

**SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION 231.39**

**PROCESSED CEREAL-BASED FOODS AND OTHER  
FOODS FOR INFANTS AND YOUNG CHILDREN  
REGULATIONS**

1st August, 2002

*Legal Notice 207 of 2002.*

**1.** The title of these Regulations is Processed Cereal-based Foods and Other Foods for Infants and Young Children Regulations. Title.

**2.1** These Regulations shall apply to foodstuffs for particular nutritional use fulfilling the particular requirements of infants and young children in good health and which are intended for use by infants while they are being weaned, and by young children as a supplement to their diet and}or for their progressive adaptation to ordinary food. They comprise: Applicability of these regulations.

(a) "Processed cereal-based foods" which are divided into the following four categories:

- (i) simple cereals which are or have to be reconstituted with milk or other appropriate nutritious liquids;
- (ii) cereals with an added high protein food which are or have to be reconstituted with water or other protein-free liquid;
- (iii) pastas which are to be used after cooking in boiling water or other appropriate liquids;
- (iv) rusks and biscuits which are to be used either directly or, after pulverisation, with the addition of water, milk or other suitable liquids.

(b) "Baby foods" other than processed cereal-based foods.

**2.2** These regulations shall not apply to milks intended for young children.

**2.3** For the purposes of these regulations -

- "infants" shall mean children under the age of twelve months,
- "young children" shall mean children aged between 1 and 3 years,
- "pesticide residue" means the residue in processed cereal-based foods and baby foods of a plant protection product, as defined in point 1 of Article 2 of Council Directive 91/414/EEC\*, including its metabolites and products resulting from its degradation or reaction.

\*OJ L230, 19.8.1991, p.1.

Sale of processed cereal-based foods and baby foods for infants and young children.

**3.1** No person shall import, keep or sell any processed cereal-based food or other baby food intended for infants and young children which does not comply with the requirements of these regulations.

Manufacture of processed cereal-based foods and baby foods.

**4.1** Processed cereal-based foods and baby foods shall be manufactured from ingredients whose suitability for particular nutritional use by infants and young children has been established by generally accepted scientific data.

4.2 Processed cereal-based foods shall comply with the compositional criteria specified in the First Schedule.

4.3 Baby foods which are described in the Second Schedule shall comply with the compositional criteria specified therein.

4.4 Only the nutritional substances listed in the Fourth Schedule may be added in the manufacture of processed cereal-based foods and baby foods.

4.5 Processed cereal-based foods and baby foods shall not contain any substance in such quantity as to endanger the health of infants and young children.

4.6 Processed cereal-based foods and baby foods shall not contain residues of individual pesticides at levels exceeding 0.01 mg/kg of the product as proposed ready for consumption or as reconstituted according to the instructions of the manufacturer.

4.7 Analytical methods for determining the levels of pesticide residues shall be generally acceptable standardised methods.

4.8 The maximum limits for vitamins, minerals and trace elements laid down in the Sixth Schedule shall be observed if such vitamins, minerals and trace elements are added to processed cereal-based foods and baby foods intended for infants and young children.

Labelling of processed cereal-based foods and baby foods intended for infants and young children.  
S.L.231.27

**5.1** The labelling of the products concerned shall bear, in addition to the particulars provided for in the Labelling and Presentation of Foodstuffs Regulations, the following mandatory particulars, in Maltese, English or Italian:

- (a) a statement as to the appropriate age from which the product may be used, regard being had to its composition, texture or other particular properties. The stated age shall not be less than four months for any product. Products recommended for use from the age of four months may indicate that they are suitable from that age unless independent persons having qualifications in medicine, nutrition or pharmacy, or other professionals responsible for maternal and child care, advise otherwise;
- (b) information as to the presence or absence of gluten if the indicated age from which the product may be used is below six months;
- (c) the available energy value expressed in kJ and kcal, and the protein, carbohydrate and lipid content, expressed in numerical form, per 100 g or 100 ml of

the product as sold and, where appropriate, per specified quantity of the product as proposed for consumption;

- (d) the average quantity of each mineral substance and of each vitamin governed by a specific level in the First and Second Schedule respectively, expressed in numerical form, per 100 g or 100 ml of the product as sold and, where appropriate, per specified quantity of the product as proposed for consumption;
- (e) instructions for appropriate preparation, when necessary, and a statement as to the importance of following those instructions.

5.2 The labelling may bear:

- (a) the average quantity of the nutrients set out in the Fourth Schedule when such declaration is not covered by the provisions of regulation 5.1(d), expressed in numerical form, per 100 g or 100 ml of the product as sold and, where appropriate, per specified quantity of the product as proposed for consumption;
  - (b) in addition to numerical information, information on vitamins and minerals shown in the Fifth Schedule, expressed as a percentage of the reference values given therein, per 100 g or 100 ml of the product as sold and, where appropriate, per specified quantity of the product as proposed for consumption, provided that the quantities present are at least equal to 15% of the reference values.
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## FIRST SCHEDULE

## Essential Composition of Processed Cereal-Based Foods for Infants and Young Children

The requirements concerning nutrients refer to the products ready for use marketed as such or reconstituted as instructed by the manufacturer.

## 1. Cereal content

Processed cereal-based foods are prepared primarily from one or more milled cereals and/or starchy root products.

The amount of cereal and/or starchy root shall not be less than 25% of the final mixture on a dry weight for weight basis.

## 2. Protein

2.1 For products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(ii) and (a)(iv), the protein content shall not exceed 1.3 g/100 kJ (5.5 g/100 kcal).

2.2 For products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(ii), the added protein shall not be less than 0.48 g/100 kJ (2 g/100 kcal).

2.3 For biscuits mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(iv), made with the addition of a high protein food, and presented as such, the added protein shall not be less than 0.36 g/100 kJ (1.5 g/100 kcal).

2.4 The chemical index of the added protein shall be equal to at least 80% of that of the reference protein (casein as defined in the Third Schedule), or the protein energy ratio (PER) of the protein in the mixture shall be equal to at least 70% of that of the reference protein. In all cases, the addition of amino acids is permitted solely for the purpose of improving the nutritional value of the protein mixture, and only in the proportions necessary for that purpose.

## 3. Carbohydrates

3.1 If sucrose, fructose, glucose, glucose syrups or honey are added to products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(i) and (a)(iv):

- the amount of added carbohydrates from these sources shall not exceed 1.8 g/100 kJ (7.5 g/100 kcal),
- the amount of added fructose shall not exceed 0.9 g/100 kJ (3.75 g/100 kcal).

3.2 If sucrose, fructose, glucose syrups or honey are added to products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(ii):

- the amount of added carbohydrates from these sources shall not exceed 1.2 g/100 kJ (5 g/100 kcal),
- the amount of added fructose shall not exceed 0.6 g/100 kJ (2.5 g/100 kcal).

## 4. Lipids

4.1 For products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(i) and (a)(iv), the lipid content shall not exceed 0.8 g/100 kJ (3.3 g/100 kcal).

4.2 For products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(ii), the lipid

content shall not exceed 1.1 g/100 kJ (4.5 g/100 kcal). If the lipid content exceeds 0.8 g/100 kJ (3.3 g/100 kcal) -

- (a) the amount of lauric acid shall not exceed 15% of the total lipid content;
- (b) the amount of myristic acid shall not exceed 15% of the total lipid content;
- (c) the amount of linoleic acid (in the form of glycerides = linoleates) shall not be less than 70 mg/100 kJ (300 mg/100 kcal) and shall not exceed 285 mg/100 kJ (1,200 mg/100 kcal).

## 5. Minerals

### 5.1 Sodium

- sodium salts may only be added to processed cereal-based foods for technological purposes,

- the sodium content of processed cereal-based foods shall not exceed 25 mg/100 kJ (100 mg/ kcal).

### 5.2 Calcium

5.2.1 For products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(ii), the amount of calcium shall not be less than 20 mg/100 kJ (80 mg/100 kcal).

5.2.2 For products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(iv), manufactured with the addition of milk (milk biscuits) and presented as such, the amount of calcium shall not be less than 12 mg/100 kJ (50 mg/100 kcal).

## 6. Vitamins

6.1 For processed cereal-based foods the amount of thiamin shall not be less than 25 µg/100 kJ (100 µg/100 kcal).

6.2 For products mentioned in regulation 2.1(a)(ii):

	Per 100 kJ		Per 100 kcal	
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Vitamin A (µg RE) <sup>1</sup>	14	43	60	180
Vitamin D (µg) <sup>2</sup>	0.25	0.75	1	3

<sup>1</sup> RE = all trans retinol equivalents

<sup>2</sup> In the form of cholecalciferol, of which 10 µg = 400 i.u. of vitamin D.

These limits are also applicable if vitamins A and D are added to other processed cereal-based foods.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## Essential Composition of Baby Foods for Infants and Young Children

The requirements concerning nutrients refer to the products ready for use, marketed as such or reconstituted as instructed by the manufacturer.

## 1. Protein

1.1 If meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional source of protein are the only ingredients mentioned in the name of the product, then:

- the named meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional protein source, in total shall constitute not less than 40% by weight of the total product,
- each named meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional source of protein shall constitute not less than 25% by weight, of total named protein sources,
- the total protein from the named sources shall not be less than 1.7 g/100 kJ (7 g/100 kcal).

1.2 If meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional source of protein, singularly or in combination, are mentioned first in the name of the product, whether or not the product is presented as a meal, then:

- the named meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional protein source, in total, shall constitute not less than 10% by weight of the total product,
- each named meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional source of protein shall constitute not less than 25% by weight, of total named protein sources,
- the protein from the named sources shall not be less than 1 g/100 kJ (4 g/100 kcal).

1.3 If meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional source of protein, singularly or in combination are mentioned, but not first, in the name of the product, whether or not the product is presented as a meal, then:

- the named meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional protein source, in total, shall constitute not less than 8% by weight of the total product,
- each named meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional source of protein shall constitute not less than 25%, by weight, of total named protein sources,
- the protein from the named sources shall not be less than 0.5 g/100 kJ (2.2 g/ 100 kcal),
- the total protein in the product from all sources shall not be less than 0.7 g/ 100 kJ (3 g/100 kcal).

1.4 If the product is designated on the label as a meal, but does not mention meat, poultry, fish, offal or other traditional source of

protein in the name of the product, then:

- the total protein in the product from all sources shall not be less than 0.7 g/100 kJ (3 g/100 kcal).

1.5 The addition of amino acids is permitted solely for the purpose of improving the nutritional value of the protein present, and only in the proportions necessary for that purpose.

1.6 If cheese is mentioned together with other ingredients in the name of a savoury product, whether or not the product is presented as a meal, then:

- the protein from the dairy sources shall not be less than 0.5 g/100 kJ (2.2 g/100 Kcal)
- the total protein in the product from all sources shall not be less than 0.7 g/100 kJ (3 g/100 Kcal).

1.7 Sauces presented as an accompaniment to a meal are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs 1.1 to 1.4.

1.8 Sweet dishes that mention dairy products as the first or only ingredient in the name shall contain not less than 2.2 g dairy protein/100 kcal. All other sweet dishes are exempt from the requirements of paragraphs 1.1 to 1.4.

## 2. Carbohydrates

The quantities of total carbohydrates present in fruit and vegetable juices and nectars, fruit-only dishes, and desserts or puddings shall not exceed:

- 10 g/100 ml for vegetable juices and drinks based on them,
- 15 g/100 ml for fruit juices and nectars and drinks based on them,
- 20 g/100 g for fruit-only dishes,
- 25 g/100 g for desserts and puddings,
- 5 g/100 g for other non-milk-based drinks.

## 3. Fat

3.1 For products referred to in paragraph 1.1:

If meat or cheese are the only ingredients or are mentioned first in the name of a product, then:

- the total fat in the product from all sources shall not exceed 1.4 g/100 kJ (6 g/100 kcal).

3.2 For all other products:

- the total fat in the product from all sources should not exceed 1.1 g/100 kJ (4.5 g/100 kcal).

## 4. Sodium

4.1 The final sodium content in the product should be either not more than 48 mg/100 kJ (200 mg/100 kcal) or not more than 200 mg per 100 g. However if cheese is the only ingredient mentioned in the name of the product, the final sodium content in the product should not be more than 70 mg/100 kJ (300 mg/100

kcal).

4.2 Sodium salts may not be added to products based on fruits, nor to desserts, puddings except for technological purposes.

5. Vitamins

*Vitamin C*

In a fruit juice, nectar, or vegetable juice the final content of Vitamin C in the product should be either not less than 6 mg/100 kJ (25 mg/100 kcal) or not less than 25 mg per 100 g.

*Vitamin A*

In vegetable juices, the final content of Vitamin A in the product should not be less than 25 µg RE/100 kJ (100 µg RE/100 kcal)\*.

Vitamin A shall not be added to other baby foods.

*Vitamin D*

Vitamin D shall not be added to baby foods.

THIRD SCHEDULE

Amino Acid Composition of Casein

	g per 100 g of protein
Arginine	3.7
Cystine	0.3
Histidine	2.9
Isoleucine	5.4
Leucine	9.5
Lysine	8.1
Methionine	2.8
Phenylalanine	5.2
Threonine	4.7
Tryptophan	1.6
Tyrosine	5.8
Valine	6.7

\*RE = all trans retinol equivalents.

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FOURTH SCHEDULE

Nutritional Substances

1. Vitamins

*Vitamin A*

Retinol

Retinyl acetate

Retinyl palmitate

beta carotene

*Vitamin D*

Vitamin D2 (= ergocalciferol)

Vitamin D3 (= cholecalciferol)

*Vitamin B1*

Thiamin hydrochloride

Thiamin mononitrate

*Vitamin B2*

Riboflavin

Riboflavin-5-phosphate, sodium

*Niacin*

Nicotinamide

Nicotinic acid

*Vitamin B6*

Pyridoxine hydrochloride

Pyridoxine-5-phosphate

Pyridoxine dipalmitate

*Pantothenic acid*

D-pantothenate, calcium

D-pantothenate, sodium

Dexpanthenol

*Folate*

Folic acid

*Vitamin B12*

Cyanocobalamin

Hydroxocobalamin

*Biotin*

D-biotin

*Vitamin C*

L-Ascorbic acid

Sodium L-ascorbate

Calcium L-ascorbate

6-Palmityl-L-ascorbic acid (ascorbyl palmitate)

potassium ascorbate

*Vitamin K*

Phylloquinone (Phytomenadione)

*Vitamin E*

D-alpha tocopherol

DL-alpha tocopherol

D-alpha tocopherol acetate

DL-alpha tocopherol acetate

## 2. Amino acids

L-arginine (and hydrochloride)

L-cystine (and hydrochloride)

L-histidine (and hydrochloride)

L-isoleucine (and hydrochloride)

L-leucine (and hydrochloride)

L-lysine (and hydrochloride)

L-cysteine (and hydrochloride)

L- methionine

L-phenylalanine

L-threonine

L-tryptophan

L-tyrosine

L-valine

3. Others

Choline

Choline chloride

Choline citrate

Choline bitartrate

Inositol

L-Carnitine

L-Carnitine hydrochloride

4. Salts of minerals and trace elements

*Calcium*

Calcium carbonate

Calcium chloride

Calcium salts of citric acid

Calcium gluconate

Calcium glycerophosphate

Calcium lactate

Calcium oxide

Calcium hydroxide

Calcium salts of orthophosphoric acid

*Magnesium*

Magnesium carbonate

Magnesium chloride

Magnesium salts of citric acid

Magnesium gluconate

Magnesium oxide

Magnesium hydroxide

Magnesium salts of orthophosphoric acid

Magnesium sulphate

Magnesium lactate

Magnesium glycerophosphate

*Potassium*

Potassium chloride

Potassium salts of citric acid

Potassium gluconate  
Potassium lactate  
Potassium glycerophosphate

*Iron*

Ferrous citrate  
Ferric ammonium citrate  
Ferrous gluconate  
Ferrous lactate  
Ferrous sulphate  
Ferrous fumarate  
Ferric diphosphate (ferric pyrophosphate)  
Elemental iron (carbonyl + electrolytic + hydrogen-reduced)  
Ferric saccharate  
Sodium ferric diphosphate  
Ferrous carbonate

*Copper*

Copper-lysine complex  
Cupric carbonate  
Cupric citrate  
Cupric gluconate  
Cupric sulphate

*Zinc*

Zinc acetate  
Zinc citrate  
Zinc lactate  
Zinc sulphate  
Zinc oxide  
Zinc gluconate

*Manganese*

Manganese carbonate  
Manganese chloride  
Manganese citrate  
Manganese gluconate

Manganese sulphate  
Manganese glycerophosphate

*Iodine*

Sodium iodide  
Potassium iodide  
Potassium iodate  
Sodium iodate

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FIFTH SCHEDULE

Reference Values for Nutrition Labelling for Foods intended for  
Infants and Young Children

Nutrient	Labelling Reference Value
Vitamin A	(µg) 400
Vitamin D	(µg) 10
Vitamin C	(mg) 25
Thiamin	(mg) 0.5
Riboflavin	(mg) 0.8
Niacin equivalents	(mg) 9
Vitamin B6	(mg) 0.7
Folate	(µg) 100
Vitamin B 12	(µg) 0.7
Calcium	(mg) 400
Iron	(mg) 6
Zinc	(mg) 4
Iodine	(µg) 70
Selenium	(µg) 10
Copper	(mg) 0.4

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## SIXTH SCHEDULE

Maximum Limits for Vitamins, Minerals and Trace Elements, if added, in Processed Cereal-based Foods and Baby Foods intended for Infants and Young Children

The requirements concerning nutrients refer to the products ready for use, marketed as such or reconstituted as instructed by the manufacturer, except for potassium and calcium for which the requirements refer to the product as sold.

Nutrient	Maximum per 100 kcal
Vitamin A (µg) RE	180 <sup>1</sup>
Vitamin E (mg a-TE)	3
Vitamin C (mg)	12.5/25 <sup>2</sup> /125 <sup>3</sup>
Thiamin (mg)	0.25/0.5 <sup>4</sup>
Riboflavin (mg)	0.4
Niacin (mg NE)	4.5
Vitamin B6 (mg)	0.35
Folic acid (µg)	50
Vitamin B 12 (mg)	0.35
Pantothenic acid (mg)	1.5
Biotin (µg)	10
Potassium (mg)	160
Calcium (mg)	80/160 <sup>5</sup> /100 <sup>6</sup>
Magnesium (mg)	40
Iron (mg)	3
Zinc (mg)	2
Copper (µg)	40
Iodine (µg)	35
Manganese (mg)	0.6

1 In accordance with the provisions of the First and Second Schedules.

2 Limit applicable to fruit based dishes and for products fortified with iron.

3 Limit applicable to fruit juices, nectars and vegetable juices.

4 Limit applicable to processed cereal-based foods.

5 Limit applicable to products mentioned in regulation 2.1 (a) (ii).

6 Limit applicable to products mentioned in regulation 2.1 (a) (iv).