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►B ◆ COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 1005/2008 of 29 September 2008

establishing a Community system to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing, amending Regulations (EEC) No 2847/93, (EC) No 1936/2001 and (EC) No 601/2004 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1093/94 and (EC) No 1447/1999

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M1	COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1010/2009 of 22 October	L 280	52	27.10.2009
M2	2009 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 86/2010 of 29 January	L 26	1	30.1.2010
M3	2010 COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 202/2011 of 1 March 2011	L 57	10	2.3.2011
►M4 \	COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2022/1479 of	L 233	36	8.9.2022
►M5 \	7 September 2022 REGULATION (EU) 2023/2842 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 22 November 2023	L	12	20.12.2023

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COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 1005/2008

of 29 September 2008

establishing a Community system to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing, amending Regulations (EEC) No 2847/93, (EC) No 1936/2001 and (EC) No 601/2004 and repealing Regulations (EC) No 1093/94 and (EC) No 1447/1999

CHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Subject matter and scope

- 1. This Regulation establishes a Community system to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing.
- 2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, each Member State shall take appropriate measures, in accordance with Community law, to ensure the effectiveness of that system. It shall place sufficient means at the disposal of its competent authorities to enable them to perform their tasks as laid down in this Regulation.
- 3. The system laid down in paragraph 1 shall apply to all IUU fishing and associated activities carried out within the territory of Member States to which the Treaty applies, within Community waters, within maritime waters under the jurisdiction or sovereignty of third countries and on the high seas. IUU fishing within maritime waters of the overseas territories and countries referred to in Annex II of the Treaty shall be treated as taking place within maritime waters of third countries

Article 2

Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation:

1. 'illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing' or 'IUU fishing'

means fishing activities which are illegal, unreported or unregulated;

- 2. 'illegal fishing' means fishing activities:
 - (a) conducted by national or foreign fishing vessels in maritime waters under the jurisdiction of a State, without the permission of that State, or in contravention of its laws and regulations;
 - (b) conducted by fishing vessels flying the flag of States that are contracting parties to a relevant regional fisheries management organisation, but which operate in contravention of the conservation and management measures adopted by that organisation and by which those States are bound, or of relevant provisions of the applicable international law; or
 - (c) conducted by fishing vessels in violation of national laws or international obligations, including those undertaken by cooperating States to a relevant regional fisheries management organisation;
- 3. 'unreported fishing' means fishing activities:
 - (a) which have not been reported, or have been misreported, to the relevant national authority, in contravention of national laws and regulations; or
 - (b) which have been undertaken in the area of competence of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation and have not been reported, or have been misreported, in contravention of the reporting procedures of that organisation;
- 4. 'unregulated fishing' means fishing activities:
 - (a) conducted in the area of application of a relevant regional fisheries management organisation by fishing vessels without nationality, by fishing vessels flying the flag of a State not party to that organisation or by any other fishing entity, in a manner that is not consistent with or contravenes the conservation and management measures of that organisation; or
 - (b) conducted in areas or for fish stocks in relation to which there are no applicable conservation or management measures by fishing vessels in a manner

that is not consistent with State responsibilities for the conservation of living marine resources under international law;

- 5. 'fishing vessel' means any vessel of any size used or intended for use for the purposes of commercial exploitation of fishery resources, including support ships, fish processing vessels, vessels engaged in transhipment and carrier vessels equipped for the transportation of fishery products, except container vessels;
- 6. 'Community fishing vessel' means a fishing vessel flying the flag of a Member State and registered in the Community;
- 7. 'fishing authorisation' means entitlement to engage in fishing activities during a specified period, in a given area or for a given fishery;
- 8. 'fishery products' mean any products which fall under Chapter 03 and Tariff headings 1604 and 1605 of the Combined Nomenclature established by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff (¹), with the exception of the products listed in Annex I of this Regulation;
- 9. 'conservation and management measures' mean measures to conserve and manage one or more species of living marine resources and that are adopted and in force in accordance with the relevant rules of international and/or Community law;
- 10. 'transhipment' means the unloading of all or any fishery products on board a fishing vessel to another fishing vessel;
- 11. 'importation' means the introduction of fishery products into the territory of the Community, including for transhipment purposes at ports in its territory;
- 12. 'indirect importation' means the importation from the territory of a third country other than the flag State of the fishing vessel responsible for the catch;
- 13. 'exportation' means any movement to a third country of fishery products harvested by fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State, including from the territory of the Community, from third countries or from fishing grounds;
- 14. 're-exportation' means any movement from the territory of the

- Community of fishery products which had been previously imported into the territory of the Community;
- 15. 'regional fisheries management organisation' means a subregional, regional or a similar organisation with competence, as recognised under international law, to establish conservation and management measures for living marine resources placed under its responsibility by virtue of the convention or agreement by which it was established;
- 16. 'contracting party' means a contracting party to the international convention or agreement establishing a regional fisheries management organisation, as well as States, fishing entities or any other entities that cooperate with such an organisation and have been granted cooperating non-contracting party status with respect to such an organisation;
- 17. 'sighting' means any observation by a Member State's competent authority responsible for inspection at sea, or by the master of a Community or third country fishing vessel of a fishing vessel that may fall under one or several of the criteria referred to in Article 3(1);
- 18. 'joint fishing operation' means any operation between two or more fishing vessels where catch is transferred from the fishing gear of one fishing vessel to another or where the technique used by those fishing vessels requires one common fishing gear;
- 19. 'legal person' means any legal entity having such status under the applicable national law, with the exception of States or public bodies in the exercise of State authority and public organisations;
- 20. 'risk' means the likelihood of an event that may occur, with regard to fishery products imported into or exported from the territory of the Community, which prevents the correct application of this Regulation or of the conservation and management measures;
- 21. 'risk management' means the systematic identification of risk and the implementation of all measures necessary for limiting exposure to risk. This includes activities such as collecting data and information, analysing and assessing risk, prescribing and taking action, and regular monitoring and review of the process and its outcomes, based on international, Community or

- national sources or strategies;
- 22. 'high seas' means all the part of the sea as defined in Article 86 of the United Nations Convention of the Law of the Sea (Unclos);
- 23. 'consignment' means products which are either sent simultaneously from one exporter to one consignee or covered by a single transport document covering their shipment from the exporter to the consignee.

Fishing vessels engaged in IUU fishing

- 1. A fishing vessel shall be presumed to be engaged in IUU fishing if it is shown that, contrary to the conservation and management measures applicable in the fishing area concerned, it has:
- (a) fished without a valid licence, authorisation or permit issued by the flag State or the relevant coastal State; or
- (b) not fulfilled its obligations to record and report catch or catchrelated data, including data to be transmitted by satellite vessel monitoring system, or prior notices under Article 6; or
- (c) fished in a closed area, during a closed season, without or after attainment of a quota or beyond a closed depth; or
- (d) engaged in directed fishing for a stock which is subject to a moratorium or for which fishing is prohibited; or
- (e) used prohibited or non-compliant fishing gear; or
- (f) falsified or concealed its markings, identity or registration; or
- (g) concealed, tampered with or disposed of evidence relating to an investigation; or
- (h) obstructed the work of officials in the exercise of their duties in inspecting for compliance with the applicable conservation and management measures; or the work of observers in the exercise of their duties of observing compliance with the applicable Community rules; or
- (i) taken on board, transhipped or landed undersized fish in contravention of the legislation in force; or
- (j) transhipped or participated in joint fishing operations with, supported or re-supplied other fishing vessels identified as having engaged in IUU fishing under this Regulation, in

- particular those included in the Community IUU vessel list or in the IUU vessel list of a regional fisheries management organisation; or
- (k) carried out fishing activities in the area of a regional fisheries management organisation in a manner inconsistent with or in contravention of the conservation and management measures of that organisation and is flagged to a State not party to that organisation, or not cooperating with that organisation as established by that organisation; or
- (l) no nationality and is therefore a stateless vessel, in accordance with international law.
- 2. The activities set out in paragraph 1 shall be considered as serious infringements in accordance with Article 42 depending on the gravity of the infringement in question which shall be determined by the competent authority of the Member State, taking into account the criteria such as the damage done, its value, the extent of the infringement or its repetition.

CHAPTER II

INSPECTIONS OF THIRD COUNTRY FISHING VESSELS IN MEMBER STATES PORTS

SECTION 1

Conditions for access to port by third country fishing vessels

Article 4

Inspection in port schemes

- 1. With a view to prevent, deter and eliminate IUU fishing, an effective scheme of inspections in port for third country fishing vessels calling at the ports of Member States shall be maintained.
- 2. Access to ports of Member States, the provision of port services, and the conduct of landing or transhipment operations in such ports shall be prohibited for third country fishing vessels unless they meet the requirements laid down in this Regulation, except in cases of *force majeure* or distress within the meaning of Article 18 of the Unclos (*force majeure* or distress) for services strictly necessary to remedy

those situations.

- 3. Transhipments between third country fishing vessels or between the latter and fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall be prohibited in Community waters and shall take place only in port, in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter.
- 4. Fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall not be authorised to tranship at sea catches from third country fishing vessels outside Community waters unless the fishing vessels are registered as carrier vessels under the auspices of a regional fisheries management organisation.

Article 5

Designated ports

- 1. Member States shall designate ports, or places close to the shore, where landings or transhipment operations of fishery products and port services referred to in Article 4(2) are permitted.
- 2. Access to port services and the conduct of landing or transhipment operations by third country fishing vessels shall be authorised only in designated ports.
- 3. Member States shall transmit to the Commission no later than 15 January of each year a list of designated ports. Any subsequent changes to this list shall be notified to the Commission at least 15 days before the change takes effect.
- 4. The Commission shall, without delay, publish the list of designated ports in the *Official Journal of the European Union* and on its website.

Article 6

Prior notice

- 1. Masters of third country fishing vessels or their representatives shall notify the competent authorities of the Member State whose designated port or landing facilities they wish to use at least three working days before the estimated time of arrival at the port, of the following information:
- (a) vessel identification;
- (b) name of the designated port of destination and the purposes of the call, landing, transhipment or access to services;
- (c) fishing authorisation or, where appropriate, authorisation to support fishing operations or to tranship fishery products;
- (d) dates of the fishing trip;
- (e) estimated date and time of arrival at nort:

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- (f) the quantities of each species retained on board or, where appropriate, a negative report;
- (g) the zone or zones where the catch was made or where transhipment took place, whether in Community waters, in zones under the jurisdiction or sovereignty of a third country or on the high seas;
- (h) the quantities for each species to be landed or transhipped.

Masters of third country fishing vessels or their representatives shall be exempted from notifying information contained in points (a), (c), (d), (g) and (h), where a catch certificate has been validated in accordance with Chapter III for the full catch to be landed or transhipped in the territory of the Community.

- 2. The notification set out in paragraph 1 shall be accompanied by a catch certificate validated in accordance with Chapter III if the third country fishing vessel carries on board fishery products. The provisions laid down in ▶C1 ♣ Article 13 ◄ on the recognition of catch documents or port State control forms which are part of catch documentation or port State control schemes adopted by regional fisheries management organisations shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.
- 3. The Commission, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2), may exempt certain categories of third country fishing vessels from the obligation stipulated in paragraph 1 for a limited and renewable period, or make provision for another notification period taking into account, *inter alia*, the type of fishery product, the distance between the fishing grounds, landing places and ports where the vessels in question are registered or listed.
- 4. This Article shall apply without prejudice to special provisions set forth in fisheries agreements concluded between the Community and third countries.

Article 7

Authorisation

- 1. Without prejudice to point 5 of Article 37, a third country fishing vessel shall be granted authorisation to access the port only if the information set out in Article 6(1) is complete and, if the third country vessel carries on board fishery products, is accompanied by the catch certificate referred to in Article 6(2).
- 2. Authorisation to commence landing or transhipment operations in port shall be subject to a check to determine the completeness of the

information submitted as prescribed in paragraph 1 and, where appropriate, to an inspection carried out in accordance with Section 2.

3. By way of derogation to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article the port Member State may authorise port access and all or part of a landing in cases where the information set out in Article 6(1) is not complete or its check or verification is pending, but shall, in such cases, keep the fishery products concerned in storage under the control of the competent authorities. The fishery products shall only be released to be sold, taken over or transported once the information set out in Article 6(1) has been received or the checking or verification process is completed. If this process is not completed within 14 days of the landing, the port Member State may confiscate and dispose of the fishery products in accordance with national rules. The cost of storage shall be borne by the operators.

Article 8

Recording of landing or transhipment operations

- 1. Masters of third country fishing vessels or their representative shall submit to the authorities of the Member State whose designated ports of landing or transhipment facilities they use, if possible by electronic means prior to landing or transhipment operations, a declaration indicating the quantity of fishery products by species to be landed or transhipped, and the date and place of each catch. Masters and their representatives shall be held responsible for the accuracy of such declarations.
- 2. Member States shall keep the originals of the declarations set out in paragraph 1, or a hard copy when transmitted electronically, for a period of three years or longer in accordance with national rules.
- 3. Landing and transhipment declaration procedures and forms shall be determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).
- 4. Member States shall notify the Commission by computer transmission before the end of the first month of each calendar quarter of the quantities landed and/or transhipped by third country fishing vessels in their ports during the previous quarter.

SECTION 2

Port inspections

Article 9

General principles

- 1. Member States shall carry out inspections in their designated ports of at least 5 % of landing and transhipment operations by third country fishing vessels each year, in accordance with the benchmarks determined by the procedure referred to in Article 54(2) on the basis of risk management, without prejudice to the higher thresholds adopted by regional fisheries management organisations.
- 2. The following fishing vessels shall be inspected in all cases:
- (a) fishing vessels sighted in accordance with Article 48;
- (b) fishing vessels reported in the framework of a notification made under the Community alert system in accordance with Chapter IV;
- (c) fishing vessels identified by the Commission as presumed to have engaged in IUU fishing in accordance with Article 25;
- (d) fishing vessels appearing in a IUU vessel list adopted by a regional fisheries management organisation notified to Member States in accordance with Article 30.

Article 10

Inspection procedure

- 1. Officials in charge of inspections (officials) shall be able to examine all relevant areas, decks and rooms of the fishing vessel, catches processed or not, nets or other gear, equipment and any relevant documents which officials deem it necessary to verify in compliance with applicable laws, regulations or international management and conservation measures. Officials may also question persons deemed to have information on the matter subject to inspection.
- 2. Inspections shall involve the monitoring of the entire landing or transhipment operations and include a cross-check between the quantities by species recorded in the prior notice of landing and the quantities by species landed or transhipped.
- 3. Officials shall sign their inspection report in the presence of the master of the fishing vessel, who shall have the right to add or cause to be added any information that he considers relevant. Officials shall indicate in the logbook that an inspection has been made.
- 4. A copy of the inspection report shall be handed over to the master of the fishing vessel, who may forward it to the owner.
- 5. The master shall cooperate with and assist in the inspections of the fishing vessel and shall not obstruct, intimidate or interfere with the

officials in the performance of their duties.

Article 11

Procedure in the event of infringements

- 1. If the information collected during the inspection provides evidence to the official to believe that a fishing vessel has engaged in IUU fishing in accordance with the criteria set out in Article 3, the official shall:
- (a) record the suspected infringement in the inspection report;
- (b) take all necessary action to ensure safekeeping of the evidence pertaining to such suspected infringement;
- (c) immediately forward the inspection report to the competent authority.
- 2. If the results of the inspection provide evidence that a third country fishing vessel has engaged in IUU fishing in accordance with the criteria set out in Article 3, the competent authority of the port Member State shall not authorise such vessels to land or tranship their catch.
- 3. The inspecting Member State shall immediately notify its decision not to authorise landing or transhipment operations taken in accordance with paragraph 2, accompanied by a copy of the inspection report, to the Commission or to a body designated by it, which shall immediately transmit it to the competent authority of the flag State of the inspected fishing vessel with a copy to the flag State or States of donor vessels where the inspected fishing vessel has engaged in transhipment operations. Where appropriate, a copy of the notification shall also be communicated to the Executive Secretary of the regional fisheries management organisation in whose area of competence the catch was made.
- 4. Where the suspected breach has taken place in the high seas, the port Member State shall cooperate with the flag State in carrying out an investigation into it and, where appropriate, shall apply the sanctions provided for by the legislation of that port Member State, under the condition that, in accordance with international law, that flag State has expressly agreed to transfer its jurisdiction. In addition, where the suspected breach has taken place in the maritime waters of a third country, the port Member State shall also cooperate with the coastal State in carrying out an investigation into it and, where appropriate, shall apply the sanctions provided for by the legislation of that port Member State, under the condition that, in accordance with

international law, that coastal State has expressly agreed to transfer its jurisdiction.

CHAPTER III

CATCH CERTIFICATION SCHEME FOR IMPORTATION AND EXPORTATION OF FISHERY PRODUCTS

Article 12

Catch certificates

- 1. The importation into the Community of fishery products obtained from IUU fishing shall be prohibited.
- 2. To ensure the effectiveness of the prohibition established in paragraph 1, fishery products shall only be imported into the Community when accompanied by a catch certificate in conformity with this Regulation.
- 3. The catch certificate referred to in paragraph 2 shall be validated by the flag State of the fishing vessel or fishing vessels which made the catches from which the fishery products have been obtained. It shall be used to certify that such catches have been made in accordance with applicable laws, regulations and international conservation and management measures.
- 4. The catch certificate shall contain all the information specified in the specimen shown in Annex II, and shall be validated by a public authority of the flag State with the necessary powers to attest the accuracy of the information. In agreement with flag States, within the framework of the cooperation set out in Article 20(4), the catch certificate may be established, validated or submitted by electronic means or be replaced by electronic traceability systems ensuring the same level of control by authorities.
- 5. The list in Annex I of the products excluded from the scope of implementation of the catch certificate may be reviewed each year on the basis of the results of the information gathered under Chapters II, III, IV, V, VIII, X and XII, and amended in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).

Article 13

Catch documentation schemes agreed and in force in the framework of a regional fisheries management organisation

1. Catch documents, and any related documents, validated in

conformity with catch documentation schemes adopted by a regional fisheries management organisation which are recognised as complying with the requirements laid down in this Regulation, shall be accepted as catch certificates in respect of the fishery products from species to which such catch documentation schemes apply and shall be subject to the check and verification requirements incumbent upon the Member State of importation in accordance with Articles 16 and 17 and to the provisions on refusal of importation laid down in Article 18. The list of such catch documentation schemes shall be determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).

2. Paragraph 1 shall apply without prejudice to the specific regulations in force whereby such catch documentation schemes are implemented into Community law.

Article 14

Indirect importation of fishery products

- 1. In order to import fishery products constituting one single consignment, transported in the same form to the Community from a third country other than the flag State, the importer shall submit to the authorities of the Member States of importation:
- (a) the catch certificate(s) validated by the flag State; and
- (b) documented evidence that the fishery products did not undergo operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good and genuine condition, and remained under the surveillance of the competent authorities in that third country.

Documented evidence shall be provided by means of:

- (i) where appropriate, the single transport document issued to cover the passage from the territory of the flag State through that third country; or
- (ii) a document issued by the competent authorities of that third country:
 - giving an exact description of the fishery products, the dates of unloading and reloading of the products and, where applicable, the names of the ships, or the other means of transport used, and
 - indicating the conditions under which the

fishery products remained in that third country.

Where the species concerned are subject to a regional fisheries management organisation catch documentation scheme which has been recognised under Article 13, the documents referred to above may be replaced by the re-export certificate of that catch documentation scheme, provided that the third country has fulfilled its notification requirements accordingly.

- 2. In order to import fishery products constituting one single consignment and which have been processed in a third country other than the flag State, the importer shall submit to the authorities of the Member State of importation a statement established by the processing plant in that third country and endorsed by its competent authorities in accordance with the form in Annex IV:
- (a) giving an exact description of the unprocessed and processed products and their respective quantities;
- (b) indicating that the processed products have been processed in that third country from catches accompanied by catch certificate(s) validated by the flag State; and
- (c) accompanied by:
 - (i) the original catch certificate(s) where the totality of the catches concerned has been used for the processing of the fishery products exported in a single consignment; or
 - (ii) a copy of the original catch certificate(s), where part of the catches concerned has been used for the processing of the fishery products exported in a single consignment.

Where the species concerned are subject to a regional fisheries management organisations catch documentation scheme which has been recognised under Article 13, the statement may be replaced by the re-export certificate of that catch documentation scheme, provided that the third country of processing has fulfilled its notification requirements accordingly.

3. The documents and the statement set out in paragraphs (1)(b) and (2) of this Article respectively may be communicated by electronic means within the framework of the cooperation laid down in Article 20(4).

Exportation of catches made by fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State

- 1. The exportation of catches made by fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall be subject to the validation of a catch certificate by the competent authorities of the flag Member State, as established in Article 12(4), if required within the framework of the cooperation laid down in Article 20(4).
- 2. Flag Member States shall notify to the Commission their competent authorities for the validation of the catch certificates referred to in paragraph 1.

Article 16

Submission and checks of catch certificates

- 1. The validated catch certificate shall be submitted by the importer to the competent authorities of the Member State in which the product is intended to be imported at least three working days before the estimated time of arrival at the place of entry into the territory of the Community. The deadline of three working days may be adapted according to the type of fishery product, the distance to the place of entry into the territory of the Community or the transport means used. Those competent authorities shall, on the basis of risk management, check the catch certificate in the light of the information provided in the notification received from the flag State in accordance with Articles 20 and 22.
- 2. By way of derogation to paragraph 1, importers who have been granted the status of approved economic operator may advise the competent authorities of the Member State of the arrival of the products within the deadline referred to in paragraph 1 and keep the validated catch certificate and related documents as referred to in Article 14 available to the authorities for the purposes of checks in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article or verifications in accordance with Article 17.
- 3. The criteria for granting the status of approved economic operator to an importer by the competent authorities of a Member State shall include:
- (a) the establishment of the importer on the territory of that Member State;
- (b) a sufficient number and volume of import operations to justify the implementation of the procedure referred to in paragraph 2;
- (c) an appropriate record of compliance with the requirements of

conservation and management measures;

- (d) a satisfactory system of managing commercial and, where appropriate, transport and processing records, which enables the appropriate checks and verifications to be carried out for the purposes of this Regulation;
- (e) the existence of facilities with regard to the conduct of those checks and verifications;
- (f) where appropriate, practical standards of competence or professional qualifications directly related to the activities carried out; and
- (g) where appropriate, proven financial solvency.

Member States shall communicate to the Commission the name and address of the approved economic operators as soon as possible after having granted this status. The Commission shall make available this information to the Member States by electronic means.

The rules relating to the status of approved economic operator may be determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).

Article 17

Verifications

- 1. The competent authorities of the Member States may carry out all of the verifications they deem necessary to ensure that the provisions of this Regulation are correctly applied.
- 2. Verifications may, in particular, consist in examining the products, verifying declaration data and the existence and authenticity of documents, examining the accounts of operators and other records, inspecting means of transport, including containers and storage places of the products and carrying out official enquiries and other similar acts, in addition to the inspection of fishing vessels at port under Chapter II.
- 3. Verifications shall be focused towards risk identified on the basis of criteria developed at national or Community level under risk management. Member States shall notify to the Commission their national criteria within 30 working days after 29 October 2008 and update this information. The Community criteria shall be determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).
- 4. Verifications shall be carried out, in any case, where:
- (a) the verifying authority of the Member State has grounds to

- question the authenticity of the catch certificate itself, of the validation seal or of the signature of the relevant authority of the flag State; or
- (b) the verifying authority of the Member State is in possession of information that questions the compliance by the fishing vessel with applicable laws, regulations or conservation and management measures, or the fulfilment of other requirements of this Regulation; or
- (c) fishing vessels, fishing companies or any other operators have been reported in connection with presumed IUU fishing, including those fishing vessels which have been reported to a regional fisheries management organisation under the terms of an instrument adopted by that organisation to establish lists of vessels presumed to have carried out illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing; or
- (d) flag States or re-exporting countries have been reported to a regional fisheries management organisation under the terms of an instrument adopted by that organisation to implement trade measures vis-à-vis flag States; or
- (e) an alert notice has been published pursuant to Article 23(1).
- 5. Member States may decide to carry out verifications at random, in addition to the verifications referred to in paragraphs 3 and 4.
- 6. For the purpose of a verification, the competent authorities of a Member State may request the assistance of the competent authorities of the flag State or of a third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14, in which case:
- (a) the request for assistance shall state the reasons why the competent authorities of the Member State in question have well-founded doubts as to the validity of the certificate, of the statements contained therein and/or the compliance of the products with conservation and management measures. A copy of the catch certificate and any information or documents suggesting that the information on the certificate is inaccurate shall be forwarded in support of the request for assistance. The request shall be sent without delay to the competent authorities of the flag State or of a third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14:
- (b) the procedure for verification shall be completed within 15 days of the date of the verification request. In the event that the

competent authorities of the flag State concerned cannot meet the deadline, the verifying authorities in the Member State may, on request by the flag State or by a third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14 grant an extension of the deadline to reply, which shall not exceed a further 15 days.

- 7. The release of the products onto the market shall be suspended while awaiting the results of the verification procedures referred to in paragraphs (1) to (6). The cost of storage shall be borne by the operator.
- 8. Member States shall notify to the Commission their competent authorities for the checks and verifications of the catch certificates in accordance with Article 16 and paragraphs (1) to (6) of this Article.

Article 18

Refusal of importation

- 1. The competent authorities of the Member States shall, where appropriate, refuse the importation into the Community of fishery products without having to request any additional evidence or send a request for assistance to the flag State where they become aware that:
- (a) the importer has not been able to submit a catch certificate for the products concerned or to fulfil his obligations under Article 16(1) or (2);
- (b) the products intended for importation are not the same as those mentioned in the catch certificate;
- (c) the catch certificate is not validated by the public authority of the flag State referred to in Article 12(3);
- (d) the catch certificate does not indicate all the required information;
- (e) the importer is not in a position to prove that the fishery products comply with the conditions of Article 14(1) or (2);
- (f) a fishing vessel figuring on the catch certificate as vessel of origin of the catches is included in the Community IUU vessel list or in the IUU vessel lists referred to in Article 30;
- (g) the catch certificate has been validated by the authorities of a flag State identified as a non-cooperating State in accordance with Article 31.
- 2. The competent authorities of the Member States shall, where appropriate, refuse the importation of any fishery products into the

Community, following a request for assistance pursuant to Article 17(6), where:

- (a) they have received a reply according to which the exporter was not entitled to request the validation of a catch certificate; or
- (b) they have received a reply according to which the products do not comply with the conservation and management measures, or other conditions under this Chapter are not met; or
- (c) they have not received a reply within the stipulated deadline; or
- (d) they have received a reply which does not provide pertinent answers to the questions raised in the request.
- 3. In the event that the importation of fishery products is refused pursuant to paragraphs 1 or 2, Member States may confiscate and destroy, dispose of or sell such fishery products in accordance with national law. The profits from the sale may be used for charitable purposes.
- 4. Any person shall have the right to appeal against decisions taken by the competent authorities pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 or 3 which concern him. The right of appeal shall be exercised according to the provisions in force in the Member State concerned.
- 5. The competent authorities of the Member States shall notify the flag State and, where appropriate, the third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14 of refusals of importation. A copy of the notification shall be sent to the Commission.

Article 19

Transit and transhipment

- 1. Where, at the point of entry into the territory of the Community, fishery products are placed under a transit procedure and transported to another Member State where they shall be placed into another customs procedure, the provisions of Articles 17 and 18 shall be implemented in that Member State.
- 2. Where, at the point of entry into the territory of the Community, fishery products are placed under a transit procedure and transported to another place in the same Member State where they shall be placed under another customs procedure, that Member State may implement the provisions of Articles 16, 17 and 18 at the point of entry or at the place of destination. Member States shall, as soon as possible, notify to the Commission the measures adopted for the implementation of this paragraph and update this information. The Commission shall publish these notifications on its website.

- 3. Where, at the point of entry into the territory of the Community, fishery products are transhipped and transported by sea to another Member State, the provisions of Articles 17 and 18 shall be implemented in that Member State.
- 4. The Member States of transhipment shall communicate to the Member States of destination the information taken from the transport documentation on the nature of the fishery products, their weight, the port of loading and the shipper in the third country, the names of the transport vessels and the ports of transhipment and destination, as soon as possible this information is known and prior to the anticipated date of arrival in the port of destination.

Flag State notifications and cooperation with third countries

- 1. The acceptance of catch certificates validated by a given flag State for the purposes of this Regulation shall be subject to the condition that the Commission has received a notification from the flag State concerned certifying that:
- (a) it has in place national arrangements for the implementation, control and enforcement of laws, regulations and conservation and management measures which must be complied with by its fishing vessels;
- (b) its public authorities are empowered to attest the veracity of the information contained in catch certificates and to carry out verifications of such certificates on request from the Member States. The notification shall also include the necessary information to identify those authorities.
- 2. The information to be given in the notification laid down in paragraph 1 is set forth in Annex III.
- 3. The Commission shall inform the flag State of the receipt of the notification sent pursuant to paragraph 1. If all elements mentioned in paragraph 1 are not provided by the flag State, the Commission shall indicate to the flag State which elements are missing and request that it provide a new notification.
- 4. The Commission shall, where appropriate, cooperate administratively with third countries in areas pertaining to the implementation of the catch certification provisions of this Regulation, including the use of electronic means to establish, validate or submit the catch certificates and, where appropriate, documents referred to in Article 14(1) and 14(2).

Such cooperation shall aim to:

- (a) ensure that fishery products imported into the Community originate from catches made in compliance with applicable laws, regulations or conservation and management measures;
- (b) facilitate the accomplishment by flag States of the formalities linked to the access to ports of fishing vessels, the importation of fishery products and the verification requirements of catch certificates established in Chapter II and this Chapter;
- (c) provide for the conduct of on-the-spot audits by the Commission or a body designated by it to verify the effective implementation of the cooperation arrangement;
- (d) provide for the establishment of a framework for the exchange of information between the two sides in support of the implementation of the cooperation arrangement.
- 5. The cooperation laid down in paragraph 4 shall not be construed as a precondition for the application of this Chapter to imports originating from catches made by fishing vessels flying the flag of any State.

Article 21

Re-exportation

- 1. The re-exportation of products imported under a catch certificate in accordance with this Chapter shall be authorised through the validation by the competent authorities of the Member State from which the re-exportation is to take place of the section 're-export' of the catch certificate or a copy thereof where the fishery products to be re-exported are a part of the products imported.
- 2. The procedure defined in Article 16(2) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* where the fishery products are re-exported by an approved economic operator.
- 3. Member States shall notify to the Commission their competent authorities for the validation and the verification of the section 'reexport' of catch certificates in accordance with the procedure defined in Article 15.

Article 22

Record keeping and dissemination

1. The Commission shall keep a record of States and their competent authorities notified in accordance with this Chapter which shall include:

- (a) Member States which have notified their competent authorities to validate, check and verify catch certificates and re-export certificates in accordance with Articles 15, 16, 17 and 21, respectively;
- (b) flag States for which notifications have been received in accordance with Article 20(1), indicating those for which cooperation with third countries has been established in accordance with Article 20(4).
- 2. The Commission shall publish on its website and in the *Official Journal of the European Union* the list of States and their competent authorities referred to in paragraph 1, and shall regularly update this information. The Commission shall make the details of the flag States authorities in charge of the validation and the verification of catch certificates available by electronic means to the authorities in the Member States responsible for the validation and verification of catch certificates.
- 3. The Commission shall publish on its website and in the *Official Journal of the European Union* the list of the catch documentation schemes which are recognised in accordance with Article 13 and shall update it on a regular basis.
- 4. Member States shall keep originals of the catch certificates submitted for importation, the catch certificates validated for exportation and the validated re-export sections of catch certificates for a period of three years or longer, in accordance with national rules.
- 5. Approved economic operators shall keep the original of the documents referred to in paragraph 4 for a period of three years or longer, in accordance with national rules.

CHAPTER IV

COMMUNITY ALERT SYSTEM

Article 23

Issuance of alerts

1. Where information obtained in accordance with Chapters II, III, V, VI, VII, VIII, X or XI raises well-founded doubt as to the compliance, by fishing vessels or fishery products from certain third countries, with applicable laws or regulations, including applicable laws or regulations communicated by third countries under the administrative cooperation referred to in Article 20(4), or with international

conservation and management measures, the Commission shall publish an alert notice on its website and in the *Official Journal of the European Union* to warn operators and to ensure that Member States take appropriate measures in respect of the third countries concerned pursuant to this Chapter.

2. The Commission shall communicate the information referred to in paragraph 1 without delay to the Member States' authorities and to the flag State concerned and, where appropriate, to a third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14.

Article 24

Action following issuance of alerts

- 1. Upon receipt of the information communicated pursuant to Article 23(2), Member States shall, where appropriate, and in accordance with risk management:
- (a) identify the on-going consignments of fishery products to be imported which fall within the scope of the alert notice and carry out a verification of the catch certificate and, where appropriate, of the documents referred to in Article 14, in accordance with the provisions laid down in Article 17;
- (b) take measures to ensure that the future consignments of fishery products intended for importation which fall within the scope of the alert notice be submitted to the verification of the catch certificate, and, where appropriate, of the documents referred to in Article 14, in accordance with the provisions laid down in Article 17;
- (c) identify the previous consignments of fishery products which fall under the scope of the alert notice and carry out the appropriate verifications, including the verification of previously submitted catch certificates;
- (d) submit the fishing vessels which fall within the scope of the alert notice, in accordance with the rules of international law, to the necessary enquiries, investigations or inspections at sea, in ports or any other landing places.
- 2. Member States shall communicate to the Commission as soon as possible the conclusions of their verifications and requests for verification and the actions taken where non-compliance with applicable laws, regulations or international conservation and management measures has been established.
- 3. Where the Commission decides that in light of the conclusions of

verifications carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the well-founded doubt which motivated the alert notice no longer exists, it shall, without delay:

- (a) publish a notice to that effect on its website and in the *Official Journal of the European Union* annulling the earlier alert notice;
- (b) advise the flag State and, where appropriate, the third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14 of the annulment; and
- (c) advise Member States through appropriate channels.
- 4. Where the Commission decides that in light of the conclusions of verifications carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, the well-founded doubt which motivated the alert notice remains, it shall, without delay:
- (a) update the alert notice by a new publication on its website and in the *Official Journal of the European Union*;
- (b) advise the flag State and, where appropriate, the third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14;
- (c) advise Member States through appropriate channels; and
- (d) where appropriate, refer the matter to the regional fisheries management organisation whose conservation and management measures might have been violated.
- 5. Where the Commission decides that in light of the conclusions of verifications carried out pursuant to paragraph 1, there are sufficient grounds to consider that the facts established might constitute a case of non-compliance with applicable laws, regulations or international conservation and management measures, it shall, without delay:
- (a) publish a new alert notice to their effect on its website and in the *Official Journal of the European Union*;
- (b) advise the flag State and undertake the appropriate proceedings and démarches in accordance with Chapters V and VI;
- (c) where appropriate, advise the third country other than the flag State as referred to in Article 14;
- (d) advise Member States through appropriate channels; and
- (e) where appropriate, refer the matter to the regional fisheries management organisation whose conservation and management measures might have been violated.

CHAPTER V

IDENTIFICATION OF FISHING VESSELS ENGAGED IN IUU FISHING

Article 25

Alleged IUU fishing

- 1. The Commission, or a body designated by it, shall compile and analyse:
- (a) all information on IUU fishing obtained in accordance with Chapters II, III, IV, VIII, X and XI; and/or
- (b) any other relevant information, as appropriate, such as:
 - (i) the catch data;
 - (ii) trade information obtained from national statistics and other reliable sources;
 - (iii) vessel registers and databases;
 - (iv) regional fisheries management organisation catch documents or statistical document programmes;
 - (v) reports on sightings or other activities of fishing vessels presumed to be engaged in IUU fishing as referred to in Article 3 and IUU vessel lists reported or adopted by regional fisheries management organisations;
 - (vi) reports under the terms of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 on fishing vessels presumed to be engaged in IUU fishing as referred to in Article 3;
 - (vii) any other relevant information obtained, *inter alia*, in the ports and on the fishing grounds.
- 2. Member States may, at any time, submit to the Commission any additional information which might be relevant for the establishment of the Community IUU vessel list. The Commission, or a body designated by it, shall circulate the information, together with all the evidence provided, to the Member States and to the flag States concerned.
- 3. The Commission, or a body designated by it, shall keep a file in respect of each fishing vessel reported as allegedly involved in IUU fishing which shall be updated as new information is obtained.

Presumed IUU fishing

- 1. The Commission shall identify fishing vessels for which sufficient information has been obtained in accordance with Article 25 to presume that such fishing vessels may be engaged in IUU fishing, warranting an official enquiry with the flag State concerned.
- 2. The Commission shall notify flag States whose fishing vessels are identified pursuant to paragraph 1 of an official request for an enquiry into the alleged IUU fishing of their flagged vessels concerned. The notification shall:
- (a) provide all information gathered by the Commission on alleged IUU fishing;
- (b) issue an official request to the flag State that it takes all the necessary measures to investigate the alleged IUU fishing and share the results of this investigation with the Commission on a timely basis;
- (c) issue an official request to the flag State to take immediate enforcement action should the allegation formulated against the fishing vessel concerned be proven to be founded, and to inform the Commission of the measures taken;
- (d) ask the flag State to notify the owner and, where appropriate, the operator of the fishing vessel concerned of the detailed statement of reasons for the intended listing and of the consequences which would result should the fishing vessel be included in the Community IUU vessel list, as laid down in Article 37. Flag States shall also be requested to provide information to the Commission as to the fishing vessel's owners and, where appropriate, operators so as to ensure that such persons can be heard, in accordance with Article 27(2);
- (e) advise the flag State on the provisions in Chapters VI and VII.
- 3. The Commission shall notify flag Member States whose fishing vessels are identified pursuant to paragraph 1 of an official request for an enquiry into the alleged IUU fishing of their flagged vessels concerned. The notification shall:
- (a) provide all information gathered by the Commission on alleged IUU fishing;
- (b) include an official request to the flag Member State to take all the necessary measures, in accordance with Regulation (EEC)

- No 2847/93 to investigate the alleged IUU fishing or, where appropriate, to report on all the measures already taken to investigate it and to share the results of this investigation with the Commission on a timely basis;
- (c) issue an official request to the flag Member State to take timely enforcement action should the allegation formulated against the fishing vessel concerned be proven to be founded, and to inform the Commission of the measures taken;
- (d) ask the flag Member State to notify the owner and, where appropriate, the operator of the fishing vessel concerned of the detailed statement of reasons for the intended listing and of the consequences which would result should the vessel be included in the Community IUU vessel list, as laid down in Article 37. Flag Member States shall also be requested to provide information to the Commission as to the fishing vessel's owners and, where appropriate, operators so as to ensure that such persons can be heard, in accordance with Article 27(2).
- 4. The Commission shall circulate the information on fishing vessels presumed to be engaged in IUU fishing to all Member States in order to facilitate the implementation of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.

Establishment of the Community IUU vessel list

- 1. The Commission shall, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2), establish a Community IUU vessel list. The list shall include the fishing vessels in relation to which, further to the measures taken pursuant to Articles 25 and 26, the information obtained in accordance with this Regulation establishes that they are engaged in IUU fishing and whose flag States have not complied with the official requests referred to in Article 26(2)(b) and (c) and Article 26(3)(b) and (c), in response to such IUU fishing.
- 2. Before placing any fishing vessel on the Community IUU vessel list, the Commission shall provide the owner and, where appropriate, the operator of the fishing vessel concerned with a detailed statement of reasons for the intended listing and with all elements supporting the suspicion that the fishing vessel has carried out IUU fishing. The statement shall mention the right to ask for or to provide additional information, and give the owner, and, where appropriate, the operator the possibility of being heard and to defend their case, leaving them adequate time and facilities.

- 3. When a decision is taken to place a fishing vessel on the Community IUU vessel list, the Commission shall notify that decision, and the reasons for it, to the owner and, where appropriate, the operator of the fishing vessel.
- 4. The obligations imposed on the Commission by paragraphs 2 and 3 shall apply without prejudice to the primary responsibility of the flag State over the fishing vessel, and only in so far as the relevant information on the identification of the fishing vessel owner and operator is at the disposal of the Commission.
- 5. The Commission shall notify the flag State of the inclusion of the fishing vessel on the Community IUU vessel list and shall provide the flag State with the detailed reasons for listing.
- 6. The Commission shall request flag States with fishing vessels on the Community IUU vessel list to:
- (a) notify the owner of the fishing vessel of its inclusion on the Community IUU vessel list, of the reasons justifying this inclusion and of the consequences resulting from it, as laid down in Article 37; and
- (b) take all the necessary measures to eliminate IUU fishing, including, if necessary, the withdrawal of the registration or the fishing licences of the fishing vessels concerned, and to inform the Commission of the measures taken.
- 7. This Article shall not apply to Community fishing vessels if the flag Member State has taken action in accordance with paragraph 8.
- 8. Community fishing vessels shall not be included in the Community IUU vessel list if the flag Member State has taken action pursuant to this Regulation and Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 against breaches constituting serious infringements as laid down in Article 3(2), without prejudice to the action taken by regional fisheries management organisations.

Removal of fishing vessels from the Community IUU vessel list

1. The Commission shall remove a fishing vessel from the

Community IUU vessel list, in accordance with the procedure referred
to in Article 54(2), if the fishing vessel's flag State demonstrates that:

- (a) the vessel did not engage in any of the IUU fishing activities for which it was placed on the list; or
- (b) proportionate, dissuasive and effective sanctions have been applied in response to the IUU fishing activities in question,

notably for the fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State in accordance with the Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93.

2. The owner or, where appropriate, the operator of a fishing vessel placed on the Community IUU vessel list may submit a request to the Commission to review the status of that vessel in case of inaction by the flag State under paragraph 1.

The Commission shall only consider removing the fishing vessel from the list if:

- (a) the owner or the operator provides evidence as to the fact that the fishing vessel is no longer engaged in IUU fishing; or
- (b) the listed fishing vessel has sunk or has been scrapped.
- 3. In all other cases, the Commission shall only consider removing the fishing vessel from the list if the following conditions are fulfilled:
- (a) at least two years have elapsed since the fishing vessel's listing during which no further reports of alleged IUU fishing by the vessel have been received by the Commission in accordance with Article 25; or
- (b) the owner submits information relating to the current operation of the fishing vessel that demonstrates that it is operating in full conformity with laws, regulations and/or conservation and management measures that apply to any fisheries in which it is participating; or
- (c) the fishing vessel concerned, its owner or operator, maintain no operational or financial links, whether direct or indirect, with any other vessel, owner or operator presumed or confirmed to be engaged in IUU fishing.

Article 29

Content, publicity and maintenance of the Community IUU vessel list 1. The Community IUU vessel list shall contain the following details for each fishing vessel:

- (a) name and previous names, if any;
- (b) flag and previous flags, if any;
- (c) owner and where relevant previous owners, including beneficial owners, if any;
- (d) operator and where relevant previous operators, if any;
- (e) call sign and previous call signs, if any;

- (f) Lloyds/IMO number, where available;
- (g) photographs, where available;
- (h) date of first inclusion on it;
- (i) summary of activities which justify inclusion of the vessel on it, together with references to all relevant documents informing of and evidencing those activities.
- 2. The Commission shall publish the Community IUU vessel list in the *Official Journal of the European Union* and shall take any measure necessary to ensure its publicity, including by placing it on its website.
- 3. The Commission shall update every three months the Community IUU vessel list and shall provide for a system to automatically notify updates to Member States, regional fisheries management organisations and any member of the civil society that should so request. Furthermore, the Commission shall transmit the list to the FAO and to regional fisheries management organisations for the purposes of enhancing cooperation between the Community and these organisations aimed at preventing, deterring and eliminating IUU fishing.

IUU vessel lists adopted by regional fisheries management organisations

- 1. In addition to the fishing vessels referred to in Article 27, fishing vessels included in the IUU vessel lists adopted by regional fisheries management organisations shall be included in the Community IUU vessel list, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2). Removal of such vessels from the Community IUU vessel list shall be governed by the decisions taken with regard to them by the relevant regional fisheries management organisation.
- 2. The Commission shall each year, on receiving from regional fisheries management organisations the lists of fishing vessels presumed or confirmed to be involved in IUU fishing, notify them to the Member States.
- 3. The Commission shall notify promptly to the Member States any addition to, any deletion from and/or any modification of the lists referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article at any time such changes occur. Article 37 shall apply in respect of the vessels appearing on the regional fisheries management organisations IUU vessel lists so modified as of the time of their notification to Member States.

CHAPTER VI

NON-COOPERATING THIRD COUNTRIES

Article 31

Identification of non-cooperating third countries

- 1. The Commission, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2), shall identify the third countries that it considers as non-cooperating third countries in fighting IUU fishing.
- 2. The identification set out in paragraph 1 shall be based on the review of all information obtained pursuant to Chapters II, III, IV, V, VIII, X and XI, or, as appropriate, any other relevant information, such as the catch data, trade information obtained from national statistics and other reliable sources, vessel registers and databases, catch documents or statistical document programmes and IUU vessel lists adopted by regional fisheries management organisations, as well as any other information obtained in the ports and on the fishing grounds.
- 3. A third country may be identified as a non-cooperating third country if it fails to discharge the duties incumbent upon it under international law as flag, port, coastal or market State, to take action to prevent, deter and eliminate IUU fishing.
- 4. For the purposes of paragraph 3, the Commission shall primarily rely on the examination of measures taken by the third country concerned in respect of:
- (a) recurrent IUU fishing suitably documented as carried out or supported by fishing vessels flying its flag or by its nationals, or by fishing vessels operating in its maritime waters or using its ports; or
- (b) access of fisheries products stemming from IUU fishing to its market.
- 5. For the purposes of paragraph 3, the Commission shall take into account:
- (a) whether the third country concerned effectively cooperates with the Community, by providing a response to requests made by the Commission to investigate, provide feedback or follow-up to IUU fishing and associated activities;
- (b) whether the third country concerned has taken effective enforcement measures in respect of the operators responsible for IUU fishing, and in particular whether sanctions of

- sufficient severity to deprive the offenders of the benefits accruing from IUU fishing have been applied;
- (c) the history, nature, circumstances, extent and gravity of the manifestations of IUU fishing considered;
- (d) for developing countries, the existing capacity of their competent authorities.
- 6. For the purposes of paragraph 3, the Commission shall also consider the following elements:
- (a) the ratification of, or accession of the third countries concerned to, international fisheries instruments, and in particular the Unclos, the UN Fish Stocks Agreement and the FAO Compliance Agreement;
- (b) the status of the third country concerned as a contracting party to regional fisheries management organisations, or its agreement to apply the conservation and management measures adopted by them;
- (c) any act or omission by the third country concerned that may have diminished the effectiveness of applicable laws, regulations or international conservation and management measures.
- 7. Where appropriate, specific constraints of developing countries, in particular in respect to monitoring, control and surveillance of fishing activities, shall be duly taken into consideration in the implementation of this Article

Démarches in respect of countries identified as non-cooperating third countries

- 1. The Commission shall, without delay, notify countries concerned of the possibility of being identified as non-cooperating third countries in accordance with the criteria laid down in Article 31. It shall include in the notification the following information:
- (a) the reason or reasons for the identification with all available supporting evidence;
- (b) the opportunity to respond to the Commission in writing with regard to the identification decision and other relevant information, for example, evidence refuting the identification or, where appropriate, a plan of action to improve and the measures taken to rectify the situation;

- (c) the right to ask for, or to provide, additional information;
- (d) the consequences of its identification as non-cooperating third country, as provided in Article 38.
- 2. The Commission shall also include in the notification referred to in paragraph 1 a request that the third country concerned take any necessary measures for the cessation of the IUU fishing activities in question and the prevention of any future such activities, and rectify any act or omission referred to in Article 31(6)(c).
- 3. The Commission shall, by more than one means of communication, transmit its notification and request to the third country concerned. The Commission shall seek to obtain confirmation from that country that it has received the notification.
- 4. The Commission shall give to the third country concerned adequate time to answer the notification and a reasonable time to remedy the situation.

Establishment of a list of non-cooperating third countries

- 1. The Council, acting by qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall decide on a list of non-cooperating third countries.
- 2. The Commission shall, without delay, notify the third country concerned of its identification as a non-cooperating third country and of the measures applied in accordance with Article 38, and shall request it to rectify the current situation and to advise on the measures taken to ensure compliance with conservation and management measures by its fishing vessels.
- 3. Following a decision taken pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article, the Commission shall, without delay, notify it to the Member States and shall request them to ensure the immediate implementation of the measures laid down in Article 38. Member States shall notify the Commission of any measures they have taken in response to this request.

Article 34

Removal from the list of non-cooperating third countries

1. The Council, acting by qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission, shall remove a third country from the list of non-cooperating third countries if the third country concerned demonstrates that the situation that warranted its listing has been rectified. A removal decision shall also take into consideration whether the

identified third countries concerned have taken concrete measures capable of achieving a lasting improvement of the situation.

2. Following a decision taken pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article, the Commission shall, without delay, notify Member States of the lifting of the measures laid down in Article 38 in respect of the third country concerned.

Article 35

Publicity of the list of non-cooperating third countries

The Commission shall publish the list of non-cooperating third countries in the *Official Journal of the European Union* and take any measure necessary to ensure publicity of this list, including placing it on its website. The Commission shall regularly update the list and shall provide for a system to automatically notify updates to Member States, regional fisheries management organisations and any member of the civil society that should so request. Furthermore, the Commission shall transmit the list of non-cooperating third countries to the FAO and to regional fisheries management organisations for the purposes of enhancing cooperation between the Community and those organisations aimed at preventing, deterring and eliminating IUU fishing.

Article 36

Emergency measures

- 1. If there is evidence that the measures adopted by a third country undermine the conservation and management measures adopted by a regional fisheries management organisation, the Commission shall be entitled to adopt, in line with its international obligations, emergency measures which shall last no more than six months. The Commission may take a new decision to extend the emergency measures for no more than six months.
- 2. The emergency measures referred to in paragraph 1 may include, *inter alia*, that:
- (a) fishing vessels authorised to fish and flying the flag of the third country concerned shall not be granted access to the ports of Member States, except in case of *force majeure* or distress as referred to in Article 4(2) for services strictly necessary to remedy those situations;
- (b) fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall not be authorised to engage in joint fishing operations with vessels

flying the flag of the third country concerned;

- (c) fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall not be authorised to fish in maritime waters under the jurisdiction of the third country concerned, without prejudice to the provisions set out in bilateral fishing agreements;
- (d) provision of live fish for fish farming in maritime waters under the jurisdiction of the third country concerned shall not be authorised;
- (e) live fish caught by fishing vessels flying the flag of the third country concerned shall not be accepted for the purposes of fish farming in maritime waters under the jurisdiction of a Member State.
- 3. Emergency measures shall have immediate effect. They shall be notified to the Member States and to the third country concerned and published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.
- 4. The Member States concerned may refer the Commission's decision set out in paragraph 1 to the Council within 10 working days of receipt of the notification.
- 5. The Council, acting by qualified majority, may take a different decision within one month of the date of receipt of the referral.

CHAPTER VII

MEASURES IN RESPECT OF FISHING VESSELS AND STATES INVOLVED IN IUU FISHING

Article 37

Action in respect of fishing vessels included in the Community IUU vessel list

The following measures shall apply to the fishing vessels included in the Community IUU vessel list (IUU fishing vessels):

- 1. flag Member States shall not submit to the Commission any requests for fishing authorisations in respect of IUU fishing vessels;
- 2. current fishing authorisations or special fishing permits issued by flag Member States in respect of IUU fishing vessels shall be withdrawn;
- 3. IUU fishing vessels flying the flag of a third country shall not

- be authorised to fish in Community waters and shall be prohibited to be chartered;
- 4. fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall not in any way assist, engage in fish processing operations or participate in any transhipment or joint fishing operations with IUU fishing vessels;
- 5. IUU fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State shall only be authorised access to their home ports and to no other Community port, except in case of *force majeure* or distress. IUU fishing vessels flying the flag of a third country shall not be authorised to enter into a port of a Member State, except in case of *force majeure* or distress. Alternatively, a Member State may authorise the entry into its ports of an IUU fishing vessel on the condition that the catches on board and, where appropriate, fishing gear prohibited pursuant to conservation and management measures adopted by regional fisheries management organisations, are confiscated. Member States shall also confiscate catches and, where appropriate, fishing gear prohibited pursuant to those measures, on board IUU fishing vessels which have been authorised to enter into its ports for reason of force majeure or distress;
- 6. IUU fishing vessels flying the flag of a third country shall not be supplied in ports with provisions, fuel or other services, except in case of *force majeure* or distress;
- 7. IUU fishing vessels flying the flag of a third country shall not be authorised to change the crew, except as necessary in case of *force majeure* or distress;
- 8. Member States shall refuse the granting of their flag to IUU fishing vessels;
- 9. the importation of fishery products caught by IUU fishing vessels shall be prohibited, and accordingly catch certificates accompanying such products shall not be accepted or validated;
- 10. the exportation and re-exportation of fishery products from IUU fishing vessels for processing shall be prohibited;
- 11. IUU fishing vessels with no fish and crew on board shall be authorised to enter a port for its scrapping, but without prejudice to any prosecutions and sanctions imposed against

that vessel and any legal or natural person concerned.

Article 38

Action in respect of non-cooperating third countries

The following measures shall apply to non-cooperating third countries:

- 1. the importation into the Community of fishery products caught by fishing vessels flying the flag of such countries shall be prohibited, and accordingly catch certificates accompanying such products shall not be accepted. In the event that the identification of a non-cooperating third country pursuant to Article 31 is justified by the lack of appropriate measures adopted by this third country in relation to IUU fishing affecting a given stock or species, the prohibition of importation may only apply in respect of this stock or species;
- 2. the purchase by Community operators of a fishing vessel flying the flag of such countries shall be prohibited;
- 3. the reflagging of a fishing vessel flying the flag of a Member State to such countries shall be prohibited;
- 4. Member States shall not authorise the conclusion of chartering agreements with such countries for fishing vessels flying their flag;
- 5. the exportation of Community fishing vessels to such countries shall be prohibited;
- 6. private trade arrangements between nationals of a Member State and such countries in order for a fishing vessel flying the flag of that Member State to use the fishing possibilities of such countries shall be prohibited;
- 7. joint fishing operations involving fishing vessels flying the flag of a Member State with a fishing vessel flying the flag of such countries shall be prohibited;
- 8. the Commission shall propose the denunciation of any standing bilateral fisheries agreement or fisheries partnership agreement with such countries which provides for termination of the agreement in case of failure to comply with undertakings made by them with regard to combating IUU fishing;
- 9. the Commission shall not enter into negotiations to conclude a bilateral fisheries agreement or fisheries partnership agreements with such countries;

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- 10. the ownership, including as a beneficial owner as defined in Article 3, point (6), of Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council (²), operation or management by Union operators of fishing vessels flying the flag of such countries shall be prohibited. Union owners, including beneficial owners, of fishing vessels flying the flag of such countries shall request that those vessels be removed from the registry of such countries within two months of the publication of the list of non-cooperating third countries in accordance with Article 33 of this Regulation. Where the request cannot be made directly by the owners, including beneficial owners, they shall mandate a relevant natural or legal person empowered to act on their behalf to request such removal within the timeframe provided;
- 11. access to port services and the conduct of landing or transhipment operations in Union ports by fishing vessels flying the flag of such countries shall be prohibited.



CHAPTER VIII

NATIONALS

Article 39

Nationals supporting or engaged in IUU fishing

- 1. Nationals subject to the jurisdiction of Member States (nationals) shall neither support nor engage in IUU fishing, including by engagement on board or as operators or beneficial owners of fishing vessels included in the Community IUU vessel list.
- 2. Without prejudice to the primary responsibility of the flag State, Member States shall cooperate amongst themselves and with third countries and take all appropriate measures, in accordance with national and Community law, in order to identify nationals supporting or engaged in IUU fishing.
- 3. Without prejudice to the primary responsibility of the flag State, Member States shall take appropriate action, subject to and in accordance with their applicable laws and regulations with regard to nationals identified as supporting or engaged in IUU fishing.

4. Each Member State shall notify to the Commission the names of the competent authorities responsible for coordinating the collection and verification of information on activities of nationals referred to in this Chapter and for reporting to and cooperating with the Commission.

Article 40

Prevention and sanction

- 1. Member States shall encourage nationals to notify any information pertaining to legal, beneficial or financial interests in, or control of, fishing vessels flagged to a third country which they hold and the names of the vessels concerned.
- 2. Nationals shall not sell or export any fishing vessel to operators involved in the operation, management or ownership of fishing vessels included in the Community IUU vessel list.
- 3. Without prejudice to other provisions laid down in Community law pertaining to public funds, Member States shall not grant any public aid under national aid regimes or under Community funds to operators involved in the operation, management or ownership of fishing vessels included in the Community IUU vessel list.
- 4. Member States shall endeavour to obtain information on the existence of any arrangement between nationals and a third country allowing the reflagging of fishing vessels flying their flag to such third country. They shall inform the Commission thereof by submitting a list of the fishing vessels concerned.

CHAPTER IX

IMMEDIATE ENFORCEMENT MEASURES, SANCTIONS AND ACCOMPANYING SANCTIONS

Article 41

Scope

This Chapter shall apply in relation to:

- 1. serious infringements committed within the territory of Member States to which the Treaty applies, or within maritime waters under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of the Member States, with the exception of waters adjacent to the territories and countries mentioned in Annex II of the Treaty;
- 2 serious infringements committed by Community fishing

- vessels or nationals of Member States;
- 3. serious infringements detected within the territory or within waters as referred to in point 1 of this Article but which have been committed on the high seas or within the jurisdiction of a third country and are being sanctioned pursuant to Article 11(4).

Article 42

Serious infringements

- 1. For the purpose of this Regulation, serious infringement means:
- (a) the activities considered to constitute IUU fishing in accordance with the criteria set out in Article 3;
- (b) the conduct of business directly connected to IUU fishing, including the trade in/or the importation of fishery products;
- (c) the falsification of documents referred to in this Regulation or the use of such false or invalid documents.
- 2. The serious character of the infringement shall be determined by the competent authority of a Member State taking into account the criteria set out in Article 3(2).

Article 43

Immediate enforcement measures

- 1. Where a natural person is suspected of having committed or is caught in the act while committing a serious infringement or a legal person is suspected of being held liable for such an infringement, Member States shall start a full investigation of the infringement and, in conformity with their national law and depending on the gravity of the infringement, take immediate enforcement measures such as in particular:
- (a) the immediate cessation of fishing activities;
- (b) the rerouting to port of the fishing vessel;
- (c) the rerouting of the transport vehicle to another location for inspection;
- (d) the ordering of a bond;
- (e) the seizure of fishing gear, catches or fisheries products;
- (f) the temporary immobilisation of the fishing vessel or transport vehicle concerned;

- (g) the suspension of the authorisation to fish.
- 2. The enforcement measures shall be of such nature as to prevent the continuation of the serious infringement concerned and to allow the competent authorities to complete its investigation.

Article 44

Sanctions for serious infringements

- 1. Member States shall ensure that a natural person having committed or a legal person held liable for a serious infringement is punishable by effective, proportionate and dissuasive administrative sanctions.
- 2. The Member States shall impose a maximum sanction of at least five times the value of the fishery products obtained by committing the serious infringement.

In case of a repeated serious infringement within a five-year period, the Member States shall impose a maximum sanction of at least eight times the value of the fishery products obtained by committing the serious infringement.

In applying these sanctions the Member States shall also take into account the value of the prejudice to the fishing resources and the marine environment concerned.

3. Member States may also, or alternatively, use effective, proportionate and dissuasive criminal sanctions.

Article 45

Accompanying sanctions

The sanctions provided for in this Chapter may be accompanied by other sanctions or measures, in particular:

- 1. the sequestration of the fishing vessel involved in the infringement;
- 2. the temporary immobilisation of the fishing vessel;
- 3. the confiscation of prohibited fishing gear, catches or fishery products;
- 4. the suspension or withdrawal of authorisation to fish;
- 5. the reduction or withdrawal of fishing rights;
- 6. the temporary or permanent exclusion from the right to obtain new fishing rights;
- 7. the temporary or permanent ban on access to public assistance or subsidies;

8. the suspension or withdrawal of the status of approved economic operator granted pursuant to Article 16(3).

Article 46

Overall level of sanctions and accompanying sanctions

The overall level of sanctions and accompanying sanctions shall be calculated in such way as to make sure that they effectively deprive those responsible of the economic benefits derived from their serious infringements without prejudice to the legitimate right to exercise a profession. For this purpose, account shall be also taken of immediate enforcement measures taken pursuant to Article 43.

Article 47

Liability of legal persons

- 1. Legal persons shall be held liable for serious infringements where such infringements have been committed for their benefit by any natural person, acting either individually or as part of an organ of the legal person, and having a determining position within the legal person, based on:
- (a) a power of representation of the legal person; or
- (b) an authority to take decisions on behalf of the legal person; or
- (c) an authority to exercise control within the legal person.
- 2. A legal person may be held liable where the lack of supervision or control, by a natural person referred to in paragraph 1, has made possible the commission of a serious infringement for the benefit of that legal person by a natural person under its authority.
- 3. Liability of a legal person shall not exclude proceedings against natural persons who are perpetrators, instigators or accessories in the infringements concerned.

CHAPTER X

IMPLEMENTATION OF PROVISIONS ADOPTED WITHIN CERTAIN REGIONAL FISHERIES MANAGEMENT ORGANISATIONS PERTAINING TO FISHING VESSEL SIGHTINGS

Article 48

Sightings at sea

- 1. The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to fishing activities subject to the rules on sightings at sea adopted within regional fishery management organisations which are binding to the Community.
- 2. In the event that a Member State's competent authority responsible for inspection at sea sights a fishing vessel engaged in activities that may be considered as IUU fishing, it shall forthwith issue a report of the sighting. Such report and the results of investigations carried out on that fishing vessel by that Member State shall be considered evidence for use in the implementation of the identification and enforcement mechanisms provided in this Regulation.
- 3. In the event that the master of a Community or a third country fishing vessel sights a fishing vessel engaged in activities referred to in paragraph 2, the master may document as much information as possible on such sighting, for instance:
- (a) the name and description of the fishing vessel;
- (b) the fishing vessel's call sign;
- (c) the registration number and, if appropriate, the Lloyds IMO number of the fishing vessel;
- (d) the flag State of the fishing vessel;
- (e) the position (latitude, longitude) at the time when first identified;
- (f) the date/time UTC when first identified;
- (g) a photograph or photographs of the fishing vessel to support the sighting;
- (h) any other relevant information regarding the observed activities of the fishing vessel concerned.
- 4. Sighting reports shall be sent without delay to the competent authority of the flag Member State of the sighting fishing vessel, which shall transmit them as soon as possible to the Commission or to the body designated by it. The Commission or the body designated by it shall then immediately inform the flag State of the fishing vessel sighted. The Commission or a body designated by it shall thereupon transmit the sighting report to all the Member States and, as appropriate, to the Executive Secretary of the relevant regional fisheries management organisations for further action in accordance with the measures adopted by those organisations.
- 5. A Member State which receives a sighting report reporting the activities of a fishing vessel flying its flag from the competent

authority of a contracting party of a regional fisheries management organisation shall notify the report and all relevant information as soon as possible to the Commission or to the body designated by it, which shall thereupon forward this information to the Executive Secretary of the regional fisheries management organisation concerned for further action in accordance with the measures adopted by this organisation, as appropriate.

6. This Article shall apply without prejudice to stricter provisions adopted by regional fisheries management organisations to which the Community is a contracting party.

Article 49

Submission of information regarding sighted fishing vessels

- 1. Member States which obtain suitably documented information regarding sighted fishing vessels shall transmit this information without delay to the Commission or to the body designated by it with the format determined in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).
- 2. The Commission or the body designated by it shall also examine suitably documented information regarding sighted fishing vessels submitted by citizens, civil society organisations, including environmental organisations, as well as representatives of fisheries or fish trade stakeholder interests.

Article 50

Investigation of sighted fishing vessels

- 1. Member States shall, as soon as possible, initiate an investigation on the activities of fishing vessels flying their flag which have been sighted in accordance with Article 49.
- 2. Member States shall notify, where possible by electronic means, to the Commission or the body designated by it the details of the initiation of the investigation and of any action taken or intended in respect of the sighted fishing vessels flying their flag, as soon as practicable and in any case within two months of the notification of the sighting report pursuant to Article 48(4). Reports on the progress of the investigations on the activities of the sighted fishing vessel shall be provided to the Commission or to the body designated by it at appropriate regular intervals. A final report on the outcome when the investigations are completed shall be provided to the Commission or to the body designated by it.
- 3. Member States other than the flag Member State concerned shall,

where appropriate, verify whether the sighted fishing vessels reported have carried out activities in maritime waters under their jurisdiction or if fisheries products stemming from those vessels have been landed or imported into their territory and shall investigate their record of compliance with relevant conservation and management measures. Member States shall notify without delay to the Commission, or to the body designated by it, and to the flag Member State concerned the outcome of their verifications and investigations.

- 4. The Commission or the body designated by it shall communicate to all the Member States the information received in accordance with paragraphs 2 and 3.
- 5. This Article shall apply without prejudice to the provisions of Chapter V of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 and to the provisions adopted by regional fisheries management organisations to which the Community is a contracting party.

CHAPTER XI

MUTUAL ASSISTANCE

Article 51

Mutual assistance

- 1. The administrative authorities responsible for implementation of this Regulation in the Member States shall cooperate with each other, with administrative authorities of third countries and with the Commission in order to ensure compliance with this Regulation.
- 2. For the purposes of paragraph 1, a system for mutual assistance shall be established, which shall include an automated information system, the 'IUU fishing information system', which shall be managed by the Commission or a body designated by it, to assist competent authorities in preventing, investigating and prosecuting IUU fishing.
- 3. Detailed rules for the application of this Chapter shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).

CHAPTER XII

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 52

Implementation

The measures necessary for implementing the provisions of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 54(2).

Article 53

Financial support

Member States may require the operators concerned to contribute to the costs linked to the implementation of this Regulation.



Article 54

Committee procedure

- 1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Committee for Fisheries and Aquaculture established by Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013. That Committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council (³).
- 2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.



Article 54a

Annexes and documents

The Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 54b amending Annex I, Annex II, including the Appendix thereto, and Annex IV, as well as supplementing this Regulation by adopting and keeping up to date a template for the document referred to in Article 14(1), point (b)(ii), in order to take into account international developments in catch documentation schemes, scientific developments and technical progress, including adaptations for the purpose of the implementation of CATCH. The Commission is also empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 54b amending Annex I each year on the basis of the information collected under Chapters II, III, IV, V, VIII, X and XII.

Article 54h

Exercise of the delegation

- 1. The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.
- 2. The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 12a(3) and Article 54a shall be conferred on the Commission for an indeterminate period of time.
- 3. The delegation of power referred to in Article 12a(3) and Article 54a may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the *Official Journal of the European Union* or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated acts already in force.
- 4. Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making (⁴).
- 5. As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.
- 6. A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 12a(3) and Article 54a shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or the Council.



Article 55

Reporting obligations

- 1. Every two years, Member States shall transmit a report to the Commission on the application of this Regulation not later than 30 April of the following calendar year.
- 2. On the basis of the reports submitted by the Member States and its own observations, the Commission shall draw up a report every three years to be submitted to the European Parliament and to the Council.
- 3. An evaluation of the impact of this Regulation on IUU fishing shall be undertaken by the Commission by 29 October 2013.

Article 56

Repeals

Articles 28b(2), 28e, 28f, 28g and Article 31(2)(a) of Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93, Regulation (EC) No 1093/94, Regulation (EC) No 1447/1999, Articles 8, 19a, 19b, 19c, 21, 21b, 21c of Regulation (EC) No 1936/2001 and Articles 26a, 28, 29, 30 and 31 of Regulation (EC) No 601/2004 shall be repealed with effect from 1 January 2010.

References to the repealed Regulations shall be construed as references to this Regulation.

Article 57

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 1 January 2010.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.



ANNEX I

List of products excluded from the definition of 'fishery products' set out in point 8 of Article 2

_	Aquaculture products obtained from fry or larvae
ex 0302 99 00 0303 91 10 0303 91 90	Livers, roes, milt, fish fins (with exception to fins of fish of the class <i>Chondrichthyes</i>), heads, tails, maws and other edible fish offal

ex 0305 79 00	
ex 16 04	
0301 11 00 0301 19 00	Ornamental fish, live
	Trout (Salmo trutta, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Oncorhynchus clarki, Oncorhynchus aguabonita, Oncorhynchus gilae, Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus chrysogaster), live, caught in freshwater
	Eels (<i>Anguilla</i> spp.), live, caught in freshwater
	Carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), live
ex 0301 99 11	Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka, Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Oncorhynchus keta, Oncorhynchus tschawytscha, Oncorhynchus

	Oncorhynchus masou and Oncorhynchus rhodurus), Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar) and Danube salmon (Hucho hucho), live, caught in freshwater
0301 99 17	Other freshwater fish, live
ex 0302 11	Trout (Salmo trutta, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Oncorhynchus clarki, Oncorhynchus aguabonita, Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus chrysogaster), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
ex 0302 13 00	Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka, Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Oncorhynchus keta, Oncorhynchus tschawytscha, Oncorhynchus kisutch, Oncorhynchus masou and Oncorhynchus rhodurus), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
ex 0302 14 00	Atlantic salmon (<i>Salmo salar</i>) and

	Danube salmon (<i>Hucho hucho</i>), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
ex 0302 19 00	Other Salmonidae, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
0302 71 00	Tilapias (<i>Oreochromis</i> spp.), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0302 72 00	Catfish (Pangasius spp., Silurus spp., Clarias spp., Ictalurus spp.), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0302 73 00	Carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets

and other fish meat of heading 0304
Eels (Anguilla spp.), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
Nile perch (<i>Lates niloticus</i>) and snakeheads (<i>Channa</i> spp.), fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
Other freshwater fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
Sockeye salmon (red salmon) (Oncorhynchus nerka), frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
Other Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Oncorhynchus keta, Oncorhynchus tschawytscha, Oncorhynchus kisutch, Oncorhynchus masou and Oncorhynchus rhodurus), frozen,

	excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
ex 0303 13 00	Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar) and Danube salmon (Hucho hucho), frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
ex 0303 14	Trout (Salmo trutta, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Oncorhynchus clarki, Oncorhynchus aguabonita, Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus chrysogaster), frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
ex 0303 19 00	Other salmonidae, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
0303 23 00	Tilapias (<i>Oreochromis</i> spp.), frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0303 24 00	Catfish (Pangasius spp., Silurus spp., Clarias spp., Ictalurus spp.), frozen,

	excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0303 25 00	Carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
ex 0303 26 00	Eels (Anguilla spp.), frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304, caught in freshwater
0303 29 00	Nile perch (<i>Lates niloticus</i>) and snakeheads (<i>Channa</i> spp.), frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0303 89 10	Other freshwater fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0304 31 00	Fresh or chilled fillets of tilapias (Oreochromis spp.)
0304 32 00	Fresh or chilled fillets of catfish (<i>Pangasius</i>

	spp., <i>Silurus</i> spp., <i>Clarias</i> spp., <i>Ictalurus</i> spp.)
0304 33 00	Fresh or chilled fillets of Nile perch (<i>Lates niloticus</i>)
ex 0304 39 00	Fresh or chilled fillets of carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), eels (Anguilla spp.), caught in freshwater, and snakeheads (Channa spp.)
ex 0304 41 00	Fresh or chilled fillets of Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka, Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Oncorhynchus keta, Oncorhynchus tschawytscha, Oncorhynchus kisutch, Oncorhynchus masou and Oncorhynchus rhodurus), Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar) and Danube salmon (Hucho hucho), caught in freshwater

	Fresh or chilled fillets of trout (Salmo trutta, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Oncorhynchus clarki, Oncorhynchus aguabonita, Oncorhynchus gilae, Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus chrysogaster), caught in freshwater
0304 49 10	Fresh or chilled fillets of other freshwater fish
	Fish meat (whether or not minced) other than fish fillets, fresh or chilled, of tilapias (Oreochromis spp.), catfish (Pangasius spp., Silurus spp., Clarias spp., Ictalurus spp.), carp (Cyprinus spp.), carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), eels (Anguilla spp.), caught in freshwater, Nile perch (Lates niloticus) and snakeheads (Channa spp.)

ex 0304 52 00	Fish meat (whether or not minced) other than fish fillets, fresh or chilled, of salmonidae, caught in freshwater
0304 59 10	Fish meat (whether or not minced) other than fish fillets, fresh or chilled, of other freshwater fish
0304 61 00	Frozen fillets of tilapias (<i>Oreochromis</i> spp.)
0304 62 00	Frozen fillets of catfish (<i>Pangasius</i> spp., <i>Silurus</i> spp., <i>Clarias</i> spp., <i>Ictalurus</i> spp.)
0304 63 00	Frozen fillets of Nile perch (<i>Lates niloticus</i>)
ex 0304 69 00	Frozen fillets of carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), eels (Anguilla spp.), caught in freshwater, and snakeheads (Channa spp.)
ex 0304 81 00	Frozen fillets of

	Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka, Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Oncorhynchus keta, Oncorhynchus tschawytscha, Oncorhynchus kisutch, Oncorhynchus masou and Oncorhynchus
	rhodurus), Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar) and Danube salmon (Hucho hucho), caught in freshwater
ex 0304 82	Frozen fillets of trout (Salmo trutta, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Oncorhynchus clarki, Oncorhynchus aguabonita, Oncorhynchus gilae, Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus chrysogaster), caught in freshwater
0304 89 10	Frozen fillets of other freshwater fish
ex 0304 93	Fish meat (whether or not minced) other than fish fillets, frozen, of tilapias (<i>Oreochromis</i> spp.), catfish (<i>Pangasius</i> spp., <i>Silurus</i> spp., <i>Clarias</i> spp., <i>Ictalurus</i> spp.), carp (<i>Cyprinus</i> spp., <i>Carassius</i> spp., <i>Ctenopharyngodon</i>

idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), eels (Anguilla spp.), caught in freshwater, Nile perch (Lates niloticus) and snakeheads (Channa spp.)
Fish meat (whether or not minced) other than fish fillets, frozen, of other freshwater fish
Fish fillets, dried, salted or in brine, but not smoked, of tilapias (Oreochromis spp.), catfish (Pangasius spp., Silurus spp., Clarias spp., Ictalurus spp.), carp (Cyprinus spp.), carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), eels (Anguilla spp.), caught in freshwater,

	Nile perch (<i>Lates</i> niloticus) and snakeheads (<i>Channa</i> spp.)
ex 0305 39 10	Fish fillets, salted or in brine, but not smoked, of Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka, Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Oncorhynchus keta, Oncorhynchus tschawytscha, Oncorhynchus kisutch, Oncorhynchus masou and Oncorhynchus rhodurus), Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar) and Danube salmon (Hucho hucho),
ex 0305 39 90	caught in freshwater Fish fillets, dried, salted or in brine, but not smoked, of other freshwater fish
ex 0305 41 00	Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus nerka, Oncorhynchus gorbuscha, Oncorhynchus keta, Oncorhynchus tschawytscha, Oncorhynchus kisutch, Oncorhynchus masou and Oncorhynchus rhodurus), Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar)

	and Danube salmon (Hucho hucho), smoked, including fillets, caught in freshwater
ex 0305 43 00	Trout (Salmo trutta, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Oncorhynchus clarki, Oncorhynchus aguabonita, Oncorhynchus gilae, Oncorhynchus apache and Oncorhynchus chrysogaster), smoked, including fillets, caught in freshwater
ex 0305 44 10	Eels (Anguilla spp.), smoked, including fillets, caught in freshwater
	Tilapias (Oreochromis spp.), catfish (Pangasius spp., Silurus spp., Clarias spp., Ictalurus spp.), carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), Nile perch (Lates niloticus) and

	snakeheads (<i>Channa</i> spp.), smoked, including fillets
ex 0305 49 80	Other freshwater fish, smoked, including fillets
ex 0305 52 00	Tilapias (Oreochromis spp.), catfish (Pangasius spp., Silurus spp., Clarias spp., Ictalurus spp.), carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp., Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), eels (Anguilla spp.), caught in freshwater, Nile perch (Lates niloticus) and snakeheads (Channa spp.), dried, whether or not salted but not smoked
ex 0305 59 85	Other freshwater dried fish, whether or not salted but not smoked
ex 0305 64 00	Tilapias (<i>Oreochromis</i> spp.), catfish (<i>Pangasius</i> spp., <i>Silurus</i> spp., <i>Clarias</i> spp., <i>Ictalurus</i> spp.),

carp (Cyprinus spp., Carassius spp., Ctenopharyngodon idellus, Hypophthalmichthys spp., Cirrhinus spp., Mylopharyngodon piceus, Catla catla, Labeo spp.. Osteochilus hasselti, Leptobarbus hoeveni, Megalobrama spp.), eels (Anguilla spp.), caught in freshwater, Nile (Lates perch niloticus) and snakeheads (*Channa* spp.), in brine or salted but not dried or smoked

ex 0305 69 50 Pacific salmon

Oncorhynchus
gorbuscha,
Oncorhynchus keta,
Oncorhynchus
tschawytscha,
Oncorhynchus

(Oncorhynchus nerka,

kisutch,
Oncorhynchus masou
and Oncorhynchus
rhodurus), Atlantic
salmon (Salmo salar)
and Danube salmon
(Hucho hucho), in
brine or salted but not
dried or smoked,
caught in freshwater

ex 0305 69 80 Other freshwater fish, in brine or salted but

	not dried or smoked
	Freshwater crayfish frozen
	Rock lobster and othersea crawfish (<i>Palinurus</i> spp. <i>Panulirus</i> spp., <i>Jasus</i> spp.), ornamental live
	Lobsters (<i>Homarus</i> spp.), ornamental live
ex 0306 33 10 ex 0306 33 90	Crabs, ornamental live
	Norway lobsters (Nephrops norvegicus), ornamental live
ex 0306 35 50	Cold-water shrimps
	and prawns (<i>Pandalus</i> spp., <i>Crangon</i> crangon), ornamenta live
	Shrimps of the family Pandalidae, other than of the genus Pandalus, ornamenta live
	Shrimps of the genus Crangon, other than of the species Crangon crangon ornamental, live
	Other shrimps and prawns, ornamenta live
	Freshwater crayfish live, fresh or chilled

ex 0306 39 9	Other crustaceans
	ornamental live; crustaceans caught in freshwater
0306 99 10	Freshwater crayfish dried, salted or in brine; smoked whether in shell or not, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process
0307 11 10 0307 11 90 0307 12 00 0307 19 00	Oysters, whether in shell or not, live fresh, chilled, frozen dried, salted or in brine; smoked oysters whether in shell or not, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process
0307 21 10	Scallops, including queen scallops, of the genera Pecten. Chlamys or Placopecten, whether in shell or not, live fresh or chilled
0307 21 90	Other scallops and other molluscs of the family <i>Pectinidae</i> whether in shell or not, live, fresh or chilled
0307 22 10 0307 22 90	Scallops, including queen scallops, of the genera Pecten Chlamys

	Placopecten, whether in shell or not, frozen
0307 22 95	Other scallops and other molluscs of the family <i>Pectinidae</i> , whether in shell or not, frozen
0307 29 10	Scallops, including queen scallops, of the genera Pecten, Chlamys or Placopecten, whether in shell or not, dried, salted or in brine; smoked, whether in shell or not, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process
0307 29 90	Other scallops and other molluscs of the family <i>Pectinidae</i> , whether in shell or not, dried, salted or in brine; smoked, whether in shell or not, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process
0307 31 10	Mussels (Mytilus spp.,
0307 31 90	Perna spp.), whether
0307 32 10	in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen,
0307 32 90	dried, salted or in
0307 39 20	brine; smoked
0307 39 80	mussels, whether in shell or not, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking

	process
ex 0307 42	Cuttle fish and squid, ornamental live
	Octopus (<i>Octopus</i> spp.), ornamental live
0307 60 00	Snails, other than sea snails, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; smoked snails, other than sea snails, whether in shell or not, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process
0307 71 00 0307 72 10 0307 72 90 0307 79 00	Clams, cockles and ark shells (families Arcidae, Arcticidae, Cardiidae, Donacidae, Hiatellidae, Mactridae, Mesodesmatidae, Myidae, Semelidae, Solecurtidae, Solecurtidae, Tridacnidae and Veneridae), whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; smoked clams, cockles and ark shells, whether in shell or not, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking

	process
	Abalone (Haliotis
ex 0307 82 00	spp.) and stromboid
	conchs (Strombus
	spp.), ornamental live
0307 91 00	Other molluses,
0307 92 00	whether in shell or not, live, fresh,
0307 99 00	chilled, frozen, dried,
	salted or in brine;
	other smoked
	molluses, whether in
	shell or not, whether or not cooked before
	or during the smoking
	process
ex 0308 11 00	Aquatic invertebrates
ex 0308 21 00	other than crustaceans
ex 0308 30 80	and molluses,
ex 0308 90 10	ornamental live; freshwater aquatic
	invertebrates other
	than crustaceans and
	molluses
0308 30 50	Jellyfish (Rhopilema
0308 30 80	spp.)
0308 90 10	Other aquatic
0308 90 50	invertebrates other
0308 90 90	than crustaceans and molluses
0309 10 00	Flours, meals and
0309 90 00	pellets of fish,
	crustaceans, molluscs
	and other aquatic invertebrates, fit for
	human consumption
ex 1604 11 00	Salmon, caught in freshwater, prepared
	, propured

	or preserved, whole or in pieces, but not minced
	Eels, caught in freshwater, prepared or preserved, whole or in pieces, but not minced
	Salmonidae, other than salmon, caught in freshwater, prepared or preserved, whole or in pieces, but not minced
ex 1604 19 91	Fillets of freshwater fish, raw, merely coated with batter or breadcrumbs, whether or not pre-fried in oil, frozen
ex 1604 19 97	Other freshwater fish, prepared or preserved, whole or in pieces, but not minced, other than fish fillets, raw, merely coated with batter or breadcrumbs, whether or not prefried in oil, frozen
	Salmon, caught in freshwater, otherwise prepared or preserved (other than whole or in pieces, but not minced)
ex 1604 20 30	Salmonidae, other than salmon, caught in freshwater, otherwise

	prepared or preserved (other than whole or in pieces, but not minced)
ex 1604 20 90	Other freshwater fish, otherwise prepared or preserved (other than whole or in pieces, but not minced)
1604 32 00	Caviar substitutes
ex 1605 40 00	Freshwater crayfish, prepared or preserved
1605 51 00	Oysters, prepared or preserved
1605 52 00	Scallops, including queen scallops, prepared or preserved
1605 53 10	Mussels, prepared or
1605 53 90	preserved
1605 56 00	Clams, cockles and ark shells, prepared or preserved
1605 58 00	Snails, other than sea snails, prepared or preserved
ex 1605 59 00	Other molluscs (except stromboid conchs (Strombus spp.)), prepared or preserved
1605 63 00	Jellyfish, prepared or preserved
1605 69 00	Other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved



ANNEX II

European Community Catch Certificate and Re-export Certificate

		El	JROPEAN COMM
Document nu	mber		Va
1. Name		Ad	dress
2. Fishing ve	essel name	Fla	ng – Home port and
Fishing licence	e No – Valid to)	Inmarsa
0 5			
3. Description	on of product	boa	e of processing au ard
Species	Product code	2	Catch area(s) and dates

5.	Name	e of master of	fishing	vesse	I – Signa	ature) –
6.		aration of tran e of master of f	_		ea		
Ma	aster of	receiving ves	ssel	Signa	ature	Ve	SS
7.	Trans	shipment auth	orisatio	on with	in a por	t are	а
Na	ame	Authority	Signa	ature	Addre	ess	7
8.		e and address porter	Siç	gnature	•		
9.	Flag	State authorit	y valida	ation:			
Na	ame/title	e		Si	gnature		

10. Transport details (see Apper	ndix)					
11. Importer declaration						
Name and address of importer	Sign	ature	Date			,
Documents under Articles 14(1), (2) of ▶ ⁽¹⁾ Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008 ◀		erences				
12. Import control — authority		Place			ortation orised (*)	Imp
Customs declaration (if issued)		Numb	er	1		Dat
(*) Tick as appropriate.		I				1



	EU	ROPE	AN COMMUN
Certificate number		Date	
1. Description of re-ex	ported	produc	ct
Species			Product cod
2. Name of re-exporter		Address	
3. Authority			
Name/title		Sign	ature
4. Re-export control			
Place	Re-export authorised (*)		
(*) Tick as appropriate.	1		

Appendix

Transport details

Country of exportation Port/airport/other place of departure	2.
Vessel name and flag Flight number/airway bill number Truck nationality and registration number Railway bill number Other transport document	Coi nur list

ANNEX III

Flag State notifications

1. Content of flag State notifications pursuant to Article 20

The Commission shall request flag States to notify the names, addresses and official seal prints of the public authorities situated in their territory which are empowered to:

- (a) register fishing vessels under their flag;
- (b) grant, suspend and withdraw fishing licences to their fishing vessels;
- (c) attest the veracity of information provided in the catch certificates referred to in ►C1 Article 12 and validate such certificates;
- (d) implement, control and enforce laws, regulations and conservation and management measures which must be complied with by their fishing vessels;
- (e) carry out verifications of such catch certificates to assist the competent authorities of the Member States through the administrative cooperation referred to in Article 20(4);
- (f) communicate sample forms of their catch certificate in accordance with the specimen in Annex II; and
- (g) update such notifications.
- 2. Catch documentation schemes adopted by regional fishery management organisations referred to in Article 13:

Where a catch documentation scheme adopted by a regional fishery management organisation has been recognised as a catch certification scheme for the purposes of this Regulation, the flag State notifications made under such catch documentation schemes are deemed to be done in accordance with the provisions laid down in paragraph 1 of this Annex and the provisions of this Annex are deemed to apply *mutatis mutandis*.

ANNEX IV

Statement under Article 14(2) of Council ▶ C1 ❖ Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008 ◀ of 29 September 2008 establishing a Community system to prevent, deter and eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing

I confirm that the processed fishery products: ... (product description and Combined Nomenclature code) have been obtained from catches imported under the following catch certificate(s):

Catch certificate number	Vessel name(s) and flag(s)	Validation date(s)	Cat	
Name and address of the processing plant:				

Name and address of the	e processing plant:			
Name and address of the plant):	he exporter (if differ	rent from the	processi	ng
Approval number of the	processing plant:			
Health certificate number	er and date:			

Responsible person of the processing plant:	Signature:			
Endorsement by the competent authority:				
Official:	Signature and seal:			

() OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1.

- (¹) Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on the prevention of the use of the financial system for the purposes of money laundering or terrorist financing, amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council, and repealing Directive 2005/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Commission Directive 2006/70/EC (OJ L 141, 5.6.2015, p. 73).
- (²) Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of implementing powers (OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13).

(³) OJ L 123, 12.5.2016, p. 1.