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Republic of Latvia

Cabinet

Regulation No. 76

Adopted 19 February 2002

Regulations Regarding Inward Processing of Waste into the Territory of the State and Procedures for Waste Export and Transit

Issued pursuant to Section 23, Paragraphs four and five of the Waste Management Law

I. General Provisions

1. These Regulations prescribe the hazardous waste and municipal waste that require a permit for inward processing into the territory of the State, the procedures for issuance, cancellation thereof and extension of the expiry date of the permit referred to, as well as procedures for waste export and transit.

2. A permit shall be necessary for processing in the territory of the State upon importation of:

2.1. the waste specified in Annexes 1 and 2 of these Regulations;

2.2. the waste specified in Annex 3 of these Regulations if the waste contains hazardous chemical substances or hazardous chemical products in such quantity that the waste shall be considered, with respect to hazard, as the equivalent to the waste referred to in Annex 1 or 2 of these Regulations, or if the waste referred to, taking into account the quantity and characteristics thereof, may cause harm to human health, the environment or property of a person;

2.3. the hazardous waste and municipal waste of the following groups in conformity with Annex 3 of these Regulations:

2.3.1. other metal-containing waste (GC group);

2.3.2. glass waste in solid state (GE group);

2.3.3. other waste consisting of inorganic ingredients which may contain metals and organic materials (GG group);

2.3.4. solid plastic waste (GH group);

2.3.5. rubber waste (GK group);

2.3.6. agricultural and food industry waste (GM group);

2.3.7. waste which is generated in leather tanning and etching, and used articles of leather (GM group);

2.3.8. other waste consisting mainly of organic ingredients which ingredients may contain metals and inorganic materials (GO group).

3. A permit for waste export or transit shall be necessary in exporting or moving in transit the following waste:
- 3.1. waste specified in Annexes 1 and 2 of these Regulations;
 - 3.2. waste specified in Annex 3 of these Regulations if the waste contains hazardous chemical substances or hazardous chemical products in such quantity that the waste shall be considered, with respect to hazard, as equivalent to the waste referred to in Annex 1 or 2 of these Regulations, or if the waste referred to, taking into account the quantity and characteristics thereof, may cause harm to human health, the environment, or property of a person;
4. These Regulations do not apply to:
- 4.1. landed waste resulting from the activity of ships and floating platforms; and
 - 4.2. waste resulting from civil aviation transport operations.
5. Waste which is particularly dangerous to human health and environment is specified in Annex 1 of these Regulations (hereinafter – red list of waste).
6. Waste which is or may be dangerous to human health or the environment is specified in Annex 2 of these Regulations (hereinafter – yellow list of waste).
7. Waste which is not dangerous to human health or the environment is specified in Annex 3 of these Regulations (hereinafter – green list of waste).
8. A person who wishes to receive a permit for waste shipment (hereinafter – applicant), shall enter into an agreement with the person to whom the waste is sent (hereinafter – receiver). The agreement shall set out:
- 8.1. the time period of the agreement;
 - 8.2. the type and quantity of waste to be processed or disposed of;
 - 8.3. the procedures by which the rights of waste ownership and liability for the waste shall be transferred;
 - 8.4. liability of the parties regarding inspection, sample taking and analysis of the waste;
- and
- 8.5. actions and liability if the samples do not conform to the requirements specified in the agreement or if the shipment is not accepted.
9. Inward processing of waste shall be performed in accordance with the procedures specified in Cabinet Regulations No. 237 of 30 June 1998, Procedures for the Performance of Customs Procedure – Inward Processing.

II. Issuance, Extension of the Term of Validity and Cancellation of a Permit for Inward Processing of Waste

10. In order to receive a permit for inward processing of waste, an applicant shall submit the agreement referred to in Paragraph 8 of these Regulations and a completed application form of waste transportation (hereinafter – application) (Annex 4) to the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development (hereinafter – Ministry). The applicant shall not complete items 24, 25 and 26 of the application.
11. The applicant shall send a copy of the application to the receiver of waste and a competent authority of the state which exports the waste (hereinafter – state of export), as well as to the

competent authorities of all the states through which the waste is intended to be transported (hereinafter – state of transit).

12. Within three working days from receipt of the application the Ministry shall send to the applicant a written confirmation regarding receipt of the application, as well as, in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Basel Convention of 22 March 1989, On the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal (hereinafter – Basel Convention), the Ministry shall send a confirmation copy to the competent authorities of the state of export and the state of transit. The confirmation shall be the application with Paragraph 24 completed.

13. Before importation of such waste for the importation of which a permit is not necessary, an applicant shall submit the agreement referred to in Paragraph 8 of these Regulations and a completed application form (for information) to the Ministry. The applicant shall not complete items 24, 25 and 26 of the application.

14. If all the necessary information is not indicated in the application, the Ministry shall require the applicant to submit such information within a time period of two weeks.

15. If a particular shipment does not conform to the requirements determined in the Basel Convention and in regulatory enactments, or the agreement referred to in Paragraph 8 of these Regulations has not been entered into, the Ministry shall not issue a permit for inward processing of waste.

16. The Ministry shall issue a permit for inward processing of waste, or send a substantiated refusal to issue the permit, within a period of 70 days of the date the application referred to in Paragraph 12 of these Regulations was sent.

17. The Ministry shall complete items 24 and 25. If the Ministry determines the requirements regarding the process of waste transportation and processing, item 26 shall also be completed. The Ministry shall put its seal on the application. An application completed in such a way shall be considered to be a permit for inward processing of waste.

18. The Ministry shall send the original of the permit for inward processing of waste to the applicant, and a copy of the permit to the competent authorities of the state of export and the state of transit. The Ministry shall keep one copy of the permit.

19. A permit for inward processing of waste shall be issued for one year. If after expiration of the term of validity of the permit an applicant intends to continue inward processing of waste, the applicant shall submit a new application.

20. A permit for inward processing of waste shall be cancelled if the conditions specified in the permit are violated or if the permit for processing of hazardous waste in the equipment where the particular waste is processed has been cancelled. The applicant and the receiver, as well as the competent authorities of the state of export and the state of transit, shall be notified in writing regarding cancellation of the permit.

III. Issuance, Extension of the Term of Validity and Cancellation of a Permit for Export and Transit of Waste

21. Waste export from Latvia to other countries shall be permitted in order to bury or process hazardous waste if the burial or processing of waste in Latvia is economically disadvantageous or technically impossible .
22. In order to receive a permit for export or transit of waste, an applicant shall submit to the Ministry the agreement referred to in Paragraph 8 of these Regulations and a completed application form . The applicant shall not complete items 24, 25 and 26 of the application.
23. The applicant shall send a copy of the application for waste export to the receiver and the competent authority of the state to which the waste is exported (hereinafter – state of destination), as well as to the competent authorities of all the states of transit.
24. Within three working days from receipt of the application, the Ministry shall send a written confirmation regarding receipt of the application to the applicant, as well as a copy of the confirmation to the competent authorities of the state of destination and the state of export. An application in which item 24 has been completed shall be used as confirmation.
25. If a permit for export of relevant waste is not necessary, the applicant shall submit the agreement referred to in Paragraph 8 of these Regulations and a completed application form (for information) to the Ministry.
26. If all the necessary information has not been indicated in the application, the Ministry shall require the applicant to submit such information within a time period of two weeks.
27. If a shipment does not conform to the requirements determined in the Basel Convention and in other regulatory enactments, or the agreement referred to in Paragraph 8 of these Regulations has not been entered into, the Ministry shall not issue a permit for export or transit of waste.
28. The Ministry shall not issue a permit for export of waste if within the time periods specified in the Basel Convention a written confirmation of the state of destination and the state of transit regarding the relevant shipment of waste has not been received.
29. The Ministry shall issue a permit for export or transit of waste, or send a substantiated refusal to issue a permit within a period of 70 working days from the receipt of the application.
30. The Ministry shall complete items 24 and 25 of the application. If the Ministry determines the requirements regarding the process for export or transit of waste, item 26 shall also be completed. The Ministry shall put its seal on the application. An application completed in such a way shall be considered to be a permit for the export or transit of waste.
31. The Ministry shall send the original of the permit to the applicant, and a copy of the permit to the competent authorities of the state of destination and the state of transit. The Ministry shall keep one copy of the permit.

32. A permit for the export or transit of waste shall be issued for one year. If after expiration of the term of validity of the permit, an applicant intends to continue the export or transit of waste, the applicant shall submit a new application.

33. A permit for export or transit of waste shall be cancelled if the conditions specified in the permit have been violated, or the state of destination or the state of transit has cancelled the relevant permit and has notified the applicant in writing, as well as the competent authorities of the state of destination or the state of transit.

IV. Inward Processing of Waste, Waste Export and Transit

34. After a permit for inward processing of waste, export or transit of waste has been received, an applicant shall complete Items 1 to 9 and Items 13 to 22 of the waste transportation bill of lading (Annex 5) for each shipment. Upon commencing the shipment, the applicant shall attach the waste transportation bill of lading (hereinafter – bill of lading) to each consignment of waste.

35. In exportation of waste, the original and three copies of the bill of lading shall be necessary. The bill of lading shall be completed in a language acceptable to the competent authorities of the state of destination and the state of transit.

36. An applicant may receive an electronic version of the form of the bill of lading from the Ministry, or utilise a copy of Annex 5 of these Regulations.

37. Upon commencing the transportation of waste, the waste carrier shall complete the bill of lading received from the applicant. The first carrier shall complete and sign item 10 of the bill of lading and hand over the bill of lading to the next waste carrier if several carriers are involved in the carriage of the relevant waste. Each next carrier shall complete respectively items 11 and 12 of the bill of lading. The last carrier shall keep a copy of the bill of lading. If more than three carriers are involved in the carriage, an annex to the bill of lading shall be issued where the information referred to in items 10, 11 and 12 of the bill of lading shall be specified.

38. Customs authorities shall complete items 26, 27 and 28 of the bill of lading.

39. When the receiver of waste receives the waste consignment, the receiver or his or her authorised representative shall complete items 23 and 24 of the bill of lading and issue a copy of the completed bill of lading to the last carrier.

40. After the completion of waste processing or burial of waste, the receiver of waste shall complete item 25 of the bill of lading. The receiver of waste shall send a copy of the bill of lading to the applicant of the shipment and the Ministry. The receiver of waste shall keep the original of the bill of lading.

41. The waste and residue of the processing of waste imported into the State shall be buried in accordance with the procedures specified by the regulatory enactments or shall be returned to the state of export if such is provided for in the agreement referred to in Paragraph 8 of these Regulations.

42. The Ministry, applicant and receiver in Latvia shall keep for at least three years copies of the bills of lading and other documents that were sent to the competent authorities of other states, or the bills of lading or other documents sent by the authorities referred to.

V. Duties of Applicant

43. The costs resulting from the shipment of waste back from the state of destination or the state of transit, if the shipment of waste has not been performed in accordance with these Regulations, (also the costs of transportation, burial or processing of the waste) shall be covered by the applicant.

44. The applicant shall ensure the preparation of all the necessary translations if any of the documents specified in these Regulations have not been submitted in the official language.

45. The applicant shall cover the costs of the analysis of the waste composition if the Ministry requires such analysis.

Prime Minister

A. Bērziņš

Acting for the Minister for Environmental Protection and Regional Development – Minister for Special Assignments – State Reform Matters

J. Krūmiņš

Red List of Wastes

Waste code	Description of waste
RA	Waste containing mainly organic substances which may also contain metals and inorganic materials
RA 010	waste, substances and objects containing polychlorinated biphenyl (PBC), polychlorinated terphenyl (PCT) and/or polybrominated biphenyl (PBB), also the polybrominated compounds thereof if the concentration of these compounds is 50 mg/kg or more
RA 020	tarred waste (except asphalt cement) resulting from the process of purification, distillation or any pyrolysis
RB	Waste containing mainly inorganic substances which may also contain metals and organic materials
RB 010	asbestos (fibres and dust)
RB 020	ceramic fibres the physical-chemical properties of which are similar to asbestos
RC	Waste containing both organic and inorganic substances waste containing:
RC 010	- any derivative of polychlorinated dibenzo-furan
RC 020	- any derivative of polychlorinated dibenzo-dioxin
RC 030	sludge of explosive compounds containing lead
RC 040	peroxides, except hydrogen peroxide

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Yellow List of Wastes

Waste code	Product code in accordance with the harmonised system of product description and coding	Description of waste
AA. Waste containing metals		
AA 010	ex 2619 00	dross and other waste resulting from production of cast iron and iron ¹
AA 020	ex 2620 19	zinc ash and residue ¹
AA 030	2620 21	lead ash and residue ¹
AA 040	ex 2620 30	copper ash and residue ¹
AA 050	ex 2620 40	aluminium ash and residue ¹
AA 060	ex 2620 50	vanadium ash and residue ¹
AA 070	2620 91	metal or metal compound ash and residue not elsewhere specified or included ¹
AA 080		waste and residue of thallium ¹
AA 090	ex 2804 80	waste and residue of arsenic ¹
AA 100	ex 2805 40	waste and residue of mercury ¹
AA 110		aluminium production residue not elsewhere specified or included
AA 120		primary precipitate
AA 130		metal etching liquids
AA 140		liquid waste, dust and precipitate resulting from production of zinc, for example, jarosite, hematite, goethite
AA 150		solid residue containing precious metals and impurities of inorganic cyanide

AA 160		ash, sludge, dust of precious metals, and other residues, for example:
AA 161		- ash of electronic plates
AA 162		- ash of photographic films
AA 170		whole or crushed lead-acid accumulators
AA 180		used batteries and accumulators, whole or crushed, except lead-acid accumulators, as well as waste and scrap resulting from the production of batteries and accumulators and not elsewhere specified or included

AB. Waste containing mainly inorganic ingredients which may contain metals and organic materials

AB 010	ex 2621 10	dross, ash and residue not elsewhere specified or included
AB 020		residue resulting from incineration of municipal waste
AB 030		waste resulting from treatment of the surface of metals in systems not containing cyanides
AB 040	ex 7001 00	glass waste of cathode-ray tubes and other activated glass waste
AB 050	ex 2529 21	calcium fluoride sludge
AB 060		other liquid or pasty inorganic fluoride compounds
AB 070		sand utilised in metal foundry process
AB 080		waste of catalysts not mentioned in the green list
AB 090		waste of aluminium hydrates
AB 100		aluminium waste
AB 110		base liquids
AB 120		inorganic compounds of halides not elsewhere specified or included

AB 130		used sand of blast furnaces (sand utilised in treatment of iron ore)
AB 140		gypsum resulting from processes of chemical industry
AB 150		impure calcium sulphite and calcium sulphate resulting from desulphurization of waste gases

AC. Waste containing mainly organic components which may contain metals and inorganic materials

AC 010	ex 2713 90	waste resulting from production and treatment of coke and bitumen, except slag of anodes
AC 020		waste of asphalt cement
AC 030		waste of petroleum products not appropriate for the initial intended use thereof
AC 040		fuel (petrol) precipitate containing lead
AC 050		thermal (heat transfer) fluids
AC 060		hydraulic fluids
AC 070		brake fluids
AC 080		antifreeze fluids
AC 090		waste resulting from production of resins, latex, plasticizers, glues and adhesive substances, as well as waste resulting from modifying and utilising the substances referred to
AC 100	ex 3915 90	nitro-cellulose
AC 110		phenols and phenol compounds (also chlorophenol) in a form of liquids or sludges
AC 120		polychlorinated naphthalenes
AC 130		ethers
AC 140		triethylamine catalysts for setting of smelting sands
AC 150		chlorofluorocarbons
AC 160		halons
AC 170		waste of treated wood and cork

AC 180	ex 4110 00	leather dust, ash, sludge and powders
AC 190		waste resulting from cutting of cars (<i>fluff</i>)
AC 200		organic compounds of phosphorus
AC 210		solvents not containing halogens
AC 220		solvents containing halogens
AC 230		halogenated or non-halogenated distillation waste not containing water, resulting from purification of solvents
AC 240		waste resulting from production of aliphatic halogenated hydrocarbons (for example, chloromethane, dichloroethane, vinyl chloride, vinylidene chloride, allyl chloride, epichlorohydrin)
AC 250		surfactants
AC 260		liquid pig manure, faeces
AC 270		waste water sludge

AD. Waste containing both organic and inorganic ingredients

AD 010		waste resulting from production and preparation of pharmaceutical products
AD 020		waste resulting from production of biocide and plant protection products, as well as waste resulting from modifying and utilising the substances referred to
AD 030		waste resulting from production of wood preservation products, as well as waste resulting from modifying or utilising the products referred to
AD 040		waste containing: - inorganic cyanides, except trace inorganic cyanides in solid form in the waste containing precious metals

AD 050	- organic cyanides
AD 060	waste of petroleum products and water, as well as mixtures of hydrocarbons and water and emulsions thereof
AD 070	waste resulting from production, modification and utilisation of ink, paints, colouring matters, varnishes
AD 080	explosive waste if other regulatory enactments do not apply thereto
AD 090	waste resulting from production, modification and utilisation of reprographic and photographic chemical substances and materials and which are not elsewhere specified
AD 100	waste of products not containing cyanides and resulting from the treatment of plastic surfaces
AD 110	acid solutions
AD 120	ion exchange resins
AD 130	single use cameras with batteries
AD 140	waste resulting from the treatment equipment of industrial waste gases used to control industrial pollution and are not elsewhere specified or included
AD 150	organic materials of natural origin utilised as filters (for example, biofilters)
AD 160	municipal waste

Note.

¹ Waste in a form of ash, residue, slag, dross, foam, dust, powder and sludge filtration residue.

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Green List of Wastes

Waste code	Product code in accordance with the harmonised system of product description and coding	Description of waste
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GA. Waste of metals and metal-alloy in a solid not dispersed form ¹

Waste and scrap of the following metals and their alloys:

GA 010	ex 7112 10	- waste and scrap of gold
GA 020	ex 7112 20	- waste and scrap of platinum (platinum, iridium, osmium, palladium, rhodium and ruthenium)
GA 030	ex 7112 30	waste of other precious metals, for example silver waste of the following ferrous metals and scrap of steel or cast iron:
GA 040	7204 10	- waste and scrap of cast iron
GA 050	7204 21	- waste and scarp of stainless steel
GA 060	7204 29	- waste and scarp of other steel alloys
GA 070	7204 30	- waste and scrap of tinned cast iron or steel
GA 080	7204 41	wrapped or not wrapped turning waste, shavings, milling waste, metal cuttings
GA 090	7204 49	waste and scrap of other ferrous metals
GA 100	7204 50	bars of re-smelted scrap
GA 110	ex 7302 10	worn tracks of cast iron and steel
GA 120	7404 00	- waste and scrap of copper
GA 130	7503 00	waste and scrap of nickel
GA 140	7602 00	waste and scrap of aluminium
GA 150	ex 7802 00	waste and scrap of lead
GA 160	7902 00	waste and scrap of zinc
GA 170	8002 00	waste and scrap of tin
GA 180	ex 8101 91	waste of tungsten
GA 190	ex 8102 91	waste and scrap of molybdenum

GA 200	ex 8103 10	waste and scrap of tantalum
GA 210	8104 20	waste and scrap of magnesium
GA 220	ex 8105 10	waste and scrap of cobalt
GA 230	ex 8106 00	waste and scrap of bismuth
GA 240	ex 8107 10	waste and scrap of cadmium
GA 250	ex 8108 10	waste and scrap of titanium
GA 260	ex 8109 10	waste and scrap of zirconium
GA 270	ex 8110 00	waste and scrap of antimony
GA 280	ex 8111 00	waste and scrap of manganese
GA 290	ex 8112 11	waste and scrap of beryllium
GA 300	ex 8112 20	waste and scrap of chrome
GA 310	ex 8112 30	waste and scrap of germanium
GA 320	ex 8112 40	waste and scrap of vanadium
	ex 8112 91	waste and scrap containing:
GA 330		- Hafnium
GA 340		- Indium
GA 350		- Niobium
GA 360		- Rhenium
GA 370		- Gallium
GA 380		- Thallium
GA 390	ex 2844 30	waste and scrap of thorium
GA 400	ex 2804 90	waste and scrap of selenium
GA 410	ex 2804 50	waste and scrap of tellurium
GA 420	ex 2805 30	waste and scrap of rare-earth metals

GB. Metal smelting and refining waste containing metals

GB 010	2620 11	hard zinc spelter
GB 020		zinc containing dross:
GB 021		- galvanising slab zinc top dross (> 90 % Zn)
GB 022		- galvanising slab zinc bottom dross (> 92 % Zn)
GB 023		- zinc die cast dross (> 85 % Zn)
GB 024		- hot dip galvanising slab zinc dross resulting in container (> 92 % Zn)
GB 025		zinc foam (top dross of zinc smelting baths)
GB 030		aluminium foam (top dross of aluminium smelting baths)
GB 040	ex 2620 90	slag from precious metals and copper processing for further refining

GB 050 tin slag containing tantalum where the contents of tin is less than 0.5%

GC. Other waste containing metals

GC 010 electric devices consisting only of metal or alloys thereof

GC 020 electronic scrap (floppy discs, parts, cables and wires of electronic equipment), electronic equipment parts to be recovered which are suitable for regeneration (recovery) of metals and precious metals

GC 030 ex 8908 00 ships and other floating structures prepared for cutting into scrap and exempted from any freight or materials resulting during the operation of the ship and which may be considered as hazardous substances or hazardous waste

GC 040 wrecks of cars (without fluids)

GC 050 used up catalysts:

GC 051 - catalysts of liquid catalytic splitting

GC 052 - catalysts which contain precious metals

GC 053 - catalysts of transition metals (for example, chrome, cobalt, copper, iron, nickel, manganese, molybdenum, vanadium, zinc)

GC 060 2818 00 granular dross resulting from production of cast iron and steel

GC 070 ex 2619 00 dross resulting from production of cast iron and steel ²

GD. Mining waste in non-dispersible form

GD 010 ex 2504 90 natural graphite waste

GD 020 ex 2514 00 slate waste whether or not cut

GD 030 2525 30 mica waste

GD 040 ex 2529 30 waste of leucite, nepheline and nepheline syenite

GD 050 ex 2529 10 feldspar waste

GD 060	ex 2529 21 ex 2529 22	fluorspar waste
GD 070	ex 2811 22	silica waste in solid form, except that utilised in foundries

GE. Glass waste in solid form

GE 010	ex 7001 00	cullets and other glass waste and scrap, except the glass from cathode-ray tubes and other activated glass waste
GE 020		fibreglass waste

GF. Ceramic waste in solid form

GF 010		ceramic waste which has been fired after shaping, also ceramic vessels
GF 020	ex 8113 00	metal ceramic composite waste and scrap
GF 030		ceramic-based fibre not elsewhere specified or included

GG. Other waste containing inorganic components which may contain metals and organic materials

GG 010		partly refined calcium sulphate resulting from desulphurization of waste gases
GG 020		waste of gypsum walls resulting from destruction of buildings
GG 030	ex 2621	slag and slag soot from power stations fired with coal
GG 040	ex 2621	soot from power stations fired with coal
GG 050		slag of petroleum coke and bituminous anode
GG 060	ex 2803	spent activated carbon
GG 070	3103 20	basic slag resulting from production of cast iron and steel and which may be utilised in production of phosphate fertilisers or otherwise

GG 080	ex 262100	chemically stabilised slag of copper production with high iron content (more than 20%) which is appropriately treated for use in construction or as abrasives
GG 090		sulphur in solid form limestone resulting from production of calcium cyanamide (ph < 9)
GG 100		
GG 110	ex 262100	neutralised red mud which has resulted from production of aluminium
GG 120		sodium, potassium and calcium chlorides
GG 130		carborundum
GG 140		concrete scrap
GG 150	ex 2620 90	glass scrap containing lithium-tantalum and lithium-niobium

GH. Solid plastic waste

GH 010	3915	waste, parings and scrap of the following plastics:
GH 011	ex 3915 10	- polymers of ethylene
GH 012	ex 3915 20	- polymers of styrene
GH 013	ex 3915 30	- polymers of vinyl chloride
GH 014	ex 3915 90	waste, parings and scrap of the following polymers and copolymers:
		- polypropylene
		- polyethylene terephthalate
		- acrylonitrile copolymer
		- butadiene copolymer
		styrene copolymers
		polyamides
		polybutylene terephthalates
		polycarbonates
		polyphenylene sulphides
		acrylic polymers
		paraffin (C10-C13) ³
		polyurethane (not containing chlorofluorocarbons)
		polysilozalanes (silicones)
		polymethyl methacrylate
		polyvinyl alcohol
		polyvinyl butyral
		polyvinyl acetate

GH 015	ex 3915 90	<p>polymers of fluoroethylene (teflon, PTFE)</p> <p>resins and condensation products, for example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - urea formaldehyde resins - phenol formaldehyde resins - melamine formaldehyde resins - epoxy resins - alkyd resins - polyamides
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GI. Paper, paperboard and paper product waste

GI 010	4707	paper and paperboard waste and scrap:
GI 011	4707 10	- unbleached kraft paper or paperboard, or corrugated paper or paperboard
GI 012	4707 20	- other paper or paperboard made mainly of bleached chemical pulp, not coloured
GI 013	4707 30	- paper or paperboard made mainly from mechanical pulp (newspapers, magazines and other printed materials)
GI 014	4707 90	<p>other, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - laminated paperboard - unsorted waste and scrap

GJ. Textile waste

GJ 010	5003	silk waste (also cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock):
GJ 011	5003 10	- not carded or combed
GJ 012	5003 90	- other
GJ 020	5103	waste of wool or of fine or coarse fibre of animal origin, also yarn waste, except garnetted knitted fabrics:
GJ 021	5103 10	- noils of wool or of fine fibre of animal origin
GJ 022	5103 20	- other waste of wool from fine fibre of animal origin

GJ 023	5103 30	- waste of coarse fibre of animal origin
GJ 030	5202	cotton waste:
GJ 031	5202 10	- yarn (also thread) waste
GJ 032	5202 20	- garnetted knitted fabrics
GJ 033	5202 99	- other
GJ 040	5301 30	flax tow and waste
GJ 050	ex 5302 90	tow and waste (also yarn waste and garnetted knitted fabric) of true hemp (<i>Cannabis sativa</i> L.)
GJ 060	ex 5303 90	tow and waste (also yarn waste and garnetted knitted fabric) of jute and textile bast fibres (except flax, true hemp and ramie)
GJ 070	ex 5304 90	tow and waste (also yarn waste and garnetted knitted fabric) of sisal and other plants of genus <i>Agave</i>
GJ 080	ex 5305 19	tow, noils and waste(also yarn waste and garnetted knitted fabric) of coconut
GJ 090	ex 5305 29	tow, noils and waste (also yarn waste and garnetted knitted fabric) of abaca (Manila hemp or <i>Musa textilis</i> Nee)
GJ 100	ex 5305 99	tow, noils and waste (also yarn waste and garnetted knitted fabric) of ramie and other vegetable textile fibres not elsewhere specified or included
GJ 110	5505	tow, noils and waste (also yarn waste and garnetted knitted fabric) of artificial fibres:
GJ 111	5505 10	- synthetic fibres
GJ 112	5505 20	- artificial fibres
GJ 120	6309 00	worn clothes and other worn textile articles
GJ 130	ex 6310	used rags, cuttings, twines, cordage, ropes, cables and other used materials of twines, cordage, ropes, cables and other textiles:
GJ 131	ex 6310 10	- sorted

GJ 132	ex 6310 90	- other
GK. Rubber waste		
GK 010	4004 00	waste, parings and scrap of rubber (except hard rubber) and granules obtained therefrom
GK 020	4012 20	used pneumatic tyres
GK 030	ex 4017 00	waste and scrap of hard rubber (for example, ebonite)
GL. Untreated cork and wood wastes		
GL 010	ex 4401 30	wood waste and scrap, whether prepared or not in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar form
GL 020	4501 90	cork waste, crushed granulated or ground cork
GM. Waste of agriculture and food industry		
GM 070	ex 2307	wine lees
GM 080	ex 2308	dried and sterilised vegetable waste, residue and by-products, whether or not prepared in the form of pellets for utilisation as animal feed, not elsewhere specified or included
GM 090	1522	waste of treatment of fatty substances or waxes of animal or vegetable origin
GM 100	0506 90	waste of horns and bones, untreated, defatted, simply prepared (but not cut), treated with acid, or degelatinated
GM 110	ex 0511 91	fish waste
GM 120	1802 00	cocoa shells, husks, skins and other cocoa waste

GM 130

agricultural and food industry waste, except such by-products which are fit for human or animal consumption in conformity with national and international requirements

GN. Waste which is generated in leather tanning and impregnation, and used articles of leather

GN 010	ex 0502 00	waste of pig and wild boar bristles and hair resulting from production of brushes
GN 020	ex 0503 00	horsehair waste, whether or not put in layers with or without supporting material
GN 030	ex 0505 90	skins of birds and waste of other parts, with or without feathers and down, waste of feathers or parts of feathers (whether or not with trimmed edges) without further treatment, only cleaned, disinfected, or treated for storage
GN 040	ex 4110 00	leather or parings of leather compounds not suitable for the production of leather articles, except leather sludges

GO. Other waste containing mainly organic ingredients which ingredients may contain metals and inorganic materials

GO 010	ex 0501 00	waste of human hair
GO 020		straw waste
GO 030		deactivated fungus mycelium resulting from the production of penicillin and to be used as animal feed
GO 040		waste of photographic film base and waste of photographic films not containing silver
GO 050		single-use cameras without batteries

Notes.

¹ Do not contain waste in a form of powder, sludge, dust or solid objects in which the liquid hazardous waste is encapsulated.

² Shall be applied to such usage of slag that would produce titanium dioxide and vanadium.

³ May not be polymerise, utilised as plasticizers.

Acting for the Minister for Environmental Protection and Regional Development – Minister for
Special Assignments – State Reform Matters J. Krūmiņš

Transfrontier Shipments of Waste Application for Shipment of Waste

1. Applicant/exporter (name, address and registration number, if any): Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Contact person: _____		3. Application for (1): No. _____ A (i) one shipment (ii) several shipments (general notice) B (i) burial (without processing) (ii) processing C* processing equipment has a permit <input type="checkbox"/> yes <input type="checkbox"/> no * (to be completed only if B (ii) is completed)	
2. Recipient (name, address and registration number, if any): Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Contact person: _____		4. Total planned number of shipments _____	5. Total planned shipped quantity _____ kg _____ litres
7. Intended carrier (-s)* (name, address and registration number, if any): Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Contact person: _____ * (attach a list if there are several carriers)		6. First shipment not earlier than: _____ Last shipment not later than: _____	8. Burial/processing equipment (name, placement, address): Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Registration number, if any: _____ Expiry date: _____ Contact person: _____
10. Holder/manufacture of waste (name and address); Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Contact person: _____ Waste generation process and location (attach explanation if necessary): _____		9. Burial/processing equipment operation code number and technology utilised* (2): (an explanation shall be attached, if necessary)	
13. Name and chemical composition of waste: _____		11. Mode (-s) of transport (2): _____	12. Type (-s) of packaging (2): _____
15. Waste identification code: in the state of export/consignment International waste identification code (IWIC): _____ European waste catalogue (EWC): _____		in the state of import/receipt 14. Physical properties (2) 17. Y number ² : _____ 18. H number ² : _____	
16. OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) classification ¹ (1): yellow list <input type="checkbox"/> red list <input type="checkbox"/> other (explanation attached) <input type="checkbox"/> number _____		19. UN identification number: _____ UN class (2) _____ Name of waste to be shipped: _____	
20. States involved (2), codes of competent authorities (where applicable) and relevant customs stations of waste import and export: State of export/consignment: _____ Transit states: _____ State of import/receipt: _____			
21. Import and/or export customs station (European Union) Importation: _____ Exportation: _____		22. Number of attached annexes _____	
23. Declaration of applicant/exporter: I certify that the aforementioned information is complete and correct based on the information available to me. I also certify that I have assumed the written legal obligations specified in the agreements, and that relevant insurance or other financial guarantees are or will be valid in relation to the transfrontier shipment of waste. Given name, surname: _____ Signature: _____ Date: _____			
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITIES			
24. TO BE COMPLETED BY A COMPETENT AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF IMPORT/RECEIPT Notice received (date): _____ Opinion sent (date): _____ Name, seal of the competent authority and/or signature of the responsible official: _____		25. PERMIT FOR WASTE SHIPMENT ISSUED BY _____ (name of state) COMPETENT AUTHORITY _____ (name, seal of the competent authority and/or signature of the responsible official): Date: _____ Permit is valid until: Special requirements (1): _____ no <input type="checkbox"/> (see Item 26) yes <input type="checkbox"/> * (need not be completed by carriers of waste of the yellow list for waste inward processing, in accordance with the decision of OECD)	

Explanations and abbreviations

BURIAL AND PROCESSING (ITEM 9)

CODES OF BURIAL OPERATIONS (WITHOUT PROCESSING):

- D1 – burial on the ground or under the ground (for example, in waste burial landfill)
 D2 – biological degradation in soil (for example, introduction of liquid waste or sludge into the soil)
 D3 – deep introduction (for example, introduction of pumped waste into wells, salt mines or natural storage facilities)
 D4 – storage in ponds and reservoirs (for example, the storage of sludge or liquid waste in pits, ponds or lagoons)
 D5 – specially prepared landfill sites for waste burial (for example, placing the waste in separate closed compartments isolated from each other and the environment)
 D6 – introduction into bodies of water, except seas and oceans
 D7 – introduction into seas and oceans, also deposition on the seabed
 D8 – biological processing not specified elsewhere in this Annex and during which processing the compounds or mixtures develop which are buried utilising operations D1-D12
 D9 – physical-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex and during which treatment the compounds or mixtures develop which shall be buried utilising operations D1-D12 (for example, evaporation, dehydration, calcination)
 D10 – incineration on land
 D11 – incineration at sea
 D12 – long-term storage of waste (for example, placing of waste into shafts)
 D13 – mixing or blending of waste before any of the operations D1-D12
 D14 – placing of waste in new packaging before any of the operations D1-D13
 D15 – temporary storage of waste necessary for operations D1-D14 (except temporary storage at the place of generation before collection of the waste)

CODES OF PROCESSING OPERATIONS:

- R1 – utilisation as fuel or other sources of energy generation
 R2 – regeneration/refining of liquefiers
 R3 – re-utilisation or refining of organic substances (also composting and other processes of biological modification) if the organic substance is not utilised as a liquefier
 R4 – re-utilisation or refining of metal or metal compounds
 R5 – utilisation or refining of other inorganic materials
 R6 – regeneration of acids and bases
 R7 – processing of compounds utilised to reduce pollution
 R8 – refining of catalysts
 R9 – refining of oil or other modes of reusing oil
 R10 – dispersion on the ground to improve agriculture or the state of the environment
 R11 – utilisation of waste resulting during operations R1-R10
 R12 – changing of waste properties in order to utilise the waste for any of the operations R1-R11
 R13 – storage of materials for utilisation for operations R1-R12

Physical properties (Item 14):

1. Powdered (powder)
2. Solid
3. Viscous (paste)
4. Sludge
5. Liquid
6. Gaseous
7. Other (specify)

NOTE Burial operations (D) do not apply to the OECD control system

Completed by customs authorities (not required in the OECD control system)				
26. State of export/consignment or (for EU states) national customs authorities for export Waste specified on the other side is exported from: state/EU Date: Seal: Signature:	27. Seals of national customs authorities of states of transit			
	Name of state (2): imported	exported	Name of state (2): imported	exported
28. State of import/receipt The waste described was imported into the State: Date: Seal: Signature:	Name of the state (2): imported	exported	Name of the state (2): imported	exported

OECD² state codes (Items 26, 27, 28)

Australia: AU	Finland: FI	Ireland: IE	Netherlands: NL	Sweden: SE
Austria: AT	France: FR	Italy: IT	New Zealand: NZ	Switzerland: CH
Belgium: BE	Germany: DE	Japan: JP	Norway: NO	Turkey: TR
Canada: CA	Greece: GR	Luxembourg: LU	Portugal: PT	Great Britain: GB
Denmark: DK	Iceland: IS	Mexico: MX	Spain: ES	United States of America:

For names of other states, the abbreviations specified in Latvian Standard LVS ISO 3166-1-2-3 shall be utilised.

Notes.

¹ In conformity with Cabinet Regulation No. 258 of 19 June 2001, Regulations Regarding Waste Classification and Properties Making Waste Hazardous.

² Specify in accordance with Annex 4 of these Regulations.

The international waste identification code IWIC (Item 15), classification of waste (yellow and red lists, Item 16) intended for OECD processing, as well as more detailed instructions can be found in OECD materials.

Acting for Minister for Environmental Protection and Regional Development – Minister for
Special Assignments – State Reform Matters J. Krūmiņš

Transfrontier Shipments of Waste Waste Shipment Bill of Lading

1. Applicant/exporter (name, address and registration number, if any): Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Contact person: _____		3. Conforms to notice No. _____	4. Number of shipment _____
2. Recipient (name, address and registration number, if any): Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Contact person: _____		8. Burial/processing equipment (name, location, address): Telephone: _____ Fax: _____ Registration number, if any: _____ Expiry date: _____ Contact person: _____	
		9. Burial/processing code number (2) _____	technology utilised _____
5. First carrier (name, address): Registration number, if any: _____ Telephone: _____ Fax: _____	6. Second carrier (name, address): Registration number, if any: _____ Telephone: _____ Fax: _____	7. Last carrier (name, address): Registration number, if any: _____ Telephone: _____ Fax: _____	
10. Identification of means of transport: Shipment date: _____ Signature of representative of carrier: _____	11. Identification of means of transport: Shipment date: _____ Signature of representative of carrier: _____	12. Identification of means of transport: Shipment date: _____ Signature of representative of carrier: _____	
13. Name and chemical composition of waste: _____		14. Physical properties of waste (2) _____	
15. Waste identification code: - in the state of export/consignment _____ - in the state of import/receipt _____ International waste identification code (IWIC): _____ European waste catalogue (EWC): _____ Others (specify): _____		17. Actual quantity of waste _____ kg _____ litres	
16. OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) classification ¹ (1): yellow list <input type="checkbox"/> red list <input type="checkbox"/> other (explanation attached) <input type="checkbox"/> number _____		19. UN identification number: _____ UN class (2) _____ Name of waste to be shipped: _____	
20. Specific requirements for transporting the waste: _____	22. Declaration of applicant/exporter: I certify that the aforementioned information in Items 1-9 and Items 13-21 is complete and correct based on the information available to me. I also certify that I have assumed the written legal obligations specified in the agreements, and that relevant insurance or other financial guarantees are or will be valid in relation to the transfrontier shipment of waste, and that*: (i) all necessary permits have been received (ii) the shipment is effected to OECD member states and no objections have been received from the relevant states during the silent acceptance period of thirty days (iii) the shipment is effected to a processing site in the territory of OECD member states and a permit to process such waste in the relevant equipment has been received, the permit has not been cancelled, and no objections have been received from states involved in the shipment. Given name, surname: _____ Signature: _____ Date: _____ *(delete or strike out sentences not relevant to the specific shipment)		
21. Transportation of the consignment started (date): _____			
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE WASTE RECIPIENT/burier/processor			
23. The recipient received the shipment: accepted (1) <input type="checkbox"/> not accepted* <input type="checkbox"/> accepted quantity: _____ kg _____ litres Date: _____ Given name, surname: _____ Signature: _____ *contact the competent authorities without delay		25. I certify that burial/processing of aforementioned waste has been completed*. Date: _____ Given name, surname: _____ Signature: _____ _____ *need not be completed in the OECD control system	
24. The waste processing/burial undertaking received the waste shipment: accepted (1) <input type="checkbox"/> not accepted* <input type="checkbox"/> accepted quantity: _____ kg _____ litres date: _____ given name, surname: _____ signature: _____ Burial/processing will be completed by: Method of burial/processing: *contact the competent authorities without delay			

⁽¹⁾ The necessary items shall be marked with X

⁽²⁾ See codes of OECD states.

⁽³⁾ If there are more than three carriers, attach the information specified in Items 6 and 11.

Explanations and abbreviations

BURIAL AND PROCESSING (ITEM 9)

CODES OF BURIAL OPERATIONS (WITHOUT PROCESSING):

- D1 – burial on the ground or under the ground (for example, in waste burial landfill)
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- D4 – storage in ponds and reservoirs (for example, storage of sludge or liquid waste in pits, ponds or lagoons)
- D5 – specially prepared landfill sites for waste burial (for example, placing the waste in separate closed compartments isolated from each other and the environment)
- D6 – introduction into bodies of water, except seas and oceans
- D7 – introduction into seas and oceans, also deposition on the seabed
- D8 – biological processing not specified elsewhere in this Annex and during which processing the compounds or mixtures develop which are buried utilising operations D1-D12
- D9 – physical-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex and during which treatment the compounds or mixtures develop which shall be buried utilising operations D1-D12 (for example, evaporation, dehydration, calcination)
- D10 – incineration on land
- D11 – incineration at sea
- D12 – long-term storage of waste (for example, placing of waste into shafts)
- D13 – mixing or blending of waste before any of the operations D1-D12
- D14 – placing the waste in new packaging before any of the D1-D13 operations
- D15 – temporary storage of waste necessary for operations D1-D14 (except temporary storage in the place of generation before the collection of the waste)

CODES OF PROCESSING OPERATIONS:

- R1 – utilisation as fuel or other sources of energy generation
- R2 – regeneration/refining of liquefiers
- R3 – re-utilisation or refining of organic substances (also composting and other processes of biological modification) if the organic substance is not utilised as a liquefier
- R4 – re-utilisation or refining of metal or metal compounds
- R5 – utilisation or refining of other inorganic materials
- R6 – regeneration of acids and bases
- R7 – processing of compounds utilised to reduce pollution
- R8 – refining of catalysts
- R9 – refining of oil or other modes of reusing oil
- R10 – dispersion on the ground to improve agriculture or the state of the environment
- R11 – utilisation of waste resulting from R1-R10 operations
- R12 – changing of waste properties in order to utilise the waste for any of the R1-R11 operations
- R13 – storage of materials in order to utilise them in R1-R12 operations

NOTE. Burial operations (D) do not apply to the OECD control system

Modes of transport (Item 11):		Types of packaging (Item 12):		H number and UN class (Items 18 and 19):					
				H number	UN class	Description			
R – road transport		1. Metal butt							
T – railway		2. Wooden barrel							
S – sea transport		3. Can, container, tin vessel	H1	1		explosive			
A – air transport		4. Box	H3	3		highly inflammable liquids			
W – inland waterway transport		5. Sack	H 4,1	4,1		highly inflammable solids			
		6. Packaging made from plastic materials	H 4,2	4,2		suddenly, spontaneously inflammable substances or waste			
		7. Pressure resistant packaging	H 4,3	4,3		substances or waste that create poisonous gases when in contact with water			
		8. Paperboard packaging				oxidising			
		9. Other (specify):	H 5,1	5,1		organic peroxides			
Physical properties (Item 14):			H 5,2	5,2		poisonous			
1. Powdered (powder)			H 6,1	6,1		infectious substances			
2. Solid			H 6,2	6,2		corrosive			
3. Viscous (paste)			H8	8		substances that create toxic gases when in contact with air or water			
4. Sludge			H10	9		toxic substances that create a delayed or chronic effect			
5. Liquid			H11	9		ecotoxic substances that create an effect upon the biological system or the environment			
6. Gaseous			H12	9		substances that easily create other materials, for example an infiltrate that has any of the aforementioned properties			
7. Other (specify)			H13	9					
OECD ² state codes (Items 26, 27, 28)									
Australia:	AU	Finland	FI	Ireland	IE	Netherlands:	NL	Sweden:	SE
Austria:	AT	France :	FR	Italy:	IT	New Zealand:	NZ	Switzerland:	CH
Belgium:	BE	Germany :	DE	Japan	JP	Norway:	NO	Turkey:	TR
Canada	CA	Greece	GR	Luxembourg:	LU	Portugal:	PT	Great Britain:	GB
Denmark	DK	Iceland:	IS	Mexico:	MX	Spain:	ES	United States of America	US

For names of other states, the abbreviations specified in Latvian Standard LVS ISO 3166-1-2-3 shall be utilised.

26. Specific requirements

Notes.

¹Specify in accordance with Annexes 1, 2, and 3 of these Regulations.

²Specify in accordance with the Basel Convention.

³Specify in accordance with the Basel Convention.

The international waste identification code IWIC (Item 15), classification of waste (yellow and red lists, Item 16) intended for OECD processing, as well as more detailed instructions can be found in OECD materials.

Acting for the Minister for Environmental Protection and Regional Development – Minister for
Special Assignments – State Reform Matters J. Krūmiņš