

**82/72/EEC: Council Decision of 3 December 1981 concerning the conclusion of the Convention
on the conservation of European wildlife and natural habitats
Official Journal L 38, 10 February 1982**

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 235 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (1),
(1) OJ No C 175, 14.7.1980, p. 17.

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee (2),
(2) OJ No C 53, 3.3.1980, p. 50.

Whereas a programme of action of the European Communities on the environment was adopted by the declaration of 22 November 1973 (3), and supplemented by the resolution of 17 May 1977 (4) ;
whereas the aim of an environment policy in the Community, as defined in these acts, is to improve the setting and quality of life and the surroundings and living conditions of the peoples of the Community ;
whereas to this end it is, in particular, necessary to ensure the sound management of resources and of the natural environment and avoid any exploitation of them which causes significant damage to the ecological balance ;
whereas, further, common solutions to environment problems with States outside the Community should be sought, particularly in international organizations;
(3) OJ No C 112, 20.12.1973, p. 1.
(4) OJ No C 139, 13.6.1977, p. 1.

Whereas, as part of the Community programme of action on the environment, the Council adopted Directive 79/409/EEC on the conservation of wild birds (5), which covers the protection, management and control of these species and lays down rules for their exploitation;
(5) OJ No L 103, 25.4.1979, p. 1.

Whereas the Community has participated in negotiations within the Council of Europe for a Convention on the conservation of European wildlife and natural habitats ;
whereas that Convention was signed on 19 September 1979;

Whereas participation by the Community in the implementation of the said Convention is necessary in order to attain one of the objectives of the Community ;
whereas the powers necessary for this end are not provided for by the Treaty, other than Article 235 thereof;

Whereas the Community will take part in such implementation by exercising the powers resulting from existing common rules and those acquired by it by virtue of future acts adopted by the Council as well as by making use of the results of Community action (research - exchange of information) undertaken in the areas concerned;

Whereas it is necessary for the Community to approve the said Convention;

Whereas the conditions of life for wild flora and fauna in Greenland are fundamentally different from those of wild flora and fauna in the other regions of the Community because of the general circumstances and in particular the climate, the low density of population and the exceptional size and geographical situation of the island ;
whereas, because of this fact, the Council has already had to exclude Greenland from the scope of the Directive on the conservation of wild birds ;
whereas therefore Greenland should also be excluded from the scope of the Convention,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The Convention on the conservation of European wildlife and natural habitats is hereby approved on behalf of the European Economic Community.

The text of the Convention is annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall deposit the instrument of approval as provided for in Article 19 of the Convention (1) for the territories in which the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community is applied under the conditions laid down in that Treaty, with the exception of Greenland.

(1) The date of entry into force of the Convention will be published in the Official Journal of the European Communities by the General Secretariat of the Council.

Done at Brussels, 3 December 1981.

For the Council

The President

T. KING

CONVENTION on the conservation of European wildlife and natural habitats

PREAMBLE

THE MEMBER STATES OF THE COUNCIL OF EUROPE AND THE OTHER SIGNATORIES HERETO,

Considering that the aim of the Council of Europe is to achieve greater unity between its members;
Considering the wish of the Council of Europe to cooperate with other States in the field of nature conservation;

Recognizing that wild flora and fauna constitute a natural heritage of aesthetic, scientific, cultural, recreational, economic and intrinsic value that needs to be preserved and handed on to future generations;

Recognizing the essential role played by wild flora and fauna in maintaining biological balances;
Noting that numerous species of wild flora and fauna are being seriously depleted and some of them threatened with extinction;

Aware that the conservation of natural habitats is a vital component of the protection and conservation of wild flora and fauna;

Recognizing that the conservation of wild flora and fauna should be taken into consideration by the governments in their national goals and programmes, and that international cooperation should be established to protect migratory species in particular;

Bearing in mind the widespread requests for common action made by governments or by international bodies, in particular the requests expressed by the United Nations Conference on Human Environment 1972 and the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe;

Desiring particularly to follow, in the field of wildlife conservation, the recommendations of resolution 2 of the Second European Ministerial Conference on the Environment,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

CHAPTER I General provisions

Article 1

1. The aims of this Convention are to conserve wild flora and fauna and their natural habitats, especially those species and habitats whose conservation requires the cooperation of several States, and to promote such cooperation.

2. Particular emphasis is given to endangered and vulnerable species, including endangered and vulnerable migratory species.

Article 2

The Contracting Parties shall take requisite measures to maintain the population of wild flora and fauna at, or adapt it to, a level which corresponds in particular to ecological, scientific and cultural requirements, while taking account of economic and recreational requirements and the needs of sub-species, varieties or forms at risk locally.

Article 3

1. Each Contracting Party shall take steps to promote national policies for the conservation of wild flora, wild fauna and natural habitats, with particular attention to endangered and vulnerable species, especially endemic ones, and endangered habitats in accordance with the provisions of this Convention.
2. Each Contracting Party undertakes, in its planning and development policies and in its measures against pollution to have regard to the conservation of wild flora and fauna.
3. Each Contracting Party shall promote education and disseminate general information on the need to conserve species of wild flora and fauna and their habitats.

CHAPTER II Protection of habitats

Article 4

1. Each Contracting Party shall take appropriate and necessary legislative and administrative measures to ensure the conservation of the habitats of the wild flora and fauna species, especially those specified in the Appendices I and II and the conservation of endangered natural habitats.
2. The Contracting Parties in their planning and development policies shall have regard to the conservation requirements of the areas protected under the preceding paragraph, so as to avoid or minimize as far as possible any deterioration of such areas.
3. The Contracting Parties undertake to give special attention to the protection of areas that are of importance for the migratory species specified in Appendices II and III and which are appropriately situated in relation to migration routes, as wintering, staging, feeding, breeding or moulting areas.
4. The Contracting Parties undertake to coordinate as appropriate their efforts for the protection of the natural habitats referred to in this Article when these are situated in frontier areas.

CHAPTER III Protection of species

Article 5

Each Contracting Party shall take appropriate and necessary legislative and administrative measures to ensure the special protection of the wild flora species specified in Appendix I. Deliberate picking, collecting, cutting or uprooting of such plants shall be prohibited. Each Contracting Party shall as appropriate, prohibit the possession or sale of these species.

Article 6

Each Contracting Party shall take appropriate and necessary legislative and administrative measures to ensure the special protection of the wild fauna species specified in Appendix II. The following will in particular be prohibited for these species: (a) all forms of deliberate capture and keeping and deliberate killing;

(b) the deliberate damage to or destruction of breeding or resting sites;

(c) the deliberate disturbance of wild fauna particularly during the period of breeding, rearing and hibernation, in so far as disturbance would be significant in relation to the objectives of this Convention;

(d) the deliberate destruction or taking of eggs from the wild or keeping these eggs even if empty;

(e) the possession of and internal trade in these animals, alive or dead, including stuffed animals and any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof, where this would contribute to the effectiveness of the provisions of this Article.

Article 7

1. Each Contracting Party shall take appropriate and necessary legislative and administrative measures to ensure the protection of the wild fauna species specified in Appendix III.
2. Any exploitation of wild fauna specified in Appendix III shall be regulated in order to keep the populations out of danger, taking into account the requirements of Article 2.
3. Measures to be taken shall include: (a) closed seasons and/or other procedures regulating the exploitation;
(b) the temporary or local prohibition of exploitation, as appropriate, in order to restore satisfactory population levels;
(c) the regulation as appropriate of sale, keeping for sale, transport for sale or offering for sale of live and dead wild animals.

Article 8

In respect of the capture or killing of wild fauna species specified in Appendix III and in cases where, in accordance with Article 9, exceptions are applied to species specified in Appendix II, Contracting Parties shall prohibit the use of all indiscriminate means of capture and killing and the use of all means capable of causing local disappearance of, or serious disturbance to, populations of a species, and in particular, the means specified in Appendix IV.

Article 9

1. Each Contracting Party may make exceptions from the provisions of Articles 4, 5, 6, 7 and from the prohibition of the use of the means mentioned in Article 8 provided that there is no other satisfactory solution and that the exception will not be detrimental to the survival of the population concerned: - for the protection of flora and fauna,
- to prevent serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries, water and other forms of property,
- in the interests of public health and safety, air safety or other overriding public interests,
- for the purposes of research and education, of repopulation, of reintroduction and for the necessary breeding,
- to permit, under strictly supervised conditions, on a selective basis and to a limited extent, the taking, keeping or other judicious exploitation of certain wild animals and plants in small numbers.
2. The Contracting Parties shall report every two years to the Standing Committee on the exceptions made under the preceding paragraph. These reports must specify: - the populations which are or have been subject to the exceptions and, when practical, the number of specimens involved,
- the means authorized for the killing or capture,
- the conditions of risk and the circumstances of time and place under which such exceptions were granted,
- the authority empowered to declare that these conditions have been fulfilled, and to take decisions in respect of the means that may be used, their limits and the persons instructed to carry them out,
- the controls involved.

CHAPTER IV Special provisions for migratory species

Article 10

1. The Contracting Parties undertake, in addition to the measures specified in Articles 4, 6, 7 and 8 to coordinate their efforts for the protection of the migratory species specified in Appendices II and III whose range extends into their territories.
2. The Contracting Parties shall take measures to seek to ensure that the closed seasons and/or other procedures regulating the exploitation established under paragraph 3 (a) of Article 7 are adequate and appropriately disposed to meet the requirements of the migratory species specified in Appendix III.

CHAPTER V Supplementary provisions

Article 11

1. In carrying out the provisions of this Convention, the Contracting Parties undertake: (a) to cooperate whenever appropriate and in particular where this would enhance the effectiveness of measures taken under other Articles of this Convention;
(b) to encourage and coordinate research related to the purposes of this Convention.

2. Each Contracting Party undertakes: (a) to encourage the reintroduction of native species of wild flora and fauna when this would contribute to the conservation of an endangered species, provided that a study is first made in the light of the experiences of other Contracting Parties to establish that such reintroduction would be effective and acceptable;
(b) to strictly control the introduction of non-native species.

3. Each Contracting Party shall inform the Standing Committee of the species receiving complete protection on its territory and not included in Appendices I and II.

Article 12

The Contracting Parties may adopt stricter measures for the conservation of wild flora and fauna and their natural habitats than those provided under this Convention.

CHAPTER VI Standing Committee

Article 13

1. For the purposes of this Convention, a Standing Committee shall be set up.

2. Any Contracting Party may be represented on the Standing Committee by one or more delegates. Each delegation shall have one vote. Within the areas of its competence, the European Economic Community shall exercise its right to vote with a number of votes equal to the number of its Member States which are Contracting Parties to this Convention ; the European Economic Community shall not exercise its right to vote in cases where the Member States concerned exercise theirs, and conversely.

3. Any Member State of the Council of Europe which is not a Contracting Party to the Convention may be represented on the Committee as an observer.

The Standing Committee may, by unanimous decision, invite any non-member State of the Council of Europe which is not a Contracting Party to the Convention to be represented by an observer at one of its meetings.

Any body or agency technically qualified in the protection, conservation or management of wild fauna and flora and their habitats, and belonging to one of the following categories: (a) international agencies or bodies, either governmental or non-governmental and national governmental agencies or bodies;

(b) national non-governmental agencies or bodies which have been approved for this purpose by the State in which they are located, may inform the Secretary General of the Council of Europe, at least three months before the meeting of the Committee, of its wish to be represented at that meeting by observers. They shall be admitted unless, at least one month before the meeting, one-third of the Contracting Parties have informed the Secretary General of their objection.

4. The Standing Committee shall be convened by the Secretary General of the Council of Europe. Its first meeting shall be held within one year of the date of the entry into force of the Convention. It shall subsequently meet at least every two years and whenever a majority of the Contracting Parties so request.

5. A majority of the Contracting Parties shall constitute a quorum for holding a meeting of the Standing Committee.

6. Subject to the provisions of this Convention, the Standing Committee shall draw up its own Rules of Procedure.

Article 14

1. The Standing Committee shall be responsible for following the application of this Convention. It may in particular: - keep under review the provisions of this Convention, including its Appendices, and examine any modifications necessary,
- make recommendations to the Contracting Parties concerning measures to be taken for the purposes of this Convention,

- recommend the appropriate measures to keep the public informed about the activities undertaken within the framework of this Convention,
- make recommendations to the Committee of Ministers concerning non-member States of the Council of Europe to be invited to accede to this Convention,
- make any proposal for improving the effectiveness of this Convention, including proposals for the conclusion, with the States which are not Contracting Parties to the Convention, of agreements that would enhance the effective conservation of species or groups of species.

2. In order to discharge its functions, the Standing Committee may, on its own initiative, arrange for meetings of groups of experts.

Article 15

After each meeting, the Standing Committee shall forward to the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe, a report on its work and on the functioning of the Convention.

CHAPTER VII Amendments

Article 16

1. Any amendment to the Articles of this Convention proposed by a Contracting Party or the Committee of Ministers shall be communicated to the Secretary General of the Council of Europe and forwarded by him at least two months before the meeting of the Standing Committee to the Member States of the Council of Europe, to any signatory, to any Contracting Party, to any State invited to sign this Convention in accordance with the provisions of Article 19 and to any State invited to accede to it in accordance with the provisions of Article 20.

2. Any amendment proposed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall be examined by the Standing Committee which: (a) for amendments to Articles 1 to 12, submit the text adopted by a three-quarters majority of the votes cast to the Contracting Parties for acceptance; (b) for amendments to Articles 13 to 24, shall submit the text adopted by a three-quarters majority of the votes cast, to the Committee of Ministers for approval. After its approval, this text shall be forwarded to the Contracting Parties for acceptance.

3. Any amendment shall enter into force on the 30th day after all the Contracting Parties have informed the Secretary General that they have accepted it.

4. The provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 (a) and 3 of this Article shall apply to the adoption of new Appendices to this Convention.

Article 17

1. Any amendment to the Appendices to this Convention proposed by a Contracting Party or the Committee of Ministers, shall be communicated to the Secretary General of the Council of Europe and forwarded by him at least two months before the meeting of the Standing Committee to the Member States of the Council of Europe, to any signatory, to any Contracting Party, to any State invited to sign this Convention in accordance with the provisions of Article 19 and to any State invited to accede to it in accordance with the provisions of Article 20.

2. Any amendment proposed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph shall be examined by the Standing Committee, which may adopt it by a two-thirds majority of the Contracting Parties. The text adopted shall be forwarded to the Contracting Parties.

3. Three months after its adoption by the Standing Committee and unless one-third of the Contracting Parties have notified objections, any amendment shall enter into force for those Contracting Parties which have not notified objections.

CHAPTER VIII Settlement of disputes

Article 18

1. The Standing Committee shall use its best endeavours to facilitate a friendly settlement of any difficulty to which the execution of this Convention may give rise.

2. Any dispute between Contracting Parties concerning the interpretation or application of this Convention which has not been settled on the basis of the provisions of the preceding paragraph or by negotiation between the parties concerned shall, unless the said parties agree otherwise, be submitted,

at the request of one of them, to arbitration. Each party shall designate an arbitrator and the two arbitrators shall designate a third arbitrator. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 3 of this Article, if one of the parties has not designated its arbitrator within the three months following the request for arbitration, he shall be designated at the request of the other party by the President of the European Court of Human Rights within a further three-month period. The same procedure shall be observed if the arbitrators cannot agree on the choice of the third arbitrator within the three months following the designation of the two first arbitrators.

3. In the event of a dispute between two Contracting Parties one of which is a Member State of the European Economic Community, the latter itself being a Contracting Party, the other Contracting Party shall address the request for arbitration both to the Member State and to the Community ; which jointly shall notify it, within two months of receipt of the request, whether the Member State or the Community, or the member and the Community jointly, shall be party to the dispute. In the absence of such notification within the said time limit, the Member State and the Community shall be considered as being one and the same party to the dispute for the purposes of the application of the provisions governing the constitution and procedure of the arbitration tribunal. The same shall apply when the Member State and the Community jointly present themselves as party to the dispute.

4. The arbitration tribunal shall draw up its own Rules of Procedure. Its decisions shall be taken by majority vote. Its award shall be final and binding.

5. Each party to the dispute shall bear the expenses of the arbitrator designated by it and the parties shall share equally the expenses of the third arbitrator, as well as other costs entailed by the arbitration.

CHAPTER IX Final provisions

Article 19

1. This Convention shall be open for signature by the Member States of the Council of Europe and non-member States which have participated in its elaboration and by the European Economic Community.

Up until the date when the Convention enters into force, it is also open to signature by any other State so invited by the Committee of Ministers.

The Convention is subject to ratification, acceptance or approval. Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be deposited with the Secretary General of the Council of Europe.

2. The Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiry of a period of three months after the date on which five States, including at least four Member States of the Council of Europe, have expressed their consent to be bound by the Convention in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph.

3. In respect of any signatory State or the European Economic Community which subsequently express their consent to be bound by it, the Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiry of a period of three months after the date of the deposit of the instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval.

Article 20

1. After the entry into force of this Convention, the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe, after consulting the Contracting Parties, may invite to accede to the Convention any non-member State of the Council which, invited to sign in accordance with the provisions of Article 19, has not yet done so, and any other non-member State.

2. In respect of any acceding State, the Convention shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiry of a period of three months after the date of the deposit of the instrument of accession with the Secretary General of the Council of Europe.

Article 21

1. Any State may, at the time of signature or when depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, specify the territory or territories to which this Convention shall apply.

2. Any Contracting Party may, when depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession or at any later date, by declaration addressed to the Secretary General of the Council of Europe, extend the application of this Convention to any other territory specified in the declaration and

for whose international relations it is responsible or on whose behalf it is authorized to give undertakings.

3. Any declaration made under the preceding paragraph may, in respect of any territory mentioned in such declaration, be withdrawn by notification addressed to the Secretary General. Such withdrawal shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiry of a period of six months after the date of receipt of the notification by the Secretary General.

Article 22

1. Any State may, at the time of signature or when depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession, make one or more reservations regarding certain species specified in Appendices I to III and/or, for certain species mentioned in the reservation or reservations, regarding certain means or methods of killing, capture and other exploitation listed in Appendix IV. No reservations of a general nature may be made.

2. Any Contracting Party which extends the application of this Convention to a territory mentioned in the declaration referred to in paragraph 2 of Article 21 may, in respect of the territory concerned, make one or more reservations in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph.

3. No other reservation may be made.

4. Any Contracting Party which has made a reservation under paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article may wholly or partly withdraw it by means of a notification addressed to the Secretary General of the Council of Europe. Such withdrawal shall take effect as from the date of receipt of the notification by the Secretary General.

Article 23

1. Any Contracting Party may, at any time, denounce this Convention by means of a notification addressed to the Secretary General of the Council of Europe.

2. Such denunciation shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiry of a period of six months after the date of receipt of the notification by the Secretary General.

Article 24

The Secretary General of the Council of Europe shall notify the Member States of the Council of Europe, any signatory State, the European Economic Community if a signatory of this Convention and any Contracting Party of:

- (a) any signature;
- (b) the deposit of any instrument of ratification, acceptance, approval or accession;
- (c) any date of entry into force of this Convention in accordance with Articles 19 and 20;
- (d) any information forwarded under the provisions of paragraph 3 of Article 13;
- (e) any report established in pursuance of the provisions of Article 15;
- (f) any amendment or any new Appendix adopted in accordance with Articles 16 and 17 and the date on which the amendment or new Appendix comes into force;
- (g) any declaration made under the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 3 of Article 21;
- (h) any reservation made under the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 22;
- (i) the withdrawal of any reservation carried out under the provisions of paragraph 4 of Article 22;
- (j) any notification made under the provisions of Article 23 and the date on which the denunciation takes effect.

In witness whereof the undersigned, being duly authorized thereto, have signed this Convention.

Done at Bern, this 19 September 1979, in English and French, both texts being equally authentic, in a single copy which shall be deposited in the archives of the Council of Europe. The Secretary General of the Council of Europe shall transmit certified copies to each Member State of the Council of Europe, to any signatory State, to the European Economic Community if a signatory and to any State invited to sign this Convention or to accede thereto.

APPENDIX I STRICTLY PROTECTED FLORA SPECIES

PTERIDOPHYTA

ASPIDIACEAE

Diplazium caudatum (Cav.) Jermy

PTERIDACEAE

Pteris serrulata Forssk.

GYMNOSPERMAE

PINACEAE

Abies nebrodensis (Lojac.) Mattei

ANGIOSPERMAE

ALISMATACEAE

Alisma wahlenbergii (O.R. Holmberg) Juzepczuk

BERBERIDACEAE

Gymnospermium altaicum (Pallas) Spach

BORAGINACEAE

Anchusa crispa Viv.

Myosotis rehsteineri Wartm.

Omphalodes littoralis Lehm.

Onosma caespitosum Kotschy

Onosma troodi Kotschy

Solenanthus albanicus (Degen et al.) Degen & Baldacci

Symphytum cycladense Pawl.

CAMPANULACEAE

Campanula sabatia De Not.

CARYOPHYLLACEAE

Arenaria lithops Heywood ex McNeill

Gypsophila papillosa P. Porta

Loeflingia tavaresiana G. Samp.

Silene orphanidis Boiss.

Silene rothmaleri Pinto de Silva

Silene velutina Pourret ex Loisel.

CHENOPODIACEAE

Kochia saxicola Guss.

Salicornia veneta Pignatti & Lausi

CISTACEAE

Tuberaria major (Willk.) Pinto da Silva

COMPOSITAE

Anacyclus alboranensis Esteve Chueca & Varo

Anthemis glaberrima (Rech. f.) Greuter

Artemisia granatensis Boiss.

Artemisia laciniata Willd.

Aster pyrenaicus Desf. ex DC.

Aster sibiricus L.

Centaurea balearica J.D. Rodriguez

Centaurea heldreichii Halácsy

Centaurea horrida Badaro

Centaurea kalambakensis Freyn & Sint.

Centaurea lactiflora Halácsy

Centaurea linaresii Lazaro

Centaurea megarensis Halácsy & Hayek

Centaurea niederi Heldr.

Centaurea peucedanifolia Boiss. & Orph.

Centaurea princeps Boiss. & Heldr.

Crepis crocifolia Boiss. & Heldr.

Lamyropsis microcephala (Moris) Dittrich & Greuter

Leontodon siculus (Guss.) Finch & Sell

Logfia neglecta (Soy.-Will.) Holub

Senecio alboranicus Maire

CONVOLVULACEAE

Convolvulus argyrothamnos Greuter

CRUCIFERAE

Alyssum akamasicum B.L. Burt

Alyssum fastigiatum Heywood

Arabis kennedyae Meikle

Biscutella neustriaca Bonnet

Brassica hilarionis Post

Brassica macrocarpa Guss.

Braya purpurascens (R. Br.) Bunge

Coronopus navasii Pau

Diplotaxis siettiana Maire

Enarthrocarpus pterocarpus DC.

Hutera rupestris P. Porta

Iberis arbuscula Runemark

Ionopsidium acaule (Desf.) Reichenb.

Ptilotrichum pyrenaicum (Lapeyr.) Boiss.

Rhynchosinapis johnstonii (G. Samp.) Heywood

Sisymbrium matritense P.W. Ball & Heywood

EUPHORBIACEAE

Euphorbia ruscinoensis Boiss.

GRAMINEAE

Stipa bavarica Martinovsky & H. Scholz GROSSULARIACEAE

Ribes sardoum Martelli

HYPERICACEAE

Hypericum aciferum (Greuter) N.K.B. Robson

IRIDACEAE

Crocus cyprius Boiss. & Kotschy

Crocus hartmannianus Holmboe

LABIATAE

Amaracus cordifolium Montr. & Auch.

Micromeria taygetea P.H. Davis

Nepeta sphaciotica P.H. Davis

Phlomis brevibracteata Turrill

Phlomis cypria Post

Salvia crassifolia Sibth. & Smith

Sideritis cypria Post

Thymus camphoratus Hoffmanns. & Link

Thymus carnosus Boiss.

Thymus cephalotos L.

LEGUMINOSAE

Astragalus algarbiensis Coss. ex Bunge

Astragalus aquilinus Anzalone

Astragalus maritimus Moris

Astragalus verrucosus Moris

Cytisus aeolicus Guss. ex Lindl.

Ononis maweana Ball

Oxytropis deflexa (Pallas) DC.

LENTIBULARIACEAE

Pinguicula crystallina Sibth. & Smith

LILIACEAE

Androcymbium rechingeri Greuter

Chionodoxa lochia Meikle

Muscari gussonei (Parl.) Tod.

Scilla morrisii Meikle
ORCHIDACEAE
Ophrys kotschyi Fleischm. & Soó
PAPAVERACEAE
Rupicapnos africana (Lam.) Pomel
PLUMBAGINACEAE
Armeria rouyana Daveau
Limonium paradoxum Pugsley
Limonium recurvum C.E. Salmon
POLYGONACEAE
Rheum rhaponticum L.
PRIMULACEAE
Primula apennina Widmer
Primula egaliksensis Wormsk.
RANUNCULACEAE
Aquilegia cazorlensis Heywood
Aquilegia kitaibelii Schott
Consolida samia P.H. Davis
Delphinium caseyi B.L. Burt
Ranunculus kykkoënsis Meikle
Ranunculus weyleri Mares
RUBIACEAE
Galium litorale Guss.
SCROPHULARIACEAE
Antirrhinum charidemi Lange
Euphrasia marchesettii Wettst. ex Marches.
Linaria algarviana Chav.
Linaria ficalhoana Rouy
SELAGINACEAE
Globularia stygia Orph. ex Boiss.
SOLANACEAE
Atropa baetica Willk.
THYMELAEACEAE
Daphne rodriguezii Texidor
UMBELLIFERAE
Angelica heterocarpa Lloyd
Angelica palustris (Besser) Hoffman
Bupleurum kakiskalae Greuter
Ferula cypria Post
Laserpitium longiradium Boiss.
Oenanthe conioides Lange
VALERIANACEAE
Valeriana longiflora Willk.
VIOLACEAE
Viola hispida Lam.
Viola jaubertiana Mares & Vigineix

APPENDIX II STRICTLY PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES

MAMMALS

INSECTIVORA

Talpidae

Desmana pyrenaica (*Galemys pyrenaicus*)

MICROCHIROPTERA

all species except

Pipistrellus pipistrellus

RODENTIA

Sciuridae

Citellus citellus

Cricetidae

Cricetus cricetus

Hystricidae

Hystrix cristata

CARNIVORA

Canidae

Canis lupus

Alopex lagopus

Ursidae

all species

Mustelidae

Lutreola (Mustela) lutreola

Lutra lutra

Gulo gulo

Felidae

Lynx pardina

Panthera pardus

Panthera tigris

Odobenidae

Odobenus rosmarus

Phocidae

Monachus monachus

ARTIODACTYLA

Bovidae

Capra aegagrus

Rupicapra rupicapra ornata

Ovibos moschatus

ODONTOCETI

Delphinidae

Delphinus delphis

Tursiops truncatus

Phocaenidae

Phocaena phocaena

MYSTACOCETI

Balaenopteridae

Sibbaldus (Balaenoptera) musculus

Megaptera novaengliae (longimana, nodosa)

Balaenidae

Eubalaena glacialis

Balaena mysticetus

BIRDS

GAVIIFORMES

Gaviidae

all species

PODICIPEDIFORMES

Podicipedidae

Podiceps griseigena

Podiceps auritus

Podiceps nigricollis

Podiceps ruficollis

PROCELLARIIFORMES

Hydrobatidae

all species
Procellariidae
Puffinus puffinus
Procellaria diomedea
PELECANIFORMES
Phalacrocoracidae
Phalacrocorax pygmaeus
Pelecanidae
all species
CICONIIFORMES
Ardeidae
Ardea purpurea
Casmerodius albus
Egretta garzetta
Ardeola ralloides
Bubulcus (Ardeola) ibis
Nycticorax nycticorax
Ixobrychus minutus
Botaurus stellaris Ciconiidae
all species
Threskiornithidae
all species
Phoenicopteridae
Phoenicopterus ruber
ANSERIFORMES
Anatidae
Cygnus cygnus
Cygnus bewickii
Anser erythropus
Branta leucopsis
Branta ruficollis
Tadorna tadorna
Tadorna ferruginea
Marmaronetta (Anas) angustirostris
Somateria spectabilis
Polysticta stelleri
Histrionicus histrionicus
Bucephala islandica
Mergus albellus
Oxyura leucocephala
FALCONIFORMES
all species
GRUIFORMES
Turnicidae
Turnix sylvatica
Gruidae
all species
Rallidae
Porzana porzana
Porzana pusilla
Porzana parva
Crex crex
Porphyrio porphyrio
Fulica cristata
Otitidae

all species
CHARADRIIFORMES
Charadriidae
Hoplopterus spinosus
Charadrius histicula
Charadrius dubius
Charadrius alexandrinus
Charadrius leschenaulti
Eudromias morinellus
Arenaria interpres
Scolopacidae
Gallinago media
Numenius tenuirostris
Tringa stagnatilis
Tringa ochropus
Tringa glareola
Tringa hypoleucos
Tringa cinerea
Calidris minuta
Calidris temminckii
Calidris maritima
Calidris alpina
Calidris ferruginea
Calidris alba
Limicola falcinellus
Recurvirostridae
all species
Phalaropodidae
all species
Burhinidae
Burhinus oedicnemus
Glareolidae
all species
Laridae
Pagophila eburnea
Larus audouinii
Larus melanocephalus
Larus genei
Larus minutus
Larus sabini
Chlidonias niger
Chlidonias leucopterus
Chlidonias hybrida
Gelochelidon nilotica
Hydroprogne caspia
Sterna hirundo
Sterna paradisaea (macrura)
Sterna dougallii
Sterna albifrons
Sterna sandvicensis
COLUMBIFORMES
Pteroclididae
all species
CUCULIFORMES
Cuculidae

Clamator glandarius
STRIGIFORMES
all species CAPRIMULGIFORMES
Caprimulgidae
all species
APODIFORMES
Apodidae
Apus pallidus
Apus melba
Apus caffer
CORACIIFORMES
Alcedinidae
Alcedo atthis
Meropidae
Merops apiaster
Coraciidae
Coracias garrulus
Upopidae
Upopa epops
PICIFORMES
all species
PASSERIFORMES
Alaudidae
Calandrella brachydactyla
Calandrella rufescens
Melanocorypha calandra
Melanocorypha leucoptera
Melanocorypha yeltoniensis
Galerida theklae
Eremophila alpestris
Hirundinidae
all species
Motacillidae
all species
Laniidae
all species
Bombycillidae
Bombycilla garrulus
Cinclidae
Cinclus cinclus
Troglodytidae
Troglodytes troglodytes
Prunellidae
all species
Muscicapidae
Turdinae
Saxicola rubetra
Saxicola torquata
Oenanthe oenanthe
Oenanthe pleschanka
Oenanthe hispanica
Oenanthe isabellina
Oenanthe leucura
Cercotrichas galactotes
Monticola saxatilis

Monticola solitarius
Phoenicurus ochruros
Phoenicurus phoenicurus
Erithacus rubecula
Luscinia megarhynchos
Luscinia luscinia
Luscinia (Cyanosylvia) svecica
Tarsiger cyanurus
Sylviinae
all species
Regulinae
all species
Muscicapinae
all species
Timaliinae
Panurus biarmicus
Paridae
all species
Sittidae
all species
Certhiidae
all species
Emberizidae
Emberiza citrinella
Emberiza leucocephala
Emberiza cirrus
Emberiza cineracea
Emberiza caesia
Emberiza cia
Emberiza schoeniclus
Emberiza melanocephala
Emberiza aureola
Emberiza pusilla
Emberiza rustica
Plectrophenax nivalis
Calcarius lapponicus
Fringillidae
Carduelis chloris
Carduelis carduelis
Carduelis spinus
Carduelis flavirostris
Carduelis cannabina
Carduelis flammea
Carduelis hornemanni
Serinus citrinella
Serinus serinus Loxia curvirostra
Loxia pityopsittacus
Loxia leucoptera
Pinicola enucleator
Carpodacus erythrinus
Rhodopechys githaginea
Coccothraustes coccothraustes
Ploceidae
Petronia petronia
Montrifringilla nivalis

Sturnidae
Sturnus unicolor
Sturnus roseus
Oriolidae
Oriolus oriolus
Corvidae
Perisoreus infaustus
Cyanopica cyanus
Nucifraga caryocatactis
Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax
Pyrrhocorax graculus
AMPHIBIANS
CAUDATA
Salamandridae
Salamandrina terdigitata
Salamandra (Mertensiella) luschani
Chioglossa lusitanica
Triturus cristatus
Proteidae
Proteus anguinus
ANURA
Discoglossidae
Bombina variegata
Bombina bombina
Alytes obstetricans
Alytes cisternasii
Pelobatidae
Pelobates cultripes
Pelobates fuscus
Bufonidae
Bufo calamita
Bufo viridis
Hylidae
Hyla arborea
Ranidae
Rana arvalis
Rana dalmatina
Rana latastei
REPTILES
TESTUDINES
Testudinidae
Testudo hermanni
Testudo graeca
Testudo marginata
Emydidae
Emys orbicularis
Mauremys caspica
Dermochelyidae
Dermochelys coriacea
Cheloniidae
Caretta caretta
Lepidochelys kempii
Chelonia mydas
Eretmochelys imbricata
SAURIA

Gekkonidae
Cyrtodactylus kotschy
Chamaeleontidae
Chamaeleo chamaeleon
Lacertidae
Algyroides marchi
Lacerta lepida
Lacerta parva
Lacerta simonyi
Lacerta princeps
Lacerta viridis
Podarcis muralis
Podarcis lilfordi
Podarcis sicula
Podarcis filfolensis
Scincidae
Ablepharus kitaibelii
OPHIDIA
Colubridae
Coluber hippocrepis
Elaphe situla
Elaphe quatuorlineata
Elaphe longissima
Coronella austriaca
Viperidae
Vipera ursinii
Vipera latasti
Vipera ammodytes
Vipera xanthina
Vipera lebetina
Vipera kaznakovi

APPENDIX III PROTECTED FAUNA SPECIES

MAMMALS

INSECTIVORA

Erinaceidae

Erinaceus europaeus

Soricidae

all species

MICROCHIROPTERA

Vespertilionidae

Pipistrellus pipistrellus

DUPLICIDENTATA

Leporidae

Lepus timidus

Lepus capensis (europaeus)

RODENTIA

Sciuridae

Sciurus vulgaris

Marmota marmota

Castoridae

Castor fiber

Gliridae

all species

Microtidae

Microtus ratticeps (oeconomus)

Microtus nivalis (lebrunii)

CETACEA

all species not mentioned in Appendix II

CARNIVORA

Mustelidae

Meles meles

Mustela erminea

Mustela nivalis

Putorius (*Mustela*) *putorius*

Martes martes

Martes foina

Viverridae

all species

Felidae

Felis catus (*silvestris*)

Lynx lynx

Phocidae

Phoca vitulina

Pusa (*Phoca*) *hispida*

Pagophilus groenlandicus (*Phoca groenlandica*)

Erignathus barbatus

Halichoerus grypus

Cystophora cristata

ARTIODACTYLA

Suidae

Sus scrofa meridionalis

Cervidae

all species

Bovidae

Ovis aries (musimon, ammon)

Capra ibex

Capra pyrenaica

Rupicapra rupicapra

BIRDS

All species not included in Appendix II with the exception of:

Larus marinus

Larus fuscus

Larus argentatus

Columba palumbus

Passer domesticus

Sturnus vulgaris

Garrulus glandarius

Pica pica

Corvus monedula

Corvus frugilegus

Corvus corone (*corone* and *cornix*)

AMPHIBIANS

All species not included in Appendix II

REPTILES

All species not included in Appendix II

APPENDIX IV PROHIBITED MEANS AND METHODS OF KILLING, CAPTURE AND OTHER FORMS OF EXPLOITATION

MAMMALS

Snares

Live animals used as decoys which are blind or mutilated

Tape recorders

Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning

Artificial light sources

Mirrors and other dazzling devices

Devices for illuminating targets

Sighting devices for night shooting comprising an electronic image magnifier or image converter

Explosives (1)

Nets (2)

Traps (2)

Poison and poisoned or anaesthetic bait

Gasing and smoking out

Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition

Aircraft

Motor vehicles in motion

BIRDS

Snares (3)

Limes

Hooks

Live birds used as decoys which are blind or mutilated

Tape recorders

Electrical devices capable of killing and stunning

Artificial light sources

Mirrors and other dazzling devices

Devices for illuminating targets

Sighting devices for night shooting comprising an electronic image magnifier or image converter

Explosives

Nets

Traps

Poison and poisoned or anaesthetic bait

Semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition

Aircraft

Motor vehicles in motion (1)Except for whale hunting. (2)If applied for large scale or non-selective capture or killing. (3)Except Lagopus north of latitude 58°N.