

Text consolidated by Valsts valodas centrs (State Language Centre) with amending regulations of:

- 30 October 1997 [shall come into force from 28 November 1997];
- 28 February 2002 [shall come into force from 3 April 2002];
- 12 December 2002 [shall come into force from 3 January 2003];
- 20 November 2003 [shall come into force from 25 December 2003];
- 15 September 2005 [shall come into force from 14 October 2005];
- 10 May 2007 [shall come into force from 13 June 2007];
- 30 April 2009 [shall come into force from 27 May 2009];
- 18 June 2009 [shall come into force from 23 July 2009];
- 31 March 2010 [shall come into force from 15 April 2010];
- 16 December 2010 [shall come into force from 1 January 2011];
- 28 April 2011 [shall come into force from 1 June 2011];
- 29 November 2012 [shall come into force from 1 January 2013];
- 6 June 2013 [shall come into force from 1 July 2013];
- 19 December 2013 [shall come into force from 11 January 2014].

If a whole or part of a section has been amended, the date of the amending law appears in square brackets at the end of the section. If a whole section, paragraph or clause has been deleted, the date of the deletion appears in square brackets beside the deleted section, paragraph or clause.

The Supreme Council of  
the Republic of Latvia has adopted a Law

## **On Specially Protected Nature Territories**

### **Chapter I General Provisions**

#### **Section 1. Purpose of this Law**

The purpose of this Law is:

- 1) to lay down the basic principles for a system of specially protected nature territories;
- 2) to lay down the procedures for the establishment of specially protected nature territories and secure their existence;
- 3) to lay down the procedures for the administration of specially protected nature territories, for control of the condition of such territories, and for their registration; and
- 4) to combine State, international, regional and private interests in regard to the establishment, preservation, maintenance and protection of specially protected nature territories.

#### **Section 2. Subject-matter of this Law**

- (1) The subject-matter of this Law are specially protected nature territories (hereinafter - protected territories).
- (2) Protected territories are geographically specified areas that, in accordance with a decision of competent State authorities and administrative bodies, are under the special protection of the State and are established, protected and managed for the purpose of:
  - protection and preservation of natural diversity (rare and typical natural ecosystems; living environment of protected species; original, beautiful landscapes characteristic of Latvia; geological and geomorphological formations, etc.);
  - ensuring supervision of scientific research and the environment; and

- preservation of territories significant for the recreation, education and instruction of society.

(3) Protected territories shall be categorised as follows: strict nature reserves, national parks, biosphere reserves, nature parks, nature monuments, nature reserves, protected sea territories and protected landscape areas.

*[30 October 1997; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005]*

## **Chapter II**

### **Categories of Protected Territories**

#### **Section 3. Strict Nature Reserves**

(1) Strict nature reserves are territories untouched by human activities or nearly natural, in which territories unhindered development of natural processes, shall be ensured in order to protect and study rare or typical ecosystems and parts thereof.

(2) Strict nature reserves shall have zones in which all natural resources are completely excluded from economic and other activities. In the territories of strict nature reserves there may be zones in which restricted economic, recreational, educational or other activities are permitted, provided that such activities do not endanger the preservation of nature standards and do not contradict protection and use regulations and the goal of the establishment of the reserve.

#### **Section 4. National Parks**

(1) National parks are broad areas which are characterised by outstanding nature formations of national significance, landscapes and cultural heritage landscapes untouched by human activities or nearly natural, a diversity of biotopes, abundance of cultural and historical monuments, and peculiarities of cultural environment.

(2) The main goals of national parks shall be nature protection, preservation of cultural and historical heritage, scientific research, organisation of education and recreation, which are restricted by the goals of the protection of nature and cultural environment.

(3) The territory of national parks shall be divided into functional zones in conformity with the goals of protection and use. National parks shall have zones in which all natural resources are completely excluded from economic and other activities. In the remaining territory of national parks, only such economic activities are permitted as do not substantially change the structure of historically developed landscapes.

#### **Section 4.<sup>1</sup> Biosphere Reserves**

(1) Biosphere reserves are broad territories in which landscapes and ecosystems of international significance are located. The goal of establishing biosphere reserves is to ensure the preservation of natural diversity and to promote sustainable social and economic development of the territory.

(2) The territory of biosphere reserves in conformity with protection and utilization goals shall be divided into functional zones depending on the permitted economic, recreation, educational or other types of activities, which are not in contradiction with the protection and utilization regulation of such territories and the biosphere reserve establishment goals.

*[30 October 1997; 15 September 2005]*

## **Section 5. Nature Parks**

- (1) Nature parks are territories that represent the natural, cultural and historical values of a particular area, and that are suitable for recreation, education and the instruction of society.
- (2) Organisation of recreation and economic activities in nature parks shall be carried out by ensuring the preservation of the natural, cultural and historical values located in such parks.

## **Section 6. Nature Monuments**

- (1) Nature monuments are separate, isolated natural formations: protected trees, dendrological plantings, avenues, geological and geomorphological nature monuments and other natural rarities having scientific, cultural and historical, aesthetic or ecological value.
- (2) In order to ensure the preservation of protected trees and stones and the possibility of visiting such objects, the territory within a radius of ten metres around stones and the territory under the crowns of trees, as well as within a radius of ten meters around them counting from the projection of the crown of a tree shall also be protected.
- [30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 18 June 2009]*

## **Section 7. Nature Reserves**

Nature reserves are nature territories little transformed or transformed in varying degrees by human activities, which territories include habitats of specially protected wild plant and animal species, and specially protected biotopes.

*[28 February 2002]*

### **Section 7.1 Protected Sea Territories**

Protected sea territories are locations in the territorial sea, exclusive economic zone or continental shelf of the Republic of Latvia, which are established for the protection of protected biotopes and specially protected species habitat, as well as migratory bird significant feeding and wintering places.

*[15 September 2005]*

## **Section 8. Protected Landscape Areas**

Protected landscape areas are territories remarkable for original and diverse landscapes. The objectives of such territories shall be to protect and preserve characteristic landscape and such landscape elements, which are significant for ensuring ecological functions of protected species and biotopes, for the cultural environment and landscapes characteristic of Latvia and the landscape diversity, as well as to ensure the preservation of environment appropriate for recreation of society and for tourism, and environment friendly management.

*[18 June 2009]*

## **Section 9. Determination of New Categories of Protected Territories** [30 October 1997]

## **Section 10. Incorporation of Protected Territories into Other Categories of Protected Territories**

A protected territory that has various goals and functions may be incorporated into other categories of protected territories.

## **Chapter III**

### **Procedures for Establishment of Protected Territories**

#### **Section 11. Submission of Proposals**

(1) Proposals regarding the establishment of a protected territory may be expressed in writing by natural or legal persons, appending a substantiation and a plan of specific scale thereto. Proposals regarding the establishment of protected territories shall be submitted by natural or legal persons to the Nature Conservation Agency.

(2) Within one month after receipt and evaluation of the proposal referred to in Paragraph one of this Section, the Nature Conservation Agency shall inform the relevant local government thereof in writing, as well as publish a notification in the newspaper *Latvijas Vēstnesis* [the official Gazette of the Government of Latvia] and at least in one local newspaper and inform land owner in writing (by sending a letter).

(3) [15 September 2005]

(4) [15 September 2005]

[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009]

#### **Section 12. Documents Required for Preparation of a Decision**

(1) In order to take a decision to change borders, zoning, category, as well as protection regime of a protected territory, the following documents are required:

1) a scientific substantiation, the developers of which are responsible for the validity, objectivity and completeness thereof;

2) a plan with referencing and borders on a scale laid down in the laws and regulations governing land surveys;

3) [15 September 2005];

4) [15 September 2005];

5) [30 October 1997];

6) a calculation regarding the amount of compensation to the land owner regarding restriction on economic activities in the protected territory.

(2) Preparation and submission of such documents to the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development shall be ensured by the Nature Conservation Agency.

(3) If necessary, other documents may be appended that are requested by the relevant State institution that prepares or takes decisions to establish protected territories.

(4) In taking a decision to establish a protected territory, as well as to change the borders, zoning, category or protection regime, the opinion of the local government in the administrative territory of which it is intended to establish a protected territory or in which a protected territory is located shall be taken into account.

[30 October 1997; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009; 16 December 2010]

#### **Section 13. Procedures for Establishment**

(1) Strict nature reserves, national parks and biosphere reserves shall be established by the *Saeima* by adopting a relevant law.

(2) Protected landscape areas, nature reserves, nature parks, protected sea territories and nature monuments shall be established by the Cabinet.

(3) Nature reserves, nature parks and nature monuments that are of significance for the preservation of nature or cultural and historic heritage in the relevant territory may be established also by local governments.

(4) The borders, zoning and category of protected territories may be changed if scientific research, monitoring data or monitoring of protected territory management measures has confirmed that the existing category, zoning and the relevant protection regime does not conform to the goals for the establishment of the territory. The Nature Conservation Agency shall, within two weeks, notify the relevant local government in writing regarding the planned changes to the borders, zoning, category or protection regime of the protected territory, as well as publish a relevant notification in the newspaper *Latvijas Vēstnesis* and provide an efficient notification of land owners, including by publishing a respective announcement on the website of the Nature Conservation Agency, in an informative publication of a local government and in a newspaper published by the local government, if any, or in another local or regional newspaper. The Nature Conservation Agency shall send information in an electronic form to the local government for the purpose of posting it on the website of the respective local government.

(5) The Nature Conservation Agency shall, within one month after the law or Cabinet regulation regarding the establishment of a protected territory or the specification of zoning, or changes to the border has come into force, ensure public access information on the website of the Nature Conservation Agency and shall send information in an electronic form to the local government for the purpose of posting it on the website of the respective local government regarding restriction of ownership rights. A local government after it has passed binding regulations regarding the establishment of a protected territory shall notify the land owner regarding restriction of ownership rights.

*[30 October 1997; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009; 28 April 2011]*

## **Chapter IV**

### **Ensuring the Preservation of Protected Territories**

#### **Section 14. Marking of Protected Territories on Maps and on Site**

(1) The borders of protected territories and their functional zones shall be displayed on the territorial planning of the local government.

(2) For marking of the protected territories on site, special informative signs shall be used, samples of which, as well as procedures for the usage and development of such signs, shall be determined by the Cabinet.

*[30 October 1997; 18 June 2009]*

#### **Section 15. Regulations on Protection and Use of Protected Territories**

(1) For a protected territory, regulations on protection and use may be developed in order to ensure the protection of such territory and the preservation of the natural values existing therein.

(2) There shall be general regulations on protection and use of protected territories, individual protection and use regulations and nature protection plans for the protected territories.

*[20 November 2003; 15 September 2005]*

## **Section 16. General Regulations on Protection and Use of Protected Territories**

General regulations on protection and use of protected territories, which regulate the types of permissible and prohibited activities in such territories, shall be determined by the Cabinet.

*[30 October 1997]*

## **Section 17. Individual Regulations for Protection and Use of Protected Territories**

(1) Individual regulations regarding protection and use of protected territories may be developed taking into account the specific peculiarities of the protected territory, as well as the goals and tasks for the establishment and protection thereof. The individual protection and use regulations of the protected territory shall regulate the types of permitted and prohibited activities in such territory, as well as if necessary its division into functional zones.

(2) Individual regulations on protection and use of protected territories shall be regulated by the Cabinet.

(3) Individual regulations on protection and use of protected territories established by local governments shall be regulated by the relevant local government.

*[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003]*

## **Section 18. Nature Protection Plans for Protected Territories**

(1) In order to co-ordinate environmental protection, use of natural resources and the interests of regional sustainable development, to ensure the preservation of the natural value of the territory, as well as to ensure a favourable conservation status for such specially protected species and such protected biotopes, the protection purpose of which such territory was established or shall be established, a natural or legal person may develop a nature protection plans for a protected territory (hereinafter – plan). The plan shall include scientific information regarding the protected territory, a justification for the functional zoning, if such is necessary, and shall determine unified management measures for the whole of the territory in order to achieve the protection goals thereof.

(2) A plan shall be approved by the responsible minister. Plans for protected territories established by local governments shall be developed and approved by the relevant local government.

(3) The Cabinet shall determine the development procedures for and content of plans.

(4) Upon drawing up individual protection and use regulations of a protected territory, as well as spatial development planning documents and upon managing the protected territory, the information included in the nature protection plan may be taken into account. A plan shall be of a recommendatory nature.

*[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 10 May 2007; 28 April 2011]*

## **Section 19. Division of Protected Territories into Zones**

(1) Protected territories may be divided into functional zones. Functional zones shall have different protection and use regulations.

(2) Protected territories may be divided into the following functional zones: strict regime, regulatory regime, nature reserve, nature park, protection of landscape and neutral zone. National parks may also establish a cultural-historical zone. In protected territories may be declared closed seasons.

(3) A neutral zone shall be determined in the protected sea territories. The restrictions laid down in the protected sea territories shall not apply to the neutral zone, moreover, no

restrictions are laid down in relation to the ship traffic in the neutral zone and the maritime safety therein.

(4) [29 November 2012]

(5) The functional zones of the protected territories shall be determined, taking into account the needs of ensuring a favourable conservation status of the specially protected species and biotopes, as well as the previous economic activity and its impact.

[15 September 2005; 28 April 2011; 29 November 2012]

## **Section 20. Regulation of Visits in Protected Territories**

(1) Visiting in protected territories for the purposes of recreation, tourism, ecological education and scientific research shall take place in accordance with general regulations of protected territories and with individual regulations on protection and use of each territory.

(2) Visits in protected territories shall be controlled by the administrative body of such territory.

(3) Visits in protected territories established by local governments shall be controlled by the relevant local government.

[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 18 June 2009]

## **Section 21. Ensuring Protection of Protected Territories in Conducting Planning and Design Works**

In conducting economic and territorial planning, land surveys and forest management, and all types of design works, the location of the protected territory, regulations for the protection and use thereof must be conformed to.

[28 February 2002; 28 April 2011]

## **Section 22. Provision of Information Regarding Protected Territories**

(1) The Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development and State administration institutions subordinate to it, and relevant local governments shall ensure that information at the disposal thereof regarding protected territories shall be freely accessible.

(2) Restrictions regarding the accessibility of information regarding protected territories may be laid down in conformity with the Freedom of Information Law, the Environmental Protection Law, protection and use regulations of protected territories and other laws and regulations.

[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 10 May 2007; 16 December 2010]

## **Section 23. Symbols of Protected Territories** [15 November 2005]

## **Section 24. Duties of Land Owners and Users**

Land owners and users have the following duties:

1) to ensure observance of the protection and use regulations of the protected territories, and to carry out protection and maintenance measures in the relevant territories;

2) to notify the administrative body of the protected territory or the local government of existing or possible changes in natural formations, as well as of violations of protection and use regulations.

[30 October 1997; 20 November 2003; 18 June 2009]

## **Section 25. Administration of Protected Territories**

(1) For the performance of scientific, nature protection and other activities in the protected territories, an administrative body of the protected territory may be established, in co-ordination with the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development.

(2) A decision to establish an administrative body of the protected territory shall be taken by a State institution in accordance with the decision of which the protected territory was established.

(3) [18 June 2009]

(4) Administration of protected territories shall be co-ordinated by the the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development.

(5) In order to co-ordinate nature protection and economic interests, upon a proposal of the responsible minister, an advisory council of the protected territory may be established, the by-laws of which shall be approved by the Cabinet, but personnel shall be approved by the responsible minister.

(6) In order to ensure effective performance of the laws and regulations related to nature protection, as well as to promote the implementation of a uniform policy for nature protection and use of natural resources, the Cabinet shall establish the Nature Conservation Agency.

(7) The State Scientific Institute – the derived public person “National Botanic Garden” shall perform the following State administrative task – administer the nature monument “Latvian National Botanic Garden”. In relation to the performance of the abovementioned State administrative task the scientific institute – derived public person “National Botanic Garden” shall be subordinate to the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development.

*[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009; 16 December 2010; 29 November 2012]*

## **Section 26. Management Organisation of Protected Territory**

Associations and foundations may be established for the implementation of the necessary economic measures in the protected territories in accordance with the procedures laid down in law. Local governments may finance and perform the management of protected territories within the administrative territory thereof. Associations, foundations and local governments shall inform the Nature Conservation Agency regarding the planned management measures.

*[15 September 2005; 18 June 2009]*

## **Section 27. State Environmental Control of Protected Territories**

State environmental control of protected territories in the field of protected territories of State significance, specially protected species and biotopes, management and protection of micro-reserves shall be exercised by the Nature Conservation Agency, in other fields – by the State Environmental Service, as well as other State institutions within the scope of their competence.

*[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009]*



## **Chapter V**

### **Financing of Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of Protected Territories**

#### **Section 28. Sources of Financing**

(1) In accordance with this Law the establishment and administration of the protected territories determined by the *Saeima* or the Cabinet shall be financed from the resources from the State budget provided for this purpose.

(2) The preservation, maintenance and administration of the protected territories established by local governments shall be financed from local government budget resources.

(3) [18 June 2009]

(4) Special funds may be set up for the establishment, preservation and maintenance of protected territories.

(5) [15 September 2005]

[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009; 28 April 2011]

#### **Section 29. Tax Concessions and Compensation regarding Restrictions on Economic Activities in Protected Territories**

(1) Land owners and users in protected territories have the right to tax concessions laid down in laws and regulations.

(2) Land owners also have the right to compensation laid down in law regarding restrictions on economic activity in protected territories, including in the cases laid down in law – the right receive compensation or to request the exchange of the land belonging to them for land of equivalent value owned by the State or local governments.

[28 February 2002; 20 November 2003]

#### **Section 30. Granting of Compensation**

The conditions and procedures for the granting of the compensation provided for in Section 29 of this Law shall be laid down in a separate law.

[28 February 2002; 20 November 2003]

## **Chapter VI**

### **State Register and Scientific Research of Protected Territories**

#### **Section 31. State Register of Protected Territories**

(1) State register of protected territories is a collection of data that contains information regarding all the protected territories in Latvia.

(2) The Nature Conservation Agency shall maintain and improve the natural data management system for ensuring the operation of the State register of protected territories. The Cabinet shall determine the procedures for maintaining the natural data management system, updating data and circulating information.

(3) In the State register of protected territories in addition to other information shall be indicated the establishment and protection goals and tasks of the established protected territories.

[30 October 1997; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 19 December 2013]

## **Section 32. Scientific Research in Protected Territories**

(1) Scientific research in protected territories shall be applied for with the Nature Conservation Agency. In the cases laid down in laws and regulations scientific research in protected territories shall be co-ordinated with the relevant responsible institution and the land owner or user shall be notified regarding them.

(2) The performance of scientific research may not contradict the establishment and protection goals and tasks of the protected territory.

(3) [28 February 2002]

*[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 18 June 2009]*

## **Section 32.<sup>1</sup> Monitoring of Protected Territories**

The Nature Conservation Agency shall organise and co-ordinate monitoring of the protected territories.

*[28 February 2002; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009]*

## **Chapter VII**

### **Land Ownership and Land Use Rights, Alienation Procedures, as well as Alienation and Privatisation Restrictions of the Land Located in the Protected Territory and its Functional Zone**

*[6 June 2013]*

## **Section 33. Land Ownership and Use Rights in the Protected Territory and its Functional Zone**

(1) Land in a protected territory may be owned by the State, a local government, as well as by a natural person or a legal person.

(2) Land owned by or land in the jurisdiction of the State or a local government may not be privatised or alienated, if it is located in the following protected territories or their functional zones:

1) nature reserves;

2) nature reserves if they have not been divided into functional zones;

3) zones of nature reserves, national parks, biosphere reserves, nature parks, nature monuments and protected landscape area nature reserves, in zones of strict regime, nature reserves and regulated regime.

(3) Land in the jurisdiction of the State or a local government, which is located in the protected territory referred to in Paragraph two of this Section or its functional zone, shall be corroborated in the Land Register in the name of the State or local government, in accordance with the Law On the State and Local Government Land Ownership Rights and Corroboration of Such Rights in Land Registers.

(4) Land owned by the State, which is located in the protected territory referred to in Paragraph two, Clause 2 or 3 of this Section or its functional zone, may be transferred without remuneration in the ownership of the local government, and the land owned by a local government may be transferred without remuneration to the State, taking into account the procedures for the transfer of the immovable property without remuneration laid down in the Law On Alienation of the Property of a Public Person.

(5) Land, which is located in a protected territory or its functional zone and which has been recognised in conformity with Section 416 of the Civil Law as a property without heirs, shall be in jurisdiction of the State.

*[6 June 2013]*

### **Section 34. Rights of a Person to Acquire in Ownership the Land which is Located in the Protected Territory or its Functional Zone**

*[6 June 2013]*

(1) Land ownership rights in protected territories may be renewed for former land owners or their heirs and the land transferred into the ownership of natural persons and legal persons only if such persons undertake to observe the protection and use regulations of the protected territories and the nature protection plans.

(2) The requirements referred to in Paragraph one of this Section shall be indicated in the decision to renew land ownership rights or to grant ownership of the land for payment.

(3) Restrictions on ownership rights in the protected territories laid down in laws and regulations shall be marked in land boundary maps and recorded in the Land Register without the consent of the land owners on the basis of a recording request of the Nature Conservation Agency. Restrictions on ownership rights in protected territories established by local governments shall be recorded in the Land Register on the basis of a recording request of the relevant local government.

(4) *[15 September 2005]*

(5) If as a result of cadastral survey the area of land actually transferrable to the former owner of the land or his or her heir is larger than the restorable area of land and the difference is larger than allowed by the laws and regulations governing cadastral survey, the former owner of the land or his or her heir has the right to acquire in ownership in return for payment such difference of the surveyed area of land, which is under the jurisdiction of the State or the local government, but is located in the protected territory referred to in Section 33, Paragraph two, Clause 2 or 3 of this Law or its functional zone.

*[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009; 6 June 2013]*

### **Section 35. Right of First Refusal of the State to Land in Protected Territories**

(1) The State has the right of first refusal to the land which is located:

- 1) in strict nature reserves;
- 2) in nature reserves, if they have not been divided into functional zones;
- 3) in nature monuments [excluding protected trees and protected stones (secular stones)], if the functional zones have not been separated in such nature monuments;
- 4) in the zones of nature reserves, national parks, biosphere reserves, nature parks, nature monuments and in the zones of strict nature reserves of protected landscape areas, strict regime, nature reserve and regulated regime.

(2) Land owners have a duty to inform the Nature Conservation Agency regarding an intention to sell the land owned by them in the protected territories, submitting the transaction document.

(3) The Nature Conservation Agency shall exercise the right of first refusal and take a decision by informing in writing the land owner thereof within one month of the receipt of a notification from the land owner. If it is not possible to observe the time limit, it may be extended for a time period of up to two months, informing the submitter thereof.

*[28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 18 June 2009; 28 April 2011]*

### **Section 36. Expropriation of Land in Protected Territories [18 June 2009]**

### **Section 37. Use of Land in Protected Territories [15 September 2005]**

### **Section 38. Land of Protected Territories Owned and Used by Local Governments or Belonging to the State Land Reserve [28 February 2002]**

### **Section 38.<sup>1</sup> Prohibition of Land Transformation and Restrictions in Protected Territories**

*[30 April 2009]*

(1) It is prohibited to change the land use category in protected territories, in which land transformation is prohibited in accordance with general or individual provisions for the protection and use of protected territories.

(2) In protected territories, in which land transformation without a written permit of the administration of the protected territory or the regional environmental board is prohibited in accordance with general or individual provisions for the protection and use of protected territories, the land use category may be changed for utilised agricultural area, if technical provisions of the regional environmental board have been issued or the initial environmental impact assessment of the intended activity has been performed in accordance with the requirements of the Law On Environmental Impact Assessment.

*[30 April 2009]*

### **Section 38.<sup>2</sup> Action with Land, which is Located in the Protected Territory or its Functional Zone and has been Recognised as Property without Heirs and to which Claims of Creditors have been Submitted**

(1) Land, which is located in a protected territory or its functional zone and has been recognised as a property without heirs and to which claims of creditors have been submitted, shall be alienated by a sworn bailiff in accordance with the procedures laid down in the Cabinet regulations. In such case the prohibition laid down in Section 33, Paragraph two of this Law shall not be applicable.

(2) If land, which is located in the protected territory or its functional zone, has been recognised as a property without heirs, a sworn notary shall send, in accordance with laws and regulations, an extract from the notarial deed book regarding termination of the inheritance matter also to the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development, which shall within 20 days evaluate whether it is useful to acquire the respective land for the purpose of performance of the functions of the State, and shall inform the Nature Conservation Agency thereof.

(3) The State has the priority right to acquire the land, which is located in the protected territory or its functional zone and has been recognised as a property without heirs and to which claims of creditors have been submitted. Such land may be acquired in ownership for the price bid at auction or in case of an auction not having taken place – for the opening price at the auction. The Cabinet shall determine the procedures by which the priority right shall be exercised.

*[6 June 2013]*

## **Chapter VIII**

### **Liability for Violations of Protection and Use Regulations of Protected Territories**

#### **Section 39. Liability for Violations of Protection and Use Regulations of Protected Territories**

(1) Persons who have violated protection and use regulations of the protected territories shall be subject to administrative liability, criminal liability, or any other liability in accordance with laws of the Republic of Latvia.

(2) Persons subject to administrative or criminal liability shall not be released from the duties laid down in environmental protection laws and regulations if harm has been done to the environment.

*[28 February 2002; 15 September 2005]*

## **Chapter IX**

### **Termination of Status of Protected Territory**

#### **Section 40. Termination of Status of Protected Territory**

(1) The status of a protected territory may be terminated only if the value of the protected territory has been lost.

(2) An opinion on justification for the termination of the status of a protected territory shall be provided by the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development only after receipt of the opinion of experts.

(3) A decision to terminate the status of a protected territory, on the basis of the opinion referred to, shall be taken by a State institution that has taken a decision to establish the relevant protected territory.

*[30 October 1997; 28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 16 December 2010]*

## **Chapter X**

### **International Co-operation in the Establishment and Preservation of Protected Territories**

#### **Section 41. International Agreements, and Agreements Regarding Protected Territories**

If an international agreement that is in force in the territory of the Republic of Latvia lays down the requirements regarding protection of the protected territories other than those laid down in the laws of the Republic of Latvia, the requirements of the international agreement shall be in force, except in cases where stricter protection regulations are laid down in laws and regulations of the Republic of Latvia.

*[30 October 1997]*

#### **Section 42. Protected Territories in the Republic of Latvia as Part of the International Network of Protected Nature Territories**

(1) Protected territories established in the Republic of Latvia, in accordance with the determined procedures, may be included in lists of protected nature territories of international significance.

(2) In developing a system of protected territories in the Republic of Latvia, the recommendations of international conventions and international nature protection organisations shall be observed.

#### **Section 43. Protected Nature Territories of European Significance**

(1) The protected nature territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) is a unified network of protected nature territories of European significance. It includes specially protected nature territories, which are significant for the European Union and substantially facilitate retaining or renewal of the protection status favourable for the types of specially protected biotopes or specially protected species in the relevant biogeographical region or regions, or which may substantially promote the unity of the network *Natura 2000*, as well as substantially promote the conservation of biological diversity in the biogeographical region or

regions. The necessary protection measures shall be taken in such territories in order to preserve or renew protection status favourable for those biotopes and populations of species, which have caused the establishment of the relevant territory. The protection of species with wide distribution area shall be ensured within those territories of *Natura 2000*, which have physical and biological factors important for existence and reproduction of specimens of the referred to species.

(2) The Cabinet shall determine criteria (hereinafter - criteria) for the establishment of protected nature territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) in Latvia. The list of protected territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) in which all the protected territories and micro-reserves conforming to the criteria have been included shall be determined by the Annex to this Law. The Nature Conservation Agency shall prepare the necessary information for the society and for the European Commission regarding the protected territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) in Latvia.

(3) The Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development shall develop proposals for the establishment of new protected territories conforming to the criteria, for a change of category of a protected territory or for changing the borders in cases where the protected nature territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) are not provided with a sufficient protection regime.

(4) For an intended activity or planning document (except protected territory nature protection plans and the activities provided for therein, which are necessary for the management or renewal of habitats of specially protected species, habitats of specially protected species of restricted use or specially protected biotopes, as well as the arrangement of public access nature tourism and reference infrastructure objects provided for in nature protection plans of the protected territories), which separately or together with other intended activities or planning document may substantially affect a protected nature territory of European significance (*Natura 2000*) an environmental impact assessment shall be performed.

(5) The intended activities shall be permitted to be performed or a planning document to be implemented if such activities do not negatively affect the ecological functions and integrity of the protected nature territory of European significance (*Natura 2000*) and do not contradict the goals of establishing and protection of such territory.

(6) If the implementation of the intended activities or planning document negatively affect the protected nature territory of European significance (*Natura 2000*), the performance of the activities shall be permitted or the document implemented only in cases where such activities are the only solution and are necessary to satisfy overriding public interests, also social or economic interests.

(7) If in the protected nature territory of European significance (*Natura 2000*) can be found European Union priority species or biotopes found in Latvia laid down in laws and regulations subsidiary to the Special and Biotope Protection Law, the intended activities shall be permitted to be performed or a planning document to be implemented only in such cases where such activities are the only solution and are necessary for the health protection, security or environmental protection interests of the society.

(8) In the case provided for in Paragraph seven of this Section, the intended activities shall be permitted to be performed or a planning document to be implemented also when it is necessary to satisfy other especially overriding public interests if an opinion has been received from the European Commission.

(9) In the cases determined in Paragraphs six, seven and eight of this Law compensatory measures for the network of protected nature territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) shall be determined.

(10) If upon proposal of the responsible sectoral minister the Cabinet has adopted an order that the planned activity is necessary for the fulfilment of overriding public interests, the conditions of Paragraphs four, five, six or seven, eight and nine of this Section shall be

applied to the activities laid down in the laws and regulations governing the protection and use of protected territories.

[28 February 2002; 20 November 2003; 15 September 2005; 10 May 2007; 18 June 2009; 16 December 2010; 28 April 2011]

#### **Section 44. Compensatory Measures for the Network of Protected Nature Territories of European Significance (*Natura 2000*)**

(1) Compensatory measures for the network of protected nature territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) (hereinafter – compensatory measures) shall be performed in order to ensure the balancing of the negative impact of the performance of the intended activities or the implementation of the planning document and the protection and preservation of the unity (integrity) of the territory.

(2) Criteria on the basis of which compensatory measures shall be determined, the application procedures and the requirements for the development and implementation of a long-term monitoring plan shall be determined by the Cabinet.

(3) The selection and implementation of compensatory measures, as well as the costs of the development and implementation of a long-term monitoring plan for such measures shall be covered by the proposer of the intended activities or the developer of the planning document.

(4) An Environment State Bureau report regarding the application of compensatory measures shall be sent to the European Commission. The requirements for the content of the report and the procedures for sending the report shall be determined by the Cabinet.

[15 September 2005]

#### **Transitional Provisions**

1. By 1 January 2003, the Cabinet shall determine criteria for the establishment of protected nature territories of European significance (*Natura 2000*) in Latvia.

2. [20 November 2003]

3. By 31 March 2004, the Cabinet shall develop and submit to the *Saeima* a draft law regarding the right of land owners to compensation for restrictions on economic activities in protected territories.

[20 November 2003]

4. By 1 February 2006, the Cabinet shall issue the regulations referred to in Section 18, Paragraph three of this Law.

[15 September 2005]

5. By 30 May 2006, the Cabinet shall issue the regulations referred to in Section 44, Paragraphs two and four of this Law.

[15 September 2005]

6. In years 2011 and 2012 no new protected territories shall be established, in which restrictions to forestry activity are determined, except in cases when the protected territory must be established in accordance with the regulatory enactments of the European Union.

[16 December 2010]

7. [29 November 2012]

8. The Cabinet shall issue the regulations referred to in Section 31, Paragraph two of this Law until 1 February 2014.  
[19 December 2013]

### **Informative Reference to European Union Directives**

In this Law are included legal norms arising from:

1) Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora;

2) Directive 2009/147/EEC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2009 on the conservation of wild birds; and

3) Directive 2008/56/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 June 2008 establishing a framework for community action in the field of marine environmental policy (Marine Strategy Framework Directive) (Text with EEA relevance).

[15 September 2005; 18 June 2009; 28 April 2011]

Chairperson of the Supreme Council  
of the Republic of Latvia

A. Gorbunovs

Secretary of the Supreme Council  
of the Republic of Latvia

I. Daudišs

Rīga, 2 March 1993

### **Transitional Provisions Regarding Amendments to the Law On Specially Protected Nature Territories**

#### **Transitional Provisions**

(regarding amending Law of 30 October 1997)

With the coming into force of this Law, Cabinet Regulation No. 283, Amendments to the Law On Specially Protected Nature Territories issued in accordance with Article 81 of the Constitution (*Latvijas Republikas Saeimas un Ministru Kabineta Ziņotājs*, 1997, No. 18) is repealed.



**Latvian Natura 2000 – List of Protected Nature Territories of European Significance**

No.	Type	Site code	Category and name of territory
1.	C	LV0000110	Nature reserve “Augstroze”
2.	C	LV0000120	Nature reserve “Vidusburtnieks”
3.	C	LV0000130	Nature reserve “Ziemeļu purvi”
4.	C	LV0100200	Moricsala nature reserve
5.	B	LV0100300	Grīņi nature reserve
6.	C	LV0100400	Krustkalna nature reserve
7.	C	LV0100500	Teiči nature reserve
8.	C	LV0200100	Gauja National Park
9.	C	LV0200200	Ķemeri National Park
10.	C	LV0200300	Slītere National Park
11.	B	LV0300100	Nature park “Daugavas ieleja”
12.	C	LV0300400	Nature park “Silene”
13.	C	LV0300700	Nature park “Tērvete”
14.	C	LV0300800	Nature park “Sauka”
15.	B	LV0300900	Nature park “Dridža ezers”
16.	B	LV0301100	Nature park “Riežupe”
17.	B	LV0301200	Nature park “Embūte”
18.	C	LV0301300	Nature park “Istras pauguraine”
19.	B	LV0301500	Nature park “Cīriša ezers”
20.	B	LV0301600	Nature park “Adamovas ezers”
21.	C	LV0301700	Nature park “Piejūra”
22.	B	LV0301800	Nature park “Beberbeķi”
23.	B	LV0301900	Nature park “Dolessala”
24.	B	LV0302000	Nature park “Talsu pauguraine”
25.	C	LV0302100	Nature park “Abavas senleja”
26.	C	LV0302200	Nature park “Salacas ieleja”
27.	C	LV0302800	Nature park “Engures ezers”
28.	C	LV0302900	Nature park “Dvietes paliene”
29.	B	LV0303000	Nature park “Numernes valnis”

30.	B	LV0303100	Nature park "Cārmaņa ezers"
31.	C	LV0303200	Nature park "Svētes paliene"
32.	B	LV0303300	Nature park "Ragakāpa"
33.	C	LV0303400	Rāzna National Park
34.	C	LV0303500	Nature park "Pape"
35.	B	LV0303600	Nature park "Bernāti"
36.	B	LV0303700	Nature park "Driksnas sils"
37.	B	LV0303800	Nature park "Pinku ezers"
38.	B	LV0304000	Nature park "Laukezers"
39.	B	LV0304100	Nature park "Bauska"
40.	C	LV0304200	Nature park "Kuja"
41.	A	LV0304300	Nature park "Užavas lejtece"
42.	B	LV0304400	Nature park "Kurjanovas ezers"
43.	B	LV0304500	Nature park "Ogres ieleja"
44.	C	LV0304800	Nature park "Vecumu meži"
45.	B	LV0304900	Nature park "Vilce"
46.	C	LV0305000	Nature park "Zvārdes meži"
47.	C	LV0305100	Nature park "Aiviekstes paliene"
48.	B	LV0305200	Nature park "Ogres Zilie kalni"
49.	B	LV0400400	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Korkuļu sausgultne un pazemes upe"
50.	B	LV0401000	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Kalamecu-Markūzu gravas"
51.	B	LV0401900	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Stiglavas atsegumi"
52.	B	LV0402200	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Skaistkalnes karsta kritenes"
53.	B	LV0402300	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Kulšēnu avots"
54.	B	LV0412900	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Ogres dolomītu krauja"
55.	B	LV0413300	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Ezernieku karsta kritenes"
56.	B	LV0415600	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Zaņas lejtece"
57.	B	LV0415700	Geological and geo-morphological nature monument "Pavāru atsegumi"
58.	B	LV0500100	Nature reserve "Šķību purvs"

59.	B	LV0500200	Nature reserve "Gasparsona purvs"
60.	B	LV0500300	Nature reserve "Ellītes purvs"
61.	B	LV0500500	Nature reserve "Dūņezera purvs"
62.	B	LV0500600	Nature reserve "Seržu tīrelis"
63.	B	LV0500700	Nature reserve "Vāveres ezers"
64.	B	LV0500800	Nature reserve "Mazzalvītes purvs"
65.	B	LV0500900	Nature reserve "Īndzera ezera salas"
66.	B	LV0501000	Nature reserve "Gaujienas priedes"
67.	B	LV0501100	Nature reserve "Lepuru purvs"
68.	B	LV0501200	Nature reserve "Sloku purvs"
69.	B	LV0501300	Nature reserve "Bejas mežs"
70.	B	LV0501500	Nature reserve "Kupravas liepu audze"
71.	B	LV0501600	Nature reserve "Tetersalas purvs"
72.	B	LV0502100	Nature reserve "Baltais purvs"
73.	C	LV0502200	Nature reserve "Orlovas (Ērgļu) purvs"
74.	B	LV0502300	Nature reserve "Pokratas ezers"
75.	B	LV0502400	Nature reserve "Zodānu purvs"
76.	C	LV0502600	Nature reserve "Stompaku purvi"
77.	B	LV0502800	Nature reserve "Zaļezera purvs"
78.	B	LV0502900	Nature reserve "Īslīce"
79.	B	LV0503000	Nature reserve "Kalēju tīrelis"
80.	B	LV0503300	Nature reserve "Raunas Staburags"
81.	B	LV0504000	Nature reserve "Tīrās sūnas purvs"
82.	B	LV0504300	Nature reserve "Baltmuižas purvs"
83.	B	LV0504400	Nature reserve "Sasaļu mežs"
84.	C	LV0504700	Nature reserve "Vīķu purvs"
85.	B	LV0504800	Nature reserve "Lielais purvs"
86.	B	LV0505200	Nature reserve "Lāču purvs"
87.	B	LV0505400	Nature reserve "Aizdumbles purvs"
88.	B	LV0505500	Nature reserve "Supes purvs"
89.	B	LV0505600	Nature reserve "Nomavas purvs"
90.	B	LV0505700	Nature reserve "Klaucānu un Priekulānu ezeri"
91.	B	LV0505800	Nature reserve "Spulģu purvs"
92.	B	LV0505900	Nature reserve "Kaušņu purvs"
93.	B	LV0506000	Nature reserve "Saltais purvs"

94.	B	LV0506100	Nature reserve "Tīreļu purvs"
95.	B	LV0506200	Nature reserve "Slapjo salu purvs"
96.	B	LV0506300	Nature reserve "Švēriņu purvs"
97.	C	LV0506400	Nature reserve "Gargrodes purvs"
98.	C	LV0506500	Nature reserve "Rožu purvs"
99.	B	LV0506600	Nature reserve "Melnais purvs"
100.	B	LV0507000	Nature reserve "Čertoka ezers (Valnezers)"
101.	C	LV0507100	Nature reserve "Ventas ieleja"
102.	B	LV0507200	Nature reserve "Ventas un Šķerveļa ieleja"
103.	B	LV0507300	Nature reserve "Gaviezes āmuļi"
104.	C	LV0507400	Nature reserve "Brienamais purvs"
105.	B	LV0507600	Nature reserve "Medze"
106.	B	LV0507700	Nature reserve "Nīcas īvju audze"
107.	C	LV0507800	Nature reserve "Liepājas ezers"
108.	B	LV0508000	Nature reserve "Rucavas īvju audze"
109.	C	LV0508100	Nature reserve "Ziemupe"
110.	C	LV0508300	Nature reserve "Dunika"
111.	B	LV0508400	Nature reserve "Purgaiļu purvs"
112.	B	LV0508500	Nature reserve "Dūņezers"
113.	B	LV0508600	Nature reserve "Vidzemes akmeņainā jūrmala"
114.	B	LV0508700	Nature reserve "Dziļezers un Riebezers"
115.	C	LV0509100	Nature reserve "Randu pļavas"
116.	[28 April 2011]		
117.	B	LV0509500	Nature reserve "Dzērves purvs"
118.	[28 April 2011]		
119.	B	LV0509700	Nature reserve "Lielpurvs"
120.	B	LV0509800	Nature reserve "Niedrāju-Pilkas purvs"
121.	B	LV0510000	Nature reserve "Maizezers"
122.	B	LV0510200	Nature reserve "Istras ezers"
123.	C	LV0510300	Nature reserve "Klešniku purvs"
124.	C	LV0510400	Nature reserve "Gulbju un Platpirovas purvs"
125.	C	LV0510600	Nature reserve "Pildas ezers"
126.	B	LV0510700	Nature reserve "Grebļukalns"
127.	B	LV0510800	Nature reserve "Gulbinkas purvs"
128.	B	LV0510900	Nature reserve "Zvirgzdenes ezera salas"

129.	B	LV0511000	Nature reserve "Nesauls kalns"
130.	B	LV0511100	Nature reserve "Barkavas ozolu audze"
131.	B	LV0511300	Nature reserve "Jumurdas ezers"
132.	[18 June 2009]		
133.	B	LV0511600	Nature reserve "Lielsalas purvs"
134.	B	LV0512100	Nature reserve "Rušonu ezera salas"
135.	C	LV0512200	Nature reserve "Lielais Pelecāres purvs"
136.	C	LV0512300	Nature reserve "Ašinieku purvs"
137.	[18 June 2009]		
138.	[18 June 2009]		
139.	B	LV0512700	Nature reserve "Gaiļukalns"
140.	B	LV0512800	Nature reserve "Mežmuižas avoti"
141.	B	LV0513000	Nature reserve "Lielā Baltezera salas"
142.	C	LV0513100	Nature reserve "Babītes ezers"
143.	B	LV0513400	Nature reserve "Lielie Kangari"
144.	B	LV0513600	Nature reserve "Cieceres ezera sala"
145.	B	LV0513700	Nature reserve "Dulbju acs purvs"
146.	B	LV0513800	Nature reserve "Daiķu īvju audze"
147.	B	LV0513900	Nature reserve "Kadiķu nora"
148.	C	LV0514100	Nature reserve "Kaļķupes ieleja"
149.	C	LV0514200	Nature reserve "Raķupes ieleja"
150.	B	LV0514500	Nature reserve "Zemgaļu purvs"
151.	B	LV0514800	Nature reserve "Plienčiema kāpa"
152.	B	LV0515100	Nature reserve "Riesta-Džūkstenes purvs"
153.	B	LV0515300	Nature reserve "Kārķu purvs"
154.	B	LV0515800	Nature reserve "Bednes purvs"
155.	B	LV0515900	Nature reserve "Vadaiņu purvs"
156.	B	LV0516000	Nature reserve "Oleru purvs"
157.	B	LV0516200	Nature reserve "Vīķvēnu purvs"
158.	B	LV0517000	Nature reserve "Klāņu purvs"
159.	B	LV0517100	Nature reserve "Pluču tīrelis"
160.	C	LV0517200	Nature reserve "Sārnates purvs"
161.	B	LV0517300	Nature reserve "Nagļu un Ansiņu purvs"
162.	B	LV0517400	Nature reserve "Tīšezers"
163.	B	LV0517500	Nature reserve "Piešdanga"

164.	B	LV0518300	Nature reserve "Vecdaugava"
165.	[18 June 2009]		
166.	C	LV0518500	Nature reserve "Lielais un Pemma purvs"
167.	B	LV0518600	Nature reserve "Lielais Mārku purvs"
168.	B	LV0518700	Nature reserve "Laugas purvs"
169.	C	LV0518900	Nature reserve "Stiklu purvi"
170.	C	LV0519000	Nature reserve "Aklais purvs"
171.	B	LV0519100	Nature reserve "Kreiču purvs"
172.	[18 June 2009]		
173.	[18 June 2009]		
174.	[18 June 2009]		
175.	[18 June 2009]		
176.	C	LV0519800	Nature reserve "Cenas tīrelis"
177.	C	LV0520000	Nature reserve "Ābeļi"
178.	B	LV0520200	Nature reserve "Gudenieki"
179.	C	LV0520300	Nature reserve "Užava"
180.	B	LV0520500	Nature reserve "Mazie Kangari"
181.	B	LV0520900	Nature reserve "Tosmare"
182.	B	LV0521100	Nature reserve "Ojatu ezers"
183.	B	LV0521300	Nature reserve "Diļļu pļavas"
184.	C	LV0521500	Nature reserve "Ovīši"
185.	B	LV0521800	Nature reserve "Ķirbas purvs"
186.	B	LV0522000	Nature reserve "Mērnīeku dumbrajī"
187.	B	LV0522100	Nature reserve "Katlēšu meži"
188.	B	LV0522300	Nature reserve "Ungurpils meži"
189.	B	LV0522600	Nature reserve "Aizkraukles purvi un meži"
190.	B	LV0522900	Nature reserve "Dvietes dumbrajī"
191.	B	LV0523000	Nature reserve "Līvbērzes liekņa"
192.	C	LV0523100	Nature reserve "Lielupes palienes pļavas"
193.	C	LV0523200	Nature reserve "Ukru gārša"
194.	C	LV0523300	Nature reserve "Dzelves-Kroņa purvs"
195.	C	LV0523400	Nature reserve "Ances purvi un meži"
196.	C	LV0524100	Nature reserve "Mežole"
197.	B	LV0524500	Nature reserve "Ruņupes ieleja"
198.	B	LV0524600	Nature reserve "Jaunciems"

199.	B	LV0524800	Nature reserve “Vesetas palienes purvs”
200.	B	LV0524900	Nature reserve “Pilskalnes Siguldiņa”
201.	C	LV0525000	Nature reserve “Mangēnes meži”
202.	B	LV0525100	Nature reserve “Blažģa ezers”
203.	B	LV0525200	Nature reserve “Linezers”
204.	B	LV0525300	Nature reserve “Vērenes purvi”
205.	B	LV0525400	Nature reserve “Gaiņu purvs”
206.	C	LV0525500	Nature reserve “Sātiņu dīķi”
207.	C	LV0525600	Nature reserve “Zvārde”
208.	B	LV0525800	Nature reserve “Zebrus un Svētes ezers”
209.	B	LV0525900	Nature reserve “Jaunanna”
210.	[18 June 2009]		
211.	B	LV0526100	Nature reserve “Gruzdovas meži”
212.	B	LV0526200	Nature reserve “Palšu purvs”
213.	C	LV0526400	Nature reserve “Sventājas upes ieleja”
214.	C	LV0526500	Nature reserve “Eiduku purvs”
215.	[18 June 2009]		
216.	C	LV0526700	Nature reserve “Pelēču ezera purvs”
217.	C	LV0526800	Nature reserve “Sedas purvs”
218.	C	LV0527000	Nature reserve “Melnsalas purvs”
219.	[18 June 2009]		
220.	A	LV0527200	Nature reserve “Daugava pie Kaibalas”
221.	C	LV0527300	Nature reserve “Tāšu ezers”
222.	C	LV0527400	Nature reserve “Garkalnes meži”
223.	C	LV0527500	Nature reserve “Silabebru ezers”
224.	B	LV0527600	Nature reserve “Vjadas meži”
225.	B	LV0527700	Nature reserve “Kadājs”
226.	B	LV0527800	Nature reserve “Melturu sils”
227.	B	LV0528000	Nature reserve “Rauza”
228.	B	LV0528100	Nature reserve “Šepka”
229.	B	LV0528200	Nature reserve “Launkalne”
230.	B	LV0528300	Nature reserve “Ģipka”
231.	B	LV0528400	Nature reserve “Ģipkas lankas”
232.	B	LV0528500	Nature reserve “Kaigu purvs”
233.	C	LV0528600	Nature reserve “Kalnciema pļavas”

234.	C	LV0528700	Nature reserve "Melnā ezera purvs"
235.	C	LV0528800	Nature reserve "Mugurves pļavas"
236.	C	LV0528900	Nature reserve "Panemūnes meži"
237.	C	LV0529100	Nature reserve "Viskūžu sala"
238.	B	LV0529200	Nature reserve "Virguļīcas meži"
239.	B	LV0529300	Nature reserve "Klintaine"
240.	B	LV0529400	Nature reserve "Draugolis"
241.	B	LV0529500	Nature reserve "Spinduļu meži"
242.	B	LV0529700	Nature reserve "Raudas meži"
243.	B	LV0529900	Nature reserve "Svētes ieleja"
244.	B	LV0530000	Nature reserve "Skujaines un Svētaines ieleja"
245.	B	LV0530100	Nature reserve "Eglone"
246.	B	LV0530200	Nature reserve "Timsmales ezers"
247.	B	LV0530300	Nature reserve "Starīnas mežs"
248.	B	LV0530400	Nature reserve "Ječu purvs"
249.	B	LV0530500	Nature reserve "Vitupes ieleja"
250.	B	LV0530600	Nature reserve "Motrīnes ezers"
251.	B	LV0530700	Nature reserve "Kapu ezers"
252.	B	LV0530800	Nature reserve "Lielupes grīvas pļavas"
253.	B	LV0530900	Nature reserve "Jašas-Bicānu ezers"
254.	B	LV0531000	Nature reserve "Nīgrandes meži"
255.	B	LV0531100	Nature reserve "Baltezera purvs"
256.	B	LV0531200	Nature reserve "Rukšu purvs"
257.	C	LV0531300	Nature reserve "Pāces pļavas"
258.	B	LV0531400	Nature reserve "Apšuciema zāļu purvs"
259.	B	LV0531500	Nature reserve "Lapiņu ezers"
260.	B	LV0531600	Nature reserve "Taurīšu ezers"
261.	B	LV0531700	Nature reserve "Platenes purvs"
262.	B	LV0531800	Nature reserve "Pelcīšu purvs"
263.	B	LV0531900	Nature reserve "Popes zāļu purvs"
264.	C	LV0532000	Nature reserve "Sitas un Pededzes paliene"
265.	B	LV0532200	Nature reserve "Alsungas meži"
266.	B	LV0532300	Nature reserve "Ašu purvs"
267.	C	LV0532400	Nature reserve "Asūnes ezers"
268.	[18 June 2009]		



269.	C	LV0532600	Nature reserve "Burgas pļavas"
270.	C	LV0532700	Nature reserve "Burtnieku ezera pļavas"
271.	B	LV0532800	Nature reserve "Būšnieku ezera krasts"
272.	B	LV0532900	Nature reserve "Dimantu mežs"
273.	B	LV0533000	Nature reserve "Druviņu tīrelis"
274.	C	LV0533100	Nature reserve "Dubnas paliene"
275.	C	LV0533200	Nature reserve "Durbes ezera pļavas"
276.	B	LV0533300	Nature reserve "Dūres mežs"
277.	B	LV0533400	Nature reserve "Dzilnas dumbrajī"
278.	B	LV0533500	Nature reserve "Kalgatu purvs"
279.	B	LV0533600	Nature reserve "Kaļķu gārša"
280.	B	LV0533700	Nature reserve "Kalna purvs"
281.	B	LV0533800	Nature reserve "Kinkausku meži"
282.	B	LV0533900	Nature reserve "Krapas gārša"
283.	B	LV0534000	Nature reserve "Krojas meži"
284.	B	LV0534100	Nature reserve "Liepnas niedrajī"
285.	B	LV0534200	Nature reserve "Zepu mežs"
286.	C	LV0534300	Nature reserve "Ļubasts"
287.	B	LV0534400	Nature reserve "Matkules meži"
288.	B	LV0534500	Nature reserve "Melnupes meži"
289.	B	LV0534600	Nature reserve "Mētru mežs"
290.	B	LV0534900	Nature reserve "Paltupes meži"
291.	B	LV0535000	Nature reserve "Pašulienes mežs"
292.	B	LV0535100	Nature reserve "Plunču ezera krasts"
293.	B	LV0535200	Nature reserve "Posolnīca"
294.	C	LV0535400	Nature reserve "Rūjas paliene"
295.	B	LV0535500	Nature reserve "Sakas grīņi"
296.	A	LV0535600	Nature reserve "Skrundas zivju dīķi"
297.	B	LV0535700	Nature reserve "Sofikalna meži"
298.	B	LV0535800	Nature reserve "Tebras ozolu meži"
299.	B	LV0535900	Nature reserve "Tumes meži"
300.	C	LV0536000	Nature reserve "Užavas augštece"
301.	B	LV0536100	Nature reserve "Zāgadu kalni"
302.	B	LV0536200	Nature reserve "Zaķu riests"
303.	B	LV0536300	Nature reserve "Zilaiskalns"

304.	B	LV0536400	Nature reserve “Jaša”
305.	C	LV0600100	Protected landscape area “Vecpiebalga”
306.	C	LV0600200	Protected landscape area “Veclaicene”
307.	C	LV0600300	Protected landscape area “Augšzeme”
308.	C	LV0600400	Protected landscape area “Augšdaugava”
309.	C	LV0600500	Protected landscape area “Vestiena”
310.	C	LV0600700	Protected landscape area “Ziemeļgauja”
311.	C	LV0600800	Protected landscape area “Ādaži”
312.	B	LV0600900	Protected landscape area “Kaučers”
313.	B	LV0601000	Protected landscape area “Nīcgales meži”
314.	B	LV0804600	micro-reserve “Dzelmes”
315.	B	LV0824700	micro-reserve “Visikums”
316.	B	LV0826100	micro-reserve “Vidagas meži”
317.	B	LV0826300	micro-reserve “Gaujienas purvainie meži”
318.	B	LV0826800	micro-reserve “Melderupītes meži”
319.	B	LV0830100	micro-reserve “Ozoldārzs”
320.	B	LV0830200	micro-reserve “Vecsēlpils”
321.	B	LV0830300	micro-reserve “Silzemnieki”
322.	B	LV0830400	micro-reserve “Dubļukrogs”
323.	B	LV0830500	micro-reserve “Priedes”
324.	B	LV0830600	micro-reserve “Bērzoles riests”
325.	B	LV0830700	micro-reserve “Bērzu purvs”
326.	B	LV0830800	micro-reserve “Bulvāra riests”
327.	B	LV0830900	micro-reserve “Graviņas”
328.	B	LV0831000	micro-reserve “Šepkas riests”
329.	B	LV0831100	micro-reserve “Kaļņa riests”
330.	B	LV0831300	micro-reserve “Bānūžu Zelta avots”
331.	B	LV0831400	micro-reserve “Dravenieku avoti”
332.	B	LV0831500	micro-reserve “Elles purvs”
333.	B	LV0831600	micro-reserve “Dzirnieku pļava”
334.	B	LV0831700	micro-reserve “Maitiķu avoti”
335.	B	LV0831800	micro-reserve “Mežamatveju kadiķu pļavas”
336.	B	LV0831900	micro-reserve “Mežamatveju pļavas”
337.	B	LV0536500	nature reserve “Pāvilostas pelēkā kāpa”
338.	B	LV0843500	micro-reserve “Igaunijas riests”

339.	C	LV0536600	nature reserve “Lubāna mitrājs”
340.	C	LV0900100	protected sea territory “Nida-Pērkone”
341.	C	LV0900200	protected sea territory “Akmensrags”
342.	A	LV0900300	protected sea territory “Īrbes šaurums”
343.	C	LV0900400	protected sea territory “Rīgas līča rietumu piekraste”
344.	C	LV0900500	protected sea territory “Selga uz rietumiem no Tūjas”
345.	B	LV0900600	protected sea territory “Vitrupe – Tūja”
346.	B	LV0900700	protected sea territory “Ainaži – Salacgrīva”
347.	B.	LV0536700	nature reserve “Zušu-Staiņu sēravoti”

In this table, in the column “Type”:

“A” are designated	territories, which are specified for the protection of specially protected bird species;
“B” are designated	territories, which are specified for the protection of specially protected species, except birds, and specially protected biotopes;
“C” are designated	Territories, which are specified for the protection of specially protected species and specially protected biotopes.

In this Annex the codes included on the column “Site code” are indicated in conformity with the Latvian Specially Protected Nature Territory Register.

The borders of specially protected nature territories are determined in accordance with legislation, which regulate the establishment of specially protected nature territories and micro-reserves.

*[15 September 2005; 10 May 2007; 28 April 2011]*