Turkmenistan 2008 (rev. 2016)

Preamble Show more

Right to self determination Show more

PREAMBLE

We, the people of Turkmenistan, based on our inalienable right to determine our destiny;

Proceeding from the responsibility for present and future of the Motherland;

Expressing loyalty to the covenant of ancestors to live in unity, peace and harmony and commitment to universal human values;

With the aim of protecting the national values and interests, strengthening the independence, sovereignty, the status of permanent neutrality of Turkmenistan recognized by the international community;

Guaranteeing the rights and freedoms of each person and citizen, and seeking to ensure civil tranquility and unity in the society, to substantiate the basis of democracy and democratic, legal, secular state,

Type of government envisioned Show more

we adopt the present Constitution – the Basic Law of Turkmenistan.

SECTION I. FUNDAMENTALS OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL SYSTEM OF TURKMENISTAN

Turkmenistan shall be a democratic, legal and secular state in which the government shall take the form of presidential republic.

Turkmenistan shall exercise the complete power and authority on its territory, and shall independently pursue the national

International organizations

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
-	TOPICS		STORIES	ES	•

The State shall protect the independence, territorial integrity, and constitutional system of Turkmenistan, and ensure law and order.

S Article 2

Turkmenistan, has the status of permanent neutrality recognized by the international community and fixed in accordance with law.

The United Nations through the General Assembly Resolutions "Permanent Neutrality of Turkmenistan" dated 12 December 1995 and 3 June 2015: Recognizes and supports the proclaimed status of permanent neutrality of Turkmenistan; Calls upon the member states of the United Nations to respect and support this status of Turkmenistan and also to respect its independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity.

Right to development of personality Show more

Claim of executive

independence Show more

The permanent neutrality of Turkmenistan, shall be the basis of its national and foreign policy.

P Article 3

Sovereignty is exercised by the people of Turkmenistan, the people are the sole source of the state power. The people of Turkmenistan shall exercise their power directly or through representative bodies.

No part (group) of the people, organization or individuals, shall have the right to arrogate to themselves the state power.

S Article 4

In Turkmenistan, the people shall be the highest value of the society and the state. Protection, support and service to people shall be the main goals of state authorities.

The state shall be responsible for every citizen and shall create conditions for free development of an individual, protect the life, honour, dignity and freedom, personal inviolability, natural and inalienable rights of a citizen.

Constitutionality of

CONST TUTE CONSTITU	OITI	S COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN	
TOPICS State operation of the media		Constitution and ia	STORIES	ES	•	
	9	Article 5				
		Turkmenistan is a st	tate ensuring so	cial security of e	each person.	
	6	Article 6				
		State power in Turk executive and judici independently, bala	al branches, the	y shall operate	legislative,	
Customary international law	\mathscr{O}	Article 7				
Show more Requirements for birthright citizenship Show more		Local self-governments competence. Local part of the state aut	ent shall be inde al self-governm	pendent within ent bodies shall	the limits of	
	6	Article 8				
Extradition procedure Show more		The rule of law shall be established in Turkmenistan.				
		The state and all of and constitutional c		ficials shall be li	inked by law	
Protection of stateless persons Show more		The Constitution of state. Rules and reg unswervingly applic contradict the Cons	ulations laid dov	wn in it shall be and other legal a		
Customary international law Right to own property		The normative lega media or made publ The normative lega person and a citizer the time of their add	ic through other I acts affecting t I, if not made pu	r means, stipula he rights and fre	ted by law. eedoms of a	
Provisions for intellectual	9	Article 9				
property		Turkmenistan, being shall adhere in its for neutrality, non-inte countries, refrain fr military blocs and a	oreign policy to to rference in the i om the use of fo	the principles of nternal affairs or orce and particip	permanent of other oation in	

5/2024 16:29	Turkmenistan 200	8 (rev. 2016) Constitution	n - Constitute	
CONST TUTE CONSTITUTION	ONS COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
TOPICS		STORIES	ES	0
Protection from expropriation	Turkmenistan shal accepted norms of		•	versally
હ	P Article 10			^
Ownership of natural	Turkmenistan has			ip shall be

Ownership of natural resources

Citizenship of another state shall not be recognized for the citizens of Turkmenistan.

Right to culture

Integration of ethnic communities Show more

Reference to science Show more

No one shall be deprived of citizenship or the right to change citizenship. A citizen of Turkmenistan shall not be extradited to another state or expelled from the limits of Turkmenistan, or restricted in the right to return to the homeland.

The citizens of Turkmenistan shall be guaranteed the protection and patronage of the state on the territory of Turkmenistan and beyond its borders.

S Article 11

Right to enjoy the benefits of science Show more

Foreign nationals and stateless persons shall enjoy the rights and freedoms, and bear the responsibilities as the citizens of Turkmenistan in accordance with law and international treaties of Turkmenistan.

Turkmenistan, in accordance with universally recognized norms of international law and in the manner prescribed by law shall give refuge to foreign citizens and stateless persons.

S Article 12

The property shall be inviolable. Turkmenistan shall recognize the right to private ownership of the land, means of production, and other material and intellectual values. They may also belong to the associations of citizens and the state. The law shall establish the objects that shall be exclusive property of the state.

The state shall guarantee equal protection of all forms of ownership and create equal conditions for their development.

Freedom of religion Show more

CONST TUTE CONSTITU	TIO	NS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR ES	LOG IN			
		Forced confiscation cases stipulated l	ion of property sha by law.	ll be permissible	e only in			
	9	Article 13						
Official or national languages Show more		individual and the	gulate economic a e society, and shall the benefit of the v	ensure sustaina				
National flag	9	Article 14						
Show more		natural wealth sh	resources, flora an nall be the national state and subject t	wealth of Turkr				
	6	Article 15	Article 15					
		historical, cultura	e responsible for sa al and natural herit v between social ar	age, natural env	vironment,			
National capital			ncourage scientific, stribution of its pos		rtistic			
		•	omote developme e fields of culture,					
Customary international law Show more	S	Article 16						
		The state shall promote development of science and technology as well as support of international co-operation in these areas.						
Inalienable rights			cal policy of the sta ciety and each pers	•	ued for the			
		•	omote introductio	•	activities of			
	G	Article 17						
		Political diversity Turkmenistan.	and multi-party sy	ystem shall be r	ecognized in			

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTE TOPICS	JTIO	NS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR ES	LOG IN		
Equality regardless of	6	Article 18					
financial status Show more		The state shall guarantee freedom of religion and belief, and equality before the law. Religious organizations shall be separate from the state, their interference in the state affair and carrying out the state functions shall be prohibited.					
Equality regardless of gender		The public educati organizations and	•	e separate from	n religious		
	6	Article 19					
		An ideology of poli					
	6	Article 20					
Human dignity		In order to protect Turkmenistan shal		,	ity,		
Right to protect one's	G	Article 21					
reputation		Turkmen language shall be the state language of Turkmenistar. The use of their native language shall be guaranteed to all citizens of Turkmenistan.					
Right to life	6	Article 22					
Prohibition of capital punishment		The symbols of Turn State Flag, the State description of the use shall be established	te Emblem, and th state symbols and	ne National Ant	hem. The		
Principle of no punishment without law	9	Article 23					
Prohibition of torture Show more Protection from unjustified		The territory of Tu (provinces), Etraps administrative-ter	s (districts), cities ritorial units. Pro	and towns and cedures for esta	other ablishment		
restraint		and change of adm determined by law		toriai units sna	ii be		
	6	Article 24					

Ashgabat shall be the capital of Turkmenistan.

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTION TOPICS	ONS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN			
	6 Article 25	STORIES	23				
	Rights and freedor shall be recognized recognized norms by this Constitution	d in accordance wi of international la	th the universa	ally			
Duinninko of no nuniskasant	P Article 26						
Principle of no punishment without law Show more Prohibition of double	The rights and free inalienable.	The rights and freedoms of an individual shall be inviolable and inalienable.					
jeopardy Telecommunications	_	No one has the right to restrict the rights and freedoms of individuals, except in accordance with the Constitution and laws.					
Show more	and freedoms of p	The enumeration in the Constitution and laws of certain rights and freedoms of people and citizens shall not be used to deny or diminish their other rights and freedoms.					
ර	P Article 27						
Right to privacy Right to information	applicable. They sl	s, activity of legisla	ning, content a tive and execu	nd tive			
ර Freedom of movement	P Article 28						
rreedoni oi movement	freedoms of a pers person and a citize nationality, skin co	all guarantee the equality of rights and rson and a citizen, and also the equality of a zen before the law regardless of their colour, gender, origin, property and official esidence, language, religion, political beliefs, astances.					
ර	P Article 29						
Right to found a family Show more Provision for matrimonial equality	Men and women in		-				
Show more Rights or duties of parents	Violation of equal according to the la	,	gender shall be	punishable			

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTE TOPICS	JTIO	NS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN		
Rights or duties of parents		and freedoms of other	ers, as well as th	e requirement	ts of		
State support for children Show more		morality, law, public of security.	order, [or] cause	damage to na	tional		
Freedom of religion	S	Article 31					
		Everyone shall have t dignity.	Everyone shall have the right to protection of honour and dignity.				
		Nothing shall justify I	numiliation of th	ne dignity of a	n individual.		
Freedom of opinion/thought/conscience	G	Article 32					
Show more		Each individual has the of this right. No one of right of each person to on the basis of law.	can be deprived	of the right to	life. The		
Right to information		The death penalty has been abolished in Turkmenistan.					
	9	Article 33					
Freedom of assembly		A person cannot be caccordance with law.	•	ished, except	in strict		
		No one shall be subje degrading treatment to medicinal, scientifi	or punishment,	and without t			
Right to form political parties		A person can be arres	sted by the cour	rt only on the g	grounds		
Prohibited political parties		precisely specified by law or with the approval of the prosecutor. In urgent cases, precisely specified by law, the st authorities shall have the right to detain the citizens temporarily.					
	9	Article 34					
		An individual shall be of an offence by him/procedure prescribed conviction.	her is proved in	accordance w	vith the		

No one shall be obliged to prove his/her innocence.

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTORICS	ITIO	NS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN
	9	Article 35	0.011.20		
Right to establish a business		Everyone shall have inviolability. A person may be subfound guilty and conby law.	oject to criminal	punishment or	nly if he is
Right to own property Show more	S	Article 36			
		No one can be subject convicted for the sar	-	riminal prosecu	ution and
	9	Article 37			
Right to choose occupation Show more		Everyone shall have family secrets and the in their privacy, as we of correspondence, to communication,.	neir protection f	rom arbitrary i	nterference
Prohibition of slavery Show more	S	Article 38			
Right to reasonable standard of living		Collection, storage a private life of an indi			
Right to rest and leisure		permitted.			
		Public authorities ar officials shall be oblig the documents and r freedoms, unless oth	ged to get each materials direct	individual fami ly related to his	liarized with
Right to shelter	S	Article 39			
		Every citizen shall hat their place of residen		•	d choose
Regulation of evidence collection Show more		Restrictions on entry within those territor	•		novement
	6	Article 40			

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTION TOPICS	ONS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN		
	Men and women have have the right, by mu Spouses shall have e	itual consent, to r	marry and start			
Protection of environment	Parents and substitution to raise the development, educate them the culture of raditions.	e children, care fo tion, prepare ther	or their health, m for work, and	d impart to		
Ownership of natural resources	Adult children shall be to extend help (supp	_	care of their p	arents and		
State support for the elderly	The state creates the and freedoms of the comprehensive deve	youth and for pro		he rights		
Show more ර	Article 41					
State support for children	Each person shall independently determine his/her attitude toward religion, shall have the right to, individually or jointly with others, profess any religion or none, to express and disseminate beliefs related to attitude toward religion, to participate in religious observances, rituals, and ceremonies.					
్ర Free education	Article 42					
Show more Access to higher education	Everyone shall be guexpression. No one sto freely express his/dissemination in accordance.	hall have the righ her opinion as we	t to prohibit ar ell as prevent it	n individual		
	No one can be forced renounce them.	d to express his/h	er opinion or b	elief, or		
Right to culture Show more Provisions for intellectual property	Everyone shall have to receive and disser by law, if it is not a st	ninate informatio	on in ways not p	orohibited		
S.	Article 43					
	Citizens shall be gua	ranteed freedom	of assembly, ra	ıllies and		

demonstrations and other mass events in the manner

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTE TOPICS	JTIO	NS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AF	LOG IN
Duty to serve in the military		Citizens shall have public associations Constitution and la			
Duty to pay taxes		The establishment public associations constitutional order opposing the constradvocating war, have religious hatred, empeople, as well as the attributes shall be	, aimed at bringiner, introducing vice itutional rights and tred on the basis acroaching on the he political parties.	ng violent clolence in the nd freedom of colour, no health and	hange to the eir activity, as of citizens, ational or I morality of the
Right to protect one's		atti ibates siiali be	prombited		
reputation Show more	9	Article 45			
Ultra-vires administrative		Citizens of Turkme managing the affair through their freely	rs of the society a	and state, e	
actions	9	Article 46			
		Citizens of Turkme elected to the bodi governments.			
Protection from self- incrimination Regulation of evidence collection		Citizens of Turkme professional trainir service.			
Right to counsel		Citizens of Turkme administration of ju		the right to	participate in
	G	Article 47			
Principle of no punishment without law Show more		Everyone shall have property for entrepis not prohibited by	oreneurial and ot	,	
	G	Article 48			
Emergency provisions		The right to private	e property shall b	e protected	d by law.

2024 10.29		Turkmenistan 2006 (16	ev. 2010) Constitution	on - Constitute	=			
CONST TUTE CONSTITUTE TOPICS	TION	S COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN ES	AR	LOG IN		
		The inheritance right	shall be guar	anteed.				
	9	Article 49						
		Citizens shall have the right to work, choice of profession, sort of employment and place of work at their own discretion, to safe and healthy working conditions.						
		Forced labour and the prohibited.	e worst forms	of child I	abour sha	ıll be		
		Wage earners shall be entitled to compensation, appropriate to amount and quality of work. The size of this compensation shall not be less than the minimum wage established by the state.						
Name/structure of executive(s)	9	Article 50						
Show more		Citizens shall have the right to rest, as expressed in establishment of limits of work week, grant of annual pholidays, and days of weekly rest.						
Minimum age of head of state Show more		The state shall create use of leisure time.	enabling env	vironment	for recre	ation and		
	9	Article 51						
Head of state selection		Every citizen shall have the right to living accommodation a support of the state in obtaining or acquiring a comfortable living accommodation, and construction of individual hous. The home shall be inviolable. No one shall have the right to enter a home or otherwise violate the sanctity of the home against the wishes of people living there, without any legal grounds. An individual shall have the right to protect his/he home against assault (encroachment).						
Head of state term length Head of state powers								
·		No one can be deprived of their living accommodation except on the grounds established by law.						
	6	Article 52						
International organizations Show more		Every citizen shall ha	ve the right to	o healthca	are, includ	ing free		

use of the services of public health institutions.

CONST TUTE CONSTITUT	TIO	NS COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
TOPICS		Idvv.	STORIES	ES	0
Designation of commander in	G	Article 53			
chief Selection of active-duty		Everyone shall have and health, credible damage caused to henvironmental law	e information on nealth and prope	its state, compe erty as a result of	nsation of
Advisory bodies to the head of state Economic plans		The state shall cont order to protect and as conservation of t	rol the rational d improve healt	use of natural res	
Budget bills		Everyone shall be of the environment ar			od care of
	S	Article 54			
Approval or veto of general legislation Show more		Citizens shall have sickness, disability, unemployment and	loss of ability to	work, loss of bre	eadwinner,
Legislative oversight of the executive		Young families, fam veterans, people wh state or public inter and benefits from s	no lost their hea rests, shall be pr	lth while protect ovided additiona	ing the
Electoral commission	9	Article 55			
Electoral commission		Every citizen shall h	nave the right to	education.	
Extraordinary legislative sessions		General secondary shall be entitled to free of charge.			,
		The state shall ensue each person accord	•		cation for
Ombudsman Show more		On the basis and in governmental and r shall have the right	non-governmen	tal organizations	, citizens
		Mandatory state educational institut		lards are set for a	all

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTE TOPICS	ITIONS COUNTRIES	S DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN
Emergency provisions Head of state decree power	creativity. All ri area of scientif	freedom of artistic, so ights (copyrights) and ic, technical, creative ies shall be protected	l interests of cit , artistic, literar	izens in the
		contribute to the dev llk arts, sports and to	•	ience,
	Ø Article 57			
Head of state immunity	Turkmenistan, the laws of Turl	g or staying temporar shall be obliged to ab kmenistan, and respe al and natural heritag	ide by the Cons	titution and
	Ø Article 58			
		urkmenistan shall be Il conscription shall be menistan.		
Head of state removal	Ø Article 59			
	•	be required to pay ta d extent established b	-	ayments in
Referenda	Ø Article 60			
	•	be guaranteed judiciand freedoms as stipu	-	
	decisions and a	have the right to apportions of the state bo rnments and officials.	odies, public ass	
	Ø Article 61			
Head of state replacement	material and m	ave the right to seek oral damage caused t ther organizations an riduals.	to them by illega	al actions of

Ø Article 62

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTOPICS	TION	S COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR ES	LOG IN	
		Evidence obtained well as through oth				
	8	Article 63				
Structure of legislative chamber(s)		For each individual legal assistance. Th charge in cases stip	e legal assistance	_		
6	S .	Article 64				
Size of first chamber Show more Dismissal of the legislature		A law, aggravating retroactive. No one the time of their co	e shall be held res	sponsible for act	ions that, at	
Distillissal of the legislature	6	Article 65				
Referenda	:	The implementation stipulated by this Commergency or martestablished by the	Constitution may	be limited only i er and within th	n a state of	
	_	SECTION III. SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT AND ADMINISTRATION BODIES IN TURKMENISTAN				
	6	CHAPTER I. GENER	RAL PROVISIONS	ı		
Leader of first chamber	8	Article 66				
Show more	:	The highest state a shall be exercised b (Parliament) of Tur Turkmenistan, and	by the President of kmenistan, the C	of Turkmenistan abinet of Minist	, the Mejlis ers of	
	8	Article 67				
Constitution amendment procedure Show more	(State powers are exexecutive bodies in and laws of Turkme	a manner prescr	•		
	6	CHAPTER II. PRESI	DENT OF TURKN	MENISTAN		
Budget bills	S.	Article 68				

CONST TUTE CONSTITU	TIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN ES	AR	LOG IN
Referenda	pe cc	ermanent neutral ompliance with th	ity of Turkmenist e Constitution, right and fulfillment o	penueni an, its te ghts and	erritorial d freedon	integrity, ns of
Cabinet selection	S AI	rticle 69				
Show more	th liv	A citizen of Turkmenistan, born in Turkmenistan, not younger than 40 years, who speaks the national language, has been living and working constantly in Turkmenistan for the past 15 years, can be elected as President of Turkmenistan.				
	S AI	rticle 70				
Constitutional interpretation	ре		urkmenistan shall istan for a period ng the oath.			
International law Show more		-	electing the Presi office shall be dete			istan and
	S AI	rticle 71				
	Tł	ne President of Tu	ırkmenistan shall			
		1. implement th	e Constitution ar	ıd laws;		
Head of state decree power		Turkmenistar and signs inte ambassadors Turkmenistar international	e execution of fore in relations with ernational treaties and other diplom in to foreign count organizations, ac all of diplomatic r	other n s, appoin natic rep ries, wit	nations, n nt and dis presentat th interst ne creder	egotiates smiss tives of cate and ntials and
Supreme court powers		3. form the App Turkmenistar	aratus [Office] of n;	the Pre	sident of	:
Show more Legislative oversight of the executive		Turkmenistar	me Commander on, shall issue orde thei military [read,	rs for ge	eneral or	partial

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTIONS TOPICS	COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN		
	Forces, other	forces and milita	ry units of Tur	kmenistan;		
	7. form and pres	side over the Nat n;	ional Security	Council of		
Immunity of legislators Show more	and the progr	areas of nationa amme of the poli	tical, economic			
	9. submit for consideration and approval of the Mejlis of Turkmenistan the state budget of Turkmenistan and report on performance of the budget;					
Subsidiary unit government Show more	10. sign the laws, in case of disagreement shall be entitled to no later than two weeks, using the right of suspensive veto, return the law with his/her objections to the parliament for a second hearing and vote. If the parliament, with at least two-thirds of the total number of deputies, confirms its decision taken earlier, the President of Turkmenistan shall sign the law. The President of Turkmenistan shall not have the right of suspensive veto in relation to the laws on adoption of the Constitution and introduction of changes and amendments in it;					
	11. address the people and the Mejlis of Turkmenistan with annual statements on the state of affairs of the country, basic areas of national and foreign policy of the state;					
Legislative committees		tral Commission Turkmenistan, m				
Legislative committees	_	edate of referend arly session of the		ne right to		
Establishment of cabinet/ministers	Turkmenistar	s related to grant n, reinstatement of from citizenship,	of citizenship a	nd		
	15. award state a	wards of Turkme	nistan and gra	nt military		

and other special state titles;

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTE TOPICS	ITIONS		DATA STORIES Enter all OF Turking es of Turkmenist	·			
			rkmenistan, the dsman] of Turkr		r for Human		
		17. submit a propo election of Au in Turkmenista	thorized Repres				
		18. grant pardon a	and amnesty;				
Head of state decree power		19. order a state o	of emergency ar	nd martial law;			
Powers of cabinet		20. address other Constitution a		d to his compe	tence by the		
	& Ar	ticle 72					
		ne President of Tui nd orders, binding					
	& Ar	ticle 73					
Economic plans		ne President of Tun nember] of the Me			puty		
Leonomie plans	S Ar	ticle 74					
		The President of Turkmenistan shall have the right to immunity. His honour and dignity shall be protected by law.					
Protection of environment		aintenance, attend orkmenistan and h		,			
Trotteetion of environment	& Ar	ticle 75					
	fro du an	ne President of Tur om his/her duty in Ities because of ill I independent med e President of Tur	case of his/her ness. The Mejlis dical board set b	inability to ful s, on the recom by it, may decid	fill his/her nmendation of de to release		

shall be taken by at least two-third vote of the total members of

the Mejlis.

CONST TUTE CONSTITUT	TIO	NS COUNTRIES	DATA		AR	LOG IN
TOPICS		confidence motion can than two-thirds of the decision of no-confide three-fourth of the es Turkmenistan. The qu Turkmenistan from th referendum.	n be considered and total members of ence motion shall tablished members estion for removal	t the f the be ac rs of al of t	request of Mejlis. The dopted by the Mejlis the Preside	f no less e at least
	9	Article 76				
Structure of the courts		The President of Turk transfer his/her powe except for powers stip of the Constitution, w Chairperson of the Me	rs to other public oulated by paragra hich may be trans	auth aphs	orities or 2, 15, 18, a	officials
Judicial independence		If the President of Turunable to perform his, new President, the dushall be assigned to the Turkmenistan. Election this case, shall be held transfer of powers to Turkmenistan.	/her duties, pendi ties of the Preside e Chairperson of n of the President I no later than 60	ng thent o the N t of T days	ne election of Turkmer Mejlis of Turkmenist from the o	of the nistan tan, in day of
Supreme/ordinary court judge removal Show more		A person temporarily not be nominated as a				stan, shall
		No changes in the Corduring this period.	nstitution of Turkr	neni	stan shall	be made
	6	CHAPTER III. MEJLIS	OF TURKMENIST	AN		
	6	Article 77				
		The Mejlis (Parliamen representative body, e				ty.
	9	Article 78				
Right to public trial		The Mejlis shall consist constituencies with approximately	•			oters, for

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CONST TUTE CONSTITUT	TIONS COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
TOPICS		STORIES	ES	0
accused	The Mejlis shall be cases:	dissolved prema	turely in the foll	owing
	1. on the basis o	f a decision thro	ough national ref	erendum;
Right to appeal judicial decisions	less than two		the Mejlis, acce es of the total nu ssolution).	
	Mejlis office b		stan in case the ferson, deputy chamonths.	
	Ø Article 80			
Right to counsel	The Mejlis shall ind			

deputies, shall elect from among the deputies, the Chairperson of the Mejlis, his deputy, shall form committees and commissions.

The deputies of the Mejlis of the previous convocation shall remain in office until the first session of the Mejlis of the new convocation.

Municipal government Show more

S Article 81

The Mejlis shall:

- **1.** Adopt the Constitution, enact laws, make amendments and changes to the Constitution and laws, monitor their performance and their interpretation;
- **2.** Consider the approval of the programme of activities of the Cabinet of Ministers;
- **3.** Examine the issues related to approval of the state budget of Turkmenistan and report on its implementation;
- 4. Consider the basic areas of national and foreign policy and programmes of political, economic social and cultural development of the country;

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
•	TOPICS		STORIES	ES	?

Turkmenistan, deputies of the Mejlis, members of Halk maslahaty and the Gengeshes.

- 7. Consider the recommendations of the President of Turkmenistan on the issues related to the appointment and dismissal of the Chairperson of the Supreme Court of Turkmenistan, the Prosecutor General of Turkmenistan, the Minister of Internal Affairs of Turkmenistan, the Minister of Adalat [Justice] of Turkmenistan, the Ombudsman in Turkmenistan;
- 8. Upon proposal of the President of Turkmenistan, establish state awards, awards state decorations to the President of Turkmenistan, assign him/her the military and other ranks;
- 9. Determine conformity to or divergence from the Constitution and the normative legal acts by the state authorities and administration;
- 10. Ratify and denounce international treaties;
- **11.** Consider issues related to change of state borders and administrative territorial division of Turkmenistan;
- **12.** Examine the issues related to peace and security;
- **13.** Address other issues within the competence of the Mejlis under the Constitution and laws.

S Article 82

The Mejlis may transfer the right to issue laws on certain matters to the President of Turkmenistan, with subsequent consideration by the Mejlis of their approval.

The Mejlis may not transfer to anyone the right to legislate on:

- 1. adoption and amendments in the Constitution;
- 2. criminal and administrative law;
- 3. legal proceedings.

Municipal government

/2024 16:29	Turkmenistan 2008	(rev. 2016) Constitution -	Constitute	
CONST TUTE CONSTITUTION TOPICS	NS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN
	Turkmenistan, the c Cabinet of Minister of Turkmenistan.	•	-	
S	Article 84			
	A deputy of the Mej and written question and heads of others	ons, to the Cabine		
P	Article 85			
	The state shall guar creation of enabling implementation of t freedoms, life, hono	g environment for their powers, pro	r smooth and eff tection of their	fective rights and
G	Article 86			
Restrictions on voting	A deputy shall be de only by the Mejlis. T third vote of the tot	The decision shall	be taken by at l	•
Claim of universal suffrage Show more	A deputy shall not be liable, detained, or consent of the Mejl	otherwise deprive		
S	Article 87			
Eligibility for first chamber	A deputy of the Mej Cabinet member, H judge, and prosecut	yakim (governor)	·	•
Show more &	Article 88			
	The Chairperson of He shall report to the post by a decision of majority of the total	ne Mejlis and shal of the Mejlis, voted	Il be relieved of d by at least two	his/her
First chamber selection Show more	Vice Chairperson of shall perform function act as Chairperson of the shall perform function of the shall perform functions o	ions on behalf of	the Chairpersor	n, and shall
Secret ballot	Chairperson or his i	-		

CONST TUTE CONSTITU	ΙΟΙΤΙ	NS COUNTRIES	DATA STORIES	EN AR	LOG IN		
		of activity of the Mejlis of Turkmenistan.					
Referenda			all consist of the Ch deputy, chairperso		_		
	9	Article 90					
Referenda		•	the activity of the N deputies, their fund v.	-			
	G	CHAPTER IV. CAB	SINET OF MINISTER	S OF TURKM	ENISTAN		
Municipal government	9	Article 91					
Referenda		be the executive a	inisters (Governme and administrative b II be the Chairperso	oody. The Pres	sident of		
	9	Article 92					
Referenda Show more		Chairperson of the President of Turk	inisters shall consis e Cabinet of Minist menistan may bring ers other persons, v executive power.	ers and minist g in the compo	ters. The osition of the		
Attorney general		Turkmenistan wit	inisters shall be for hin one month of hi efore the newly ele	is/her entering	g office and		
	9	Article 93					
		President of Turk	he Cabinet of Minis menistan, or upon h iirperson of the Cab	nis/her instruc	ction by one		
			inisters within its co	•	all approve		
	9	Article 94					

The Cabinet of Ministers shall:

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
	TOPICS		STORIES	ES	•
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2. carry out measures to ensure and protect the rights and freedoms of citizens, protection of property rights and

maintaining public order, national security;

- 3. develop and submit for the consideration of the Mejlis proposals on basic areas of the national and foreign policy of the state, programmes of political, economic, social and cultural development of the country;
- **4.** carry out the state management of economic, social and cultural development;
- **5.** organize management of public enterprises, institutions and organizations;
- **6.** ensure rational use and conservation of natural resources;
- **7.** take measures to strengthen monetary and credit system;
- **8.** form, as appropriate, committees, senior management and other departments under the Cabinet of Ministers;
- 9. carry out foreign economic activities; ensure development of cultural and other relations with foreign states;
- 10. lead the activities of the government agencies, state enterprises and organizations; have the right to revoke the legal acts of ministries and departments and the bodies of local executive authority;
- **11.** address other issues referred to its competence by the Constitution, laws and other normative legal acts of Turkmenistan.

Central bank

S Article 95

The powers of the Cabinet of Ministers, the procedure of its activity, and its relations with other state bodies shall be specified by law.

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
-	TOPICS		STORIES	ES	?

The judicial power in Turkmenistan shall belong solely to the courts.

The judicial power shall be aimed to guard the citizens' rights and freedoms, state and public interests protected under the laws.

S Article 97

The judicial power shall be exercised by the Supreme Court of Turkmenistan and other courts, stipulated by law.

The establishment of emergency courts and other entities, empowered as court, shall not be allowed.

Unamendable provisions

Ø Article 98

Judges shall be independent; they shall be subject only to the Constitution and law. Interference in the work of judges, by whichever side, shall be unacceptable and punishable by law.

Constitution amendment procedure Show more

S Article 99

The immunity of judges shall be guaranteed by law.

Judges shall be appointed and dismissed by the President of Turkmenistan. The procedure of appointment of judges and their dismissal, shall be determined by law.

S Article 101

Judges shall not hold any other paid post, except for teaching and research activities.

Cases in the court shall be dealt with collectively [bench], and in cases stipulated by law, by a single judge.

S Article 103

The trials shall be held in open court. Hearing in closed session shall be permitted only in cases specified by law, in compliance

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
	TOPICS		STORIES	ES	?

competition of parties.

S Article 104

Judicial proceedings shall be conducted in the state language. Those involved in the case and not speaking the language of the proceedings, shall have the right to get familiar with the case material and the judicial proceedings through an interpreter, as well as the right to speak in the court in their native language.

€ Article 105

The parties have the right to appeal the decisions, sentences and other verdicts of the courts of Turkmenistan.

P Article 106

Decisions, verdicts and other resolutions of the court shall be binding on the territory of Turkmenistan.

S Article 107

The right to professional legal assistance shall be guaranteed at any stage of the legal proceedings.

The legal aid to citizens and organizations shall be rendered by lawyers, and other physical persons and legal entities entitled to render such aid.

S Article 108

The competence, formation and procedures of the court shall be defined by law.

ℰ CHAPTER VI. LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

In the provinces, districts and cities, local representative bodies – Halk maslahaty (people's council) shall be established in the manner prescribed by law. Members of Halk maslahaty shall be elected by citizens of Turkmenistan residing in the respective administrative - territorial units.

S Article 110

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
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programmes of economic, social and cultural development;

- 2. approve the local budget and report on its performance;
- **3.** contribute in law enforcement and maintaining public order, protection of rights and legal interests of citizens;
- **4.** hear reports from heads of local executive bodies on the implemented activities in the areas of economic, social and cultural development of the territory;
- **5.** deal with other issues assigned by Turkmenistan law to the competition of Halk maslahaty.

Resolutions adopted by Halk maslahaty shall be binding within their respective territory.

Functions, powers and operational procedure of Halk maslahaty, their members shall be specified by law.

S Article 111

Executive power on the ground shall be exercised through: in welayats - hyakims (governors) of welayats, in etraps (disctricts) -hyakims of etraps, in towns and cities - hyakims of towns and cities.

S Article 112

Hyakims shall be appointed and dismissed by the President of Turkmenistan and accountable to him.

∂ Article 113

Hyakims ensure execution of the Constitution and laws of Turkmenistan, acts of the President of Turkmenistan, the Cabinet of Ministers, and resolutions of the Mejlis of Turkmenistan.

Hyakims, within the limits of their competence, shall take binding decisions to be implemented on their subordinated territory.

CONST TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
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specified by law.

SECTION IV. LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT

S Article 115

Local self-government systems consist of Gengeshes and bodies of territorial public self-government. Gengeshes are representative bodies whose Members shall be elected by citizens of Turkmenistan residing in the respective administrative - territorial units.

€ Article 116

The Gengeshes in the respective territory shall:

- **1.** determine the basic areas of economic, social and cultural development;
- **2.** draw up and approve the budget and report on its performance;
- **3.** set local taxes and fees, and their treatment (administration);
- 4. manage property, which they own;
- **5.** define measures for rational use of natural resources and environmental protection;
- 6. contribute to maintaining public order;
- **7.** deal with other issues assigned by law to the competence of the Gengesh.

The decisions taken by the Gengeshes within the limits of their competence shall be binding in their respective territory.

The law may confer certain state powers to the Gengeshes earmarking necessary material and financial means for their realization. Realization of the delegated powers shall be supervised by the state.

∂ Article 117

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
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SHAILDE ACCOUNTABLE TO IT.

Archyn shall enforce the implementation of decisions of the Gengesh, acts of the state and government authorities, and shall address the issues of local importance.

∂ Article 118

The procedure of formation and activity of gengeshes and bodies of territorial public self-government, as well as their relationship with public authorities are determined by law.

SECTION V. ELECTION SYSTEM, REFERENDUM

€ Article 119

Elections of the President of Turkmenistan, deputies of the Mejlis, members of the halk maslahaty (Peoples Council) and Gengesh shall be held by universal and equal suffrage. The citizens of Turkmenistan, who attained the age of 18, shall have the right to vote; each voter shall have one vote.

Citizens recognized by the court as legally incapable, as well as serving sentence in prisons, shall not participate in elections. Limiting the electoral rights of citizens in other cases shall not be acceptable, and shall be punishable by law.

S Article 120

A citizen of Turkmenistan who has attained the age of 25 and has lived [continuously] in Turkmenistan for the past ten years, can be elected as deputy of the Mejlis.

The requirements for candidates for membership of the Mejlis, Halk maslahaty and Gengeshes shall be defined by laws of Turkmenistan.

S Article 121

Elections shall be direct and the elected persons shall be elected directly by the citizens.

S Article 122

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
•	TOPICS		STORIES	ES	②

€ Article 123

The right to nominate candidates shall be exercised in accordance with the legislation of Turkmenistan.

S Article 124

National and local referenda may be carried out in order to address major issues of state and public life.

Decisions adopted by referenda may be repealed or amended only through referendum.

S Article 125

The right to conduct national referendum shall belong to the Mejlis of Turkmenistan upon proposal of at least two-third of the total number of deputies, or on the petition of no less than 250 000 eligible voters.

S Article 126

The right to conduct local referenda shall belong to the Gengesh on its initiative, or at the suggestion of no less than one quarter of voters residing in the respective territory.

€ Article 127

Referenda shall be held through universal, equal, direct and secret vote.

Citizens of Turkmenistan with electoral rights shall participate in referenda.

∂ Article 128

The procedure for conduct of elections, national and local referenda, shall be determined by law. The elections and referenda shall not be held during the period of state of emergency and martial law.

SECTION VI. PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE

S Article 129

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
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the Mejlis of Turkmenistan, shall be vested in the Prosecutor General of Turkmenistan, and his/her subordinate prosecutors.

The Prosecutor shall participate in court proceedings on grounds of and in the manner prescribed by law.

S Article 130

The Prosecutor's office shall supervise the legality of operational and criminal investigations.

Ø Article 131

The Prosecutor General of Turkmenistan heads the common centralized system of public prosecution bodies.

The procedure of appointment and dismissal of prosecutors shall be determined by law.

S Article 132

The Prosecutor General and his/her subordinated prosecutors, in exercising their powers shall be guided only by the law.

S Article 133

Competence, order of formation and activity of public prosecution bodies shall be determined by law.

S SECTION VII. ECONOMY AND FINANCIAL SYSTEM

S Article 134

The economy of Turkmenistan shall be based on the principles of market relations.

The state shall encourage and support entrepreneurship, promote development of small and medium enterprises.

S Article 135

Taxes, fees and other mandatory payments of the government, the grounds of tax liability, system of legal protection of the taxpayer shall be determined by law.

CONST	TUTE CONSTITUTIONS	COUNTRIES	DATA	EN AR	LOG IN
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budget system, banking system, financial institutions and financial assets of enterprises, organizations, agencies and citizens of Turkmenistan.

In Turkmenistan shall be implemented the common budget, financial, tax, monetary and credit policy.

S Article 137

The budget system of Turkmenistan shall consist of aggregate budgets of all levels constituting components of the State Budget of Turkmenistan.

General principles of budgeting and operation of the budget system of Turkmenistan, as well as the basis for budget operations and inter-budget relations in Turkmenistan shall be determined by law.

Ø Article 138

The banking system of Turkmenistan shall consist of the Central Bank and credit institutions of Turkmenistan.

The Central Bank of Turkmenistan shall ensure implementation of the uniform state monetary-credit policy, organization of cash circulation, the functioning of settlement and payment system, protection of interests of creditors and depositors of credit institutions and the management of international reserves of Turkmenistan, and perform other functions stipulated by law.

S Article 139

The Manat shall be the national currency.

The turnover of the foreign currency on the territory of Turkmenistan shall be governed by law.

SECTION VIII. FINAL PROVISIONS

€ Article 140

Laws, other legal acts of state authorities and officials shall be adopted on grounds of and in compliance with the



and laws, the provisions of the Constitution shall be applied.

Ø Article 141

The provisions of the Constitution on state government in the form of the presidential republic shall not be changed.

S Article 142

The constitutional law on approval and revision of the Constitution shall be deemed adopted if no less than two third of the total number of deputies of the Mejlis of Turkmenistan or more than a half of the citizens of Turkmenistan participating in national referendum voted for it.

WHAT'S NEW PRIVATE SHARE

ABOUT COLLECTIONS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS DATA

RECOGNITION API DOCUMENTATION

PRIVACY TERMS & CONDITIONS