Group as appearing in columns 3 and 5 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- (3) Delete as appropriate.

This health certificate shall:

- (a) be drawn up in at least a language understood by the certifying officer and one of the official languages of the Member State of destination and of the Member State where the registered horse will enter Union territory and undergo the veterinary border checks;
- (b) be made out to a single consignee;
- (c) be signed and stamped in a colour different to the colour of the printing;
- (d) consist of a single sheet of paper or all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible by inserting page numbers and total number of pages, and each page shall bear the certificate reference number at the top of the page and those pages are stapled and stamped.

Offic	Official veterinarian						
Onic							
	Name (in capital letters):	Qualification and title:					
	Date:	Signature:					
	Stamp:						

	Declaration by the owner or representative of the owner for the re-entry after temporary export of a registered horse for competition							
lder	ntification o	of the animal (1)	)					
Sp	ecies (Scie	entific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex		
	Equus c	aballus						
l, th	e undersig	ned owner (²) (	or representative of the owne	er $(^2)$ of the registered horse desc	ribed above, hereby dec	lare, that:		
_	the horse	)						
	(²) either		arily exported from the Union days (²) or 90 days (²) prior t	to the country of dispatch on o this declaration;]		(insert date)		
	(²) or		country of dispatch on where horse entered country	(insert date) from y of dispatch);]		(insert name of		
_	the horse	has been tem	porarily exported from the U	nion to take part in				
	(²) either	[the Asian Ga	ames in	(insert μ	olace);]			
	(²) or	[the Americar	n Games in	(insert μ	olace);]			
	(²) or	[the Enduran	ce World Cup in United Arab	Emirates;]				
	(²) or	[the Test eve	nt for the Olympic Games in	(insert p	olace);]			
	(²) or	[the Olympic	Games in	(insert μ	olace);]			
	(²) or	[the Paralym	pics in	(insert μ	olace);]			
	(²) or	[the World Ed	questrian Games in	(insert μ	olace);]			
	(²) or	[the LG Globa	al Champions Tour in					
		(²) either [th	ne Metropolitan area of Mexi	co City, Mexico;]				
		(²) andlor [N	liami, Unites States of Amer	ica;]				
		(3) or [S	Shanghai, China;]					
-			days prior to the date of disp transmissible to equidae;	atch the horse has not been in co	ontact with animals suffe	ring from infectious		
_				on as applicable in accordance to country of dispatch are fulfilled;	with point II.2 of the acc	companying health		
_	<ul> <li>the transportation will be effected in such a way that health and well-being of the horse can be protected effectively at all stages of the journey.</li> </ul>							
Nar	ne and add	dress of the ow	ner (²) or representative (²):					
Date	ə:		(dd/mm/yyyy)					
(1)	Article 2(t	o) of Commission or) and the anato	on Implementing Regulation (E omic place used on the animal.	identifier which permits to link the are EU) 2018/659. Specify the identific e stated and the name of the competer	ation system (such as ea	r tag, tattoo, brand,		
	_	of birth (dd/mm/ nale, F = female						
(2)	,	appropriate.	, Sociation.					

# Chapter 2

Model health certificate and model declaration applicable to re-entry into the Union of registered horses for racing after temporary export for less than 90 days to participate in specific race events in Australia, Canada, the United States of America, Hong Kong, Japan, Singapore, the United Arab Emirates or Qatar

(International Group/Grade meetings, the Japan Cup, the Melbourne Cup, the Dubai Racing World-Cup, the Hong Kong International Races)

UI	۱TR۱	<b>′</b> :							Vet	erinary certi	ficate to El
	l.1.	Consignor Name				I.2.	Certificate refere	nce No		I.2.a.	
		Address				1.3.	Central competer	nt authority			
ַ ,		Tel.				1.4.	Local competent	authority			
nmer	1.5.	Consignee				I.6.					
nsig		Name Address									
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment		Postcode Tel.									
Spar			100					100			
	I.7.	Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	1.9.	Country of destination	ISO code		Region of lestination	Code
	l.11.	Place of origin			-	I.12.	Place of destinat	ion	_		<u> </u>
		Name Ap Address	proval numb	ber			Name Address				
							Postcode				
	I.13.	Place of loading				1.14.	Date of departure	Э			
	I.15.	Means of transpo	ort			I.16.	Entry BIP in EU				
		Aeroplane 🗆	Ship 🗆		igon 🗖						
		Road vehicle Identification  Documentary references	Other E	J		I.17.	No(s) of CITES				
	I.18.	Description of an						I.19. Con	nmodity	code (HS cod	le)
		,								01 01	
									1.2	20. Quantity <b>1</b>	
	l.21.								1.2	22. Number o	of packages
	1.23.	Seal/Container N	lo						1.2	24.	
	1.25.	Animal certified for	or:								
		Registered horse	e 🗆								
	1.26.						I.27. For import of	or admission i	into EU I		
	1.28.	Identification of the	he animal								
	S	Species (Scientific	Identi	ification system	Identi	fication	on number	Age		Se	x
		name) <b>Equus caballus</b>									

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number II. Attestation of animal health and welfare I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animal described in Box I.28: is a registered horse as defined in Article 2(c) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659; was examined today (1) and found free of clinical signs of diseases and of obvious signs of ectoparasite Part II: Certification infestation; is not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication; meets the requirements attested in points II.1 to II.3 of this certificate; is accompanied by the written declaration, signed by the owner of the horse or the representative of the owner. II.1. Attestation on country or part of the territory of the country and holding of dispatch II.1.1. the animal is dispatched from ...... (insert name of country or part of the territory of country), a country or part of the territory of a country which at the date of issuing this certificate has the II.1.2. in the country of dispatch the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine (Trypanosoma equiperdum), glanders (Burkholderia mallei), equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis), equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies and anthrax; II.1.3. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country: which is considered free from African horse sickness in accordance with Directive 2009/156/EC and in a) which there has been no clinical, serological (in unvaccinated equidae) or epidemiological evidence of African horse sickness during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch and in which there have been no vaccinations against the disease during the period of 12 months prior to the date of dispatch; in which Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the period of 2 years prior to b) the date of dispatch; C) in which dourine has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; in which glanders has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; d) II.1.4. the animal does not come from a holding, and to the best of my knowledge for the time periods referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 was not in contact with animals from holdings, which were subject to prohibition orders for the reasons referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 and which last for: II.1.4.1. in the case of equidae suspected of having contracted dourine, 16 months beginning on the date of the last actual or possible contact with an animal suspected of having contracted dourine or infected with Trypanosoma equiperdum;] (3) or [in the case of a stallion, until the animal is castrated;] (3) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;]

EUROPEAN U	NION		Registered equidae, equidae for bree	eding and production equidae for slaughte
			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number
	II.1.4.2.	in the case	e of glanders,	
		(³) either	[6 months beginning on the day on which subjected with positive results to a test for Burkholderia mallei or antibodies to that pathog	the detection of the causative pathogen
			[30 days following the date of completion of th after all animals of susceptible species have be	
	II.1.4.3.	in the case	e of equine encephalomyelitis of any type,	
			[6 months beginning on the day on which the e slaughtered;]	quidae suffering from the disease have been
			[6 months beginning on the day on which the only Nile Fever, Eastern equine encephalomyelitis died, been removed from the holding or fully re	or Western equine encephalomyelitis have
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the after all animals of susceptible species have be	
	II.1.4.4.	slaughtere gel immu	e of equine infectious anaemia, until the date ed, the remaining equine animals on the holding nodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) caions 3 months apart;	g have shown a negative reaction in an agar
	II.1.4.5.	in the case	e of vesicular stomatitis,	
		(³) either	[6 months following the last case;]	
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the after all animals of susceptible species have be	
	II.1.4.6.		e of rabies, 30 days following the last case and n of the premises;	I the date of completion of the cleansing and
	II.1.4.7.		e of anthrax, 15 days following the last case and n of the premises;	d the date of completion of the cleansing and
II.1.5.			wledge, during the period of 15 days prior to the infected or suspected of an infectious or contagi	
II.2.	Attestation	of residenc	ce and pre-export isolation	
II.2.1.			nported into the country or part of the (insert date)	territory of the country of dispatch on
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either	[directly fro	om the EU Member State	(insert name of EU Member State) for
		(³) either	[The Japan Cup;]	
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[The Melbourne Cup;]	
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[The Dubai Racing World-Cup;]	
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[The Hong Kong International Races;]	

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number

(³) or [from Australia (³), Canada (³), the United States of America (³), Hong Kong (³), Japan (³), Singapore (³), United Arab Emirates (³) or Qatar (³) for the participation in International Group/Grade meetings in the country of dispatch;]

- II.2.2. as far as can be ascertained and based on the declaration of the owner of the horse or representative of the owner (3) accompanying this certificate, the animal was:
  - not continuously outside the Union for more than 90 days, the date of scheduled return in accordance with this certificate included;
  - not outside the country of dispatch or in case of International Group/Grade meetings outside Australia,
     Canada, the United States of America, Hong Kong, Japan, Singapore, the United Arab Emirates or Qatar;
  - resident on holdings under veterinary supervision, accommodated in separated stables without coming into contact with equidae of lower health status except during racing;
- II.2.3. the animal entered the country of dispatch under animal health conditions at least as strict as those laid down in this health certificate.
- II.3. Attestation of animal welfare

The animal described in Box I.28 was examined today (1) and found fit to be transported on the intended journey and arrangements were made to protect its health and well-being effectively at all stages of the journey.

### Notes:

#### Part I:

- Box I.8.: Provide the code of the country or part of the territory of the country as appearing in column 3 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- Box I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) and information is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the Border Inspection Post of entry into the Union.
- Box I.23.: The container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.
- Box I.28.: Identification system: The animal must bear an individual identifier which permits to link the animal to the identification document as defined in Article 2(b) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659. Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, brand, transponder) and the anatomic place used on the animal. The number of the accompanying passport must be stated and the name of the competent authority which validated it.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

## Part II:

(1) The certificate must be issued on the day of loading or on the last working day before loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination in the Union.

The re-entry after temporary export of this registered horse shall not be allowed when the animal was loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for re-entry into the Union from the respective country or part of the territory of the country referred to in point II.1.1, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against the entry of live equidae from this country or this part of the territory of the country of dispatch.

- (2) Code of the country or part of the territory of the country, and the Sanitary Group as appearing in columns 3 and 5 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- (3) Delete as appropriate.

Signature:

EN

Date:

Stamp:

# **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number This health certificate shall: be drawn up in at least a language understood by the certifying officer and one of the official languages of the Member State of destination and of the Member State where the registered horse will enter Union territory and undergo the veterinary border checks; (b) be made out to a single consignee; (c) be signed and stamped in a colour different to the colour of the printing; (d) consist of a single sheet of paper or all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible by inserting page numbers and total number of pages, and each page shall bear the certificate reference number at the top of the page and those pages are stapled and stamped. Official veterinarian Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

		f		owner or representative of the orary export of a registered hor		
lden	tification o	f the animal (¹)				
Spe	ecies (Scie	ntific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex
	Equus ca	aballus				
I, the	e undersigi	ned owner (²) or	representative of the owner	r (²) of the registered horse descr	ribed above, hereby decl	are, that:
_	the horse		•	( )	,	,
	(²) either		ily exported from the Union ays prior to this declaration;	to the country of dispatch on		(insert date)
	(²) or		ountry of dispatch on where horse entered country	(insert date) from of dispatch);]		(insert name of
_	the horse	has been temp	orarily exported from the Ur	ion to take part in		
	(²) either	[The Japan Cเ	ıp;]			
	(²) or	[The Melbourn	e Cup;]			
	(²) or	[The Dubai Ra	cing World-Cup;]			
	(²) or	[The Hong Kor	ng International Races;]			
	(²) or		Group/Grade meetings in A gapore (²), United Arab Emir	sustralia ( $^2$ ), Canada ( $^2$ ), the Uniates ( $^2$ ) or Qatar ( $^2$ );]	ited States of America (	<sup>2</sup> ), Hong Kong ( <sup>2</sup> ),
			ays prior to the date of disparansmissible to equidae;	atch the horse has not been in co	ontact with animals suffer	ing from infectious
_				n as applicable in accordance v country of dispatch are fulfilled;	with point II.2 of the acc	companying health
_	the transpof the jou		effected in such a way that	health and well-being of the hors	se can be protected effec	ctively at all stages
Nam	ne and add	ress of the own	er $(^2)$ or representative $(^2)$ :			
			(dd/mm/yyyy)			
Date	·· ·······		(dd/fffff/yyyyy)			
(1)	Article 2(b transponde If a passpo	o) of Commission er) and the anaton	n Implementing Regulation (E nic place used on the animal. ne animal, its number should be	dentifier which permits to link the and U) 2018/659. Specify the identificates stated and the name of the compete	ation system (such as ear	tag, tattoo, brand,
(2)	,	nale, F = female, ( appropriate.	C = castrated).			

# PART 3

# **Imports**

# Section A

Model health certificates and model declaration for imports into the Union of an individual registered horse, registered equine animal or equine animal for breeding and production

l.1.	Consignor	1.2.	Certificate referer		1.2	nary certifica	
1.1.	Consignor Name	1.2.	Certificate referen	ice ivo	1.2	.a.	
	Address	1.3.	Central competer	nt authority			
	Tel.	1.4.	Local competent	authority			
1.5.	Consignee	1.6.					_
	Name						
	Address						
	Postcode Tel.						
1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of Code origin code	1.9.	Country of destination	ISO code		Region of destination	C
111	Place of origin	112	Place of destinati	on			
1.11.	Tidoc of origin	1.12.	riace or destinati	OII			
	Name Approval number Address		Name Address				
			Postcode				
I.13.	Place of loading	l.14.	Date of departure	)			
I.15.	Means of transport	I.16.	Entry BIP in EU				
	Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐						
	Road vehicle Other Identification  Documentary references	I.17.	No(s) of CITES				
I.18.	Description of animal			I.19. Comm		ode (HS code 1 01	∍)
					1.20.	Quantity <b>1</b>	
I.21.					1	Number of ages	
1.23.	Seal/Container No				1.24.		
1.25.	Animal certified for:						
	Registered horse	animal	□ b	reeding and բ	produc	tion $\Box$	]
1.26.			.27. For import or	admission ir	nto EU		
128	Identification of the animal						

				II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number				
	II. Attestation of an		n of anima	al health and welfare					
	I, the unders	signed officia	al veterinari	an, hereby certify, that the animal described in Box	1.28:				
	_	(¹) either	[is a regis	stered equine animal, other than horse, as defined in	n Article 2(c) of Directive 2009/156/EC;]				
	(¹) or [is a registered horse as defined in Article 2(c) of Commission Implementing Regulation (E 2018/659;]								
ion		<ul> <li>(¹) or [is an equine animal for breeding and production as defined in Article 2(e) of Directive 2009/156/EC;]</li> <li>comes from a country or part of the territory of a country which is authorised for imports into the Union of the category of equidae specified in the first indent above;</li> </ul>							
Part II: Certification	_								
art II: C	_	was exam infestation		y (2) and found free of clinical signs of disease	s and of obvious signs of ectoparasite				
1	_	is not inter	nded for sla	aughter under a national programme of infectious or	contagious disease eradication;				
	_	meets the	requireme	nts attested in points II.1 to II.5 of this certificate;					
	_	is accomp	anied by th	e written declaration, signed by the owner of the an	imal or the representative of the owner.				
	II.1.	Attestation	on third co	ountry or part of the territory of third country and hole	ding of dispatch				
	II.1.1.	country of	or part o	thed from	the date of issuing this certificate				
	II.1.2.	(Trypanos	oma equip	spatch the following diseases are compulsorily no perdum), glanders ( <i>Burkholderia mallei</i> ), equine e procephalomyelitis), equine infectious anaemia, vesic	encephalomyelitis (of all types including				
	II.1.3.	the animal	is dispatch	ned from a country or part of the territory of country					
a) which is considered free from African horse sickness in accordance which there has been no clinical, serological (in unvaccinated equivalent African horse sickness during the period of 2 years prior to the chave been no vaccinations against the disease during the period dispatch;				d equidae) or epidemiological evidence of the date of dispatch and in which there					
		b)		Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occu of dispatch;	ırred during the period of 2 years prior to				
		c)	in which	dourine has not occurred during the period of 6 mon	ths prior to the date of dispatch;				
		d)	in which (	glanders has not occurred during the period of 6 mo	nths prior to the date of dispatch;				
	(¹) either	[e)	in which dispatch;	vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the	period of 6 months prior to the date of				
	(¹) or	[e)	and a blo	vesicular stomatitis has occurred during the period od sample taken from the animal on/s prior to the date of dispatch, was tested with nestrings.	(insert date), within a period				
			(¹) either	[in a virus neutralisation test at a serum dilution of	1 in 32;]]				
			( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[in an ELISA in accordance with the relevant Chand Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE;]]	apter of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests				

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

- II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number
- II.1.4. the animal does not come from a holding, and to the best of my knowledge for the time periods referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 was not in contact with animals from holdings, which were subject to prohibition orders for the reasons referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 and which last for:
  - II.1.4.1. in the case of equidae suspected of having contracted dourine,
    - (1) either [6 months beginning on the date of the last actual or possible contact with an animal suspected of having contracted dourine or infected with *Trypanosoma equiperdum*;]
    - (1) or [in the case of a stallion, until the animal is castrated;]
    - (1) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;]
  - II.1.4.2. in the case of glanders,
    - (1) either [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease or subjected with positive results to a test for the detection of the causative pathogen Burkholderia mallei or antibodies to that pathogen, were killed and destroyed;]
    - (1) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been killed and destroyed;]
  - II.1.4.3. in the case of equine encephalomyelitis of any type,
    - (1) either [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease have been slaughtered;]
    - (1) or [6 months beginning on the day on which the equidae infected with the virus causing West Nile Fever, Eastern equine encephalomyelitis or Western equine encephalomyelitis have died, been removed from the holding or fully recovered;]
    - (1) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;]
  - II.1.4.4. in the case of equine infectious anaemia, until the date on which, the infected animals having been slaughtered, the remaining equine animals on the holding have shown a negative reaction in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) carried out on blood samples collected on two occasions 3 months apart;
  - II.1.4.5. in the case of vesicular stomatitis,
    - (1) either [6 months following the last case;]
    - (1) or [30 days following the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises after all animals of susceptible species have been slaughtered;]
  - II.1.4.6. in the case of rabies, 30 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises:
  - II.1.4.7. in the case of anthrax, 15 days following the last case and the date of completion of the cleansing and disinfection of the premises;
- II.1.5. to the best of my knowledge, during the period of 15 days prior to the date of dispatch the animal has not been in contact with equidae infected or suspected of an infectious or contagious disease.

### **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number II.2. Attestation of residence and pre-export isolation (1) either During a period of at least the 90 days prior to the date of dispatch, or since birth if the animal is less [II.2.1. than 90 days old, or since entry if the animal was imported directly from the Union during a period of 90 days prior to the date of dispatch, the animal has been resident on holdings under veterinary supervision situated in a country or part of the territory of a country which is: [assigned to Sanitary Group A, and during the period of at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch, (1) (4) either it was kept apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;]] [assigned to Sanitary Groups B, C, D or G, and during the period of at least 30 days prior to the date (1) (4) or of dispatch, it was kept in pre-export isolation under veterinary supervision without coming into contact with equidae not of equivalent health status;]] (1) (4) or [assigned to Sanitary Group E, and it was kept in the approved isolation centre described as place of origin in Box I.11, protected from vector insects (1) either [during the period of at least 40 days prior to the date of dispatch;]] [during the period of at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch from the United Arab (1) or Emirates;]] (1) (4) or [II.2.1. The animal is dispatched from a country of which at least a part of the territory of the country is assigned to Sanitary Group F, and during the period of at least 90 days prior to the date of dispatch, or since birth if the animal is less than 90 days old, it was resident on holdings under veterinary supervision and was kept during the period of at least 60 days prior to the date of dispatch, or since entry if it was imported directly from the Union during the period of 60 days prior to the date of dispatch, in the part of the territory described in point II.1.3 which is considered free of African horse sickness in accordance with the Union legislation and underwent the pre-export isolation (1) either of quarantine station) during the period of at least 40 days prior to the date of dispatch from ...... (insert date) to ...... (insert date), confined to the vector-protected premises at least from two hours prior to sunset until two hours after sunrise and exercise was provided under official veterinary supervision, following the application of insect repellents in combination with an insecticide effective against Culicoides prior to the removal from the stables, and in strict isolation from equidae not being prepared for export under conditions at least as strict as required for temporary admission or imports into the Union.]] (1) or [permanently confined in the approved vector-proof quarantine station of ...... (insert name of quarantine station) during the period of at least 14 days prior to the date of dispatch and constant monitoring of the vector protection has proven absence of vectors inside the vectorprotected part of the quarantine station.]] 11.3. Attestation of vaccination and health tests (1) either The animal was not vaccinated against African horse sickness in the country of dispatch and there is [II.3.1. no information suggesting previous vaccination;] (1) or [II.3.1. The animal was vaccinated against African horse sickness, and this vaccination was carried out: (1) either [more than 12 months prior to the date of dispatch;]] (1) or [more than 60 days and less than 12 months prior to the date of admission into the country or part of the territory of the country referred to in point II.1.3.(a), from where it is dispatched;]] (1) (4) or The animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to [II.3.1. Sanitary Group F and was vaccinated against African horse sickness on ...... (insert date) not more than 24 months and at least 40 days prior to the date of entry in the vector-protected

quarantine by administration of a registered vaccine according to manufacturer's instructions which is

protective against the circulating serotypes of the African horse sickness virus;]

(1) or

### Official Journal of the European Union L 110/71 EN **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number the animal was not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis during the period of II.3.2. 60 days prior to the date of dispatch from [a country of which all parts of the territory are free of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a (1) either period of at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch;] [a part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group C or D, which is free of (1) (4) or Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch and Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis occurs in the remaining parts of the territory of the country of dispatch, and (1) either [is vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis with a complete primary course and revaccinated according to manufacturer's recommendations not less than 60 days and no more than 12 months prior to the date of dispatch, and was kept in vectorprotected guarantine for a period of at least 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, and during that period remained clinically healthy, and its body temperature, taken daily, remained within the normal physiological range, and any equine animal on the same holding which showed a rise in body temperature, taken daily, was subjected to a blood test for virus isolation for Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis with negative results;]] (1) or [is not vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis and was kept in vectorprotected quarantine for a period of at least 21 days, and during that period remained clinically healthy, and its body temperature, taken daily, remained within the normal physiological range, and any equine animal on the same holding which showed a rise in body temperature, taken daily, was subjected to a blood test for virus isolation for Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis with negative results, and the animal to be dispatched was subjected to a diagnostic test for Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis with negative result conducted on a sample taken not less than 14 days after the date of entry into the vector protected quarantine and remained protected from vector insects until dispatch;]] (1) or [was subjected to a haemagglutination inhibition test for Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis carried out by the same laboratory on the same day on samples taken on two occasions with an interval of 21 days on ...... (insert date) and on ...... (insert date), the second of which was taken during the period of 10 days prior to the date dispatch, without an increase in antibody titre, and a RT-PCR (reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction) test for the detection of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis virus genome, carried out with negative result on a sample taken within 48 hours prior to dispatch, on .......(insert date), and has been protected from vector attacks from the moment of the RT-PCR sampling until loading for dispatch, by combined use of approved insect repellents and insecticides on the animal and disinsectisation of the stable and the means in which it is transported:11 (1) [II.3.3. the animal is an uncastrated male equine animal older than 180 days, and [is dispatched from a country in which equine viral arteritis (EVA) is a compulsorily notifiable disease (1) either and has not been officially reported during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch;]] (1) or 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, by virus neutralisation test for EVA with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4;]] (1) or a period of 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, by virus isolation test, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or real-time PCR for EVA with negative result;]]

[was vaccinated against EVA on ...... (insert date) under official veterinary supervision, and re-vaccinated at regular intervals according to the manufacturer's instructions, with a

vaccine approved by the competent authority, and the initial vaccination was carried out

EUROPEAN UNION			Registered equidae, equidae for breedi	ng and production equidae for slaughter	
			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number	
		(¹) either	[before 31 December 2017, on the day a blood stested in a virus neutralisation test for EVA v of 1 in 4;]]]		
		( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[before 31 December 2017, during a period of isolation of not more than 15 days ur official veterinary supervision, commencing on the day a blood sample was taken where was tested during that isolation period in a virus neutralisation test for EVA with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4;]]]		
		(¹) or	[at the age of 180 to 270 days, during a period of isolation under official vetering supervision, during which the animal was subjected to a virus neutralisation test for Example out with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4, or carried out on the same by the same laboratory with stable or declining titres on two blood samples taken at least 10 days apart; [3]]		
		( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[after the animal was subjected to a virus neutralia serum dilution of 1 in 4, carried out on a blood commencing a period of uninterrupted isolation vaccination;]]]	sample taken not earlier than 7 days after	
		( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[at the age of 180 to 250 days, after the animal was for EVA carried out with negative result at a service same day by the same laboratory with stable or dat least 14 days apart;]]]	um dilution of 1 in 4 or carried out on the	
	( <sup>1</sup> ) or	carried o sample of to the dat	jected to a virus isolation test, polymerase chain rut with negative result on an aliquot of its entire f that animal taken on	semen collected after the date a blood rt date), within a period of 6 months prior	
( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) either	[II.3.4.	anaemia,	al is dispatched from Iceland, which is certified where it was continuously resident since birth an ve entered Iceland from other countries;]		
(¹) or	[II.3.4.	Coggins	al was subjected with negative result to an a test) or to an ELISA for equine infectious anaemia (insert date), this being within a perio	a carried out on a blood sample taken on	
	( <sup>1</sup> ) [II.3.5.	Sanitary ( during a test for gl	al is dispatched from a country or part of the te Group B, D or E, or from China or Thailand, or from period of 3 years prior to the date of dispatch, and anders carried out with negative result at a serum 	a country in which glanders was reported d was subjected to a complement fixation dilution of 1 in 5 on a blood sample taken	
	( <sup>1</sup> ) [II.3.6.	country o China or the date negative (insert da	nal is an uncastrated male or a female equine animal older than 270 days dispatched from or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group B, D, E or F, or from Thailand, or from a country in which dourine was reported during a period of 2 years prior to dispatch, and was subjected to a complement fixation test for dourine carried out with the result at a serum dilution of 1 in 5 on a blood sample taken on a blood sample taken on the date), within a period of 30 days prior to the date of dispatch, and has not been used for during the period of at least 30 days prior to and after the date the sample was taken;		
	( <sup>1</sup> ) [II.3.7.		al is dispatched from a country or part of the te Group C or D, and	rritory of a country which is assigned to	
		(¹) either	[Western and Eastern equine encephalomyelitis country or part of the territory of the country of diprior to the date of dispatch;]]		

### **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number (1) or [the animal was vaccinated with a complete primary course and revaccinated according to manufacturer's instructions within a period of 6 months and at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch with inactivated vaccine against Western and Eastern equine encephalomyelitis, the last vaccination was applied on ...... (insert date);]] (1) or [the animal was kept for a period of at least 21 days prior to the date of dispatch in a vector protected quarantine, and during this period subjected to haemagglutination inhibition tests for Western and Eastern equine encephalomyelitis carried out by the same laboratory (1) either [on a sample of blood taken on ...... (insert date), within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch, with negative result; []] (1) or [on samples of blood taken on two occasions with an interval of at least 21 days on ..... (insert date) and on ..... (insert date), the second of which was taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch, without increase in antibody titre and the animal was vaccinated more than 6 months prior to the date of dispatch;]]] (1) [II.3.8. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group G, or from a country in which Japanese encephalitis has been officially reported in equidae during the past 2 years, and the animal (1) either [comes from a holding situated in the centre of an area of at least 30 km radius around that holding where there has been no case of Japanese encephalitis during a period of at least 21 days prior to the date of dispatch;]] (1) or [was kept in a vector-protected quarantine during a period of at least 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, and during that period the body temperature, taken daily, remained within the normal physiological range, and was subjected (1) either [to a haemagglutination inhibition or virus neutralisation test for Japanese encephalitis carried out by the same laboratory on the same day on samples of blood taken on two occasions with an interval of at least 14 days on ..... (insert date) and on ..... (insert date), the second of which was taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch, without a more than four-fold increase in antibody titre between the two samples, and remained protected from vector insects until dispatch;]]] (1) or [to a lg-M capture ELISA test for the detection of antibodies against Japanese encephalitis virus with negative result, carried out on a blood sample taken not earlier than 7 days after the date the isolation commenced on ...... (insert date), and remained protected from vector insects until dispatch;]]] [was vaccinated against Japanese encephalitis with a complete primary course and (1) or revaccinated according to manufacturer's recommendations during a period of not less than 21 days and not more than 12 months prior to the date of dispatch;]] (1) (4) either [II.3.9. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group E, and was subjected to a serological test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, which was carried out by the same laboratory on the same day (1) either [on blood samples taken on two occasions with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, on \_\_\_\_\_(insert date) and on \_\_\_\_\_(insert date), the second of which was taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch (1) either [with negative results in each case:]]] (1) or [with positive result in the first sample, and (1) either [the second sample was subsequently tested with negative result in an agent identification test as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC;]]]]

### **EUROPEAN UNION** Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number (1) or [the two samples were tested without more than a two-fold increase in antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test as described in point 2.4 of Chapter 2.5.1 of the OIE Terrestrial Manual for Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines;]]] (1) or to the date of dispatch, and the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch is recognised by the OIE as officially free of African horse sickness and is not adjacent to a country in which African horse sickness has occurred during the previous 2 years;]] (1) (4) or [11.3.9. the animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group F and (1) either [was subjected to a serological test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, which was carried out by the same laboratory on the same day on blood samples taken on two occasions with an interval of between 21 and 30 days, on ..... (insert date) and on ..... (insert date), the first sample not taken less than 7 days after introduction into the vector-protected quarantine, the second sample taken within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch, (1) either [with negative results in each case;]]] (1) or [with positive result in the first sample, and [the second sample was subsequently tested with negative result in (1) either an agent identification test as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC;]]]] (1) or [the two samples were tested without more than a two-fold increase in antibody titre in a virus neutralisation test as described in point 2.4 of Chapter 2.5.1 of the OIE Terrestrial Manual for Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines;]]]] (1) or Iwas subjected to a serological and an agent identification test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, carried out with negative result in each case on a blood sample taken on ...... (insert date) not less than 28 days after the date of introduction into the vector-protected quarantine and within a period of 10 days prior to the date of dispatch;]] (1) or [was subjected to an agent identification test for African horse sickness as described in Annex IV to Directive 2009/156/EC, carried out with negative result on a blood sample taken on ...... (insert date) not less than 14 days after the date of introduction into the vector-protected quarantine and not more than 72 hours before dispatch;]] 11.4. Attestation of the transport conditions The animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to (1) either [11.4.1. Sanitary Group A, B, C, D, E or G and is transported directly to the Union, without passing through a market, marshalling or assembly centre and without coming into contact with other equidae of a different health status.] (1) (4) or The animal is dispatched from a country or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to [11.4.1. Sanitary Group F and is transported directly from the vector-protected quarantine station without coming into contact with other equidae not accompanied by a health certificate either for imports or for temporary admission into the Union (1) either [to the airport under vector-protected conditions and arrangements have been made that the aircraft being cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognised in the third country of dispatch, and sprayed against vector insects just prior to take off.]]

II.a. Certificate reference number

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.b. Local reference number

- (1) or [to a sea port in that country or part of the territory of the country under vector-protected conditions and arrangements have been made to transport it on a vessel which is scheduled directly to a port in the Union without calling into a port situated in a country or part of the territory of a country not approved for the entry into the Union of equidae, in stalls which were cleansed and disinfected in advance with a disinfectant officially recognised in the third country of dispatch and sprayed against vector insects just prior to departure.]]
- II.4.2. Arrangements have been made and verified to prevent any contact with other equidae not complying with at least the same health requirements as described in this health certificate during the period from certification until dispatch to the Union.
- II.4.3. The transport vehicles or containers in which the animal is going to be loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with a disinfectant officially recognised in the third country of dispatch and they are so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder cannot escape during transportation.

### II.5. Attestation of animal welfare

The animal described in Box I.28 was examined today (²) and found fit to be transported on the intended journey and arrangements were made to protect its health and well-being effectively at all stages of the journey.

### Notes:

### Part I:

- Box I.8.: Provide the code of the country or the part of the territory of the country as appearing in column 3 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- Box I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) and information is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the EU.
- Box I.23.: The container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.
- Box I.28.: Species: Select amongst: Equus caballus, Equus asinus, Equus africanus, Equus hemionus, Equus kiang, Equus quagga, Equus zebra, Equus grevyi, or indicate any cross between those.

Identification system: The animal must bear an individual identifier which permits to link the animal to the identification document as defined in Article 2(b) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659. Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, brand, transponder) and the anatomic place used on the animal.

If a passport accompanies the animal, its number should be stated and the name of the competent authority which validated it.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

### Part II:

- (1) Delete as appropriate.
- (2) The certificate must be issued on the day of loading or in the case of a registered horse on the last working day before loading of the animal for dispatch to the Member State of destination in the Union.

The import of this equine animal shall not be allowed when the animal was loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for imports of an individual registered equine animal or equine animal for breeding and production into the Union from the respective country or part of the territory of the country mentioned under point II.1.1, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against the entry of live equidae from this country or this part of the territory of the country of dispatch.

EN

# EUROPEAN UNION Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number

- (3) Code of the country or part of the territory of the country and the Sanitary Group as appearing in columns 3 and 5 respectively of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.
- (4) Statements that relate entirely and exclusively to a Sanitary Group different from the Sanitary Group to which the country of dispatch, or part of its territory, is assigned, may be left out, provided that the numbering of the subsequent statements is maintained.

This health certificate shall:

- (a) be drawn up in at least a language understood by the certifying officer and one of the official languages of the Member State of destination and of the Member State where the animal will enter Union territory and undergo the veterinary border checks;
- (b) be made out to a single consignee;
- (c) be signed and stamped in a colour different to the colour of the printing;
- (d) consist of a single sheet of paper or all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible by inserting page numbers and total number of pages, and each page shall bear the certificate reference number at the top of the page and those pages are stapled and stamped.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters):

Qualification and title:

Date:

Stamp:

Signature:

Declaration by the owner or representative of the owner for entry into the Union of an equine animal								
Identification of the animal (1)								
Species (Scientific name)			Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex		
I, the	e undersigi	ned owner (²) oı	r representative of the owne	r $(^2)$ of the animal described abo	ve, hereby declare, that:			
_	the anima	al						
	(²) either			e territory of the country of dispa animal is less than 90 days of a		east 90 days prior		
	(²) or			of the country of dispatch during Member State of the Union;]	ng the required residence	period of at least		
_	during the period of 15 days prior to the date of dispatch the animal has not been in contact with animals suffering from infectious or contagious diseases transmissible to equidae;							
-				n as applicable in accordance country of dispatch are fulfilled;	with point II.2 of the acco	ompanying health		
-			nsport as applicable in acco he country of dispatch are fu	rdance with point II.4 of the acculfilled;	ompanying health certifica	te for the country		
_		portation will be the journey;	e effected in such a way th	nat health and well-being of the	animal can be protected	l effectively at all		
Nan	ae and add	ress of the own	er ( <sup>2</sup> ) or representative ( <sup>2</sup> ): .					
			(dd/mm/yyyy)					
Dan	J		(dd///////yyyy)					
(1)	<i>grevyi</i> , or i	ndicate any cross	between those.	quus africanus, Equus hemionus, E				
	Article 2(b	o) of Commission	nimal must bear an individual in Implementing Regulation (Enic place used on the animal.	dentifier which permits to link the ar U) 2018/659. Specify the identific	ation system (such as ear	tag, tattoo, brand,		
	Age: Date	of birth (dd/mm/y	ууу).	stated and the name of the compete	ent authority which validated it			
( <sup>2</sup> )	`	nale, F = female, appropriate.	C = castrated).					

COUNTRY:

Veterinary certificate to EU

# Section B

Model health certificate and model declaration for imports into the Union of consignments of domestic equidae for slaughter

	l.1.	Consignor Name				I.2. Certificate reference No I.2.a.					
		Address				1.3.	Central competen	t authority			
		Tel.				1.4.	I.4. Local competent authority				
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	1.5.	Consignee Name Address				1.6.					
tched		Postcode Tel.									
of dispa	I.7.	Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	1.9.	Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code	
: Details	l.11.	Place of orig	gin			I.12.	Place of destination	on			
Part		.5. Consignee Name Address  Postcode Tel.  7. Country of ISO code I.8. Region of origin  .11. Place of origin  Name Approval number Address  .13. Place of loading  .15. Means of transport  Aeroplane □ Ship □ Railway wagon □ Road vehicle □ Other □ Identification Documentary references  .18. Description of animals					Name Address				
_	I.13.	Place of load	ding			Postcode  I.14. Date of departure					
							I.16. Entry BIP in EU  I.17. No(s) of CITES				
							110(0) 01 011 20				
	I.18.	Description	of animals					I.19. Commodity code (HS code)  01 01			
									I.20. Quantity		
-	I.21.								I.22. Number of	packages	
	I.23. Seal/Container No								1.24.		
I.25. Animals certified for:  Slaughter □											
-	I.26.						I.27. For import or	admission int	o EU □		
-		Identification Species (Sciername)	n of the anima	als entification system	ldentif	icatior	n number	Age	Se	x	

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

### Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

II.a. Certificate reference number II.b. Local reference number II. Attestation of animal health, animal welfare and public health I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in Box I.28: are equidae for slaughter as defined in Article 2(d) of Directive 2009/156/EC; were examined today (1) and found free of clinical signs of diseases and of obvious signs of ectoparasite infestation; are not intended for slaughter under a national programme of infectious or contagious disease eradication; meet the requirements attested in points II.1 to II.5 of this certificate; are accompanied by the written declaration, signed by the owner of the animals or the representative of the Part II: Certification II.1. Attestation on third country or part of the territory of third country and holding of dispatch II.1.1. The animals are dispatched from ...... (insert name of country or part of the territory of a country), a country or part of the territory of a country, which on the date of issuing this certificate has the Code: II.1.2. in the country of dispatch the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable: African horse sickness, dourine (Trypanosoma equiperdum), glanders (Burkholderia mallei), equine encephalomyelitis (of all types including Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis), equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis, rabies and anthrax; II.1.3. the animals are dispatched from a country or part of the territory of country a) which is considered free from African horse sickness in accordance with Directive 2009/156/EC and in which there has been no clinical, serological (in unvaccinated equidae) or epidemiological evidence of African horse sickness during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch and in which there have been no vaccinations against the disease during the period of 12 months prior to the date of dispatch. b) in which Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch; C) in which dourine has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; d) in which glanders has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch; (3) either in which vesicular stomatitis has not occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of [e) dispatch;] (3) or in which vesicular stomatitis has occurred during the period of 6 months prior to the date of dispatch, [e) and a blood sample taken from each of the animals on ...... (insert date), within a period of 21 days prior to the date of dispatch, was tested with negative results for antibody to the vesicular stomatitis virus (3) either [in a virus neutralisation test at a serum dilution of 1 in 32;]] (3) or [in an ELISA in accordance with the relevant Chapter of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE;]] II.1.4. the animals do not come from holdings, and to the best of my knowledge for the time periods referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 have not been in contact with animals from holdings, which were subject to prohibition orders for the reasons referred to in points II.1.4.1 to II.1.4.7 and which last for:

(3) either

### er

EUROPEAN UNION		Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter					
		II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number				
II.1.4.1.	in the cas	e of equidae suspected of having contracted dourine	9,				
	(³) either	[6 months beginning on the date of the last act suspected of having contracted dourine or infected					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[in the case of a stallion, until the animal is castrate	d;]				
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the cleafter all animals of susceptible species have been s					
II.1.4.2.	in the cas	e of glanders,					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either	[6 months beginning on the day on which the subjected with positive results to a test for the Burkholderia mallei or antibodies to that pathogen,	e detection of the causative pathogen				
	(³) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the cleafter all animals of susceptible species have been keep to be a susceptible species.]					
II.1.4.3.	in the cas	e case of equine encephalomyelitis of any type,					
	(³) either	[6 months beginning on the day on which the equid slaughtered;]	ae suffering from the disease have been				
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[6 months beginning on the day on which the equical Nile Fever, Eastern equine encephalomyelitis or Valided, been removed from the holding or fully recover	Western equine encephalomyelitis have				
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the cleafter all animals of susceptible species have been s					
II.1.4.4.	slaughter agar gel	se of equine infectious anaemia, until the date on ved, the remaining equine animals on the holding immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) carrisions 3 months apart;	have shown a negative reaction in an				
II.1.4.5.	in the cas	e of vesicular stomatitis,					
	(³) either	[6 months following the last case;]					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[30 days following the date of completion of the cleafter all animals of susceptible species have been s					
II.1.4.6.		se of rabies, 30 days following the last case and the on of the premises;	date of completion of the cleansing and				
II.1.4.7.		ee of anthrax, 15 days following the last case and the on of the premises;	e date of completion of the cleansing and				
		wledge, during the period of 15 days prior to the dat se infected or suspected of an infectious or contagiou					
II.2. Attestation	of residen	ce and pre-export isolation					
of 90 days	prior to the	en resident in the country or part of the territory of t e date of dispatch, or since birth if the animals are lo n, and they are dispatched from a country or part of t	ess than 90 days old, on holdings under				

[assigned to Sanitary Group A and during the period of at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch they were kept apart from equidae not of equivalent health status;]

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# **EUROPEAN UNION**

# Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

			II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	dispatch	to Sanitary Groups B, C or D and during the period they were kept in pre-export isolation under vete ith equidae not of equivalent health status;]						
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or		[assigned to Sanitary Group E and for the period of at least 40 days prior to the date of dispatch they were kept in the approved isolation centre described in Box I.11, protected from vector insects.]						
II.3.	Attestation	n of vaccina	tion and health tests						
( <sup>3</sup> ) either	[II.3.1.		als were not vaccinated against African horse sickn mation suggesting previous vaccination;]	ess in the country of dispatch and there					
( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[II.3.1.		als were vaccinated against African horse sicknes 112 months prior to dispatch;]]	s, and this vaccination was carried out					
	II.3.2.		als were not vaccinated against Venezuelan equinospatch from	e encephalomyelitis during the 60 days					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either		of which all parts of the territory are free of Ven at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch;]	ezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) or	[a part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group C or D, which is free Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch at Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis occurs in the remaining parts of the territory of the country dispatch, and							
		(³) either	[were vaccinated against Venezuelan equine encourse and revaccinated according to manufact 60 days and not more than 12 months prior to the confected quarantine for a period of at least 21 during that period remained clinically healthy, ar remained within the normal physiological range, holding which showed a rise in body temperature, to for virus isolation for Venezuelan equine encephalogical range,	urer's recommendations not less than late of dispatch, and were kept in vector-days prior to the date of dispatch, and ind their body temperature, taken daily, and any equine animal on the same aken daily, was subjected to a blood test					
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[were not vaccinated against Venezuelan equinvector-protected quarantine for a period of at least and during that period remained clinically healthy. remained within the normal physiological range, holding which showed a rise in body temperature. It for virus isolation for Venezuelan equine encepha animals to be dispatched were subjected to a encephalomyelitis with negative result conducted after the date of entry into the vector-protected quector insects until dispatch;]]	at 21 days prior to the date of dispatch. and their body temperature, taken daily, and any equine animal on the same aken daily, was subjected to a blood test lomyelitis with negative results, and the diagnostic test for Venezuelan equine on a sample taken not less than 14 days					
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) either	[II.3.3.	anaemia,	als are dispatched from Iceland, which is certified where they have been continuously resident since thich have entered Iceland from other countries;]						
( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[11.3.3.	the animals were subjected to an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) or to an ELISA for equine infectious anaemia carried out with negative result in each case on blood samples taken on (insert date), this being within the period of 21 days prior to the date of dispatch;]							
(3)	[[II.3.4.	Sanitary ( 3 years p carried ou	als are dispatched from a country or part of the ter Group B, D or E, or from a country in which glan rior to the date of dispatch, and were subjected to at with negative result in each case at a serum dilut 	ders was reported during the period of a complement fixation test for glanders ion of 1 in 5 on blood samples taken on					

# **EUROPEAN UNION**

# Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

		II.a. Certifi	icate refere	nce number	II.b. Local reference number		
(³) [II.3.5.	country o country ir were sub at a serur	mals are uncastrated males or female equine animals older than 270 days dispatched from a or part of the territory of a country which is assigned to Sanitary Group B, D or E or from a in which dourine was reported during the period of 2 years prior to the date of dispatch, and abjected to a complement fixation test for dourine carried out with negative result in each case um dilution of 1 in 5 on blood samples taken on					
(³) (⁴) [II.3.6.		als are dispa Group C or D		n a country or part of the ter	ritory of a country which is assigned to		
	( <sup>3</sup> ) either		part of the t		nave not been officially reported in the atch during the period of 2 years prior to		
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[the animals were vaccinated with a complete primary course and revaccinated accordi to manufacturer's instructions within the period of 6 months and at least 30 days prior to t date of dispatch with inactivated vaccine against Western and Eastern equi encephalomyelitis, the last vaccination was applied on (insert date);]]					
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	period sub	jected to h		cted from vector insects and during this tests for Western and Eastern equine date) carried out on		
		( <sup>3</sup> ) either	on		h of the animals in the consignment within the period of 10 days prior to the each case;]]]		
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	occasions and on period of 1	with an interval of at least 21 (insert date), the 10 days prior to the date of di	the animals in the consignment on two days on(insert date) second of which was taken within the spatch, without increase in antibody titre than 6 months prior to dispatch;]]]		
( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> ) [II.3.7.	Sanitary (	Group E, an	d were sub	jected to a serological test fo	ritory of a country which is assigned to r African horse sickness as described in the same laboratory on the same day		
	(³) either	with an inte	erval of betver) and on	veen 21 and 30 days, on	s in the consignment on two occasions		
		(³) either	[with nega	tive result in each case;]]]			
		( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[with posit	ive results in the first sample,	and		
			( <sup>3</sup> ) either	-	subsequently tested with negative result entification test as described in Annex IV		
			( <sup>3</sup> ) or	without more than a two-for neutralisation test as descri	animal of the consignment were tested old increase in antibody titre in a virus ibed in point 2.4 of Chapter 2.5.1 of the biagnostic Tests and Vaccines;		
	( <sup>3</sup> ) or	consignme dispatch, a the OIE as	nt on nd the cour officially fre	(insert date), within the territory of	ele taken from each of the animals in the the period of 10 days prior to the date of the country of dispatch is recognised by and is not adjacent to a country in which vious 2 years.]]		

### **EUROPEAN UNION**

# Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

EUROPEAN	UNION		Registered equ	iidae, equidae for breedin	g and production equidae for slaughte
			II.a. Certificate referen	ce number	II.b. Local reference number
II.4.	Attestatio	on of the tran	sport conditions		
( <sup>3</sup> ) either	[II.4.1.	slaughterl assembly	nouse on the territory centre referred to in Art	of the Union, without pas	e animals are transported directly to a sing through a market, marshalling or 156/EC, and without coming into contact ]
( <sup>3</sup> ) or	[II.4.1.	slaughterl marshallir same Me	nouse on the territory of a ssembly centre of the mount of the control of the con	of the Union they pass o referred to in Article 7(1) o	ofore the animals are transported to a nly through a single approved market, of Directive 2009/156/EC situated in the ly to the slaughterhouse without coming to the Union.]
	II.4.2.	least the		ents as described in this h	with other equidae not complying with at nealth certificate during the period from
	II.4.3.	disinfecte	d before loading with a	disinfectant officially recogr	re going to be loaded were cleaned and nised in the third country of dispatch and not escape during transportation.
II.5.	Attestatio	on of animal v	velfare		
					d fit to be transported on the intended well-being effectively at all stages of the
II.6.	Attestatio	on of public h	ealth		
	androger	nic, gestagen		ances for purposes other th	rostatic substances nor any oestrogenic, an therapeutic or zootechnical treatment
			ring live equidae provide 96/23/EC are fulfilled.	ed by the residue plan sub	mitted and approved in accordance with
Notes:					
Part I:					
Box I.8.:			the country or part of the nting Regulation (EU) 20		as appearing in column 3 of Annex I to
Box I.15.:	informati		ovided. In case of unloa		number (aircraft) or name (ship) and signor must inform the Border Inspection
Box I.23.:	The cont	ainer numbe	and the seal number (if	applicable) should be inclu	ded.
Box I.28.:	Species:	Select amor	gst: " <i>Equus caballus</i> ", " <i>E</i>	Equus asinus" or "Equus ca	ballus x Equus asinus".
	identifica	tion docume			er which permits to link the animal to the tag, tattoo, brand, transponder) and the
	Asia: Dat	a af bioth (dd	(mm haaa)		

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

EN

# **EUROPEAN UNION**

# Registered equidae, equidae for breeding and production equidae for slaughter

		<b>3</b> , , ,						
		II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b. Local reference number					
Part	II:							
(1)	The certificate must be issued on the day of loading of the animals for dispatch to the Member State of destination in the Union.							
	The import of these equine animals for slaughter shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for imports of live equidae for slaughter into the Union from the respective country or part of the territory of a country mentioned under point II.1.1, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against the entryof equidae from this country or this part of the territory of the country of dispatch.							
(2)		of the territory of the country and the Sanitary (mmission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659.	Group as appearing in columns 3 and 5					
(3)	Delete as appropriate.							
(4)	Statements that relate entirely and exclusively to a Sanitary Group different from the Sanitary Group to which the country of dispatch, or part of its territory, is assigned, may be left out, provided that the numbering of the subsequent statements is maintained.							
This	health certificate shall:							
(a)		nguage understood by the certifying officer and one the Member State where the animals will enter U						
(b)	be made out to a single cons	ignee;						
(c)	be signed and stamped in a d	colour different to the colour of the printing;						
(d)		paper or all sheets of paper required are part of total number of pages, and each page shall bear the are stapled and stamped.						
Offic	ial veterinarian							
	Name (in capital letters):		Qualification and title:					
	Date:		Signature:					
	Stamp:							

	Declaration by the owner or representative of the owner for entry into the Union of consignments of live equidae for slaughter									
Iden	Identification of the animal (1)									
Spe	ecies (Scie	entific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex				
I, the	I, the undersigned owner (2) or representative of the owner (2) of the animals described above, hereby declare, that:									
_	the anima		ned in the country or part of t	he territory of the country of disp	oatch for at least 90 days p	orior to the date of				
_			days prior to the date of d diseases transmissible to eq	ispatch the animals have not b juidae;	een in contact with anim	als suffering from				
_	<ul> <li>the conditions for residence and pre-export isolation as applicable in accordance with point II.2 of the accompanying health certificate for the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch are fulfilled;</li> </ul>									
_	the conditions for the transport as applicable in accordance with point II.4 of the accompanying health certificate for the country or part of the territory of the country of dispatch are fulfilled;									
_	- the transportation will be effected in such a way that health and well-being of the animal can be protected effectively at all stages of the journey;									
_	the anima	als will be sent								
	(²) either		the premises of dispatch to f the same health status;]	the slaughterhouse of destina	tion without coming into	contact with other				
	(²) or	marshalling of		laughterhouse of destination p to in Article 7(1) of Directive 20 status;]						
Nam	ne and add	lress of the ow	ner (²) or representative (²): .							
Date	e:		(dd/mm/yyyy)							
(1)	(1) Species: Select amongst: Equus caballus, Equus asinus, or indicate any cross between those.  Identification system: The animal must bear an individual identifier which permits to link the animal to the identification document as defined in Article 2(b) of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659. Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, brand, transponder) and the anatomic place used on the animal.  If a passport accompanies the animal, its number should be stated and the name of the competent authority which validated it.  Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).  Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).									
(2)	Delete as	appropriate.								

### PART 4

### Explanatory notes for the certification

- (a) The health certificates shall be issued by the competent authority of the exporting country, based on the model set out in Part 1, 2 or 3 of Annex II, according to the layout of the model that corresponds to the animals concerned.
  - They shall contain, in the numbered order that appears in the model, the attestations that are required for any country and, as the case may be, those supplementary guarantees that are required for the exporting country or part of the territory of the country.
- (b) Where the model health certificate states that certain statements shall be kept as appropriate, statements which are not relevant, may be crossed out and initialled and stamped by the certifying officer, or completely deleted from the health certificate.
- (c) A separate and unique health certificate shall be issued for animals that are exported from a single territory appearing in columns 2 and 4 of Annex I which are consigned to the same destination and transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship.
- (d) The original of the health certificate shall consist of a single sheet of paper, or, where more text is required, it shall be in such a form that all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible.
- (e) The health certificate shall be drawn up in at least one of the official languages of the EU Member State of the border inspection post of entry of the consignment into the Union and of the EU Member State of destination. However, those EU Member States may authorise the health certificate to be drawn up in the official language of another EU Member State, and accompanied, if necessary, by an official translation.
- (f) If for reasons of identification of the animals of the consignment (schedule in Box I.28 of the model health certificate), additional sheets of paper are attached to the health certificate, those sheets of paper shall also be considered as forming part of the original of the health certificate by application of the signature and stamp of the certifying official veterinarian, on each of the pages.

- (g) When the health certificate, including additional schedules referred to in (f), comprises more than one page, each page shall be numbered -(page number) of (total number of pages) at the end of the page and shall bear the certificate reference number that has been designated by the competent authority on the top of the pages.
- (h) The original of the health certificate shall be completed and signed by an official veterinarian within 24 hours prior loading the consignment, or in the case of registered horses on the last working day prior to loading, for exportation to the Union. The competent authorities of the exporting country shall ensure that the principles of certification equivalent to those laid down in Council Directive 96/93/EC (¹) are followed.
  - The colour of the signature and the stamp of the official veterinarian shall be different to that of the printing on the health certificate. This requirement also applies to stamps other than those embossed or watermark.
- (i) The original of the health certificate shall accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post of entry into the Union.
- (j) The certificate reference number referred to in Box I.2 and Box II.a of the model health certificate shall be provided by the competent authority of the exporting country.

### ANNEX III

# MODEL HEALTH CERTIFICATES FOR ENTRY INTO THE UNION OF SEMEN, OVA AND EMBRYOS OF EQUIDAE

### PART 1

# Model health certificate for imports of semen

### Section A

MODEL 1 – Model health certificate for imports of consignments of semen of equidae collected in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC after 30 September 2014 and dispatched from an approved semen collection centre of origin of the semen

COUNTRY: Veteri										Veterinary certific	ate to EU	
	l.1.	Consignor Name					1.2.	Certificate reference		I.2.a.		
		Address					I.3. Central competent authority					
<b>+</b>		Tel.					1.4.	Local competent a	uthority			
mer	1.5.	Consignee					I.6. Person responsible for the load in EU					
onsigr		Name Address						Name Address				
atched c		Postal code Tel.						Postal code Tel.				
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.7.	Country of origin	ISO code		Region of origin	Code	1.9.	Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code	
I : Detail	I.11.	I1. Place of origin Semen centre □						Place of destinatio Semen centre	n	Holding $\square$		
Part	Name Approval number Address Postal code							Name Address		Approval number		
								Postal code				
	I.13. Place of loading						l.14.	Date of departure				
	I.15.	Means of tra	ansport				I.16. Entry BIP in EU					
		Aeroplane <b>C</b>			Railway wag	jon 🗖	I.17.					
		Road vehicle Identification		ŗr □								
			ry references									
	I.18.	Description	of commodity	y					I.19. Commo	dity code (HS code) 05 11 99 85		
										I.20. Quantity		
	I.21.									I.22. Number of pack	ages	
	1.23.	Seal/Contain	ner No							1.24.		
	I.25. Commodities certified for:  Artificial reproduction □											
	I.26. For transit through EU to third country  Third country ISO code						I.27. For import or a	admission int	o EU			
	1.28.	Identification	า of the comn	noditie	S							
	s	pecies (Scier	ntific name)		Donor ide	ntity		Date of colle	ection	Quantity		

Part II: Certification

### COUNTRY Equine semen – Section A

II. Health information II.a. Certificate reference No II.b. I, the undersigned, official veterinarian, of the exporting country (2) .......hereby (name of exporting country) certify that: The semen collection centre (3), in which the semen described above was collected, processed and stored for II.1. export to the Union is approved and supervised by the competent authority in accordance with the conditions of Chapters I(I) (1) and I(II) (1) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC (4); During the period commencing 30 days prior to the date of first collection of the semen described above until the 11.2. date the fresh or chilled semen was dispatched or until the 30 days storage period for frozen semen elapsed, the semen collection centre: II.2.1. was situated in the exporting country or, in the case of regionalisation according to Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC (5), in that part of the territory of the exporting country which was: not considered to be infected with African horse sickness in accordance with Article 5(2)(a) and (b) of Directive 2009/156/EC, free from Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 2 years, free from glanders and dourine for a period of at least 6 months; II.2.2. fulfilled the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/EC and in particular: (1) either following a case of a disease mentioned below not all the animals of species susceptible to [II.2.2.1. that disease located in the holding were slaughtered or killed and the holding has been free: from any type of equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 6 months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered, from equine infectious anaemia (EIA) for at least the period required to obtain a negative result in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) carried out on samples taken after the infected animals were slaughtered on two occasions 3 months apart from each of the remaining animals,

- from vesicular stomatitis (VS) for a period of at least 6 months from the last recorded case.
- from rabies for a period of at least one month from the last recorded case.
- from anthrax for a period of at least 15 days from the last recorded case,]
- (¹) or [II.2.2.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below all the animals of species susceptible to that disease located in the holding have been slaughtered or killed and the premises disinfected, and the holding was free for a period of at least 30 days from any type of equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis and rabies or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;]
- II.2.3. contained only equidae which were free of clinical signs of equine viral arteritis and contagious equine metritis,
- II.3. Prior to entering the semen collection centre the donor stallions and any other equidae located in the centre:

							Equine semen	OCOLIOII A	
II. Health	information	າ	I	I.a. Certificate referen	nce No		II.b.		
	II.3.1.	a Member s regionalisat	State of to ion in ac	esident for a period of he Union during the 3 cordance with Article which was during tha	3 months period) 13 of Directive 20	in the exporting	country or, in the	ne case of	
				to be infected with tive 2009/156/EC,	African horse sic	kness in acco	rdance with Artio	cle 5(2)(a)	
		— free fro	om Venez	zuelan equine enceph	alomyelitis for a p	eriod of at leas	t 2 years,		
		— free fro	om gland	ers and dourine for a բ	period of at least 6	6 months;			
( <sup>1</sup> ) either	[11.3.2.			country of export whi VS) for a period of at I		ay of admission	n into the centre	free from	
(¹) or	[II.3.2.	result at a with the rel	serum dil evant Ch	virus neutralisation to ution of 1 in 32 or a ' apter of the Manual o ample taken ( <sup>6</sup> ) within	VS ELISA carried of Diagnostic Test	l out with a neg ts and Vaccine	gative result in a	ccordance	
	II.3.3.	originated f point II.2.2;	rom hold	ings which on the day	y of admission or	nto the centre f	ulfilled the requir	ements of	
II.4.	The seme	en described a	bove was	s collected from donor	stallions which:				
	II.4.1.			nical sign of an infection fre and on the day the			time of admissio	n onto the	
	II.4.2.			od of at least 30 days nown any clinical sign					
	II.4.3.	collection a	nd betwe	or natural mating during a period of at least 30 days prior to the date of first sementween the dates of the first sample referred to in points II.4.5.1, II.4.5.2 and/or II.4.5.3 of the collection period;					
	II.4.4.	Manual of E which is red	Diagnostic cognised	ving tests, which mee c Tests and Vaccines to by the competent auth lent to that provided	for Terrestrial Anir nority and has the	mals of the OIE tests referred t	, carried out in a o hereinafter incl	laboratory uded in its	
		te		infectious anaemia ( enzyme-linked immui eresult;]					
		II.4.4.2. fo	or equine	viral arteritis (EVA),					
		(¹) either [I	1.4.4.2.1.	a serum neutralisat in four;]	ion test with a n	egative result a	at a serum diluti	on of one	
		(¹) and/or [I	1.4.4.2.2.	a virus isolation test negative result on a					
		ti n	nree spec	gious equine metriti simens (swabs) taken nan 7 days at least fr	from the donor st	allion on two o	ccasions with an	interval of	

COUNTRY Equine semen – Section A							
II. Health information	on		II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.			
		(local treater)	oles were in no case taken earlier than 7 days (sysatment) after antimicrobial treatment of the donor medium with activated charcoal, such as Amies me where they were subjected with a negative result to	stallion and were placed in dium, before dispatch to the			
	(¹) either	[11.4.4.3.1	the isolation of <i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i> after culticonditions for a period of at least 7 days, set up wispecimens from the donor animal, or 48 hours who cool during transport;]	thin 24 hours after taking the			
	(¹) and/or	[11.4.4.3.2	the detection of genome of <i>Taylorella equigenitali</i> carried out within 48 hours after taking the specime				
II.4.5.	programn		n the results specified in point II.4.4 in each case of respectively in points 1.6(a), (b) and (c) of Chapters:				
	( <sup>9</sup> ) [II.4.5.1.	at least 30 the seme	r stallion was continuously resident on the semen co 0 days prior to the date of the first collection and duri n described above, and no equidae on the semen c into direct contact with equidae of lower health status	ng the period of collection of collection of collection centre came during			
		stallion at collection and not le	described in point II.4.4 were carried out on samp t least once a year at the beginning of the breeding of semen intended for imports into the Union of frest than 14 days following the date of the commence 30 days prior to the first semen collection.]	g season or prior to the firses, chilled or frozen semer			
	( <sup>9</sup> ) [II.4.5.2.	30 days p semen de centre ve	or stallion was resident on the semen collection ce prior to the date of the first collection and during the escribed above, but left the semen collection centre un terinarian for a continuous period of less than 14 dan on collection centre came into direct contact with equid	e period of collection of the under the responsibility of the ays, and/or other equidae or			
		stallion at the first c semen an	described in point II.4.4 were carried out on samp least once a year at the beginning of the breeding sollection of semen intended for imports into the Unid not less than 14 days following the date of the comat least 30 days prior to the first semen collection,	season or prior to the date of on of fresh, chilled or frozer			
	and	chilled or	e period of collection of the semen intended for imp frozen semen the donor stallion was subjected 4, as follows:				
		(a)	for equine infectious anaemia, one of the tests de last carried out on a sample of blood taken (6) no the collection of the semen described above;				
		(b)	for equine viral arteritis, one of the tests described				
		( <sup>1</sup> ) either	[in point II.4.4.2 was last carried out on a samp 30 days prior to the date of the collection of the ser				
		(¹) or	[in point II.4.4.2.2 was carried out on an aliquot donor stallion taken (6) not more than 6 month collection of the semen described above and a blo donor stallion during the 6 months period reacte serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis than one in four;]	hs prior to the date of the od sample taken ( <sup>6</sup> ) from the d with a positive result in a			

II.	Health information		II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.			
		(c)	for contagious equine metritis, the test described carried out on three specimens (swabs) taken (6) not the date of the collection of semen described above	•			
		(¹) eithei	[on two occasions;]				
		( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[on a single occasion and subjected to a PCR or real	-time PCR.]]			
	( <sup>9</sup> ) [II.4.5.3.		or stallion does not meet the conditions set out in points to D to Directive 92/65/EEC and the semen is collected for the semen.				
			described in points II.4.4.1, II.4.4.2 and II.4.4.3 were carried out on samples from the donor stallion at least once a year at the beginning of the breeding				
	and	the dono from the semen	described in points II.4.4.1 and II.4.4.3 were carried out or stallion during the storage period of the semen of a redate of the collection of the semen and before the se collection centre, not less than 14 days and not morn of the semen described above,	minimum period of 30 days emen is removed from the			
	and	(¹) eithei	[the tests for equine viral arteritis described in point samples taken (6) during the storage period of the s of 30 days from the date of the collection of the seme removed from the semen collection centre or used, not more than 90 days after the date of the collection above.]	emen of a minimum period en and before the semen is not less than 14 days and			
		(¹) or	[the non-shedder state of a donor stallion seroposit was confirmed by virus isolation test, PCR or real-ti negative result on samples of an aliquot of the estallion taken (6) twice a year at an interval of at least stallion has reacted with a positive result at a serun four in a serum neutralisation test for equine viral arter.	me PCR carried out with a entire semen of the donor st 4 months and the donor of dilution of at least one in			
	II.4.6. underwei	nt the test	ting provided for in points II.3.2 (1) and II.4.5 on samp	les taken on the following			

II.4.6. underwent the testing provided for in points II.3.2 (1) and II.4.5 on samples taken on the following dates:

of		Start o	date (6)	Date of sampling for health tests (6)						
Identification of semen	Test programme	Jramme Jramme Jonod	Semen	VS (¹)	EIA	EV.	A II. I.2.	CEM II.4.4.3.		
Identi	bro	residence	collection	II.3.2	II.4.4.1.	Blood sample	Semen sample	1. sample	2. sample	

				Equille semen – Section A
II. Health	ı information	II.a. Cert	ificate reference No	II.b.
(¹) either	[11.5.	No antibiotics were added to t	he semen;]	
( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[11.5.	diluted semen of not less than	nbination of antibiotics was added to produce $(^{10})$ :	
II.6.	The seme	n described above was:		1
	II.6.1.		and transported under conditions which componex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;	oly with the requirements of
	II.6.2.		in a sealed container in accordance with p EC and bearing the number indicated in Box	
Notes				
Part I:				
Box I.11.:	The place	of origin shall correspond to the	semen collection centre of the semen origin	
Box I.22.:	The numb	er of packages shall correspond	to the number of containers.	
Box I.23.:	The identi	ication of container and seal nu	mber shall be indicated.	
Box I.28.:	The donor	identity shall correspond to the	official identification of the animal.	
	The date	f collection shall be indicated in	the following format: dd/mm/yyyy.	
Part II:				
Guidance f	or the comple	tion of the table in point II.4.6.		
Abbreviatio	ns:			
VS	Vesic	lar stomatitis (VS) testing if req	uired in accordance with point II.3.2	
EIA-1	Equin	infectious anaemia (EIA) testir	ng first occasion	
EIA-2	EIA te	sting second occasion		
EVA-B	1 Equin	viral arteritis (EVA) testing on	blood sample first occasion	
EVA-B	2 EVA t	sting on blood sample second	occasion	
EVA-S	1 EVA t	sting on semen sample first oc	casion	
EVA-S	2 EVA t	esting on semen sample second	loccasion	
CEM-1	1 Conta	gious equine metritis (CEM) tes	ting first occasion first sample	
CEM-1	2 CEM	esting first occasion second sar	nple taken 7 days after CEM-11	
CEM-2	1 CEM	esting second occasion first sar	nple	
CEM-2	2 CEM	esting second occasion second	sample taken 7 days after CEM-21	

### Instructions:

For each semen identified in column A in correspondence with Box I.28, the test programme (points II.4.5.1, II.4.5.2 and/or II.4.5.3) shall be specified in column B, and columns C and D shall be completed with the dates required.

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.

The dates when samples were taken for laboratory testing prior to the first collection of the semen described above as required in points II.4.5.1, II.4.5.2 and II.4.5.3, shall be entered in the upper line of columns 5 to 9 of the table, this being the boxes marked with EIA-1, EVA-B1 or EVA-S1 and CEM-11 and CEM-12 in the example below.

The dates when samples were taken for repeat laboratory testing as required in accordance with point II.4.5.2. or II.4.5.3. shall be entered in the lower line of columns 5 to 9 in table, this being the boxes EIA-2, EVA-B2 or EVA-S2 and CEM-21 and CEM-22 in the example below.

ı of	of	4)	Start	date	Date of sampling for health tests					
	identification semen	Test	Donor	Semen	VS II.3.2.	EIA II.4.4.1.	EVA II.4.4.2.		CEM II.4.4.3.	
	Identi		residence	collection			Blood sample	Semen sample	1. sample	2. sample
	Α	В	С	D	VS	EIA-1	EVA-B1	EVA-S1	CEM-11	CEM-12
		ם	C		VS	EIA-2	EVA-B2	EVA-S2	CEM-21	CEM-22

- (1) Delete as necessary.
- (2) Imports of equine semen are authorised from a third country listed in column 2 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 provided that the semen was collected in the part of the territory of the third country detailed in column 4 of that Annex from a donor stallion of the category of equidae indicated in columns 11, 12 or 13 of that Annex.
- (3) Only approved semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission website: http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen\_ova/equine/index\_en.htm
- (4) Council Directive 92/65/EEC of 13 July 1992 laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(I) to Directive 90/425/EEC (OJ L 268, 14.9.1992, p. 54).
- (5) Council Directive 2009/156/EC of 30 November 2009 on animal health conditions governing the movement and importation from third countries of equidae (OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1).
- (6) Insert date in table in point II.4.6 (follow Guidance in Part II of the Notes).
- (7) Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules (OJ L 165, 30.4.2004, p. 1).
- The agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equidae which have continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland has remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equidae and their semen, ova and embryos have been introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the semen was collected.
- (9) Cross out the programmes that do not apply to the consignment.
- (10) Insert names and concentrations.
- The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.

Offic	ial veterinarian	
	Name (in capital letters):	Qualification and title:
	Date:	Signature:
	Stamp:	

# $Section \,\, B$

MODEL 2 – Model health certificate for imports of consignments of stocks of semen of equidae collected, processed and stored in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC after 31 August 2010 and before 1 October 2014 and dispatched after 31 August 2010 from an approved semen collection centre of origin of the semen

COUN	TRY:				Veterinary certificate to EU			
	l.1.	Consignor Name	1.2.	Certificate reference No	I.2.a.			
		Address	I.3. Central competent authority					
		Tel.	1.4.	Local competent authority				
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.5.	Consignee Name Address	1.6.	Person responsible for the load in Name Address	ı EU			
ched co		Postal code Tel.		Postal code Tel.				
s of dispat	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of Code origin origin	1.9.	Country of ISO code I. destination	.10. Region of Code destination			
t I : Detail	I.11.	Place of origin Semen centre □	I.12.	Place of destination Semen centre □ F	Holding 🗆			
Par		Name Approval number Address		Name Approval Address	Inumber			
		Postal code	Postal code					
	I.13.	Place of loading	I.14. Date of departure					
	I.15.	Means of transport	I.16.	Entry BIP in EU				
		Aeroplane  Ship  Railway wagon  Railway						
		Road vehicle Other Identification	l.17.					
		Documentary references						
	I.18.	Description of commodity		I.19. Commod	ity code (HS code) <b>05 11 99 85</b>			
					I.20. Quantity			
	l.21.				I.22. Number of packages			
	1.23.	Seal/Container No			1.24.			
	I.25. Commodities certified for:  Artificial reproduction □							
	1.26.	For transit through EU to third country  Third country ISO code		I.27. For import or admission into	EU 🗖			
	1.28.	Identification of the commodities						
	Sı	pecies (Scientific name) Donor identity		Date of collection	Quantity			
	Sı	pecies (Scientific name) Donor identity		Date of collection	Quantity			

Part II: Certification

# COUNTRY Equine semen – Section B II. Health information II.a. Certificate reference No II.b.

### certify that :

- II.1. The semen collection centre (3), in which the semen described above was collected, processed and stored for export to the European Union is approved and supervised by the competent authority in accordance with the conditions of Chapter I(I) (1) and Chapter I(II) (1) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC,
- II.2. during the period commencing 30 days prior to the date of first collection of the semen described above until the 30 days storage period for frozen semen elapsed, the semen collection centre:
  - II.2.1. was situated in the exporting country or, in the case of regionalisation according to Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC (8), in that part of the territory of the exporting country which was:
    - not considered to be infected with African horse sickness in accordance with Article 5(2)(a) and (b) of Directive 2009/156/EC (8).
    - free from Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for 2 years,
    - free from glanders and dourine for 6 months;
  - II.2.2. fulfilled the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/EC (8) and in particular:
  - (1) either [II.2.2.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding were slaughtered or killed and the holding has been free:
    - from any type of equine encephalomyelitis for at least 6 months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered,
    - from equine infectious anaemia for at least the period required to obtain a negative result in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) carried out on samples taken after the infected animals were slaughtered on two occasions 3 months apart from each of the remaining animals,
    - from vesicular stomatitis for at least 6 months from the last recorded case,
    - from rabies for at least one month from the last recorded case,
    - from anthrax for at least 15 days from the last recorded case,]
  - (¹) or [II.2.2.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located on the holding have been slaughtered or killed and the premises disinfected, the holding has been free for at least 30 days from any type of equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis and rabies or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;]
  - II.2.3. contained only equidae which were free of clinical signs of equine viral arteritis and contagious equine metritis.
- II.3. Prior to entering the semen collection centre the donor stallions and any other equidae located in the centre:

II.	Health information		II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.
	II.3.1.	State of the Europ regionalisation acc	resident for 3 months (or since entry if they were directle ean Union during the 3 months period) in the exporting tording to Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC (8), in the which was during that period	country or, in the case of
			ed to be infected with African horse sickness in accordance 2009/156/EC (8),	rdance with Article 5(2)(a)
		— free from Ver	ezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for at least 2 years,	
		— free from glar	nders and dourine for at least 6 months;	
(1) e	ither [II.3.2.		e country of export which was on the day of admissi s (VS) for at least 6 months,]	on into the centre free of
( <sup>1</sup> ) O	r [II.3.2.		a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis (VS) dilution of 1 in 12 on a blood sample taken ( $^4$ ) within 14	
	II.3.3.	originated from ho point II.2.2;	ldings which on the day of admission onto the centre f	ulfilled the requirements of
II.4.	The seme	n described above w	ras collected from donor stallions, which:	
	II.4.1.		ny clinical sign of an infectious or contagious disease at the day the semen was collected;	the time of admission onto
	II.4.2.		30 days prior to the date of semen collection on holding lical sign of equine viral arteritis or contagious equine me	
	II.4.3.		d for natural mating during at least 30 days prior to the dates of the first sample referred to in points II.4.5.1, II.4. ection period;	
	II. <b>4.4</b> .	the Manual of Dia samples taken in	ne following tests, which meet at least the requirements agnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of accordance with one of the programmes specified in competent authority:	f the OIE, carried out on
	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) either		gel immuno-diffusion test (Coggins test) for equine inferesult; ]	ectious anaemia (EIA) with
	(¹) (⁵) or	[II.4.4.1. an ELIS.	A for equine infectious anaemia (EIA) with negative resul	t;]
and	(¹) either		neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis (EVA) with of one in four;]	negative result at a serum
	(¹) or		isolation test for equine viral arteritis (EVA) carried out of the entire semen of the donor stallion;]	with negative result on an

II.	Health information		II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.
and		II.4.4.3.	an agent identification test for contagious equine metritis occasions on samples collected with an interval of 7 days equigenitalis after a cultivation of 7 to 14 days from pre-ejaculat and from genital swabs taken at least from the penile sheath, with negative result in each case;	(CEM) carried out on two s by isolation of <i>Taylorella</i> tory fluid or a semen sample
	II.4.5.		n subjected with the results specified in II.4.4. in each case nes (6) detailed in points II.4.5.1, II.4.5.2 and II.4.5.3 as follows:	to at least one of the test
		II.4.5.1.	The donor stallion was continuously resident on the semen of 30 days prior to the date of the first collection and during the semen described above, and no equidae on the semen collect time into direct contact with equidae of lower health status than	e period of collection of the cion centre came during that
			The tests described in point II.4.4 have been carried out on sa first semen collection and at least 14 days following the date o residence period of at least 30 days.	
		II.4.5.2.	The donor stallion was resident on the semen collection centre the date of the first collection and during the period of collecti above, but has left the centre under the responsibility of th continuous period of less than 14 days, or other equidae on the direct contact with equidae of lower health status.	ion of the semen described e centre veterinarian for a
			The tests described in point II.4.4 have been carried out on sa date of the first semen collection of the breeding season or collesemen described above was collected and at least 14 days commencement of the residence period of at least 30 days,	ection period in the year the
	and		the test described in point II.4.4.1 for equine infectious anaem sample of blood taken (4) not more than 90 days before the scollected;	
	and	(¹) either	[one of the tests described in point II.4.4.2 for equine viral arteri sample taken (4) not more than 30 days before the semen described in point II.4.4.2 for equine viral arterior.	
		(¹) or	[a virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis was carried out aliquot of the entire semen of the donor stallion taken (4) not mo semen described above was collected and a blood sample t reacted positive in a serum neutralisation test for equine viral amore than one in four,]	ore than 6 months before the taken on the same date (4)
	and		the test described in point II.4.4.3 for contagious equine metr samples taken (4), not more than 60 days before the semen des	
		II.4.5.3.	The tests described in point II.4.4 have been carried out on sa date of the first semen collection of the breeding season or collected,	
	and		the tests described in point II.4.4 have been carried out on 14 and 90 days after the collection of the semen described above.	

II. Health	information		II.a. (	Certificate re	eference No			II.b.			
	II.4.6.	have undergo following dates		ing provide	d for in poi	nts II.3.2 (1)	and II.4.5	on samples t	aken on the		
of	a)	Start dat	e (4)	Date of sampling for health tests (4)							
Identification of semen	Test	Donor	Semen	VS (1)	EIA		A II. 1.2.		EM .4.3.		
Identi	pro	residence	collection	II.3.2	II.4.4.1.	Blood sample	Semen sample	1. sample	2. sample		
(1) either	[11.5.	No antibiotics	were added	to the seme	en;]						
(¹) or	[11.5.	The following a diluted semen	antibiotic or of not less t	combinatior han ( <sup>7</sup> ):	of antibiotion	cs was added	I to produce	a concentratio	on in the final		
									;]		
II.6.	The seme	n described abo	ve was:								
	II.6.1.	collected, proc Chapters II(I) (					which comp	ly with the rec	uirements of		
	II.6.2.	sent to the planex D to Dir							apter III(I) of		
Notes											
Part I:											
Box I.11.:	The place	of origin shall co	orrespond to	the semen	collection ce	entre of the se	emen origin.				
Box I.22.:	The numb	er of packages s	shall corresp	ond to the r	number of co	ntainers.					
Box I.23.:	The identit	fication of contai	ner and sea	l number sh	all be indica	ted.					
Box I.28.:	The donor	identity shall co	rrespond to	the official i	dentification	of the anima	l.				
	The date of	The date of collection shall be indicated in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy.									

11.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.
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### Part II:

Guidance for the completion of the table in point II.4.6.

### Abbreviations:

\ (0	Various law at a securities (VO) to attack if we are the all to a consideration of the restort II O O
V.S	Vesicular stomatitis (VS) testing if required in accordance with point II.3.2

EIA-1 Equine infectious anaemia (EIA) testing first occasion

EIA-2 EIA testing second occasion

EVA-B1 Equine viral arteritis (EVA) testing on blood sample first occasion

EVA-B2 EVA testing on blood sample second occasion

EVA-S1 EVA testing on semen sample first occasion

EVA-S2 EVA testing on semen sample second occasion

CEM-11 Contagious equine metritis (CEM) testing first occasion first sample

CEM-12 CEM testing first occasion second sample taken 7 days after CEM-11

CEM-21 CEM testing second occasion first sample

CEM-22 CEM testing second occasion second sample taken 7 days after CEM-21

### Instructions:

For each semen identified in column A in correspondence with Box I.28, the test programme (II.4.5.1., II.4.5.2. and/or II.4.5.3.) must be specified in column B, and columns C and D must be completed with the dates required.

The dates when samples were taken for laboratory testing prior to the first collection of the semen described above as required in II.4.5.1., II.4.5.2. and II.4.5.3., are entered in the upper line of columns 5 to 9 of the table, this being the boxes marked with EIA-1, EVA-B1 or EVA-S1 and CEM-11 and CEM-12 in the example below.

The dates when samples were taken for repeat laboratory testing as required in accordance with II.4.5.2. or II.4.5.3. are entered in the lower line of columns 5 to 9 in table, this being the boxes EIA-2, EVA-B2 or EVA-S2 and CEM-21 and CEM-22 in the example below.

Jo I	σ.	Start	date	Date of sampling for health tests						
	ldentification semen	Test gramme	Donor	Semen		EIA	EVA II.4.4.2.		CEM II.4.4.3.	
	Identi	pro	residence	collection		II.4.4.1.	Blood sample	Semen sample	1. sample	2. sample
Ī	Λ.	B C D	D	VS	EIA-1	EVA-B1	EVA-S1	CEM-11	CEM-12	
	Α	<b>D</b>	С	U	VS	EIA-2	EVA-B2	EVA-S2	CEM-21	CEM-22

<sup>(1)</sup> Delete as necessary.

<sup>(2)</sup> Imports of equine semen are authorised from a third country listed in column 2 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 provided the semen was collected in the part of the territory of the third country detailed in column 4 of that Annex from a donor stallion of the category of equidae indicated in columns 11, 12 or 13 of that Annex.

EN

II.	Health information II.a. Certificate reference No II.b.							
(3)	Only approved semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Council Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission website: http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_ova/equine/index_en.htm							
(4)	Insert date in table in point II.4.6 (follow Guidance in Part II of the Notes)							
(5)	The agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equidae which have continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland has remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equidae and their semen, ova and embryos have been introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the semen was collected.							
( <sup>6</sup> )	Cross out the programmes that do not apply to the consignment.							
( <sup>7</sup> )	Insert names and concentrations.							
(8)	OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1.							
_	The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.							
Offic	Official veterinarian							
	Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:							
	Date: Signature:							
	Stamp:							

Veterinary certificate to EU

COUNTRY:

# Section C

MODEL 3 – Model health certificate for imports of consignments of stocks of semen of equidae collected, processed and stored in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC before 1 September 2010 and dispatched after 31 August 2010 from an approved semen collection centre of origin of the semen

	l.1.	Consignor Name	1.2.	Certificate referer	ice No	I.2.a.				
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment		Address	1.3.	Central competent authority						
		Tel.	1.4.	Local competent authority						
	1.5.	Consignee	1.6.	.6. Person responsible for the load in EU						
		Name		Name						
		Address		Address						
		Postal code		Postal code						
		Tel.		Tel.						
	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of Code	1.9.	Country of	ISO code I.	10. Region of	Code			
		origin origin		destination	1 1	destination	ı			
ils										
eta	I.11.	Place of origin	1.12	Place of destination						
<u></u>		Semen centre □		Semen centre	Holdir	ng 🗀				
art		Name Approval number		Name	Approval nu	umber				
-		Address		Address						
		Problems		Destales						
	1.40	Postal code		Postal code						
	1.13.	Place of loading	1.14	Date of departure						
	I.15.	Means of transport	1.16	. Entry BIP in EU						
	Accordance Cl. Obite Cl. D. II.									
		Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐	147							
		Identification	1.17							
		Documentary references								
	I.18.	Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code)						
						05 11 99 85				
						I.20. Quantity				
	I.21.				l	I.22. Number of packages				
	1.23.	Seal/Container No			I	1.24.				
	1.25.	25. Commodities certified for:								
		Artificial reproduction								
	1.26.	For transit through EU to third country	I.27. For import or admission into EU							
		Third country ISO code								
		Third country ISO code								
	I.28. Identification of the commodities									
	s	pecies (Scientific name) Donor identity	Date of collection			Quantity				

# COUNTRY Equine semen - Section C Ш II.a. Certificate reference No II.b. Health information (name of exporting country) certify that: II.1. The semen collection centre in which the semen described above was collected, processed and stored for export to the European Union: Part II: Certification is approved and supervised by the competent authority according to the conditions of Chapter I, Annex D to II.1.1. Directive 92/65/EEC. is situated in the territory or in the case of regionalisation according to Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC (6) in a II.1.2. part of the territory of the country of export which was on the day the semen was collected until the date of dispatch free of: African horse sickness, in accordance with EU legislation, Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for 2 years, glanders and dourine for 6 months; II.1.3. was during the period commencing 30 days prior to the date of collection of the semen until the day of its dispatch not subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down one of the following conditions: II.1.3.1. if not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located in the holding were slaughtered or killed, the prohibition lasted for: 6 months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered, in the case of equine encephalomyelitis. a period required to carry out with negative result two Coggins tests 3 months apart in the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered, in the case of infectious equine anaemia, 6 months, in the case of vesicular stomatitis, one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies, 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax. II.1.3.2. if all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located in the holding have been slaughtered or killed and the premises disinfected, the prohibition lasted for 30 days, or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed: II.1.4. contained during the period commencing 30 days prior to semen collection and lasting until the date of its dispatch only equidae which were free of clinical signs of equine viral arteritis and contagious equine metritis, Prior to entering the semen collection centre the donor stallions and any other equidae located in the centre: 11.2. were continuously resident for 3 months (or since entry if they were directly imported from a Member State of the II.2.1. Union during the 3 months period) in the territory or in the case of regionalisation in a part of the territory(1) of the country of export which was during that period free of: African horse sickness, in accordance with EU legislation, Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for 2 years,

glanders for 6 months,

dourine for 6 months;

II. Health information			II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.		
(1) either	[11.2.2.	originated from the terr free of vesicular stoma	ritory of the country of export which was on the datitis for 6 months,]	y of admission into the centre		
(¹) or	[II.2.2.		irus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis $\binom{4}{1}$ , this being within 14 days prior to entering the 12;]			
II.2.3.	originated	from holdings which on	the day of admission onto the centre fulfilled the re	equirements of point II.1.3;		
II.3.	The seme	n described above was c	collected from donor stallions, which:			
II.3.1.	on the day	the semen was collecte	d have not shown clinical signs of an infectious or	contagious disease,		
II.3.2.	during at l	east 30 days prior to coll	ection of the semen have not been used for natura	al service,		
II.3.3.		e last 30 days prior to c inical signs of equine vira	collection of the semen have been kept on holding all arteritis,	ings where no equine animal		
II.3.4.		e last 60 days prior to c inical signs of contagious	collection of the semen have been kept on holding equine metritis,	ings where no equine animal		
II.3.5.			as far as I could ascertain have not been in conta e the 15 days immediately preceding the collection			
II.3.6.			nimal health tests carried out in a laboratory reprogramme as specified in point II.3.7:	ecognised by the competent		
II.3.6.1.	an agar-ge	el immuno-diffusion test (	(Coggins test) for equine infectious anaemia with r	negative result (³);		
(1) either	[II.3.6.2. a serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4;]					
(¹) or	[11.3.6.2.	a virus isolation test fo semen;]	r equine viral arteritis carried out with negative re	sult on an aliquot of the entire		
II.3.6.3.	6.3. a test for contagious equine metritis carried out on two occasions with an interval of 7 days by isolation Taylorella equigenitalis from pre-ejaculatory fluid or a semen sample and from genital swabs taken at least from the penile sheath, urethra and from the urethral fossa with negative result in each case;					
II.3.7.	have been subjected to one of the following test programmes (5):					
II.3.7.1.	collection,	and during the collection	sly resident on the collection centre for at least on period, and no equidae on the collection cent r health status than the donor stallions.			
		4 days after the comme	ave been carried out on samples taken onencement of the above residence period and at			
II.3.7.2.			ously resident on the collection centre or other ed ae of lower health status than the donor stallions.	uidae on the collection centre		
			eve been carried out on samples taken one first semen collection and at least at the beginni			
		equired in point II.3.6.1 v n was collected on	was last carried out on a sample of blood taken n	ot more than 120 days before		
(1) either		required in point II.3.6.2	was last carried out not more than 30 days before	e the semen was collected on		

# COUNTRY Equine semen - Section C П Health information II.a. Certificate reference No II.b. (1) or [The non-shedder state of the seropositive stallion for equine viral arteritis was confirmed by a virus isolation test which was carried out not more than one year before the semen was collected on ......(4):] 11.3.7.3. The tests required in point II.3.6 have been carried out during the 30 days mandatory storage period of frozen semen and not less than 14 days after the collection of the semen on samples taken on .......(4) and The semen described above was collected, processed, stored and transported under conditions which comply 11.4. with the requirements of Chapter II and III of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC. **Notes** Part I: Box I.11.: The place of origin shall correspond to the semen collection centre of the semen origin. Box I.22.: The number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers. Box I.23.: The identification of container and seal number shall be indicated. Box I.28.: The donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal. The date of collection shall be indicate in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy. Part II: $(^{1})$ Delete as necessary. Imports of equine semen are authorised from a third country listed in column 2 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 provided the semen was collected in the part of the territory of the third country detailed in column 4 of that Annex from a donor stallion of the category of equidae indicated in columns 11, 12 or 13 of that Annex. $(^{3})$ The agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equidae which have continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland has remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equidae and their semen, ova and embryos have been introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the semen was collected. $(^{4})$ Insert date. $(^{5})$ Cross out the programmes that do not apply to the consignment. OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1. The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing. Official veterinarian Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title: Date: Signature: Stamp:

COUNTRY:

### Section D

MODEL 4 – Model health certificate for imports of consignments of semen of equidae collected, processed and stored in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC after 30 September 2014 and of consignments of stocks of semen of animals of the equine species collected, processed and stored in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC after 31 August 2010 and before 1 October 2014 or before 1 September 2010 and dispatched after 31 August 2010 from an approved semen storage centre

COUN	OUNTRY: Veterinary certificate to						te to EU		
	l.1.	I.1. Consignor Name			Certificate reference		I.2.a.		
		Address			1.3.	Central competent	authority		
<b>_</b>		Tel.			1.4.	Local competent a	uthority		
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.5.	Consignee Name Address  Postal code Tel.				Person responsible Name Address	for the load	in EU	
atched cc					l	Postal code Tel.			
ls of disp	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. origin	Region of origin	Code		Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code
: I : Detail	l.11.	Place of origin Semen centre				Place of destination Semen centre		olding $\square$	
Parl		Name Approval number Address				Name Address	Appro	oval number	
		Postal code				Postal code			
	I.13. Place of loading			1.14		Date of departure			
	I.15.	5. Means of transport			I.16.	Entry BIP in EU			
		Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification			l.17.	No(s) of CITES			
		Documentary references							
	I.18.	Description of commodity				<b> </b>	.19. Commod	dity code (HS code) 05 11 99 85	
								I.20. Quantity	
	I.21.	I.21. I.23. Seal/Container No						I.22. Number of packa	iges
	1.23.							1.24.	
	1.25.	Commodities certified for:							
		Artificial reproduction							
	1.26.	For transit through EU to third	d country $\Box$			I.27. For import or a	admission into	o EU	
		Third country ISO c	ode						
	1.28.	Identification of the commodit	ties						
	Sı	Species (Scientific name) Donor identity			Date of collection Quantity				

# COUNTRY Equine semen - Section D Ш Health information II.a. Certificate reference No II.b. I, the undersigned official veterinarian of the exporting country (2) ......, hereby (name of exporting country) certify that: II.1. The centre (3) described in Box I.11 at which the semen to be exported to the Union was stored: Part II: Certification (1) either meets the conditions laid down in Chapter I(I) (1) and is operated and supervised in accordance with []].1.1. the conditions laid down in Chapter I(II) (1) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC (4);] (1) or [II.1.1. meets the conditions laid down in Chapter I(I) (2) and is operated and supervised in accordance with the conditions laid down in Chapter I(II) (2) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;] II.2. The semen to be exported to the Union: has been collected, processed and stored for a minimum period of 30 days immediately following collection in an II.2.1. approved semen collection centre (5) operated and supervised in accordance with Chapters I(I) (1) and I(II) (1) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC, which is (1) either [located in the exporting country;] (1) or [located in .......(2), and has been imported to the exporting country under conditions at least as strict as for imports of semen of animals of the equine species into the Union in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC:1 11.2.2. was moved to the centre described in Box I.11 under conditions at least as strict as described in: (1) either [Model 1 in Section A of Part 1 of Annex III to Regulation (EU) 2018/659 (6);] (1) or [Model 2 in Section B of Part 1 of Annex III to Regulation (EU) 2018/659 (6);] (1) or [Model 3 in Section C of Part 1 of Annex III to Regulation (EU) 2018/659 (6);] (1) or [Model 1 in Section A of Part 2 of Annex II to Decision 2010/471/EU (6);] (1) or [Model 2 in Section B of Part 2 of Annex II to Decision 2010/471/EU (6);] (1) or [Model 3 in Section C of Part 2 of Annex II to Decision 2010/471/EU (6);] (1) or [Commission Decision 96/539/EC (6);] 11.2.3. was stored under conditions which satisfy the terms of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC; 11.2.4. sent to the place of loading in a sealed container in accordance with point 1.4 of Chapter III(I) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC and bearing the number indicated in Box I.23. **Notes** Part I: Box I.11.: The place of origin shall correspond to the semen storage centre of semen dispatch. The serial number of the individual official document(s) or health certificate(s) that accompanied the semen Box I.17.: described above from the approved semen collection centre of its origin to the described above semen storage centre shall be indicated. The original(s) of this/these document(s) or certificate(s) or the officially endorsed copy/copies of thereof must be attached to this certificate.

Qualification and title:

Signature:

EN

Name (in capital letters):

Date:

Stamp:

# COUNTRY **Equine semen - Section D** П Health information II.a. Certificate reference No II.b. Box I.22.: The number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers. Box I.23.: The identification of container and seal number shall be indicated. The donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal. Box I.28.: The date of collection shall be indicated in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy. Part II: Delete as necessary. $(^{1})$ Imports of equine semen are authorised from a third country listed in column 2 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 provided that the semen was collected in the part of the territory of the third country detailed in column 4 of that Annex from a donor stallion of the category of equidae indicated in column 11, 12 or 13 of that Annex. Only approved semen collection or storage centres listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission website: http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen\_ova/equine/index\_en.htm Council Directive 92/65/EEC of 13 July 1992 laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A(I) to Directive 90/425/EEC (OJ L 268, 14.9.1992, p. 54). $(^{5})$ Only approved semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article 11(4) and Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission websites: https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/live\_animals/approved-establishments\_en; http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen\_ova/equine/index\_en.htm The original(s) of the document(s) or the health certificate(s) or the officially endorsed copy/copies thereof that accompanied the semen described above from the approved semen collection centre of the semen origin to the centre of the semen dispatch described in Box I.11 must be attached to this certificate. The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing. Official veterinarian

### PART 2

# Model health certificate for imports of ova and embryos

# Section A

MODEL 1 – Model health certificate for imports of consignments of ova and embryos of equidae collected or produced in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC after 30 September 2014 and dispatched by an approved embryo collection or production team of origin of the ova or embryos

COUN	OUNTRY: Veterinary certificate to E							
	l.1.	Consignor Name	I.2. Certificate reference No I.2.a.					
		Address	I.3. Central competent authority					
		Tel.	I.4. Local competent authority					
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.5.	Consignee Name Address	I.6. Person responsible for the load in EU Name Address					
tched co		Postal code Tel.	Postal code Tel.					
s of dispa	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of code origin corigin	I.9. Country of ISO code I.10. Region of Code destination					
I : Detail	l.11.	Place of origin Embryo team □	I.12. Place of destination Holding ☐ Embryo team ☐					
Part		Name Approval number Address	Name Approval number Address					
		Postal code	Postal code					
	I.13.	Place of loading	I.14. Date of departure					
	I.15.	Means of transport	I.16. Entry BIP in EU					
		Aeroplane Ship Railway wagon						
		Road vehicle  Other  Identification	1.17.					
		Documentary references						
	I.18.	Description of commodity	I.19. Commodity code (HS code) 05 11 99 85					
			I.20. Quantity					
	I.21.		I.22. Number of packages					
	1.23.	Seal/Container No	1.24.					
	I.25. Commodities certified for: Artificial reproduction							
	1.26.	For transit through EU to third country	I.27. For import or admission into EU					
		Third country ISO code						
	I.28. Identification of the commodities							
	S	pecies (Scientific Category D	Donor identity Date of collection Quantity					



	COUNTRY Equine ova/embryo						
	II. Health	information		II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.		
	I, the unders	signed, offici	al veterinarian, of the e	exporting country (²)(name of ex	hereby porting country)		
	certify that:						
tion	II.1.	The ova (	)/embryos (¹) described	d above:			
Part II: Certification	Were collected (¹)/produced (¹) by the team (³) described in Box I.11, which has been approved and supervised accordance with Chapter I(III) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC (⁴) and is subject to inspection by an office veterinarian at least once every calendar year;						
Part	II.1.3. were collected (¹)/produced (¹), processed and stored in accordance with the requirements of Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;						
	II.1.4.	II.1.4. were collected at a place separated from other parts of the premises or holding which is in good repair and wa cleaned and disinfected prior to the collection;					
	II.1.5. were examined, processed and packed in laboratory facilities which are not situated in a zone prohibition or quarantine measures as set out in Box II.1.6, in a section which is separated from the storing equipment and materials used in contact with donor animals and from the area where the do are handled;						
	II.1.6. come from donor mares which:						
	II.1.6.1. were continuously resident for a period of 3 months (or since entry if they were directly imported a Member State of the Union during the 3 months period) in the exporting country or, in the regionalisation in accordance with Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC(5), in that part of the term the exporting country which was during that period				orting country or, in the case of		
				to be infected with African horse sickness in tive 2009/156/EC,	accordance with Article 5(2)(a)		
			<ul><li>free from Venez</li></ul>	zuelan equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at	least 2 years,		
	<ul> <li>free from glanders and dourine for a period of at least 6 months;</li> </ul>						
(¹) either [II.1.6.2. originated from a country of export which was on the day of collection free from ves (VS) for a period of at least 6 months;]			on free from vesicular stomatitis				
(1) or [II.1.6.2. were subjected to a virus neutralisation test for vesicular ston result at a serum dilution of 1 in 32 or a VS ELISA carried or with the relevant Chapter of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests at the OIE on a blood sample taken on		ution of 1 in 32 or a VS ELISA carried out with apter of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vac ample taken on	a negative result in accordance ccines for Terrestrial Animals of				
	(¹) either [II.1.6.3. during a period of the past 30 days prior to the date of the collection were located in holdings of veterinary supervision which fulfilled from the day of the collection of the ova (¹)/embryos (¹) undate of their dispatch the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/15 and in particular:]				the ova (1)/embryos (1) until the		
	and in particular:]  (¹) or [II.1.6.3. in the case of frozen ova (¹)/embryos (¹), during a period of the past 30 days prior to the date of collection were kept in holdings under veterinary supervision which fulfilled, from the day of collection of the ova (¹)/embryos (¹) until the end of the period of 30 days mandatory storage approved premises, the conditions for a holding laid down in Article 4(5) of Directive 2009/156/E and in particular:]						

## EN COUNTRY Equine ova/embryos Ш Health information II.a. Certificate reference No II.b. (1) either [II.1.6.3.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below not all the animals of species susceptible to that disease located in the holding were slaughtered or killed and the holding has been free: from any type of equine encephalomyelitis for a period of at least 6 months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered, from equine infectious anaemia for at least the period required to obtain a negative result in an agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID or Coggins tests) carried out on samples taken after the infected animals were slaughtered on two occasions 3 months apart from each of the remaining equidae, from vesicular stomatitis for a period of at least 6 months from the last recorded case, from rabies for a period of at least one month from the last recorded case, from anthrax for a period of at least 15 days from the last recorded case.] [11.1.6.3.1. following a case of a disease mentioned below all the animals of species susceptible to (1) or that disease located in the holding were slaughtered or killed and the premises disinfected, the holding was free for a period of at least 30 days from any type of equine encephalomyelitis, equine infectious anaemia, vesicular stomatitis and rabies or a period of at least 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;] during a period of the past 30 days prior to the collection the ova (1)/embryos (1) were kept in holdings II.1.6.4. in which none of the equidae has shown clinical signs of contagious equine metritis for a period of at least 60 days; II.1.6.5. were not used for natural breeding during a period of at least 30 days prior to the date of the collection of the ova (1)/embryos (1) and between the date of the first samples referred to in points II.1.6.6.1 and II.1.6.6.2 and the date of the collection of the ova (1)/embryos (1); II.1.6.6. have undergone the tests, which meet at least the requirements of the relevant Chapters of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals of the OIE, carried out in a laboratory which is recognised by the competent authority and has the tests referred to hereinafter included in its accreditation equivalent to that provided for in Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 882/2004(7), as follows: for equine infectious anaemia (EIA), an agar-gel immuno-diffusion test (AGID or (8) [II.1.6.6.1. Coggins test) or an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) with a negative result carried out on a blood sample taken on ......(6), being not less than 14 days following the date of commencement of the period referred to in point II.1.6.5, and the test was last carried out on a blood sample taken on collection of the ova (1)/embryos (1) intended for imports into the Union;] for contagious equine metritis (CEM), an agent identification test carried out with a II.1.6.6.2. negative result on at least two specimens (swabs) taken during the period referred to in point II.1.6.5 from at least the mucosal surfaces of the clitoral fossa and the clitoral sinuses of the donor mare (1) either [II.1.6.6.2.1. on two occasions with an interval of not less than 7 days

conditions for a period of at least 7 days, set up within 24 hours after taking the specimens from the donor animal, or 48 hours where the

specimens are kept cool during transport.]

### COUNTRY Equine ova/embryos

COUNTRY						Equine ova/embryos
II. Health	information		II.a.	Certificate reference No		II.b.
		( <sup>1</sup> ) and/or [II.1	.6.6.2.2.	genome of Taylorella equige	nitalis by a po	, in the case of detection of olymerase chain reaction (PCR) ours after taking the specimens
		ear trea	lier than atment o	7 days (systemic treatment) or	<sup>-</sup> 21 days (loc placed in tra	6.6.2.2 were in no case taken al treatment) after antimicrobial ansport medium with activated laboratory.
	II.1.6.7.					n contact with equidae suffering ays immediately preceding the
	II.1.6.8.	on the day of the contagious diseas		on of the ova (¹)/embryos (¹) d	id not show o	clinical signs of an infectious or
II.1.7.				ne date on which the embryo cent authority of the exporting co		production (1) team described in
II.1.8.	collection		and we	re transported under condition		30 days immediately after their atisfy the terms laid down in
II.2.	using sem approved Member S of Annex collected 1 accordance	nen meeting the r in accordance with tate of the Union or I to Commission I from registered ho	equirement Article in a thir mplement rses, reg Commiss	ents of Directive 92/65/EEC a 11(2) or 17(3)(b) of Directive d country or parts of the territo nting Regulation (EU) 2018/65 gistered equidae or equidae fo	and coming f 92/65/EEC ( <sup>9</sup> ry of a third co 59 from whicl or breeding a	result of <i>in vitro</i> fertilisation (1) from semen collection centres ) and located respectively in a puntry listed in columns 2 and 4 h the import of equine semen and production is authorised in 9 and indicated in columns 11,
( <sup>12</sup> ) [II.3.				f the embryos described above the requirements set up in poin		the requirements of Annex D to .8 of this certificate.]
Notes						
Part I:						
Box I.11.:	ova/embry	os were collected/	produced			production team by which the ordance with Article 17(3)(b) of
	http://ec.eu	uropa.eu/food/anim	al/semer	n_ova/equine/index_en.htm		
Box I.22.:	The numb	er of packages sha	l corresp	ond to the number of container	S.	
Box I.23.:	The identif	ication of container	and sea	I number shall be indicated.		
Box I.28.:		gory: specify if <i>in</i> pulated embryos.	vivo d	lerived embryos, <i>in vivo</i> de	rived ova, <i>ir</i>	n vitro produced embryos or
	The donor	identity shall corre	spond to	the official identification of the	animal.	

The date of collection shall be indicate in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy.

EN

Stamp:

COU	NTRY		Equine ova/embryos
11.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.
Par	t II:		
( <sup>1</sup> )	Delete as appropriate.		
(2)	Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659,	ritory of third countries listed in columns 2 and respectively from which imports of registered eq s indicated in column 14 of Annex I thereto.	
(3)	Only approved embryo collection teams Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission	s and embryo production teams listed in acco website:	rdance with Article 17(3)(b) of
	http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_o	va/equine/index_en.htm	
(4)	the Community of animals, semen, ova	992 laying down animal health requirements gov and embryos not subject to animal health requ ) to Directive 90/425/EEC (OJ L 268, 14.9.1992, p	irements laid down in specific
( <sup>5</sup> )	Council Directive 2009/156/EC of 30 importation from third countries of equida	November 2009 on animal health conditions e (OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1).	governing the movement and
( <sup>6</sup> )	Insert date. (follow Guidance in Part II of	the Notes).	
(7)		curopean Parliament and of the Council of 29 compliance with feed and food law, animal he	
(8)	donor equidae which have continuously requine infectious anaemia and no equid	or Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infection esided in Iceland since birth, provided that Icelan ae and their semen, ova and embryos have been ova or embryos were collected and the semen was	d has remained officially free of en introduced into Iceland from
(9)	Only approved semen collection centres on the Commission websites:	listed in accordance with Article 11(4) or Article	17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC
	https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/live_an http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_o		
(10)	Regulation (EU) 2018/659 provided that t	from third countries listed in column 2 of Annex the semen was collected in the part of the territor gory of equidae positively indicated in column 11	y of the third country detailed in
(11)	Does not apply to ova.		
(12)	Delete if none of the embryos in the cons	ignment was produced by in vitro fertilisation of o	va.
_	The signature and the stamp must be in a	a different colour to that of the printing.	
Offic	cial veterinarian		
	Name (in capital letters):		Qualification and title:
	Date:		Signature:

## Section B

MODEL 2 – Model health certificate for imports of consignments of stocks of ova and embryos of equidae collected, processed and stored in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC after 31 August 2010 and before 1 October 2014 and dispatched after 31 August 2010 by an approved embryo collection or production team of origin of the ova or embryos

COUN	DUNTRY: Veterinary certificate to EU							
	l.1.	Consignor	1.2.	Certificate referen	ce No	I.2.a.		
		Name Address	I.3. Central competent authority					
		Tel.	1.4.	Local competent a	authority			
nent	1.5.	Consignee	1.6.	Person responsibl	e for the load i	n EU		
signı		Name Address		Name Address				
ched con		Postal code Tel.		Postal code Tel.				
Part I : Details of dispatched consignment	1.7.	Country of ISO code I.8. Region of origin Code	1.9.	Country of destination	ISO code I	.10. Region of destination	Code	
tails	l.11.	Place of origin	I.12.	Place of destination				
: De		Embryo team □		Holding $\square$	Embryo team			
Part		Name Approval number Address		Name Address	Approval num	ber		
		Postal code		Postal code				
	I.13.	Place of loading	l.14.	Date of departure				
	I.15.	Means of transport	I.16.	Entry BIP in EU				
		Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐						
		Road vehicle  Other	l.17.					
		Identification Documentary references						
	I.18.	Description of commodity			I.19. Commod	ity code (HS code <b>05 11 99 85</b>	e)	
				_		I.20. Quantity		
	l.21.					I.22. Number of p	oackages	
	1.23.	Seal/Container No				1.24.		
	1.25.	Commodities certified for: Artificial reproduction						
	1.26.	For transit through EU to third country		I.27. For import or	admission into	EU 🗆		
		Third country ISO code						
	1.28.	Identification of the commodities						
	S	Species (Scientific Category Deniame)	onor i	dentity Da	ate of collection	n Qu	antity	

. 110	7/114	EN		Official	Journal of the European Offich		30.4.2016	,	
	COUNTRY						Equine ova/embryos	;	
	II. Health	information			II.a. Certificate reference No		II.b.		
	I, the undersigned, official veterinarian, of					of exporting			
	certify that:								
	II.1.	The ova (1	)/embryos	(¹) described a	bove:				
on		II.1.2.	supervise	d in accordan	uced (¹) by the team (³) described in lace with Chapter I(III) of Annex D to veterinarian at least once every calen	Directive			
Part II: Certification		II.1.3.		collected (1)/produced (1), processed and stored in accordance with the requir III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;					
☐ II.1.4. were collected at a place separated from other parts of the premises or holding whi and was cleaned and disinfected prior to the collection;						nolding which is in good repair			
		II.1.5.	to prohibite section for	tion or quarant or storing equi	sed and packed in laboratory facilities tine measures as set out in Box II.1.6, pment and materials used in contact s are handled;	in a section	n which is separated from the		
		II.1.6.	come fror	m donor mares	s which:				
			II.1.6.1.	Member State or, in the case	ously resident for 3 months (or since e e of the European Union during the 3 e of regionalisation according to Articl ritory of the exporting country which w	months pe e 13 of Dire	eriod) in the exporting country ective 2009/156/EC (8), in that		
					nsidered to be infected with Africa 5(2)(a) and (b) of Directive 2009/156/E		sickness in accordance with		
				— free fro	m Venezuelan equine encephalomyel	itis for at le	ast 2 years,		
				— free fro	m glanders and dourine for at least 6	months;			
		(¹) either	[II.1.6.2.		om a country of export which was or at least 6 months;]	າ the day ເ	of collection free of vesicular		
		( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[II.1.6.2.		by a virus neutralisation test for vesic ( <sup>4</sup> ) within 30 days prior to c n 12;]				
		( <sup>1</sup> ) either	[II.1.6.3.	supervision w	ast 30 days prior to collection have be which fulfilled from the day of collectio the conditions for a holding laid down ular:]	on of ova (1)	)/embryos (1) until the date of		
		( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[II.1.6.3.	supervision w of frozen ov premises ela	ast 30 days prior to collection have be which fulfilled from the day of collection a (¹)/embryos (¹), the period of 30 apsed, the conditions for a holding and in particular:]	n of ova (¹). days mar	/embryos (1) until, in the case ndatory storage at approved		

COUNTRY Equine ova/embryos

COUNTR	RY				Equine ova/embryos
II. He	ealth information			II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.
		(¹) either	[II.1.6.3.1.	following a case of a disease mentioned below susceptible to the disease located on the holding the holding has been free:	
				<ul> <li>from any type of equine encephalomye beginning on the day on which the equidae slaughtered,</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>from equine infectious anaemia for at least negative result in an agar gel immunodiffusi out on samples taken after the infected two occasions 3 months apart from each of</li> </ul>	on test (Coggins tests) carried animals were slaughtered on
				<ul> <li>from vesicular stomatitis for at least 6 month</li> </ul>	is from the last recorded case,
				from rabies for at least one month from the least one month from t	ast recorded case,
				from anthrax for at least 15 days from the last	st recorded case,]
		( <sup>1</sup> ) or	[II.1.6.3.1.	following a case of a disease mentioned belor susceptible to the disease located in the holdin killed and the premises disinfected, the holdin 30 days from any type of equine encephalomyelit vesicular stomatitis and rabies or 15 days in the the day on which following the destruction of the premises was satisfactorily completed;]	ng have been slaughtered or g has been free for at least tis, equine infectious anaemia, case of anthrax, beginning on
		II.1.6.4.		past 30 days prior to collection have been kept in rom clinical signs of contagious equine metritis for	
		II.1.6.5.	collection of	peen used for natural breeding during at least of ova or embryos and between the date of the 5.6 and II.1.6.7 and the date of the collection of ova	e first samples referred to in
		II.1.6.6.	test) or an oncollection or	subjected with negative result to an agar-gel in ELISA for equine infectious anaemia carried of	out on a blood sample taken prior to the date of the first on a sample of blood taken on
		II.1.6.7.	isolation or negative re the first col sinuses on and on an	a subjected to an agent identification test for configuration of 7 points in each case on samples taken during the parallection of ova or embryos from mucosal surfaces of two consecutives oestrus periods on additional culture specimen taken during one of all cervix on	to 14 days carried out with ast 30 days prior to the date of of the clitoral fossa and clitoral (4) and on
		II.1.6.8.	equidae su	of my knowledge and as far as I could ascertain, iffering from an infectious or contagious disease dithe collection;	
		II.1.6.9.		e day of collection of ova (¹)/embryos (¹) not shown ous disease;	n clinical signs of an infectious
	II.1.7.			oduced (¹) after the date on which the embryo col was approved by the competent authority of the ex	

COUNTRY Equine ova/embryos

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.
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- II.1.8. were processed and stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after their collection (¹)/production (¹), and were transported under conditions which satisfy the terms laid down in Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;
- II.2. The embryos described above were conceived by artificial insemination (¹)/as a result of *in vitro* fertilisation (¹) using semen meeting the requirements of Directive 92/65/EEC and coming from semen collection centres approved in accordance with Article 11(2) or 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC and located respectively in a Member State of the European Union or in a third country or parts of the territory of third country listed in columns 2 and 4 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 from which the import of equine semen collected from registered horses, registered equidae or equidae for breeding and production is authorised in accordance with Article 4 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 and indicated in columns 11, 12 and 13 of Annex I thereto. (6) (7);
- II.3. The ova used for *in vitro* production of the embryos described above comply with the requirements of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC and in particular the requirements set up in points II.1.1 to II.1.8 of this certificate (1).

### **Notes**

#### Part I:

Box I.11.: The place of origin shall correspond to the embryo collection team or embryo production team by which the ova/embryos were collected/produced, processed, stored and approved in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Council Directive 92/65/EEC and listed on the Commission website:

http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen\_ova/equine/index\_en.htm

- Box I.22.: The number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers.
- Box I.23.: The identification of container and seal number shall be indicated.
- Box I.28.: The category: specify if *in vivo* derived embryos, *in vivo* derived ova, *in vitro* produced embryos or micromanipulated embryos.

The donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal.

The date of collection shall be indicate in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy.

### Part II:

- Delete as appropriate.
- (2) Only third countries or parts of the territory of third countries listed in columns 2 and 4 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 respectively from which imports of registered equidae and equidae for breeding and production are also authorised and as indicated in column 14 of Annex I thereto.
- (3) Only approved embryo collection teams and embryo production teams listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Council Directive 92/65/EEC on the Commission website:

http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen\_ova/equine/index\_en.htm

- (4) Insert date.
- (5) The agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equidae which have continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland has remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equidae and their semen, ova and embryos have been introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the semen was collected.

EN

COUN	ITRY		Equine ova/embryos			
II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.			
( <sup>6</sup> )	Only approved semen collection centres li 92/65/EEC on the Commission websites:	17(3)(b) of Council Directive				
	https://ec.europa.eu/food/animals/live_animals/approved-establishments_en; http://ec.europa.eu/food/animal/semen_ova/equine/index_en.htm					
(7)	Does not apply to ova.					
(8)	OJ L 192, 23.7.2010, p. 1.					
_	The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.					
Offic	cial veterinarian					
	Name (in capital letters):	C	Qualification and title:			
	Date:	5	Signature:			
	Stamp:					

### PART 3

## Explanatory notes for the certification

- (a) The health certificates shall be issued by the competent authority of the exporting country, based on the model set out in Part 1 or 2 of Annex III, according to the layout of the model that corresponds to the commodity concerned.
  - They shall contain, in the numbered order that appears in the model, the attestations that are required for any country and, as the case may be, those supplementary guarantees that are required for the exporting country or part of the territory of the country.
- (b) A separate and unique health certificate shall be issued for each consignment of semen, oocytes or embryos that are exported from a single territory appearing in columns 2 and 4 of Annex I which are consigned to the same destination and transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship.
- (c) The original of the health certificate shall consist of a single sheet of paper, or, where more text is required, it shall be in such a form that all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible.
- (d) Where the model health certificate states that certain statements shall be kept as appropriate, statements which are not relevant, may be crossed out and initialled and stamped by the official veterinarian, or completely deleted from the health certificate.
- (e) The health certificate shall be drawn up in at least one of the official languages of the EU Member State of the border inspection post of entry of the consignment into the Union and of the Member State of destination. However, those Member States may authorise the health certificate to be drawn up in the official language of another Member State, and accompanied, if necessary, by an official translation.
- (f) If for the reasons of identification of the items of the consignment (schedule in Box I.28 of the model health certificate), additional sheets of paper are attached to the health certificate, those sheets of paper shall also be considered as forming part of the original of the health certificate by application of the signature and stamp of the official veterinarian, on each of the pages.

- (g) When the health certificate, including additional schedules referred to in (f), comprises more than one page, each page shall be numbered -(page number) of (total number of pages)-, at the end of the page and shall bear the certificate reference number that has been designated by the competent authority on the top of the pages.
- (h) The original of the health certificate shall be completed and signed by an official veterinarian within 24 hours prior to loading of the consignment for exportation to the Union. The competent authorities of the exporting country shall ensure that the principles of certification equivalent to those laid down in Council Directive 96/93/EC (¹) are followed.
  - The colour of the signature and the stamp of the official veterinarian shall be different to that of the printing on the health certificate. This requirement also applies to stamps other than those embossed or watermarks.
- (i) The original of the health certificate shall accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post of entry into the Union.
- (j) The certificate reference number referred to in Box I.2 and Box II.a of the model health certificate shall be provided by the competent authority of the exporting country.

### ANNEX IV

# CATEGORIES OF MALE EQUIDAE TO WHICH THE CONDITIONS FOR EQUINE VIRAL ARTERITIS APPLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 15(b)(ii) OF DIRECTIVE 2009/156/EC

- 1. The requirement relating to equine viral arteritis laid down in Article 15(b)(ii) of Directive 2009/156/EC shall apply to uncastrated male equidae with the exception of:
  - (a) equidae vaccinated against equine viral arteritis under official supervision with a vaccine approved by the competent authority in accordance with one of the following protocols:
    - (i) the equidae shall be vaccinated during isolation of at least 28 days after they had been tested either in a serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis carried out with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4 on a sample of blood taken not earlier than 7 days of commencing isolation, or in a virus isolation test carried out with negative result on an aliquot of the entire semen collected not earlier than 7 days of commencing isolation, and were kept separated from other equidae for 21 days following vaccination;
    - (ii) the equidae shall be vaccinated at the age of 180 to 270 days, after having been subjected to a virus neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis carried out with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4, or carried out with stable or declining titres on two blood samples taken at least 14 days apart. The equidae shall be separated from other equidae until 21 days after vaccination.
  - (b) equidae less than 180 days old;
  - (c) equidae for slaughter sent directly to a slaughterhouse.
- 2. The test shall be carried out and certified, and the result and vaccination certified, under official veterinary supervision. Vaccination shall be repeated at regular intervals according to manufacturer instructions.
  - Batch numbers of the approved vaccine, the details of the vaccination and revaccination and the results of serological or agent-identification tests shall be documented, where available in the identification document (passport), and made available for certification purposes.
- 3. Test mating as described in point 4(a) of Article 12.9.2. of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) is considered equivalent to the virus isolation test referred to in point 1(a)(i) to prove absence of the equine arteritis virus in semen.

# ANNEX V

# MODEL DECLARATIONS

## PART 1

# Declaration by the captain of the aircraft

(To be completed and attached to the health certificate when transport to the Union frontier includes, even for part of the journey, transportation by air.)

Declaration by the captain of the aircraft	
I, the undersigned, captain of the aircraft (namearound the crate or container containing the animals referred to in the attache has been sprayed with insecticide before departure.	
Done at on	
(Airport of departure)	(Date of departure)
	(signature of captain)
(stamp)	
	(name in capital letters and title)

## PART 2

# Declaration by the captain of the vessel

(To be completed and attached to the health certificate when transport to the Union frontier includes, even for part of the journey, transportation by ship.)

Declaration by the master of the ship	
certificate No from and that the ship did not call at any place outside	), declare that the animals referred to in the attached health have remained on board the ship during the voyage in (exporting country) to in the Union (exporting country) en route to the Union other (Ports of call en route). Moreover, during the journey, these d of a lower health status.
Done at	on
(Port of arrival)	(Date of arrival)
	(signature of master)
(stamp)	
	(name in capital letters and title)

# PART 3

# **Model Transhipment Manifest**

(To be completed and attached to the health certificate when transport to the Union frontier includes transhipment from one aircraft to another aircraft or from one vessel to another vessel in a country not listed in Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659)

		Serial Number:	
		Reference No of Air Cargo Transfer Manifest:	(1
Country where transhipment tak	es place:		
Airport (2)/Port (2) of arrival:			
Date of arrival:			
Date of transhipment:			
Transferring Carrier:			
Receiving Carrier:			
Description of consignment:	•		
Serial No of Health Certificate	Remarks		
took place under my supervision  (a) the equidae were during the  (b) the equidae did not come in  (c) the crates, containers or just insect repellent in combinate.  The consignment has been training the consignment in the consistency in the	e transhipment protected from at the transhipment protected from at the contact with equidae of a diffect t-stalls and the surrounding airs tion with an insecticide immediat	tacks by insect vectors of diseases transmissible to equidae	e; appropriate olumn.
		Stamp	
(signature of the official ve	eterinarian or customs officer)		
(name in capit	al letters and title)		
(¹) Keep empty if transhipment fro (²) Delete as appropriate	m vessel to vessel		