

6. Proceedings in respect of an offence against any regulations under this Law alleged to have been committed by any person may be taken before the appropriate Court having jurisdiction in the place where that person is for the time being.

Special power regarding proceedings for offence.

**DISEASES OF ANIMALS LAW  
SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION**

**Additional Animals and Diseases Declaration**  
*made under section 2*

1. This Declaration may be cited as the Diseases of Animals (Additional Animals and Diseases) Declaration.
2. For the purposes of the Diseases of Animals Law (hereinafter referred to as the Law) the following are hereby declared to be included in the term "animal":
  - Cats;
  - Domestic fowls, ducks and turkeys;
  - Parrots and any birds of the parrot family;
  - Geese;
  - Guinea fowl;
  - Pheasants;
  - Partridges.
3. The diseases set forth in the Schedule hereto are hereby declared to be included in the term "disease" for the purpose of the Law.

**SCHEDULE**

**LIST OF DISEASES**

Bacillary white diarrhea  
Fowl pox  
Fowl typhoid  
Fowl cholera  
Fowl plague Newcastle disease Psittacosis

East Coast fever  
African horse sickness  
Avian tuberculosis  
Pullorum disease  
Avian leucosis complex  
Infectious laryngo-tracheitis  
Infectious bronchitis  
Avian listerellosis.

**Diseases of Animals Regulations**  
*made under section 3*

These regulations may be cited as the Diseases of Animals Regulations.

2. In these regulations:  
"veterinary officer" means a veterinary officer in the service of the Government;  
"veterinary surgeon" means any person who is a fellow or member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons, or who possesses a veterinary qualification recognized by the Veterinary Surgeons Act.
- Notification of Disease*
3. (1) Any person having in his charge or under his control any animal infected or suspected to be infected with disease shall keep such animal separate from animals not so infected or suspected, and shall forthwith give notice of the fact of the animal being so infected or suspected to a veterinary officer or to the nearest Magistrate or Local Government Council.
- (2) When the animal so infected or suspected is travelling, neither such animal nor any animal with which it has been in contact shall be moved except in so far as may be necessary for effecting isolation or for procuring food or water, pending the directions of a veterinary officer.
4. Every Local Government Council receiving a notification under the last preceding regulation or otherwise becoming aware that any animal within the limits of its jurisdiction is infected with disease shall forthwith notify the nearest Magistrate, and shall take measures to enforce the provision of the said regulation with regard to the isolation and non-movement of the animal.