#### REPUBLIC OF LITHUANIA

#### L A W

#### ON

#### THE HEALTH SYSTEM

The Seimas of the Republic of Lithuania, recognizing, that

the health of the population is the greatest social and economic value of

society,

health is not only the absence of diseases and physical deficiencies, but physical, spiritual and social welfare of people as well,

the potential of health and conditions of its maintaining are determined by stability of the development of economic system, guarantees for social security and education of society, employment and sufficient income of the population, provision with dwellings, accessible, acceptable and adequate health care, proper nutrition, quality of work, living and natural environment, as well as by the efforts of the population to promote health,

person's efforts to stay healthy may only be promoted by social and economic measures which are acceptable from the point of view of human dignity and the current time,

the best possible public health is a necessary prerequisite for the security and prosperity of the State of Lithuania, as well as for creating of an open, just and harmonious civic society:

taking into consideration the provisions of the global strategy "Health to Everybody - 2 000", adopted at the 30th Session of the World Health Assembly in 1977, the Ottawa Health Promotion Charter and the National Health Concept of Lithuania;

seeking to ensure the in-born human right to enjoy the best possible health, as well as the right to have healthy environment, acceptable, accessible and adequate health care;

acting in compliance with the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania,

enacts this Law on the Health System.

Part I

The Health System

Chapter 1

**General Provisions** 

# Article 1. The Purpose of the Law of the Republic of Lithuania on the Health System

The Law of the Republic of Lithuania on the Health System shall regulate the national health system of Lithuania, its structure, limits of legal regulation of health care, health strengthening and health recovery, fundamentals of establishment of the scope of health activities, organization and management of individual and public health care, health promotion, conclusion of contracts concerning health activities, fundamentals of the liability for violations of legal norms of health activities, rights and duties of the residents and subjects of health activities.

#### Article 2. Legal Regulation of Health Relations

Health relations arising from protection, strengthening and assistance in recovering of individual and public health, as well as relations concerning the implementation of the individual's rights to have the best possible health, protection of health interests of an individual and society, shall be regulated by this Law, other laws on health activities, as well as laws, if they do not contradict the meaning of the above mentioned laws, concerning the structure and institutions of state power and government, local self-government, public organizations, human rights and other social affairs, environmental protection, economy, national defense and internal order, subordinate legislation acts, contracts and agreements concerning health activities and working conditions.

### Article 3. The Scope of the Legal Regulation of Health Relations

The following shall only be established by the laws of the Republic of Lithuania on health activities:

- 1) the sphere, tasks and principles of the effectiveness of health law;
- 2) the system of types and subjects of health activities, the competence of the main subjects of health activities management, rights and duties of state services and state inspectorates of health activities coordination and health care, institutions of individual and public health care and subjects of pharmaceutical activities in the individual and public health care or pharmaceutical activities, legal framework for their establishment, activities and termination thereof;
- 3) the legal framework of establishment, activities, reorganization of the state hygiene inspectorate, conditions and procedure for the state hygiene control;
- 4) the structure of resources of the national health system and basis for their management;
- 5) the basis for organizing, management of the health activities, as well as for health support and financing;
- 6) the necessary conditions of health activities and the legal framework of their control;
- 7) the rights and duties of the population in health activities, legal framework of participation of the population in the management of health matters;
  - 8) the legal framework of accrediting of the persons who

have the higher or special secondary medical or other education for health and pharmaceutical activities, basic professional rights and duties of medical specialists, procedure for establishing of the qualification requirements, for the improvement of their qualification and the restrictions of their practice, legal framework of the restriction of health care advertising, for establishing of civil responsibility for the damage done to the patients' health while carrying out the health care of individuals;

- 9) the procedure for making health activities contracts and basic terms and conditions thereof;
- 10) the legal framework of organizing and management of the primary health care, of the control over the conditions thereof;
- 11) the system of public health care, legal framework of its organizing, management, of the hygiene regulation, epidemiological protection against contagious diseases, hygiene and epidemiology control, and hygiene expert examination;
- 12) the legal framework of labour protection and labour medicine, for organizing and management of consumers' health protection;
- 13) the general requirements for food products quality; procedure for the conditions of producing, importing, trading, advertising of such products, control over the quality of food products and their tare, marking thereof;
- 14) the general requirements for the quality of drinking water, legal framework of water treatment, rendering harmless, and quality improvement;
- 15) the procedure for controlling of production, trade, import, export, licensing and consumption of narcotic and psychotropic substances, alcohol products, tobacco and its products, the system of reducing the consumption of alcoholic beverages and tobacco products, the procedure for narcological supervision, prohibition of advertising of alcoholic beverages and tobacco products;
- 16) the conditions for production, trade, import, export, transportation, utilization of poison, other toxic and radioactive material, requirements for working with ionizing radiation sources, conditions for ensuring radiation safety and the procedure for the control thereof;
- 17) the system of the prophylaxis of contagious diseases, legal framework of organizing and management of the control over said diseases;
- 18) the conditions of public health monitoring, expert examination of public health, legal framework of their organizing and management;
- 19) the legal framework of organizing and management of physical culture and sport, control over dope and sex;
- 20) the rights of persons in the sphere of supervision over the psychic health; the conditions of psychic health supervision and the legal framework of its organizing and management, as well as of the control over the conditions thereof;
- 21) the legal framework of organizing of medical and social rehabilitation of the handicapped;
- 22) the conditions of stomatological and narcological supervision and the legal framework of organizing and management

thereof:

- 23) the procedure for family planning and genetic consulting, the legal framework of birth-control, artificial insemination, foetus protection, termination of pregnancy, and sterilization;
- 24) the requirements for the ethics of biomedical tests, the procedure for the control of observing said requirements, as well as liability for violations of the requirements for the ethics of biomedical tests:
- 25) the conditions and procedure for giving human blood by donors, production of blood products, transfusion of human blood and its products;
- 26) the basic principles, conditions and procedure for taking organs or tissues for transplantation, their use for transplantation, medical research, diagnostics, and treatment;
- 27) the criterion of the establishment of terminal conditions and the fact of death of an individual, conditions of an individual's refusal from all or part of life prolongation services, conditions and procedure for postmortem examination (autopsy) of a corpse;
- 28) the legal framework of providing of pharmaceutical services, organizing and management of pharmaceutical activities;
- 29) the conditions and procedure for granting of a permit to dispense drugs and medicinal substances, for the control of the quality thereof;
- 30) the health insurance system, the procedure for collecting funds for compulsory health insurance, legal framework of voluntary health insurance, rights and duties of the insured and insurers, procedure for establishing and activities of health insurance institutions as well as rights and duties of these institutions; and
- 31) basic principles of liability for violations of the requirements of laws concerning health activities.

The Government of the Republic of Lithuania, ministries, state services and state inspectorates shall enjoy the right to adopt within their competence legal acts on the issues of the regulation of health relations, with the exception of those issues which are regulated by the laws concerning health activities. Provisions of legal acts of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, ministries, state services and state inspectorates, which worsen the conditions of health activities comparing to those conditions which are established by the laws concerning health activities, shall be deemed invalid.

Within their competence, enterprises, institutions and organizations shall have the right to adopt legal acts establishing, in comparison to laws and other legal acts, additional economic and social incentives for citizens to foster their health, for economic entities - to engage in economic-commercial activities beneficial to health, additional support to socially vulnerable groups of the population by compensating the expenses of their health care, additional requirements for implementing of public health care. Provisions of legal acts of enterprises, institutions and organizations which worsen the level of health activities comparing to the level which is established by laws and other legal acts concerning health

activities, shall be deemed invalid.

#### Article 4. Health Activities

The health activities shall comprise:

- 1) individual health care;
- 2) public health care;
- 3) pharmaceutical activities; and
- 4) traditional medicine, folk medicine, and non-medical methods of health recovery.

### Article 5. The Purposes of Health Activities

The purposes of health activities shall be as follows:

- 1) to reduce the falling behind of certain social and professional groups of society from other groups of society as shown by the health condition indicators, without worsening the general level of the population's health;
- 2) to protect population against diseases, avoidable death or invalidity;
- 3) to extend the length of life without diseases and traumas, and improve its quality; and
  - 4) to increase economic and social efficiency of life.

# Article 6. Principles of Regulating of the Health Activities

The following principles shall be applied to the regulation of the relations specified in Article 1 of this Law:

- 1) the all-round protection of the individual and public health;
- 2) the coordination of individual, public health and state interests;
- 3) the equality of individual's rights to have the best possible health regardless of his or her sex, race, nationality, citizenship, social status and profession;
- 4) the individual's freedom to chose as good health conditions as possible;
- 5) the acceptability, accessibility and adequacy of the individual health care;
- 6) the persons' freedom to unite into public organizations, defending the interests of public and individual health, and the State support of the programmes of activities of these organizations;
- 7) the all-round, rightful and timely informing of the population about the conditions of promoting the best possible health and advertising of these conditions;
- 8) the participation of public organizations in the health activities management directly as well as through the democratically elected representatives;
- 9) the State support of persons in protecting, recovering and improving their health;
- 10) the partial or full compensation, which is guaranteed by the State, of health care costs which might worsen the quality of life:
  - 11) the all-round prevention of threat and damage to

individual and public health exercised by all subjects of the health activities; and

12) the promotion by the State of economic efforts and initiatives beneficial to health.

If the relations specified in Article 1 of this Law are not regulated by laws and provisions of legal norms, which regulate similar relations, cannot be applied thereto, the principles set forth in Par. 1 of this Article shall be applied in the settlement of any disputes that may arise.

# Chapter 2 The Lithuanian National Health System

# Article 7. The Foundations of Forming of the Lithuanian National Health System

The foundations of forming of the Lithuanian National Health System shall be as follows:

- 1) ensuring of social justice in health activities;
- 2) integration of all resources of health activities into a unified system, their planning and use according to the national priorities of health activities;
- 3) integration of individual health care and public health care into a unified system;
- 4) introducing of the elements of the social market economy into health activities without violating the national priorities of health activities;
- 5) ensuring of the implementation of the Lithuanian health programme, and the programmes of the health system reform;
- 6) ensuring of intersector coordination of the health activities; and
- 7) ensuring of participation of the public in the health activities management.

# Article 8. The Structure of the Lithuanian National Health System

The Lithuanian National Health System (hereinafter referred to as the LNHS) shall consist of:

- 1) the executive bodies of the LNHS;
- 2) the managing bodies of the LNHS;
- 3) the resources of the LNHS; and
- 4) the activities and a range of services rendered by the LNHS.

### Article 9. The Executive Bodies of the LNHS

The executive bodies of the LNHS shall be:

- 1) state and municipal individual and/or public health care institutions; and
- 2) enterprises, accredited for certain types of health activities and having concluded health activities contracts with the customers of activities and a range of services by the LNHS in accordance with the procedure established by this Law.

### Article 10. The Managing Bodies of the LNHS

The managing bodies of the LNHS shall be:

1) bodies of state management of the LNHS activities;

- 2) municipalities and their institutions;
- 3) institutions coordinating the LNHS activities;
- 4) special managing bodies of the LNHS; and
- 5) institutions exercising control over the conditions of the LNHS activities.

The managing bodies of the LNHS shall within their competence supervise and coordinate the health activities of other health activities bodies which do not belong to the LNHS system, according to the procedure established by this and other laws and legal acts.

#### Article 11. The Resources of the LNHS

The LNHS resources shall comprise:

- 1) the land, which belongs to the State or municipalities by the public ownership right and it intended for recreational purposes and organizing of health resorts;
- 2) natural resources (mineral water, curative mud, etc.) intended for medical rehabilitation activities carried out by the LNHS:
- 3) material resources intended for ensuring of the LNHS management;
  - 4) the property of the LNHS executive and managing bodies;
- 5) financial resources from the State and municipal budgets intended for ensuring of the LNHS activities;
  - 6) funds of compulsory health insurance;
- 7) any other property, assigned by laws for ensuring of the LNHS activities;
- 8) specialists and other employees of state and municipal institutions of individual and public health care, state enterprises which are accredited for individual or public health care and pharmaceutical activities; and
- 9) databases of information concerning individual and public health.

The LNHS resources shall be regulated by this and other laws and legal acts.

A claim to property cannot be made to state or municipal institutions of individual or public health care.

#### Article 12. The LNHS Activities and Services

The activities and a range of services rendered by the LNHS shall comprise:

- 1) individual health care;
- 2) public health care;
- 3) pharmaceutical activities; and
- 4) paid services specified in Chapter 4 of Part 1 of this Law.

Article 13. Levels of Organizing of the LNHS Activities The levels of organizing of the LNHS activities shall be as follows:

- 1) primary (hereinafter referred to as "primary health activities");
- 2) secondary (hereinafter referred to as "secondary health activities"); and
  - 3) tertiary (hereinafter referred to as "tertiary health

activities").

The primary health activities shall comprise administrative units of municipal territories. It shall be carried out by the LNHS bodies subordinate to municipalities. Other LNHS executive bodies belonging to the levels of organizing of the LNHS activities may within their competence perform this work on a contractual basis.

The secondary health activities shall comprise higher-level administrative units. It shall be carried out by the LNHS bodies of higher-level administrative units. The LNHS executive bodies belonging to the tertiary level of organizing of the LNHS activities may within their competence perform this work on a contractual basis.

The tertiary health activities shall be carried out within their competence by university and academic clinics and other medical treatment centers, which provide specialized and very specialized medical treatment to persons without taking into consideration their places of residence. These LNHS executive bodies may within their competence carry out the primary and secondary health activities on a contractual basis.

The procedure and conditions of implementation of the primary health activities shall be established by laws and other legal acts.

The list of types of the primary, secondary and tertiary health activities and the LNHS executive bodies of health activities which implement them, their competence, procedure and conditions of the secondary and tertiary health activities shall be established by laws and other legal acts.

# Article 14. The Exclusive Rights of Health Activities of the LNHS Executive Bodies The LNHS executive bodies shall have the right to provide and carry out:

- 1) individual health care (free of charge) supported by the State and local authorities;
- 2) medical and social examination, forensic medical examination, forensic psychiatric and narcological examination, and pathologoanatomical examination;
- 3) public health care measures entered in the list established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania; and
- 4) state monitoring of public health and state expert examination of public health.

# Article 15. Customers of the LNHS Activities and Rendered Services

The main customers of the LNHS activities and rendered services shall be the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, its institutions, local authorities, state and territorial patients' funds, other legal and natural persons.

The limits of the orders for the LNHS activities and rendered services which can be established by the relevant customers of the LNHS activities, shall be regulated by the laws and other legal acts.

#### Chapter 3

#### Levels of Health Activities

#### Section 1

#### The Required Level of Health Activities

Article 16. The Indicators of the Required Level of Health Activities

The required level of health activities shall establish the scope of health activities which are supported by the State or local authorities, necessary conditions for health activities, the list of measures and institutions which are necessary for retaining or maintaining of the already achieved level of public health.

The required level of health activities shall be defined by:

- 1) the lists of necessary diagnostic measures approved by the Ministry of Health;
- 2) the necessary assortment of medicines and other medical articles approved by the Ministry of Health;
- 3) the list of individual health care measures supported by the State and local authorities free of charge;
- 4) the list of state institutions and services of individual and public health care, and pharmacies according to the type thereof;
  - 5) the list of necessary measures of public health care;
- 6) the established necessary conditions of individual and public health care;
  - 7) obligatory State and municipal health programmes; and
- 8) the basic volume, established by this Law, of financing of health activities which are carried out by the Lithuanian National Health System, from the State, municipal budgets and compulsory health insurance funds.

The required level of health activities shall be established taking into consideration the demographic, health and environmental quality indicators and tendencies of changes thereof.

The required level of health activities, with the exception of the indicators of acceptability and adequacy of individual and public health care established in items 1 and 2 of Par.2 of this Article, shall be established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on the joint recommendation of the Ministry of Health and the National Health Council.

Article 17. The Structure of Individual Health Care Supported (Free of Charge) by the State and Local Authorities

The individual health care supported (free of charge) by the State and local authorities shall comprise:

- 1) the preventative medical treatment;
- 2) restorative medical treatment;

- 3) medical rehabilitation;
- 4) nursing;
- 5) social services and social assistance in medical treatment; and
- 6) services which are attributed to medical treatment in accordance with the manner prescribed by this Law.

# Article 18. Individual Health Care Supported (Free of Charge) by the State

The following shall be attributed to the individual health care supported (free of charge) by the State:

- 1) necessary medical treatment on the secondary and tertiary levels of health activities;
- 2) individual health care provided to servicemen, cadets and law and order and law-enforcement officers and volunteers;
- 3) individual health care provided to persons detained by the police, put into places of detention, prisoners (with the exception of medical rehabilitation in sanatorium and resort institutions);
- 4) individual health care provided to persons who have suffered from violations of law, provided that they are witnesses in criminal cases according to the procedure established by legal acts;
- 5) individual health care in accordance with the list of categories of civil servants established by the law;
- 6) individual health care provided to persons who are ill for an uninterrupted period of more than four months;
- 7) provision of persons ill with diseases, the list thereof is approved by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, with prostheses of teeth, limbs, joints and other organs;
- 8) individual health care provided to persons who are ill with tuberculosis, sexually transmitted diseases, AIDS, infectious and endocrinal diseases entered in the list established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, as

well as mental diseases, oncogenic diseases, alcoholism, drug dependence, and toxic substance addiction; and

9) blood donorship, haemodialysis, organ and tissue transplantation.

The scope of individual health care (types of individual health care and the list of measures thereof) which is supported by the State, with the exception of the case specified in item 5 of Par.1 of this Article, shall be established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on the joint recommendation of the Ministry of Health and the National Health Council.

### Article 19. Individual Health Care Supported (Free of Charge) by Local Authorities

The following shall be attributed to the individual health care supported (free of charge) by local authorities:

- 1) necessary medical treatment provided on the primary level of health activities;
  - 2) individual health care of pregnant women;
- 3) individual health care provided to mothers until the baby is one year of age;

- 4) individual health care provided to the family members of unemployed and disabled persons;
- 5) individual health care provided to persons under 16 years of age;
- 6) individual health care provided to persons whose income is less than the level of income supported by the State, as well as orphans under 18 years of age;
- 7) individual health care provided to invalids of group I; and
- 8) provision of persons of established categories with prostheses of teeth.

The scope of individual health care (types of individual health care and the list of measures thereof) which is supported by local authorities shall be established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on the joint recommendation of the Ministry of Health and the National Health Council.

Local authorities shall have the right, when possible, to establish an additional scope, comparing to the scope established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, of individual and public health care supported by local authorities, on the joint recommendation of a physician of the town or district municipality and the community health council.

Article 20. Necessary Conditions of Health Activities The necessary conditions of health activities in the Republic of Lithuania shall be as follows:

- 1) accrediting for individual, public health care activities or pharmaceutical activities; and
- 2) accessibility, acceptability and adequacy of individual and public health care.

Health activities shall comprise only the territory of the State of Lithuania, unless otherwise provided for in international treaties of the Republic of Lithuania.

The procedure and conditions of accrediting for individual, public health care or pharmaceutical activities shall be established by this Law and other legal acts.

The indicators of accessibility of individual health care shall be established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on the joint recommendation of the Ministry of Health and the National Health Council. The requirements for the acceptability of individual health care shall be established by laws and other legal acts.

The requirements and norms of adequacy of individual health care shall be regulated by normative documents of standardization, which are prepared by university, academic clinics and centres. Normative documents of standardization which regulate the requirements for adequacy of public health care shall be within their competence prepared by the State Public Health Care Service in the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Lithuania, institutions of control over the health activities conditions in other governmental institutions. These normative documents shall within their competence be approved by the Ministry of Health or the Lithuanian Standardization Agency in the Ministry of Economics.

The necessary conditions of health activities must be

ensured by all subjects of health activities. Health activities subjects which do not ensure the established necessary conditions of health activities, shall be liable under laws.

#### Section II

#### Contractual Level of Health Activities

Article 21. Conditions of Establishing of the Contractual Level of Health Activities

The health activities which do not belong to the required level of health activities shall be attributed to the contractual level of health activities.

The scope and conditions of the contractual level of health activities shall be established by the contract of health activities provided by this Law. The scope and conditions of the contractual level of health activities, determined by the parties to those contracts, must not worsen the required level of health activities.

# Article 22. A Health Activities Contract and the Procedure for Concluding It

A health activities contract shall be an agreement between a subject or subjects of health activities (contractor or contractors) who have the right to engage into health activities or carry out them and a customer of customers of health activities, by which the subject (subjects) of health activities shall undertake an obligation to carry out health activities of certain scope and types, render a range of services of this field, and the customer (customers) of health activities shall undertake an obligation to pay for the performed work and rendered services.

Article 23. The Parties to Health Activities Contracts Governmental institutions, bodies of administration of local authorities, health insurance institutions, enterprises, institutions, organizations, legal and natural persons may be the parties to the health activities contracts on the one part and legal persons, enterprises without a status of a legal person, accredited for health activities - on the other part.

Article 24. Conclusion of a Health Activities Contract
The health activities contract must normally be concluded in
writing. It shall be considered concluded, if the parties to the
contract agree upon the basic terms and conditions of the health
activities contract.

# Article 25. The Structure, Text and Validity of the Health Activities Contract

The parties to health activities contracts shall establish the structure, chapters and appendices of the contracts.

The text of the health activities contract shall be the terms and conditions of the contract specified by the parties to it, defining the rights and duties of the parties, the procedure

for carrying out thereof and the responsibility of the parties,

as well as basic terms and conditions of health activities contracts established by this Law.

The parties to the contract cannot establish in the contract such conditions of health activities which would worsen conditions of health activities comparing them with those which are established in this Law, other laws and legal acts. In the case of a dispute concerning application of the terms and conditions of the health activities contract, it shall be settled in the court.

The health activities contract shall become effective on the moment of its signing. Terms of the duration of a contract shall be established upon mutual agreement of the parties.

### Article 26. Basic Terms and Conditions of the Health Activities Contract

In each contract of health activities, its parties must agree on the following basic terms and conditions:

- 1) the types of health activities, scope of these activities and terms of implementation;
- 2) prices of health activities and the procedure for financing of the scope of health activities agreed upon by the parties, as well as compensation for general, particular, additional expenses;
- 3) the procedure for compensation of expenses of transportation of patients, medicines and medicinal substances;
- 4) the provision of time for engaging in private health activities;
- 5) procedures for amendment, supplement and termination of the health activities contract;
- 6) an additional, comparing to this Law, material liability, which is established by the parties to the contract, for an improper fulfillment of the contract obligations and the unilateral termination thereof; and
- 7) the procedure and terms of fulfillment of the contract obligations and the control over them.

Item 4 of Par.1 of this Article shall be applied only to private health activities subjects, who have concluded a contract with the LNHS customers concerning performance of work on the required level of health activities.

### Article 27. Control over the Execution of the Health Care Contract

Control over the fulfilment of obligations of health activities contract shall be carried out by the parties which have entered into such contract. The procedure and time limits for reporting on the fulfilment of obligations under health activities contract, by representative of the parties to the contract shall be set forth in the contract.

# Article 28. Liability for Failure to Perform the Health Activities Contract

Both parties to the contract shall be liable for performing of health activities contracts.

The grounds for the unilateral termination of health activities contract shall be established by the Civil Code of the Republic of Lithuania.

If the obligations of the health activities contract are not fulfilled or the contract is terminated unilaterally through the fault of the subject of health activities (contractor), losses incurred by health activities customer shall be compensated with the funds of the health activities subject (contractor). If the obligations of the health activities contract are failed to be fulfilled or the contract is unilaterally terminated through the fault of the health activities customer, the losses incurred by the health activities subject (contractor) shall be compensated with the funds of the health activities customer.

### Chapter 4

Paid Services in Health Activities Rendered by State and Municipal Institutions of Individual and Public Health Care and Subjects of Pharmaceutical Activities

Article 29. Paid Individual Health Care Services Paid individual health care services shall comprise the following:

- 1) individual health care measures entered in the list drawn up by the Ministry of Health and the National Health Council and approved by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania;
- 2) services (bed linen, hospital clothing, telephone, TV set, etc.), entered in the list established by the Ministry of Health, which are rendered in in-patient individual health care institutions:
- 3) sending of individuals to foreign health care institutions in the established procedure;
- 4) provision with medicines which are more expensive, but possessing analogous effect in in-patient medical treatment institutions; and
- 5) services entered in the list established by the Ministry of Health, which are rendered in individual health care institutions upon the death of a patient.

The procedure for rendering of paid individual health care services, rates, procedure for paying and reduced charges shall be established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on the basis of this Law, Law on State Social Insurance and other laws.

Article 30. Paid Pharmaceutical Services

Paid pharmaceutical services shall comprise:

- 1) registration of medicines;
- 2) expert examination of the quality of medicines on the order of legal and natural persons;
- 3) sale without a prescription of medicines (except for medicines possessing narcotic and psychotropic effects, which are entered in the established list) to the population in pharmacies;
- 4) accepting of orders by telephone from medical treatment institutions and legal persons accredited for individual health

care for compounding of extempore medicines (except for medicines possessing narcotic and psychotropic effects which are entered in the established list);

- 5) delivery of medicines to customers; and
- 6) other services.

The procedure for rendering of paid pharmaceutical services, rates, procedure for paying and reduced charges shall be established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on the basis of this Law and other legal acts.

# Article 31. Paid Public Health Care Services Paid public health care services shall comprise:

- 1) health training of workers of professions, jobs, branches of production established by the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Lithuania;
- 2) public health monitoring, public health expert examination conducted on the order of interested legal and natural persons;
- 3) preventive vaccination of adults, with the exception of the vaccination carried out in the centers of dangerous infections and for the purpose of treatment;
- 4) disinfection, disinsection, deratization of premises and territories, except for works, carried out in the centers of dangerous and extremely dangerous infections;
- 5) issue and distribution of normative documents of standardization and other publications concerning the matters of public health care;
- 6) drawing up of health programmes on the order of interested legal and natural persons; and
  - 7) other public health care services.

The procedure for rendering of paid public health care services, rates, procedure for paying shall be established by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on basis of this Law and other legal acts.