PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NO. 13 / 1994 DATED APRIL 16, 1994

RE

GAME HUNTING AFFAIRS

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

Considering

- : a. that animals constitute part of invaluable natural resources the continuance of which must be maintained so that they shall not perish because of hunting activities;
 - b. that on the basis of the above considera tion and as the implementation of Law No. 5/1990 on the Conservation of Biological Natural Resources and their Ecosystem, hunting activities must be regulated in a Government Regulation;

Bearing in mind

- : 1. Article 5 paragraph (2) of the 1945 Constitution;
 - 2. Act No. 20 Prp/1960 on the Licensing Authority Given in accordance with the Laws on Firearms (State Gazette No. 62/1960, Supplement to State Gazette No. 1994);
 - 3. Act No. 5/1967 on Basic Stipulations on Forestry (State No. 8/1967, Supplement to State Gazette No. 2823);
 - 4. Act No. 5/1974 on the Principles of Admi nistration in Regions (State Gazette No. 68/1974, Supplement to State Gazette No. 3037);
 - 5. Act No. 4/1982 on Basic Stipulations on the Management of the Environment (State Gazette

- No. 12/1982, Supplement to State Gazette No. 3215);
- 6. Act No. 5/1990 on the Conservation of Biological Natural Resources and their Ecosystem (State Gazette No. 49/1990, Supplement to State Gazette No. 3419);
- 7. Act No. 9/1990 on Tourism (State Gazette No. 78/1990, Supplement to State Gazette No. 3427);
- 8. Act No. 24/1992 on Spatial Layout (State Gazette No. 115/1992, Supplement to State Gazette No. 3501);

HAS DECIDED :

To stipulate: THE GOVERNMENT REGULATION ON GAME HUNTING AF-FAIRS.

CHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Referred to this Government Regulation as :

- 1. Hunting is catching and/or killing game including taking or transferring eggs and/or the nests of the game;
- Hunting affairs are everything connected with hunting activities;
- A hunter is a person or a group of people performing hunt ing activities;
- 4. Game is certain wild life which according to stipulation may be hunted;
- 5. A game park is a forest area stipulated as a place where hunting may be carried out regularly;
- 6. A hunting garden is a piece of land outside a forest area managed for hunting activities by a business company on the basis of a certain right;

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- 7. The management of a hunTing garden and a hunting park is an activity to operate hunting and provide hunting facilities and infrastructure;
- 8. A hunting ground is an area outside a hunting park and a hunting garden where game is found and where hunting may be operated;
- 9. A hunting season is a particular time which is stipulated by the Minister or by an official he assigns and when hunting activities may be carried out;
- 10. A hunting act is an authentic act stating that someone possesses/masters a capability of and skills for game hunting;
- 11. A Hunting License is a letter given by the Minister of by an official he assigns mentioning the granting of a right for hunting to a person whose name is specified in it;
- 12. Hunting yield is what is obtained from hunting activities in the form of game, either dead or alive, or its parts;
- 13. A hunting park business license is a license allowing one to do business in hunting activities and in hunting facilities and infrastructure in a hunting park;
- 14. A hunting garden business license is a license allowing one to do business in hunting activities and in hunting facilities and infrastructure in a hunting garden;
- 15. A levy on hunting act is the levy imposed on someone for the procurement of a hunting act as replacement for administration costs;
- 16. A levy on hunting license is the levy which is imposed on a holder of a hunting license and the amount of which is in accordance with the amount and kinds of the game permitted to be hunted;
- 17. A levy on a hunting park business license is the levy imposed on a candidate holder of a hunting garden business license;
- 18. A levy on a hunting garden business license is a levy imposed on a candidate holder of a hunting garden business license;
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- 19. Contribution of hunting business proceeds is the contribution imposed once a year on the business proceeds procured by a holder of a hunting park business license or a holder of a hunting garden business license;
- 20. The Minister is the Minister responsible for forestry \underline{af} fairs.

Game hunting is carried out on the basis of the principle of the continuance of benefit with account taken of the population, the supporting capacity of the habitat and the balance of the ecosystem.

CHAPTER II

GAME, HUNTING SITE AND SEASON

First Part

Game

Article 3

- (1) Basically, game is wildlife which is not protected;
- (2) In certain cases, the Minister may stipulate a protected animal as game.
- (3) The game as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be cate gorized as follows;
 - a. birds;
 - b. small game;
 - c. big game;
- (4) Further stipulation on the categorization of game as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be laid down by the Minister.

Article 4

- (1) The amount of game for each hunting site is determined on the basis of the population condition and its growth rate.
- (2) Further stipulation on the procedure under which the amount of game is determined is laid down by the Minis ter.

Article 5

(1) Wird life from other regions within the territory of the Republic of Indonesia may be put in a hunting park and a hunting garden and utilized as game.

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CAFI 18 / II-2-1995.

- (2) The entry of wild life as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be conducted under the following conditions;
 - a. Not causing the extinction of the population;
 - b. Consolidating the existing ecosystem;
 - c. Giving priority to the kind of animal which was/is still found around the forest area concerned.
- (3) Further stipulation on the entry of wild life as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be laid down by the Minister.

Second Part

Hunting Site and Season

Article 6

- (1) A hunting site may be:
 - a. A Hunting Park;
 - b. A Hunting Ground;
 - c. A Hunting Garden.
- (2) Further stipulation on a hunting site in the hunting ground as referred to in paragraph (1) letter b shall be laid down by the Minister.

Article 7

- (1) Hunting in a hunting park and in a hunting ground as referred to in Article (6) paragraph (1) letters a and b can be conducted only in a hunting season.
- (2) A hunting season is determined under the following con siderations:
 - a. population condition and the kinds of game;
 - b. mating season;
 - c. a season where offspring is delivered/eggs are laid;
 - d. the male and female comparison;
 - e. the age of the game.
- (3) Further stipulation on the determination of a hunting season shall be laid down by the Minister.

- (1) In the event of there being a population boom of unprotected game so that it shall turn into a pest, an act of control shall be taken through hunting.
- (2) Further stipulation on the procedure under which control is exercised over the situation as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be laid down by the Minister.

CHAPTER III

HUNTING PARAPHERNALIA

Article 9

- (1) Hunting paraphernalia shall consist of:
 - a. hunting firearms;
 - b. air rifles;
 - c. traditional huntIng paraphernalia;
 - d. other hunting paraphernalia.
- (2) The use of hunting paraphernalia as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be adjusted to the kind of game.
- (3) Further stipulation as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) shall be laid down by the Minister and by the Chief of the Police Force of the Republic of Indo-nesia in accordance with their respective fields of duty.

CHAPTER IV

HUNTING ACT AND HUNTING LICENSE

Article 10

- (1) A hunting act comprises:
 - a. an act for bird hunting;
 - b. an act for small game hunting;
 - c. an act for big game hunting.
- (2) To obtain a hunting act the following requirements must be fulfilled:
 - a. aged at least 18 years;
 - b. having passed a test to obtain a hunting act;
 - c. having paid the levy imposed on a hunting act.

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- (3) The hunting act as referred to in paragraph (1) shall ∞ tain the following:
 - a. the identity of the hunter;
 - b. the validity period of the hunting act;
 - c. the category of the game.
- (4) Further stipulation on a hunting act shall be laid down by the Minister after consideration is obtained from the Chief of the Police Force of the Republic of Indonesia.

- (1) A hunting act may be granted to a candidate hunter after the person concerned has passed a test to obtain a hunting act given by the Police Force of the Republic of Indonesia along with the Ministry in charge of forestry.
- (2) Further stipulation on obtaining a hunting act shall be laid down by the Minister after consideration is obtained from the Chief of the Police Force of the Republic of Indonesia.

Article 12

- (1) Hunting can be conducted only after a hunter has obtained a hunting license.
- (2) To obtain a hunting license the following requirements must be fulfilled:
 - a. in possession of a hunting act;
 - b. having paid the levy imposed on a hunting license.
- (3) The procedure as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) shall be further regulated by the Minister.

Article 13

A foreign citizen hunter who has obtained a hunting act or a certificate as a hunter from his country of origin need not obtain a hunting act.

Article 14

Local people conducting traditional hunting need not possess a hunting act or a hunting guide and need not pay a levy on a hunting license.

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- (1) A hunting license contains the following:
 - a. the number of hunting act;
 - b. the identity of the hunter;
 - c. the kinds and the amount of game to be hunter;
 - d. hunting paraphernalia;
 - e. hunting site;
 - f. the validity period of hunting license;
 - g. stipulations on prohibition and sanctions for a hunter.
- (2) A hunting license cannot be transferred to or used by another person.
- (3) Further stipulation as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be laid down by the Minister.

CHAPTER V

A HUNTER'S RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

Article 16

- (1) A hunter already obtaining a hunting license is entitled:
 - a. to hunt at sites stipulated in the hunting license;
 - b. to own and carry the hunting yield.
- (2) Further stipulation as referred to in paragraph (1) letter b shall be laid down by the Minister.

Article 17

A hunter who has carried out hunting activities has the following obligations:

- a. possessing a hunting license;
- b. using the paraphernalia specified in the hunting license;
- c. reporting to the local Forestry official and Police when he is going to go hunTing and after he has finished hunting;
- d. utilizing the hunting yield obtained;
- e. accompanied by a hunting guide;

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- f. hunting at a site stipulated in the hunting license;
- g. hunting game in accordance with the kinds and the amount stipulated in the hunting license;
- h. observing the security of the community and public order.

- (1) The Minister of the official assigned may give an instruction to an officer to go hunting in the framework of:
 - a. scientific research and development;
 - b. pest and disease control;
 - c. overcoming the animal-caused disturbances which endanger man's life;
 - d. population control.
- (2) The officer receiving from the Minister of the official assigned an instruction to carry out hunting activities is obligated:
 - a. to possess a letter of instruction;
 - b. to possess a hunting act;
 - c. to report to the local Forestry and Police officers;
 - d. to hunt at sites assigned in the letter of instruction;
 - e. to hunt game in accordance with the kinds and the amount specified in the letter of instruction;
 - f. to report the implementation of his assignment to the party issuing the letter of instruction.
- (3) Further stipulation on the procedure for the implementation of the activities as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) shall be laid down by the Minister.

Article 19

- The hunting yield as referred to in Article 18 paragraph
 letter b may be living or dead animals and or their parts and/or hunted game;
- (2) Further stipulation as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be laid down by the Minister.

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- (1) Hunting may not be conducted by means of :
 - a. using a motorized vehicle or an aircraft as a stepping site;
 - b. using explosives and/or grenades;
 - c. using tracking animals;
 - d. using chemicals;
 - e. burning a hunting site;
 - f. using other instruments to pull or herd the game in a great amount;
 - g. using a net/a trap and a trap hole;
 - h. using a firearm not designated for hunting;
- (2) In the interest of researches, the Minister may stipulate exceptions to the stipulations in paragraph (1) letters c, f and g;
- (3) Further stipulation as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be laid down by the Minister.

CHAPTER VI

BUSINESS OPERATION OF A HUNTING PARK

First Part

Business Operation of a Hunting Park

Article 21

The business operation of a hunting park is carried out on the basis of the principle of conserving biological natural resources and their ecosystems.

Article 22

- (1) The business operation of a hunting park as referred to in Article 19 may be carried out by a business company in the form of a legal entity.
- (2) The business operation of a hunting park as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out on the basis of a license.

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- (3) The business operation of a hunting park shall be granted by the Minister after obtaining consideration from the Minister charge of tourism and the Governor / Head of First Level Region concerned.
- (4) Further stipulation on the procedure for the granting of the license as referred to in paragraph (3) shall be laid down by the Minister.

- (1) The business operation of a hunting park encompasses a hunting business and the provision of hunting facilities and infrastructure.
- (2) The business operation of a hunting park shall not entail the right of ownership of and control over the hunting park area.

Article 24

- (1) The business operation of a hunting park shall be given for a maximum period of 30 years.
- (2) After its expiration, the period when a business opera tion is carried out may be extended.
- (3) Further stipulation on the procedure for the renewal of a business operation license as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) shall be laid down by the Minister.

Article 25

- (1) A hunting park business operator cannot mortgage the hunting park area he manages.
- (2) The license for the operation of a hunting park business cannot be transferred to another party unless an approval has been obtained from the Minister.

Second Part

Rights and Obligations of Hunting Park Operators Article 26

A hunting park business operator is entitled:

- a. to manage activities in line with what is specified in the business operation license;
- b. receive compensation from visitors utilizing the services of the business he operates.

A hunting park business operator is obligated:

- a. to draw up and hand over a business working plan to the Minister;
- b. to carry out activities concretely within 12 months as of the granting of the right;
- c. to provide hunting facilities and infrastructure in line with the working plan already validated;
- d. to employ experts in line with the type of business activities managed;
- e. to involve the community around the hunting park in his business activities;
- f. to make and submit a periodical report on the implementation of business activities to the Minister;
- g. to rehabilitate the damage caused by his business activities;
- h. to guarantee the security and orderliness of visitors;
- i. to help maintain the continuance of the function of the hunting park and the animals in it;
- j. to carry out the breeding of game in the interest of the hunting business activities managed;
- k. to monitor and overcome the incidence of a contagious animal disease and a zoonosis disease and make a report on this to the authorized agencies;
- 1. to take part in the development of the community around the hunting park.

Article 28

- A hunting park business operator is obligated to pay a levy imposed on the hunting park business license and a contribution of the proceeds of his hunting business;
- (2) The stipulation on the amount of the levy on the hunting park business license and the contribution of the proceeds

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of hunting business shall be laid down by the Minister in charge of financial affairs.

Third Part

Termination of Hunting Park Business Operation Article 29

- (1) The business operation of a hunting park shall terminate because:
 - a. of the expiration of the period granted;
 - b. the license is revoked by the Minister;
 - c. it is returned by the hunting park business operator to the Government prior to the expiration of the period granted.
- (2) The termination of the business operation of a hunting park as referred to in paragraph (1) shall not abolish the obligations:
 - a. to pay the contribution of hunting business proceeds and the obligations of other state's levies to the Government;
 - b. to implement all rulings stipulated in the framework of the expiration of the hunting park business license.

Article 30

When the business operation of a hunting park as referred to in Article 29 expires, immovable hunting facilities and in frastructure in a hunting park shall belong to the state.

Article 31

- (1) The hunting park business operation license as referred to in Article 29 paragraph (1) letter b may be revoked if the business operator:
 - a. does not pay the contribution of hunting business pro ceeds within a period of time stipulated; or
 - b. does not carry out his activities concretely within 12 months as of the granting of the license; or
 - c. forsakes his business prior to the expiration of the period of time granted; or

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- c. to provide hunting facilities and infrastructure in accordance with the validated working plan;
- d. to employ experts in accordance with their business activities;
- e. to involve the community around the hunting garden in his business activities;
- f. to make a periodical business activity report on the performance of his business for the Minister;
- g. to guarantee security and orderliness for visitors;
- h. to monitor and overcome the incidence of contagious animal diseases and zoonosis diseases and report the incidence to the authorized agency;
- i. to fence off the entire area of his hunting garden;
- j. to participate in the development of the community around the hunting garden;
- k. to make game available.

- (1) A hunting garden business operator is obligated to pay a levy on the hunting garden business license and a contribution of his business proceeds.
- (2) Further stipulation on the levy and the contribution as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be laid down by the Minister after obtaining consideration from the Minister in charge of financial affairs.

Third Part

Termination of a Hunting Garden Business Operation Article 39

- (1) The business operation of a hunting garden shall terminate:
 - a. owing to the expiration of the period granted;
 - b. because the Minister revokes the license;
 - c. if the hunting garden business operator requests that the Government terminate it before the expiration of the hunting garden business licence.

- (2) Expiry of the exploitation of hunting garden, as referred to in paragraph (1) shall not abolish the obligation of the license holder to:
 - a. settle the contribution of the proceeds of hunting business and other state levies obligations;
 - b. implement all provisions which are stipulated in the framework of expiry of the hunting garden business $l\underline{i}$ cense.
- (3) Further provisions on the implementation of paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be regulated by the Minister.

- (1) A hunting garden business license as referred to in Article 37 paragraph (1) letter b shall be revoked if the hunting garden business operator:
 - a. does not carry out his activities concretely within 12 months as of the granting of the license; or
 - b. abandons his business before the expiration of the period of time granted; or
 - c. does not submit a business working plan within 6 months as of the granting of the license; or
 - d. transfers his hunting garden business license to another er party without the Minister's approval; or
 - e. does not monitor and does not overcome the incidence of a contagious animal disease and a zoonosis disease and does not report this to the agency responsible for animal health; or
 - f. the license holder rents and/or uses weapons not in accordance with what is specified in the hunting license; or
 - g. does not fulfil his obligations as referred to in Article 35 letter c or letter d, or letter e, or letter f, or letter g, or letter i, or letter j, or letter k and has received three consecutive reminders from the Minister.
- (2) The procedure for the revocation of a business hunting license if a hunting garden as referred to in paragraph(1) shall be further stipulated by the Minister.

(3) The requirements and procedure for a license as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be stipulated by the Minister.

Article 34

The operation of a hunting garden business encompasses a hunting business and the provision of hunting facilities and infrastructure.

Article 35

- (1) The period in which a hunting garden business is operated is given for a maximum of 30 years and can be extended.
- (2) The said period is given on the basis of the considera tion of the kinds of animals and the period of validity of the title on the land where the hunting garden is situated.
- (3) Further stipulation on the ruling as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) shall be laid down by the Minister.

Second Part

Rights and Obligations of a Hunting Garden Business Operator

Article 36

- (1) A hunting garden business operator has the following rights:
 - a. managing activities in accordance with the field of business specified in the hunting garden business license.
 - b. receiving a reward from visitors using the services provided;
 - c. imposing a levy on hunting yields.
- (2) Further stipulation on the amount of the levy on hunting yields as referred to in paragraph (1) letter c shall be laid down by the Minister.

Article 37

A hunting garden business operator is obligated:

- a. to draw up and submit a business working plan to the Minister;
- b. to carry out activities concretely within 12 months as of the granting of the right;

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- d. does not submit a business working plan within 6 months as of the granting of the license; or
- e. transfers the hunting park business operation license to another party without the Minister's approval; or
- f. does not monitor and does not overcome the incidence of an animal disease and a zoonosis disease and does not report this incidence to the authorized agencies; or
- g. rents and/or uses weapons not in accordance with what is stipulated in the hunting license; or
- h. does not fulfil the obligations as referred to in Article 27 paragraph (1) letter c, or letter d, or letter e, or letter f, or letter g, or letter h, or letter i, or letter j, or letter l and has received a written warning for three times from the Minister.
- (2) The procedure for the revocation of the hunting park busi ness license as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be further stipulated by the Minister.

CHAPTER VII

BUSINESS OPERATION OF A HUNTING GARDEN

First Part

Business Operation of a Hunting Garden Article 32

- (1) The operation of a hunting garden business is based on a business principle without abandoning the principle of the conservation of biological natural resources and their ecosystems.
- (2) Hunting in a hunting garden is possible only for hunting sports and/or for a hunting trophy.

Article 33

- (1) The business operation of a hunting garden can be implemented by a business company in the form of a statutory body.
- (2) The license for the operation of a hunting garden business shall be granted by the Minister after obtaining the consideration from the Governor/Head of First Level Region concerned.

Chapter VIII...

To be continued

CHAPTER VIII

SUPERVISION

Article 41

- (1) Supervision of the activities of game hunting shall be conducted by the Minister.
- (2) The supervision as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be implemented in coordination with relevant Government agen cies.

Article 42

- (1) Supervision of game hunting is aimed at controlling hunting activities so that hunting shall run pursuant to prevailing laws.
- (2) Further stipulation as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be laid down by the Minister.

CHAPTER IX

SANCTIONS

Article 43

- (1) A holder of a business license for a hunting park which does not rehabilitate the damage as referred to in Article 25 paragraph (1) letter g and or causes damage to a hunting park because of his activities shall be obligated to pay compensation in accordance with the serious ness and intensity of the damage caused.
- (2) The compensation as referred to in paragraph (1) shall not abolish a criminal charge against the violation committed pursuanT to the prevailing laws.

CHAPTER X

CLOSING PROVISION

Article 44

With the enforcement of this Government Regulation :

1. Jachtverordening Java en Madoera 1940 (Staatsblad No. 247/ 1940 jo Staatsblad No. 51/1941) which has been amended by Government Regulation No. 22/1952;

2. Jachtverordening Java en Madoera 1941 (Staatsblad No. 57/1941).

are declared null and void.

Article 45

This Government Regulation shall take effect as of the date of promulgation.

For public cognizance, this Government Regulation shall be promulgated by publishing it in the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia.

Stipulated in Jakarta
On April 16, 1994
THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC
OF INDONESIA

sgd.

SOEHARTO

Promulgated in Jakarta
On April 16, 1994
THE STATE MINISTER/STATE SECRETARY

sqd.

MOERDIONO

STATE GAZETTE OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA OF 1994 NUMBER 19

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CAFI 19 / 14-2-1995

PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

THE ELUCIDATION

ON

GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NO. 13 / 1994

ON

GAME HUNTING AFFAIRS

General

The Indonesian people are endowed by the One and Only God a fatherland rich with biological natural resources and their ecosystem, inter alia fauna Of great variety.

To conserve the natural resources in the form of wild life, Law No. 5/1967 on the Basic Stipulations on Forestry and Law No. 5/1990 on the Conservation of Biological Natural Resources and their Ecosystem stipulate inter alia that wild life shall be utilized for hunting and its implementation must be regulated in a law which pay heed to the objective already set forth in the said Laws.

At present game hunting does not run regularly and there is still of lof of cases involving unlicensed game hunting, posing a threat to the continuity of wild life. Such hunting practices obviously contradict the principle of the conservation of biological natural resources and their ecosystem.

On the other hand, in keeping with the progress of develop - ment and improved welfare of the community, the community's interest in hunting is increasing so that efforts must be made to accommodate and anticipate this by providing land which can be professionally managed as hunting grounds in the form of hunting parks and hunting gardens.

Most of the laws regulating hunting affairs, which are of diverse kinds, are the legacy of the colonial administration and are no longer compatible with the level of legal development and the necessity of the Indonesian nation.

In view of the above, it is deemed necessary to re-regulate hunting affairs in the entire territory of the Republic of Indonesia to guarantee the implementation of Law No. 5 /1990 and as the replacement and improvement of Jachtverordening Java en Madoera 1940 (Stbl. 1940 No. 247) and Jachtverordening Java en Madoera 1941 (Stbl. 1941 No. 57).

The aim and objective of this Government Regulation on Game Hunting Affairs is that game hunting shall be regulated in such a way that game and its habitat shall not go to extinction and therefore it shall in its continuity provide the greatest benefit to people's welfare.

ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

Article 1

Figure 1

Self explanatory

Figure 2

Self explanatory

Figure 3

Included in the definition of hunter is a foreign hunter. In terms of their interest, hunters can be divided into three groups of hunters namely hunters who hunt.

- a. for sports (sports hunters);
- b. for a trophy (trophy hunters);
- c. to utilize the yield of the game either dead or alive, among other things to obtain meat (meat hunters), what the game produces or parts of the game.

An officer who receives an instruction from an authorized official to undertake hunting activities shall not be included in the definition of hunter.

Figure 4

Certain game is wild life of certain kinds and quantity which may be hunted every hunting season.

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Figure 5

A forest area which serves as a hunting park shall be stipulated by the Minister.

Figure 6

Self explanatory

Figure 7

Self explanatory

Figure 8

A hunting ground may be a protected forest, a limit ed production forest, a permanent production forest, a convertible production forest, other state -owned land and privately owned land.

Figure 9

A particular time is the time beyond the time when the game mates, conceives/lays eggs, giving milk to/ looking after the offspring.

Figure 10

The capability and skills for game hunting includes among other things hunting techniques, knowledge of game, hunting paraphernalia and knowledge of the laws related to game hunting.

Figure 11

Self explanatory

Figure 12

Self explanatory

Figure 13

Self explanatory

Figure 14

Self explanatory

Figure 15

Self explantory

Figure 16

Self explanatory

Figure 17

Self explanatory

Figure 18

Self explanatory

Figure 19

Referred to as hunting business proceeds are the income of the company concerned from his hunting bus \underline{i} ness.

Figure 20

Self explanatory

Article 2

Self explanatory

Article 3

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

The Minister may stipulated protected animals as game in the framework of controlling pests, nurturing population, developing the habitat, conducting genetic research and development and genetic engineering obtaining animals specially intended for breeding and utilizing breeding output.

Paragraph (3)

Letter a

Referred to as birds shall also be fowls with a wild character.

Letter b

Self explanatory

Letter c

Self explanatory

Paragraph (4)

Self explanatory

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Paragraph (1)

In the framework of being informed about animal population and the growth rate this population, stock-taking shall be conducted on the animals' kinds, quantities, sex, mating season, birth-giving/egg - laying and age.

Referred to as the quantities of the game shall be the quantities and the kinds of animals which can be hunted.

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 5

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

The entry of game from other territories in the Republic of Indonesia into hunting parks and hunting garden must be regulated in order to prevent genetic population and maintain the existing ecosystem. The regulation to be conducted shall consider among other things:

- a. the location of hunting parks and hunting gardens with respect to the surrounding areas;
- b. the possibility of fencing off the area;
- c. the possibility of the integration of the said game.

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 6

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Referred to as a hunting site is a place within a hunting ground where hunting can be conducted for a certain period.

Article 7
TO BE CONTINUED

Paragraph (1)

A hunting season is aimed at preserving the continuity of the said game.

The determination of a hunting season in a hunting garden shall not be conducted by the Minister of by the official he assigns but by the holder of the hunting garden license.

The determination of a hunting season with regard to game obtained from breeding in a hunting park shall be conducted by the holder of a hunting park business operation license in accordance with the directive of the Minister.

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 8

Paragraph (1)

Referred to as population boom is abundant availability of wild life all of a sudden so that the quantities shall exceed the habitat's supporting capacity.

The act to control wild life which has turned into a pest must be taken in such a way that the balance in the ecosystem shall not be disrupted.

Wild life shall be declared a pest if the disturb - ance exerted by the wild life is economically disad vantageous to agriculture.

In the event of there being a population boom of protected wild life so that it shall turn into a pest, further regulation shall be conducted in a separate Government Regulation.

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 9

Paragraph (1)

Letter a

Referred to as hunting firearms are firearms which are particularly used for hunting other than the organic weapons of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Indonesia.

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CAFI 20 / 16-2-1995.

Letter b

Self explanatory

Letter c

Referred to as traditional hunting parapherna - lia shall be instruments which are commonly used by traditional hunters, among other things: snares, traps, nets, spears, bows and arrows and blowpipes.

Letter d

Other hunting paraphernalia shall include mechanican bows and arrows, anaesthetizing weapons and instruments whereby birdsnests are taken.

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 10

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (4)

Self explanatory

Article 11

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 12

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Hunters using traditional paraphernalia and selling the yields of their hunting shall not be obligated to possess a hunting act although they still have to possess a hunting license and pay hunting levies.

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 13

Self explanatory

Article 14

The criteria for one to be a traditional hunter shall include among other things being domiciled in the sub - district around the hunting site, using the hunting yields for customary purposes and to meet daily necessities and using traditional hunting gear.

Article 15

Paragraph (1)

Referred to as identity shall include name, sex and domicile.

The sanction mentioned in the act shall be quoted from the prevailing laws.

Paragraph (2)

Referred to in this stipulated as being transferred shall be the transfer of a hunting license to an undeserved party.

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 16

Paragraph (1)

Letter a

Self explanatory

Letter b

An officer assigned shall conduct certification of the hunting yields which a hunter is going to take with him.

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Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 17

Letter a

Self explanatory

Letter b

Self explanatory

Letter c

Self explanatory

Letter d

The sense of utilizing hunting yields (gains) obtain ed shall be giving proper treatment of the yields, namely by not:

- leaving the yields so that they shall pollute the environment;
- 2. disposing of carcasses or other parts of the hint ing yields to a place which may cause environ mental pollution.

Letter e

Self explanatory

Letter f

Self explanatory

Letter q

Self explanatory

Letter h

Self explanatory

Article 18

Paragraph (1)

Letter a

Self explanatory

Letter b

Self explanatory

Letter c

What is meant by "endanger" here is that not only is a human life endangered but that man's peaceful life shall be disturbed or become restless or that material losses are sustained due to damage to the land or the crops or agricultural yields.

Letter d

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 19

Paragraph (1)

Referred to as the parts shall be horns, hide, fur, fangs and so forth.

While what is referred to as the yields of the game shall be among other things: nests and eggs.

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 20

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 21

The principle of the conservation of biological natural resources and their ecosystem is that the achievement of compatibility and balance between the continuity of capability and the utilization of biological natural resources and their ecosystem. The principle of business, on the other hand, is the achievement of the continuity of business with proper profits being obtained. In the framework of the business operation of a hunting park the two principles must serve as the foundation so that conservation and business shall continue.

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (4)

Self explanatory

Article 23

Paragraph (1)

The provision of facilities and infrastructure, among other things the provision of game through breeding and the provision of hunting paraphernalia, lodging, ents, transportation and communications means as well as hunting services encompassing among other thing making a hunting park available.

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 24

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 25

Paragraph (1)

What cannot be mortgaged is the area.

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 26

Letter a

Self explanatory

Letter b

Referred to as business services are among other things the provision of game, hunting paraphernalia, lodging, tests, hunting guides and transportation and communications means.

Article 27

Letter a

Self explanatory

Letter b

Referred to as concrete activities shall be the com mencement of the construction of hunting facilities and infrastructure.

Letter c

See the elucidation of Article 23 paragraph (1).

Letter d

Self explanatory

Letter e

The community's involvement in business activities performed in a hunting park includes among other things being a hunting guide, workers or suppliers of caught game.

Letter f

Self explanatory

Letter g

Self explanatory

Letter h

Self explanatory

Letter i

Self explanatory

Letter j

Self explanatory

Letter k

Self explanatory

Letter 1

Self explanatory

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Article 28
     Paragraph (1)
         Self explanatory
     Paragraph (2)
         Self explanatory
Article 29
     Paragraph (1)
         Self explanatory
     Paragraph (2)
         Self explanatory
Article 30
     Self explanatory
Article 31
     Paragraph (1)
         Self explanatory
     Paragraph (2)
         Self explanatory
Article 32
     Paragraph (1)
         See the elucidation of Article 21
     Paragraph (2)
         Self explanatory
Article 33
     Paragraph (1)
         Self explanatory
     Paragraph (2)
         Self explanatory
     Paragraph (3)
         Self explanatory
        34
Article
     See the elucidation of Article 23 paragraph (1)
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Article 35
      Paragraph (1)
          Self explanatory
      Paragraph (2)
          The period when a hunting garden business
          is valid is adjusted to the period of validity of
          the land title (Right to Business Operation)
                                                          con-
          cerned with a maximum period of 30 years.
      Paragraph (3)
          Self explanatory
 Article 36
      Paragraph (1)
          Self explanatory
      Paragraph (2)
          Self explanatory
 Article 37
      Letter a
          Self explanatory
      Letter b
          See the elucidation of Article 27 letter b
      Letter c
          See the elucidation of Article 23 paragraph (1)
      Letter d
          Self explanatory
      Letter e
          See the elucidation of Article 27 letter e
      Letter f
          Self explanatory
      Letter g
          Self explanatory
      Letter h
          Self explanatory
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Letter i

The obligation to fence off the entire hunting garden area is aimed at preventing generic pollution and at maintaining the security of the community around the hunting garden.

Letter j

Self explanatory

Letter k

See the elucidation of Article 23 paragraph (1)

Article 38

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 39

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

The termination of a hunting garden business license shall not abolish the title on the land concerned.

Paragraph (3)

Self explanatory

Article 40

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 41

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

467

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 43

Paragraph (1)

Self explanatory

Paragraph (2)

Self explanatory

Article 44

Self explanatory

Article 45

Self explanatory

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