

Amendment
to
the Plant Protection Law Enforcement Regulation
(Amended on Nov. 11, 1983)

* Articles 1, 3, 5, 15, 17, 18, 19, and 24 have been amended as follows.

Article 1. (Designation of places for import)

The ports of entry and airports under Article 6, Paragraph 2 of the Plant Protection Law (herein-after referred to as "the Law") shall be designated as follows;

- (1) Ports of entry
Entry ports designated by the Entry Ports Order Law Enforcement Ordinance
- (2) Airports
Kimpo airport, Kimhae airport, Cheju airport.

Article 3. (Prohibited districts and plants of import)

Prohibited districts and plants of import specified in Article 7, Paragraph 1 Item 1 of the Law shall be designated as the annexed Table.

Article 5. (Place and date of inspection)

In case the application specified in Article 4 has been made, the Plant Protection Official shall inform the applicant concerned of the place and date of inspection immediately prior to the date of inspection.

Article 15. (Destruction of seeds and seedlings)

Plant Protection Official shall, in case he deems that it is impossible to carry out the isolated cultivation at the country under Article 8, Paragraph 7 of the Law, destroy the seeds and seedlings concerned, or return them to the exporting country.

Article 17.

(Eliminated)

Article 18. (Application for inspection of cultivation field)

(1) Any person who intends to have the inspection of his cultivation field under Article 10, Paragraph 3 of the Law shall submit an application for inspection in accordance with (annexed Form No.11) to the Plant Protection Official by the date specified below:

(i) 30 days prior to the date of flowering, with respects to lilium and tulips.

(ii) 30 days prior to the date of inspection, with respects to the other plants.

(2) Any person who has made the application under Paragraph 1 shall post a sign-board in accordance with annexed Form No.12 in the cultivation field concerned, and shall be present at the time of inspection.

Article 19. (Application for Inspection of plants for export)

(1) Any person who intends to export the plants and containers and packing materials there-of as specified in Article 10, Paragraph 1 of the Law shall submit an application for inspection in accordance with annexed Form No. 13 to the Plant Protection Official at least 3-day prior to the day of export (or 10 days prior to the day of export, in the case where he intends to have the plants concerned and containers and packing materials thereof inspected at the location thereof). However, any person who intends to undergo the inspection with respect to the soil, rice straw, or rice-straw rope to be used as packing materials for plants to be exported shall submit an application for inspection in accordance with annexed Form No.14 to the Plant Protection Official prior to digging and preparation in the case of soil, and prior to disinfection in the case of rice straw, the rice-straw rope.

(2) If the soil or rice straw, rice straw rope used as packing materials for the plant concerned which has passed inspection of cultivation field in accordance with Article 10, Paragraph 3 of the Law has been inspected and passed the same under the provision of Paragraph 1 of Article 18, the information to that effect shall be stated in the application specified in Paragraph 1.

Article 24. (Issuance of inspection certificate)

(1) In case the Plant Protection Official has passed the plant concerned and container and packing material thereof as a result of the inspection under Article 10, Paragraph 1 of the Law, he shall stamp certified mark in accordance with annexed Form No.9(1) of the said plant, container or packing material thereof, and issue an inspection certificate with in 2-day after the inspection, in accordance with annexed Form No.16(2) to the applicant.

However, if the importing country has special requirements, the Plant Protection Official shall issue a certificate to comply with the said requirements.

(2) In case the Plant Protection Official has passed the plant concerned as a result of the inspection under the provision of Article 10, Paragraph 3 of the Law, he shall issue an inspection certificate and the inspection certificate card within 2-day after the inspection in accordance with annexed Form No.17 to the applicant.

(3) In case the Plant Protection Official has passed inspection on the container and packing material applied under the provision of Article 19, Paragraph 1 and if the same is deemed as complying with the requirements of the importing country, he shall issue an inspection certificate within 2-day after the inspection in accordance with annexed Form No.18 to the applicant.

* Plants and Plant Products Prohibited Entry into Korea

Plants and Plant Products	Country or Region Prohibited from	Plant Pests or Diseases
1. All fresh fruits including fruits from vegetables, except coconut palm, green banana, and pineapple.	<u>Asia</u> Cyprus, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Turkey.	Mediterranean fruit fly (Ceratitis capitata)
	<u>Europe</u> Albania, Austria, Azores Islands, Belgium, Crete Island, Czechoslovakia, England, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Malta, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland, Yugoslavia.	
	<u>Africa</u> All area.	
	<u>North America</u> Bermuda, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, West Indies.	
	<u>South America</u> Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru, Surinam, Uruguay, Venezuela.	
	<u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Australia (except Valensia and Washington varieties of sweet oranges which come up to the standards announced by the minister of Agriculture and Fisheries), Hawaiian Islands, Mariana Islands.	
2. Fresh fruits of apricot, areca, avocado, banana (except green banana), carambola, guava, litchi, loquat, mango, mangosteen, papaya, peach, persimmon, rambutan, sapodilla, star apple, tomato; Adonis (pheasant's-eye), Annona (sugar apple), Artocarpus (bread fruit), Capsicum (pepper), Citrus (orange), Eugenia (lillypilly), Solanum (egg plant) spp.	<u>Asia</u> Bangladesh, Brunei, Burma, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Taiwan (except Ponkan, Tankan, and Liutin varieties of sweet oranges; Irwin and Haden types of mangoes; and Solo type of papaya; which come up to the standards announced by the minister of Agriculture and Fisheries), Thailand, Timor, Vietnam.	Oriental fruit fly (Dacus dorsalis)
	<u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Australia (except Valensia and Washington varieties of sweet oranges which come up to the standards announced by the minister of Agriculture and Fisheries), Bonin Islands, Hawaiian Islands, Mariana Islands, Micronesia, Papua New Guinea, Ryukyu Islands.	

Plants and Plant Products	Country or Region Prohibited from	Plant Pests or Diseases
3. Fresh fruits or kernels of Cydonia(quince), Juglans(walnut), Malus (apple), Prunus(apricot, cherry, peach), Pyrus(pear) spp.	<u>Asia</u> Afghanistan, Burma, China, Cyprus, Hong Kong, India, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Pakistan, Syria, Turkey, U.S.S.R. <u>Europe</u> All area. <u>Africa</u> All area. <u>North America</u> Canada, U.S.A.(except Bing, Lambert, and Van varieties of cherries which come up to the standards announced by the minister of Agriculture and Fisheries). <u>South America</u> Argentina,Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Peru, Uruguay. <u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Australia, New Zealand.	Codling moth (Cydia pomonella)
4. Living vines, stems, and leaves; and fresh fruits of Cucurbitaceae(cucumber, melon, pumpkin, watermelon, etc.); Fresh fruits of egg plant, indian bean, kidney bean, mango, papaya, tomato.	<u>Asia</u> Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Brunei, Burma, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Japan, Laos, Malaysia, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Thailand, Timor, Vietnam. <u>Africa</u> Egypt, Kenya, Mauritius, Reunion Island, Tanzania. <u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Hawaiian Islands, Mariana Islands, Micronesia, Papua New Guinea, Ryukyu Islands.	Melon fruit fly (Dacus cucurbitae)
5. Fresh fruits of apple, apricot, avocado, banana(except green banana), carambola, cashew, cherry, chinese quince, cucumber, date palm, fig, grape, guava, Japanese plum, kiwi, loquat, olive, papaya, peach, pear, pomegranate, red pepper, tomato, sapodilla; Annona(sugar apple), Coffea (coffee), Diospyros (persimmon), Eugenia (lillypilly), Fragaria (strawberry), Mangifera (mango), Morus(mulberry), Passiflora(passion fruit), Ziziphus(jujube) spp.	<u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Australia, Easter Island, New Caledonia Island, Papua New Guinea, Society Islands, Tubuai Islands.	Queensland fruit fly(Dacus tryoni)

Plants and Plant Products	Country or Region Prohibited from	Plant Pests or Diseases
6. Living vines, stems, leaves, and tubers of Solanaceae (egg plant, potato, red pepper, tobacco, tomato, etc.)	<u>Asia</u> China, Hong Kong, India, Nepal, U.S.S.R.	Potato wart disease (Synchytrium endobioticum)
	<u>Europe</u> All area (except Albania, Greece).	
	<u>Africa</u> South Africa.	
	<u>North America</u> Canada, Mexico, U.S.A. (Maryland, Pennsylvania only).	
	<u>South America</u> Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador, Falkland, Peru, Uruguay.	
	<u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> New Zealand.	
	<u>Europe</u> Bulgaria, Poland, U.S.S.R.	Potato spindle tuber viroid
	<u>Africa</u> South Africa.	
	<u>North America</u> Canada, U.S.A. (Arizona, California, Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming only.)	
	<u>North America</u> Canada, U.S.A. (Florida, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Vermont, Virginia, and Wisconsin only).	Potato yellow dwarf virus
7. Living vines, stems, leaves, and fresh fruits of Solanaceae.	<u>Asia</u> Burma, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Turkey, U.S.S.R.	Tobacco blue mold (Peronospora tabacina)
	<u>Europe</u> All area.	
	<u>Africa</u> Algeria, Egypt, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia.	
	<u>North America</u> Canada, Cuba, El Salvador, Guatemala, Mexico, U.S.A., West Indies.	
	<u>South America</u> Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Uruguay.	
	<u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Australia.	

Plants and Plant Products	Country or Region Prohibited from	Plant Pests or Diseases
8. Living vines, stems, and leaves of cabbage, black pepper; Cirsium(thistle) spp. and Solanaceae.	<u>Asia</u> Turkey, U.S.S.R. <u>Europe</u> Austria, Baleares Islands, Belgium,Bulgaria, Channel Islands, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, England, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Spain, Switzerland, Yugoslavia. <u>North America</u> Canada, Costa Rica, Mexico, U.S.A.	Colorado beetle (Leptinotarsa decemlineata)
9. Living tubers of Chenopodium(goosefoot) spp. and Solanaceae.	<u>Asia</u> Cyprus, India, Israel, Japan(Hokkaido only), U.S.S.R. <u>Europe</u> All area(except Albania, Bulgaria, Hungary, Rumania). <u>Africa</u> Algeria, Morocco, South Africa, Tunisia. <u>North America</u> Canada, Mexico, Panama, U.S.A.(New York only) <u>South America</u> Argentina, Bolivia, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela. <u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> New Zealand.	Potato cyst nematode (Heterodera rostochiensis)
10. Vines, stems, leaves, seeds, and living tubers of Ipomoea(sweet potato) spp.	<u>Asia</u> Bangladesh, Bonin Islands, Brunei, Burma, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Japan, Laos, Malaysia, Pakistan, Pescadores Islands, Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, Timor, Vietnam. <u>Africa</u> All area. <u>North America</u> Mexico, U.S.A., West Indies. <u>South America</u> Guyana, Venezuela. <u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Australia(including Christmas Island and Cocos Islands), Iwo Islands, Melanesia, Micronesia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Polynesia, Ryukyu Islands.	Sweet potato weevil(Cylas formicarius), Sweet potato stem borer(Omphisa anatomosalis), Sweet potato witches broom.

Plants and Plant Products	Country or Region Prohibited from	Plant Pests or Diseases
11. Underground portions of all plants except followings; agave, apple, azalea, begonia, burdock, carnation, dracaena, garlic, geranium, grape, green onion, hemp, lacquer tree, onion, parsnip, pear, potato, rhoeo, rose, turnip, walnut; Bryophyta, Cactaceae(cactus), flower plants that produce bulbs (except canna), Fragaria (strawberry), Galarhoeus (spurge), Lichens, Orchidaceae(orchid), Palmaceae(palm), Prunus (cherry), Pteropsida, Sagittaria(arrowhead) spp.	<u>Asia</u> India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Pakistan, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand. <u>Africa</u> Egypt. <u>North America</u> Bermuda, Honduras, Jamaica, Puerto Rico, Trinidad and Tobago, U.S.A. <u>South America</u> Brazil. <u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> Australia(New South Wales and Queensland only), Fiji, Hawaiian Islands.	Burrowing nematode(Radopholus similis)
12. Vines, stems, and leaves of Alismataceae(sagittaria), Commelinaceae(dayflower, etc.), Cyperaceae(sedge, spikerush, clubrush, etc.), Gramineae (barley, rice, wheat, etc.), Juncaceae(rush), and their processed goods(including dried).	<u>Asia</u> Japan. <u>North America</u> Canada, Cuba, Dominica, U.S.A.	Rice water weevil (Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus)
13. Nursery stocks and wood of Larix(larch), Pinus(pine) spp., except the seeds.	<u>Asia</u> Japan. <u>Europe</u> Germany. <u>North America</u> U.S.A.	Pine wilt nematode (Bursaphelenchus xylophilus)
14. Fresh fruits of Crataegus(hawthorn), Malus(apple) spp	<u>Asia</u> China, Hong Kong, Japan, Taiwan.	Manchurian apple moth (Grapholitha inapinata)
15. Stalks and leaves of Agropyron(wheatgrass), Hordeum(harley), Triticum (wheat) spp.	<u>Asia</u> Cyprus, Iran, Iraq, Israel, Turkey, U.S.S.R. <u>Europe</u> All area. <u>Africa</u> Algeria, Morocco, Tunisia. <u>North America</u> All area(except West Indies). <u>Oceania and Pacific region</u> New Zealand.	Hessian fly (Mayetiola destructor)
16. Unhulled rice, chaffs, and rice straws and their processed goods.	Whole World(except Japan and Taiwan)	Nematodes and other plant pests or diseases that are not found in Korea