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Australia New Zealand Food Authority

Amendment No. 53
to the
Food Standards Code

AUSTRALIA NEW ZEALAND FOOD AUTHORITY

VARIATIONS TO THE FOOD STANDARDS CODE

(AMENDMENT No. 53)

1. Preamble

The variations set forth in the Schedule below are variations to the *Food Standards Code* (hereinafter called 'the Code') which was published by the National Health and Medical Research Council in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette*, No. P 27, on 27 August 1987, and which has been varied from time to time.

The Schedule contains variations adopted by the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Council in November and December 2000.

These variations are published pursuant to section 32 of the *Australia New Zealand Food Authority Act 1991*.

2. Citation

These variations may be collectively known as *Amendment No. 53* to the Code.

3. Commencement

These variations commence on the date of gazettal with the exception of:

- 1. Division 2 of Standard 1.5.2 Food produced Using Gene Technology, which will commence on 7 December 2001; and
- 2. clause 2 of Standard 1.5.1 Novel Foods, which will commence on 16 June 2001.

SCHEDULE

[1] Inserting the following Transitional Standard before the Table of Contents of the Food Standards Code -

TRANSITIONAL STANDARD FOR THE OPERATION OF VOLUME 1 AND VOLUME 2 OF THE FOOD STANDARDS CODE

Purpose

This Standard will operate from the time Volume 2 of the Food Standards Code (known as the joint Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code) comes into effect until such time as both Volume 1 (known as the Australian Food Standards Code) and relevant regulations within the New Zealand Food Regulations 1984 are repealed.

During this transitional period, this Standard requires that food either comply with Volume One (existing Australian Food Standards Code) or with Volume 2 (the joint Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code). In New Zealand, Volume One and Volume Two operate as alternatives to the New Zealand Food Regulations 1984. Therefore, for New Zealand purposes, food must comply with the New Zealand Food Regulations 1984 or Volume One or Volume Two, but not a combination of any two or three.

Manufacturers will need to choose which volume they wish to manufacture to for the food manufactured. Food may not comply with a combination of parts of Volume One, parts of Volume Two and, in New Zealand parts of the Food Regulations. It should be noted that, other than those Standards in Chapter 3 of Volume Two, which only apply in Australia, the requirement does not apply to the manufacturer but rather the food being manufactured. Therefore, if the manufacturer makes two kinds of food, this Standard allows one kind of food to be manufactured, say to Volume One requirements, and the other kind of food to Volume Two.

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- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Transitional operation of Volume One and Volume Two

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1 Interpretation

Volume One means Volume One of the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code published under the name 'Food Standards Code' or, in the case of New Zealand, that Code other than Standard A14 and clauses (2) and (4) of Standard K2.

Volume Two means Volume Two of the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code, published under the name 'Food Standards Code' or in the case of New Zealand, that Code other than Chapter 3.

2 Transitional operation of Volume One and Volume Two

- (1) Food must comply with
 - (a) Volume One; or
 - (b) Volume Two;

but not a combination of the both.

- (2) Notwithstanding the operation of subclause (1)
 - (a) food businesses and food handlers must comply with Chapter 3 of Volume Two; and
 - (b) food must comply with Standard A18 of Volume One; and
 - (c) for the purposes of infant formula products, Volume One exclusively applies.
- (3) Paragraphs (2)(a) and (b) do not apply in New Zealand.

Editorial note:

In New Zealand, Volume One and Volume Two operate as alternatives to the New Zealand Food Regulations 1984. Therefore, for New Zealand purposes, food must comply with the New Zealand Food Regulations or Volume One or Volume Two, but not a combination of any two or three.

[2] Inserting the following after the Amendments History of the Food Standards Code -

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COMMENTARY

THE AUSTRALIA NEW ZEALAND FOOD STANDARDS SYSTEM

The Australia New Zealand food standards system is a cooperative arrangement between Australia, New Zealand and the Australian States and mainland Territories to develop and implement uniform food standards.

The system for the development of joint Australia New Zealand food standards is established under a treaty between Australia and New Zealand signed in December 1995. Within Australia, the system is based upon a 1991 Commonwealth, State and Territory Agreement in relation to the adoption of uniform food standard.

The system is implemented by food legislation in each State and Territory and in New Zealand, and by the *Australia New Zealand Food Authority Act 1991* (the ANZFA Act) of the Commonwealth of Australia. The ANZFA Act establishes the mechanisms for the development of joint food regulatory measures (a food standard or a code of practice) and creates the Australia New Zealand Food Authority as the agency responsible for the development and maintenance of a joint Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code.

Although food standards are developed by the Australia New Zealand Food Authority, responsibility for enforcing and policing food standards rests with the States and Territories in Australia and the New Zealand government in New Zealand. Each government has one or more agencies responsible for food surveillance within their health administration charged with the task of ensuring the requirements of the Food Standards Code are met.

Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code

The Food Standards Code is a collection of individual food standards. Standards on related matters are grouped together into Parts, which in turn are collected together into three Chapters. Chapter 1 deals with standards which apply to all foods, however, New Zealand regulates its own Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) for food, and Standard 1.4.2 regulates MRLs in Australia only. Chapter 2 deals with standards affecting particular classes of foods. Chapter 3 deals with food hygiene issues in Australia. New Zealand has its own food hygiene arrangements, and food hygiene is not part of the joint food standards system.

Food standards have the force of law. It is an offence in New Zealand, and a criminal offence in Australia to supply food which does not comply with relevant food standards. Notwithstanding food standards, it is also an offence to sell food which is damaged, deteriorated or perished, which is adulterated, or which is unfit for human consumption. Because food standards are given legal effect by State, Territory and New Zealand laws, it is important to read this Food Standards Code in conjunction with the relevant food legislation.

This Code should also be read in conjunction with other applicable laws, such as the Australian *Trade Practices Act* and the New Zealand and State and Territory *Fair Trading Acts*. The provisions in these Acts, particularly relating to conduct which is false, misleading or deceptive, apply to the supply of food in trade and commerce.

Food standards are developed or varied by the Australia New Zealand Food Authority, either by application from any agency or body or by a proposal of its own initiative. Notices are published in Australia and New Zealand seeking comment from the public on applications and proposals.

When assessing a food regulatory measure matter, the Authority is required to take into account:

- any submissions received from the public in response to its public notices;
- three statutory objectives listed in order of priority:
 - (a) the protection of public health and safety;
 - (b) the provision of adequate information relating to food to enable consumers to make informed choices;
 - (c) the prevention of misleading or deceptive conduct;
 - Other factors set out in the Act, are:
 - (a) the need for standards to be based on risk analysis using the best available scientific evidence;
 - (b) the promotion of consistency between domestic and international food standards;
 - (c) the desirability of an efficient and internationally competitive food industry;
 - (d) the promotion of fair trading in food.
- relevant New Zealand standards; and
- any other relevant matters.

Standards or variations to standards developed by the Authority are recommended for adoption to a council of Health Ministers known as the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Council. This Council is the decision-making body about food standards. It meets approximately twice a year, but most business is conducted out-of-session through correspondence.

Standards adopted by the Council are published in the Commonwealth of Australia Gazette and the New Zealand Gazette. Where appropriate, a commencement date for the standard is also specified. The standards published in the *Gazettes* are adopted by reference and without amendment into the food laws of the States and Territories and of New Zealand.

How to seek a variation to a food standard

If you wish to apply for the development of a new standard, or variation of an existing standard, an application form can be obtained by writing to the Standards Liaison Officer at either of the addresses shown below:

Australia New Zealand Food Authority PO Box 7186 Canberra MC ACT 2610 AUSTRALIA Australia New Zealand Food Authority PO Box 10559 The Terrace Wellington 6036 NEW ZEALAND

Standard 1.1.1

Preliminary Provisions – Application, Interpretation and General Prohibitions

Purpose

This Standard sets out preliminary provisions which apply generally to the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code*. General application and interpretation provisions are contained in this Standard. Application and interpretation provisions specific to individual food standards are to be found in those specific standards.

This Standard should always be consulted as a starting point in the use of the Code because it regulates the general operation of the Code in its entirety. Many definitions which have general application to the Code are contained in this Standard.

Editorial note:

This Code is adopted as the required standards for food produced in New Zealand and the States, Territories and Commonwealth of Australia in relation to food sold and/or imported into both countries under the following Acts -

Food Act 1981 (New Zealand)

Health Act 1911 (Western Australia)

Food Act 1992 (Australian Capital Territory)

Food Act 1981 (Queensland)

Food Act 1989 (New South Wales)

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Clauses

Division 1 – Interpretation and Application

1 Application of this Code

Unless specifically provided elsewhere in this Code, the provisions of this Code apply to food which is -

- (a) sold or prepared for sale in Australia and/or New Zealand; and/or
- (b) imported into Australia and/or New Zealand.

Editorial note:

Food for which no specific standard is contained in Chapter 2 of this Code, must comply with the general provisions of Chapter 1.

2 Interpretation

Unless expressly defined elsewhere in this Code -

Act means the Act, as amended or, as the case may be, Ordinance of a State, Territory, External Territory, Commonwealth or New Zealand, under the authority of which this Code is enforced.

ANZS means a joint Australia New Zealand Standard published by Standards Australia.

AOAC means the publication entitled "Official methods of Analysis of AOAC International" published by AOAC International, Virginia USA and includes earlier editions of this publication under its previous name.

AS means an Australian Standard published by Standards Australia.

Australian Approved Name means a name included in the "Herbal Substances AAN List" of the "Australian Approved Names List".

Australian Approved Names List means the list of names or terms included in the document entitled "Australian Approved Names for Pharmaceutical Substances" published by the Therapeutic Goods Administration in its edition "TGA Approved Terminology for Medicines" dated July 1999.

average quantity in relation to a substance in a food is the quantity determined from one or more of the following -

- (a) the manufacturer's analysis of the food; or
- (b) calculation from the actual or average quantity of nutrients in the ingredients used; or
- (c) calculation from generally accepted data;

which best represents the quantity of the substance that the food contains, allowing for seasonal variability and other known factors that could cause actual values to vary.

Editorial note:

The substances referred to in the definition of 'average quantity' are, for example, sodium, potassium, fatty acids, amino acids and vitamins and minerals.

bulk cargo container means an article of transport equipment, being a lift van, movable tank, or other similar structure –

- (a) of a permanent character and accordingly strong enough to be suitable for repeated use; and
- (b) specifically designed to facilitate the carriage of goods by one or more modes of transport, without immediate repacking; and
- (c) fitted with devices permitting its ready handling and its transfer from one mode of transport to another; and
- (d) so designed as to be easy to fill and empty; and
- (e) having an internal volume of one cubic metre or more; and
- (f) includes the normal accessories and equipment of the container, when imported with the container and used exclusively with it; and
- (g) shipping container or aircraft cargo container;

but does not include -

(h) any vehicle, or any ordinary packing case, crate, box, or other similar article used for packing.

business address means a description of the location of the premises from which the business in question is being operated, but does not include a postal address.

claim means any statement, representation, information, design, words or reference in relation to a food which is not mandatory in this Code.

Editorial note:

A claim may be made for example, on the label on a package of food or in an advertisement.

Code means the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code* as defined in section 3 of the *Australia New Zealand Food Authority Act 1991*.

code number, used in relation to a food additive, means either –

- (a) the number set out in the Schedules to Standard 1.3.1 in relation to that food additive; or
- (b) the number referred to in (a) preceded by the letter "E".

Commonwealth means the Commonwealth of Australia.

component means any substance including a food additive used in the preparation of an ingredient and present in the final product in a primary or modified form.

ESADDI means, for a vitamin or mineral in column 1 of the Schedule, the Estimated Safe and Adequate Daily Dietary Intake, specified for that vitamin or mineral –

- (a) in column 3; and
- (b) in column 4 for children aged one to three years;

calculated and expressed in the form specified in column 2.

fund raising events means events that raise funds solely for community or charitable causes and not for personal financial gain.

label means any tag, brand, mark or statement in writing or any representation or design or descriptive matter on or attached to or used in connection with or accompanying any food or package.

lot means a quantity of food which is prepared or packed under essentially the same conditions usually –

- (a) from a particular preparation or packing unit; and
- (b) during a particular time ordinarily not exceeding 24 hours.

lot identification means information which indicates, in a clearly identifiable form, the -

- (a) premises where the food was packed or prepared; and
- (b) lot of the food in question.

nutrition information panel or **panel** means a panel which complies with the requirements of Division 2 of Standard 1.2.8.

nutritive substance means a substance not normally consumed as a food in itself and not normally used as an ingredient of food, but which, after extraction and/or refinement, or synthesis, is intentionally added to a food to achieve a nutritional purpose, and includes vitamins, minerals, amino acids, electrolytes and nucleotides.

NZS means a New Zealand Standard published by Standards New Zealand.

package means any container or wrapper in or by which food intended for sale is wholly or partly encased, covered, enclosed, contained or packaged and, in the case of food carried or sold or intended to be carried and sold in more than one package, includes every such package, but does not include –

- (a) bulk cargo containers; or
- (b) pallet overwraps; or
- (c) crates and packages which do not obscure labels on the food; or
- (d) transportation vehicles.

permitted form means a form of a vitamin or mineral specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

prescribed name means a name by which a food is defined or described in a Standard, and is declared in this Code to be a prescribed name.

RDI means, for a vitamin or mineral in column 1 of the Schedule, the Recommended Dietary Intake, specified for that vitamin or mineral –

- (a) in column 3; and
- (b) in column 4 for children aged one to three years;

calculated and expressed in the form specified in column 2.

Editorial note:

The RDIs used in this Code are based on those published by the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) of Australia in 1991.

relevant authority means the authority responsible for the enforcement of this Code.

State means a State of the Commonwealth of Australia.

statement of ingredients means a statement as required in Standard 1.2.4 in this Code.

supplier means the packer, manufacturer, vendor or importer of the food in question.

Territory means a Territory of the Commonwealth of Australia.

warning statement means a statement required to be expressed in the text as so prescribed in this Code, in –

- (a) clause 3 of Standard 1.1.3; and
- (b) clause 3 of Standard 1.2.3; and
- (c) clause 3 of Standard 2.6.3; and
- (d) subclauses 15(1), 15(3), and 27(1) of Standard 2.9.1; and
- (e) ragraph 5(3)(c) and subclause 6(2) of Standard 2.9.2; and
- (f) subclauses 3(3) and 3(4) of Standard 2.9.4.

3 Prescribed standards for food

A reference in this Code to the nature, substance, composition, strength, weight, volume, quantity, purity or quality of any food, article, ingredient or component is the prescribed standard for that food, article, ingredient or component.

Editorial note:

It is an offence under State and Territory and Commonwealth legislation for food not to comply with a prescribed standard where a prescribed standard has been established for that food. This Code establishes that "prescribed standard".

It is an offence under the New Zealand *Food Act 1981* for food not to comply with applicable food standards issued under that Act.

4 Reference to Acts

In this Code, a reference to an Act includes any regulations made under that Act.

5 Guidelines and editorial notes

- (1) In this Code, guidelines as developed by the Australia New Zealand Food Authority pursuant to paragraph 7(1)(c) of the *Australia New Zealand Food Authority Act 1991*, to assist in the interpretation of the Code are not legally binding.
- (2) In this Code, editorial notes are for information only and are not legally binding.

6 Units of measurement

- (1) A symbol of measurement used in this Code -
 - (a) has the meaning assigned to it under the Australian *National Measurement Act* 1960 as amended, or the New Zealand *Weights and Measures Act* 1987; or
 - (b) if there is no meaning assigned under the Australian *National Measurement Act* 1960 as amended, or the New Zealand *Weights and Measures Act* 1987 as amended has the meaning assigned to it in the Systeme Internationale d'Unites; or
 - (c) if there is no meaning assigned in the Australian *National Measurement Act* 1960 or the New Zealand *Weights and Measures Act* 1987 as amended or the Systeme Internationale d'Unites, has the same meaning assigned to it in the Glossary of Units in this Standard.
- (2) Where a unit of measurement is referred to in the heading of a table in this Code, the amounts specified in the table are to be measured according to those units unless a different unit of measurement is specified in relation to a particular item in the table.

7 Interpretation of compositional provisions

A reference to a compositional permission or requirement in this Code is a reference to the composition of the final food, unless expressly stated otherwise.

8 Glossary of symbols and units

Symbols and units used in this Code have the following meanings –

Symbol/Unit	Meaning
%	per cent
Bq	becquerel
\circ C	degrees Celsius
cfu/g	colony forming units per gram
Cal or kcal	kilocalorie
cm ²	square centimetre
cm	centimetre
dm^2	square decimetre
g	gram
gN/kg	gram of nitrogen/kg
Gy	Grays
J	joule
kg	kilogram
kĴ	kilojoule
kPa	kilopascal
L or l	litre
M	Molar concentration
mg	milligram
mg/kg	milligram/kilogram
milliequiv	milliequivalent
mL or ml	millilitre
m/m	mass per mass
mm	millimetre
mmol	millimole
mOsm	milliosmoles
nm	nanometre
Osm	osmoles
Pa	pascal
ppm	parts per million
μg or mcg	microgram
μg/kg	microgram/kilogram
μL or μl	microlitre
μm	micrometre

Division 2 – General Prohibitions

9 Prohibition on addition of nutritive substances to food

Nutritive substances must not be added to food unless expressly permitted in this Code.

10 Addition of "other foods"

- (1) A reference to the addition or use of "other foods" in the composition of a food for which a standard is prescribed is not a permission for the addition or use of a nutritive substance, vitamin, mineral, processing aid or food additive in the food.
- (2) A reference to the addition or use of "foods" in Part 1.3 of this Code, is not a permission for the addition of a nutritive substance, vitamin, mineral, processing aid or food additive to a food.
- (3) In cases where no specific foods are authorised for addition in a standard, any other food or anything that may be lawfully added to that food may be added.
- (4) Compositional requirements for a food apply to the final food irrespective of any presence or permission to add other foods.

11 Prohibition on altering labels

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), the label on package of food must not be altered, removed, erased, obliterated or obscured except with the permission of the relevant authority.
- (2) A package of food may be relabelled by placing a new label over the incorrect one provided that the new label is not able to be removed so that the incorrect information is visible.

Modification of prescribed statements

A statement or information which is required by this Code or the relevant Act to be included in a label or advertisement for food, may include words which modify that statement or information provided that those words do not contradict, or detract from the intended effect of, the required statement or information.

13 Application of labelling provisions to advertising

Advertisements for food must not contain any statement, information, designs or representations which are prohibited by this Code from being included in a label for that food.

Schedule

Permitted Forms of Recommended Dietary Intakes (RDIs) and Estimated Safe and Adequate Daily Dietary Intakes (ESADDIs) for Vitamins and Minerals

Column 1 Vitamin or Mineral	Column 2 Permitted Forms	Column 3 RDI (unless stated otherwise)	Column 4 RDI (unless stated otherwise) for children aged 1 – 3 years
Vitamins			
Vitamin A	Retinol Forms vitamin A (retinol) vitamin A acetate (retinyl acetate) vitamin A palmitate (retinyl palmitate) vitamin A propionate (retinyl propionate)	750 μg retinol equivalents ¹	300 µg retinol equivalents ¹
	Carotenoid Forms beta-apo-8'-carotenal beta -carotene-synthetic carotenes-natural beta -apo-8'-carotenoic acid ethyl ester		
Thiamin (Vitamin B ₁)	thiamin hydrochloride thiamin mononitrate thiamin monophosphate	1.1 mg thiamin	0.5 mg thiamin
Riboflavin (Vitamin B ₂)	riboflavin riboflavin 5'-phosphate sodium	1.7 mg riboflavin	0.8 mg riboflavin
Niacin	niacinamide (nicotinamide) nicotinic acid	10 mg niacin ²	5 mg niacin ²
Folate	folic acid	200 μg folic acid	100 μg folic acid
Vitamin B ₆	pyridoxine hydrochloride	1.6 mg pyridoxine	0.7 mg pyridoxine
Vitamin B ₁₂	cyanocobalamin hydroxocobalamin	2.0 μg cyanocobalamin	1.0 μg cyanocobalamin

	Schedule (Conti	inueu)	
Column 1 Vitamin or Mineral	Column 2 Permitted Forms	Column 3 RDI (unless stated otherwise)	Column 4 RDI (unless stated otherwise) for children aged 1 – 3 years
Vitamins (Continued)			
Biotin	No permitted form specified	30 μg biotin (ESADDI)	8 μg biotin (ESADDI)
Pantothenic acid	No permitted form specified	5.0 mg pantothenic acid (ESADDI)	2.0 mg pantothenic acid (ESADDI)
Vitamin C	L-ascorbic acid ascorbyl palmitate calcium ascorbate potassium ascorbate sodium ascorbate	40 mg in total of L-ascorbic acid and dehydroascorbic acid	30 mg in total of L-ascorbic acid and dehydroascorbic acid
Vitamin D	vitamin D ₂ (ergocalciferol) vitamin D ₃ (cholecalciferol)	10 μg cholecalciferol ³	5 μg cholecalciferol ³
Vitamin E	dl-alpha-tocopherol d- alpha -tocopherol concentrate tocopherols concentrate, mixed d- alpha -tocopheryl acetate dl- alpha -tocopheryl acetate d- alpha -tocopheryl acetate d- alpha -tocopheryl acetate concentrate d- alpha -tocopheryl acid succinate	10 mg alpha - tocopherol equivalents ⁴	5 mg alpha - tocopherol equivalents ⁴
Vitamin K	No permitted form specified	80 μg phylloquinone (ESADDI)	15 μg phylloquinone (ESADDI)
Minerals			
Calcium	calcium carbonate calcium chloride calcium chloride, anhydrous calcium chloride solution calcium citrate calcium gluconate	800 mg calcium	700 mg calcium

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Minerals continued			
Vitamin or Mineral	Permitted Forms	RDI (unless stated otherwise)	RDI (unless stated otherwise) for children aged 1 – 3 years
Calcium (Continued)	calcium glycerophosphate calcium lactate calcium oxide calcium phosphate, dibasic calcium phosphate, monobasic calcium phosphate, tribasic calcium sodium lactate calcium sulphate	800 mg calcium	700 mg calcium
Chromium	No permitted form specified	200 μg chromium (ESADDI)	60 μg chromium (ESADDI)
Copper	No permitted form specified	3.0 mg copper (ESADDI)	0.8 mg copper (ESADDI)
Iron	ferric ammonium citrate, brown or green ferric ammonium phosphate ferric citrate ferric hydroxide ferric phosphate ferric pyrophosphate ferric sulphate (iron III sulphate) ferrous carbonate ferrous citrate ferrous fumarate ferrous gluconate ferrous alctate ferrous succinate ferrous sulphate (iron II sulphate) ferrous sulphate (iron II sulphate) ferrous sulphate (iron II sulphate) ferrous sulphate, dried iron, reduced (ferrum reductum)	12 mg iron	6 mg iron

Column 1 Minerals continued	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Vitamin or Mineral	Permitted Forms	RDI (unless stated otherwise)	RDI (unless stated otherwise) for children aged 1 – 3 years
Iodine	potassium iodate potassium iodide sodium iodate sodium iodide	150 μg iodine	70 μg iodine
Magnesium	magnesium carbonate magnesium chloride magnesium gluconate magnesium oxide magnesium phosphate, dibasic magnesium phosphate, tribasic magnesium sulphate	320 mg magnesium	80 mg magnesium
Manganese	No permitted form specified	5.0 mg manganese (ESADDI)	1.5 mg manganese (ESADDI)
Molybdenum	No permitted form specified	250 μg molybdenum (ESADDI)	50 μg molybdenum (ESADDI)
Phosphorus	calcium phosphate, dibasic calcium phosphate, monobasic calcium phosphate, tribasic bone phosphate magnesium phosphate, dibasic magnesium phosphate, tribasic calcium glycerophosphate potassium glycerophosphate phosphoric acid potassium phosphate, dibasic potassium phosphate, monobasic sodium phosphate, dibasic	1000 mg phosphorus	500 mg phosphorus

	Schedule (Con	unucuj	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Vitamin or	Permitted Forms	RDI (unless stated	RDI (unless stated
Mineral		otherwise)	otherwise) for children
			aged 1 – 3 years
Minerals continued			
Selenium	No permitted forms specified	70 μg selenium	25 μg selenium
Zinc	zinc acetate zinc chloride zinc gluconate zinc lactate zinc oxide zinc sulphate	12 mg zinc	4.5 mg zinc

FOOTNOTES TO SCHEDULE

1 Calculation of retinol equivalents for carotenoid form of vitamin A.

Carotenoid Form	Conversion Factor
	(μg/1 μg retinol equivalents)
beta-apo-8'-carotenal	12
beta-carotene-synthetic	6
carotenes-natural	12
beta-apo-8'-carotenoic acid ethyl ester	12

² This figure represents the proportion of the RDI provided by pre-formed niacin in foods and excludes the niacin provided from the conversion of the amino acid tryptophan.

⁴ Calculation of alpha-tocopherol equivalents for vitamin E.

Vitamin E Form	Conversion Factor
	(μg/1 μg
	alpha-tocopherol
	equivalents)
dl-alpha-tocopherol	1.36
d-alpha-tocopherol concentrate	*
tocopherols concentrate, mixed	*
d-alpha-tocopherol acetate	1.10
dl-alpha-tocopherol acetate	1.49
d-alpha-tocopherol acetate concentrate	*
d-alpha-tocopherol acid succinate	1.23

^{*}Conversion factor determined by composition of the form of Vitamin E.

³ Recommended daily oral intake as a supplement, for those Australians not exposed to sunlight. Because of the major role of sunlight in determining vitamin D status, a RDI for vitamin D was not developed for the Australian population.

Standard 1.1.2

Supplementary Definitions for Foods

Purpose

This Standard sets out definitions for foods which do not have specific compositional requirements elsewhere in this Code.

Table of Provisions

1 Definitions

Clauses

1 Definitions

In this Code -

- **chocolate** means the confectionery product characterised by the presence of cocoa bean derivatives prepared from a minimum of 200g/kg of cocoa bean derivatives.
- **cocoa** means the powdered product prepared from cocoa beans from which a portion of the fat may have been removed, with or without the addition of salt and/or spices.
- **coffee** means the product prepared by roasting and/or grinding of coffee beans.
- **decaffeinated coffee** means coffee from which most of the caffeine has been removed and which contains no more than 1g/kg of anhydrous caffeine on a dry basis.
- decaffeinated soluble coffee or instant coffee and decaffeinated soluble or instant tea mean soluble or instant coffee or soluble or instant tea from which most of the caffeine has been removed and which contains no more than 3g/kg of anhydrous caffeine on a dry basis.
- **decaffeinated tea** means tea from which most of the caffeine has been removed and which contains no more than 4g/kg of anhydrous caffeine on a dry basis.
- **gelatine** means a protein product prepared from animal skin, bone or other collagenous material, or any combination thereof.
- **instant coffee** or **soluble coffee** means the dried soluble solids prepared or extracted from the water extraction of coffee.

instant tea or **soluble tea** means dried soluble solids obtained from the water extraction of tea.

tea means the product made from the leaves and leaf buds of one or more of varieties and cultivars of Camelia sinensis (L.) O. Kuntz.

Standard 1.1.3

Transitional and Temporary Standards

Purpose

This Standard temporarily applies a number of provisions of the Australian *Food Standards Code* to this Code (the *Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code*) for a 'transitional period'. This transitional period operates from the commencement of this Code to the concurrent repeal of the Australian Food Standards Code and the New Zealand Food Regulations 1984.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Prohibition on the making of health claims in relation to food
- 2 Country of origin labelling requirements
- Warning statement for condensed milk, modified milk and skim milk
- 4 Labelling of royal jelly or food containing royal jelly

Clauses

1 Prohibition on the making of health claims in relation to food

- (1) Save where otherwise expressly prescribed by this Code, any label on a package containing or any advertisement for food shall not include a claim for therapeutic or prophylactic action or a claim described by words of similar import.
- (2) Any label on a package containing or an advertisement for a food shall not include the word 'health' or any word or words of similar import as a part of or in conjunction with the name of the food.
- (3) Save where otherwise expressly prescribed by this Code, any label on a package containing or any advertisement for food shall not contain any word, statement, claim, express or implied, or design that directly or by implication could be interpreted as advice of a medical nature from any person.
- (4) Save where otherwise expressly prescribed by this Code, the label on a package containing or any advertisement for food shall not contain the name of or a reference to any disease or physiological condition.
- (5) Subject to subclauses (6), (7) and (8), a food listed in column 1 of the Table to this subclause may have a health claim listed in column 3 of the Table made in respect of that food, provided that the food meets the relevant eligibility criteria in column 2 of the Table.

Table to subclause 1(5) – Permitted Health Claims

Table to subclause 1(5) – Permitted Health Claims			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	
Food	Eligibility Criteria Amounts specified are per each serving as specified in the nutrition information panel	Permitted Claim	
PRIMARY FOODS	Primary foods as defined in Standard 1.3.2	A claim which states - (a) that increased maternal folate consumption in at least	
Eggs Eggs	Contains at least 40 micrograms folate.	the month before and 3 months following conception may reduce the risk of fetal neural	
Fruit Avocado Grapefruit Orange	Other foods Contains at least 40 micrograms folate and not more than -	tube defects; and (b) the recommendation that women consume a minimum of 400 micrograms folate per day in at least the month before and	
Legumes McKenzie's Borlotti Beans McKenzie's Cannellini Beans McKenzie's Chick Peas McKenzie's Dried (Whole Green) Peas McKenzie's Green Split Peas McKenzie's Haricot Beans McKenzie's Italian Style Soup Mix McKenzie's Lima Beans McKenzie's Red Kidney Beans McKenzie's Red Split Lentils McKenzie's Soya Beans McKenzie's Whole Green Lentils McKenzie's Yellow Split Peas Mellow Yellow Red Kidney Beans Mellow Yellow Red Kidney Beans Mellow Yellow Chick Peas Sanitarium Red Kidney Beans	more than - (A) 14 g fat, of which no more than 5 g is saturated fat; (B) 500 mg sodium; and (C) 10 g in total of added sugars and honey.	at least the month before and at least the first 3 months following conception.	
Nuts Peanuts			
Vegetables Beetroot Broccoli Brussels Sprouts			

Table to subclause 1(5) – Permitted Health Claims (Continued)

Food Eligibility Criteria Amounts specified are per each serving as specified in the nutrition information panel Primary foods as defined in Standard 1.3.2 Cauliflower Cau		e 1(5) – Permitted Health C	
Amounts specified are per each serving as specified in the nutrition information panel Cabbage Cauliflower English Spinach Green beans Harvest FreshCuts Vegetable Medley Leeks Lettuce Mushrooms Parsnip Zucchini Sweet corn Watties Garden Peas Watties Baby Peas Watties Supersweet Corn PROCESSED FOODS Bread Burgen Migh Bake Heritage Rye Burgen High Bake Heritage White Burgen High Bake Heritage White Burgen High Bake Heritage Wholemeal Burgen High Bake Heritage Wholemeal Burgen High Bake Heritage Wholemeal Burgen Mixed Grain Loaf Burgen Mixed Grain Fruit Loaf Burgen Mixed Grain Fruit Loaf Burgen Mixed Grain Fruit Loaf Burgen Mixed Grain Loaf Burgen High Bake Heritage Wholemeal Burgen Mixed Mixed Grain Loaf Burgen Mixed Grain Fruit Loaf Burgen Mixed Grain Loaf Burgen	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
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Burgen Oat Bran and Honey Loaf Burgen Traditional Rye Loaf Burgen Soy-Lin Loaf Pro-Rol Swiss Maid Tip Top English Muffins Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Toast Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Burgen Mixed Grain Fruit Loaf		
Burgen Traditional Rye Loaf Burgen Soy-Lin Loaf Pro-Rol Swiss Maid Tip Top English Muffins Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Toast Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Burgen Oat Bran and Honey Loaf		
Burgen Soy-Lin Loaf Pro-Rol Swiss Maid Tip Top English Muffins Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Toast Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Burgen Traditional Rye Loaf		
Pro-Rol Swiss Maid Tip Top English Muffins Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Toast Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Burgen Soy-Lin Loaf		
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Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Toast Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Tip Top English Muffins		
Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Toast Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal		
Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal Toast		
Wheatgerm Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with		
Wheatgerm Toast Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Wheatgerm		
Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Tip Top Holsom's Wholemeal with		
Tip Top Hyfibe White Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	* *		
Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Tip Top Hyfibe White		
Tip Top Hyfibe White Thick	Tip Top Hyfibe White Muffins		
	Tip Top Multigrain		

Table to subclause 1(5) – Permitted Health Claims (Continued)

Column 1	e 1(5) – Permitted Health (Column 2	Column 3
Food	Eligibility Criteria	Permitted Claim
1000	Amounts specified are per each	Termitted Claim
	serving as specified in the	
	nutrition information panel	
	Primary foods as defined in	A claim which states -
Tip Top Multigrain 9 Grain	Standard 1.3.2	(a) that increased maternal
Tip Top Multigrain 9 Grain Muffins		folate consumption in at least
	Contains at least	the month before and 3 months
Tip Top Multigrain 9 Grain Toast	40 micrograms folate.	following conception may
Tip Top Multigrain Muffins	To interegrants forace.	reduce the risk of fetal neural
Tip Top Multigrain Toast	Other foods	tube defects; and
Tip Top Pro-Rol Thick	other roots	(b) the recommendation that
Tip Top Sunblest Thick	Contains at least	women consume a minimum of
Tip Top Sunblest Sandwich	40 micrograms folate and not	400 micrograms folate per day
Tip Top The White Stuff	more than -	in at least the month before and
Tip Top The White Stuff Muffins	(A) 14 g fat, of which no more	at least the first 3 months
Uncle Tobys Vitagold Bread	than 5 g is saturated fat;	following conception.
Uncle Tobys Energy White Bread	(B) 500 mg sodium; and	
Uncle Tobys GrainsPlus Bread	(C) 10 g in total of added	
	sugars and honey.	
Cereals		
Goodman Fielder Nature's Gold		
Jackaroo Flour		
Kellogg's All Bran		
Kellogg's All Bran Fruit 'n Oats		
Kellogg's Bran Flakes		
Kellogg's Corn Flakes		
Kellogg's Golden Wheats		
Kellogg's Guardian		
Kellogg's Just Right		
Kellogg's Mini-Wheats Apricot		
Kellogg's Mini-Wheats Blackcurrant		
Kellogg's Mini-Wheats Strawberry		
Kellogg's Mini-Wheats Whole Wheat		
Kellogg's Special K		
Kellogg's Sultana Bran		
Lowan Flake Medley with Wild Berries		
Sanitarium Cornflakes *		
Sanitarium Fruity Bix - Apricot *		
Sanitarium Fruity Bix - Tropical *		
Sanitarium Fruity Bix - Wild Berry *		
Sanitarium Good Start *		
Sanitarium Light 'n Tasty		
Sanitarium Lite-Bix *		
Sanitarium Weet-Bix		
Sanitarium Weet-Bix HiBran Soy &		
Linseed		
Sanitarium Weet-Bix plus Oat Bran		
Uncle Tobys Lite Start Breakfast Bars		
Uncle Tobys Lite Start Breakfast Cereal		

Table to subclause 1(5) – Permitted Health Claims (Continued)

Table to subclause 1(5) – Permitted Health Claims (Continued)		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Food	Eligibility Criteria	Permitted Claim
	Amounts specified are per each	
	serving as specified in the	
	nutrition information panel	
Fruit/Vegetables		
Golden Circle Kernel Corn		
Golden Circle Sliced & Baby Beetroot		
<u>Juices</u>		
Berri Orange Juice (Long Life)		
- No Added Sugar		
Berri Orange Juice (Long Life)		
- Premium		
Berri Pure N' Fresh (Chilled		
Orange Juice)		
Citrus Tree Orange Juice		
Coles Orange Juice – No Added Sugar		
(Sourced from Berri Ltd)		
Coles Orange and Mango Juice – No		
Added Sugar		
(Sourced from Berri Ltd)		
Coles Apple and Blackcurrent Juice –		
No Added Sugar		
(Sourced from Berri Ltd)		
Coles Apple Juice – No Added Sugar		
(Sourced from Berri Ltd)		
Coles Viten		
Fernland Balance Orange Juice		
Golden Circle Cloudy Apple Juice		
Golden Circle Orange Juice		
Golden Circle Pineapple Juice		
Just Juice Apple		
Just Juice Orange		
McCoy Orange Juice		
Quelch Just Squeezed Orange		
Stefans Orange Juice		
Sterams Stange variet		
Soy Products		
Soy Feast Soy & Corn Fritters		
Extracts		
Sanitarium Marmite		
Switching Hamilian		
Supplementary Foods		
National Foods Edge		
Transmit Foods Eage		
* approved pending folate fortification		
arrana penama totale		

Editorial notes:

- (1) Subclauses (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) implement a pilot trial of a management system for health claims. The outcomes of the pilot will be used to assist in the evaluation of a proposal to allow wider use of health claims in food labels and advertisements. The subclauses cease to have effect on 13 August 2002.
- (2) The Australia New Zealand Food Authority maintains a Register which contains the most up to date list of approved foods/products for the folate pilot.
- (3) Standard 1.2.8 Nutrition Labelling and Standard 1.3.2 Vitamins and Minerals should be read in conjunction with clause 1 of this Standard.
- (6) A health claim must not be made in respect of the following foods -
 - (a) food standardised in Part 2.7 of this Code; and
 - (b) food standardised in Standards 2.9.1, 2.9.2 and 2.9.4 of this Code; and
 - (c) formulated meal replacements as standardised in Standard 2.9.3; and
 - (d) soft cheeses and pâté.
- (7) The label on a package of food, in respect of which a health claim set out in the Table has been made, must include -
 - (a) a nutrition information panel in accordance with Standard 1.2.8 of this Code, which additionally includes the average quantity of folate in one serving of the food, beside the proportion of the RDI of folate contributed by one serving of the food; and
 - (b) an asterisk accompanying the word 'folate' in the nutrition information panel which refers to a footnote advising that the RDI of 200 micrograms referred to is for adults, whereas for women, at least one month before and during pregnancy, the recommended folate intake is 400 micrograms per day; and
 - (c) an accompanying statement that it is important to maintain a varied diet; and
 - (d) a statement of particular storage, handling or cooking requirements, where the ability of a food to contain at least 40 micrograms folate per each serving depends on those requirements.
- (8) Where a label, in respect of which a health claim set out in the Table has been made, is displayed on or in connection with a food which is displayed for retail sale other than in a package, the label must include -
 - (a) a nutrition information panel in accordance with Standard 1.2.8 of this Code, which additionally includes the average quantity of folate in one serving of the food, beside the proportion of the RDI of folate contributed by one serving of the food; and
 - (b) an asterisk accompanying the word 'folate' in the nutrition information panel which refers to a footnote advising that the RDI of 200 micrograms referred to is for adults, whereas for women, at least one month before and during pregnancy, the recommended folate intake is 400 micrograms per day; and
 - (c) an accompanying statement that it is important to maintain a varied diet; and
 - (d) a statement of particular storage, handling or cooking requirements, where the ability of a food to contain at least 40 micrograms folate per each serving depends on those requirements.
- (9) Where a health claim may be made in relation to a food in accordance with this Standard the same claim in relation to that food may be made in an advertisement, provided the advertisement includes a statement that it is important to maintain a varied diet.

2 Country of origin labelling requirements

- (1) This clause does not apply to food produced in or imported into New Zealand.
- (2) For the purposes of this Code, the following provisions of the Australian Food Standards Code apply
 - (a) clause (4) of Standard A1; and
 - (b) clause (4A) of Standard D1; and
 - (c) clause (5) of Standard F1; and
 - (d) clause 1 of Standard M4; and
 - (e) clause (2A) of Standard N1; and
 - (f) clauses 8 and 9 of Standard O2; and
 - (g) clauses (8) and (9) of Standard O7; and
 - (h) Part 3 of Standard O9; and
 - (i) paragraphs (1)(e), (12)(b), (12)(c) and (12)(d) of Standard P3.

Warning statement for condensed milk, modified milk and skim milk

- (1) For the purposes of this Code, either the provisions of the Australian Food Standard Code set out in this subclause or the provisions set out in subclauses (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) apply
 - (a) subclauses (13)(c) of Standard H1; and
 - (b) subclauses (14)(a) and (14)(g) of Standard H1; and
 - (c) clauses (4) and (7) of Standard H3; and
 - (d) subclause (2)(b) of Standard H4.
- (2) The label on each package of skim milk or non-fat milk shall bear, in 3mm lettering, in the principal display panel, the words "not suitable as a complete milk food for infants"; and those words shall form the first line or lines in the panel, and no other word shall appear in the same line or lines.
- (3) The label on each package of reduced-fat milk shall bear, in 3mm lettering, in the principal display panel, the words "not suitable as a complete milk food for infants"; and those words shall form the first line or lines in the panel, and no other word shall appear in the same line or lines.
- (4) The label on each package of evaporated skim milk shall bear, in 3mm lettering, in the principal display panel, the words "not suitable as a complete milk food for infants"; and those words shall form the first line or lines in the panel, and no other word shall appear in the same line or lines.

- (5) The label on each package of skimmed sweetened condensed milk shall bear, in 3mm lettering, in the principal display panel, the words "not suitable as a complete milk food for infants"; and those words shall form the first line or lines in the panel, and no other word shall appear in the same line or lines.
- (6) The label on each package of skim milk powder shall bear, in 3mm lettering, in the principal display panel, the words "not suitable as a complete milk food for infants"; and those words shall form the first line or lines in the panel, and no other word shall appear in the same line or lines.
- (7) For the purposes of subclauses (2) and (3) –

skim milk and **non-fat milk** means milk from which milk fat or cream has been removed.

reduced-fat milk means -

- (i) milk from which milk fat or cream has been partially removed; or
- (ii) a mixture of non-fat milk with milk or standard milk; or
- (iii) the product produced from a combination of the products specified in subparagraphs (i) and (ii).

standardised milk means pasteurised or ultra heat treated milk –

- (i) from which no substance has been removed except milk fat or cream; and
- (ii) to which no substance has been added except non-fat milk or non-fat milk solids

Editorial note:

Subclause 3(1) of this Standard sets out certain labelling requirements for condensed, modified and skim milk which are contained in the Australian Food Standards Code.

Subclauses (2) - (6) set out certain labelling requirements for skim and non-fat milk, reduced-fat milk, evaporated skim milk, skimmed sweetened condensed milk and skim milk powder. These subclauses set out the same requirements as those in the New Zealand Food Regulations 1984.

Clause 3 does not regulate the composition of any these products.

Clause 3 of this Standard will be reviewed prior to the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code becoming the sole Food Standards Code in Australia and New Zealand.

4 Labelling of royal jelly or food containing royal jelly

For the purposes of this Code, the provisions of the Australian Food Standards Code set out in clause (8) of Standard K2 apply.

Standard 1.2.1

Application of Labelling and Other Information Requirements

Purpose

This Standard sets out the application of general labelling and other information requirements contained in Part 1.2. and labelling and information requirements specific to certain foods in Chapter 2 of this Code. This Part sets out the labelling requirements for food for sale and information that must be provided in conjunction with the sale of certain foods, where labelling is not required. Food Product Standards in Chapter 2 may impose additional labelling and information requirements for specific classes of food.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Labelling of food for retail sale or for catering purposes
- 3 Labelling of food not for retail sale etc.
- 4 Provision of information in relation to food etc.

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Part-

foods for catering purposes means those foods for use in restaurants, canteens, schools, caterers or self catering institutions, where food is offered for immediate consumption.

intra company transfer means a transfer of food between elements of a single company, between subsidiaries of a parent company or between subsidiaries of a parent company and the parent company.

retail sale means sale to the public.

small package means a package with a surface area of less than 100cm².

transportation outer means a package which encases packaged or unpackaged foods for the purpose of transportation and distribution and which is removed before the food is used or offered for retail sale or which is not taken away by the purchaser of the food.

2 Labelling of food for retail sale or for catering purposes

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), food for retail sale or for catering purposes must bear a label setting out all the information prescribed in this Code, except where
 - (a) the food is other than in a package; or
 - (b) the food is in inner packages not designed for sale without an outer package other than individual portion packs which must bear a label containing a declaration of certain substances in accordance with clause 4 of Standard 1.2.3; or
 - (c) the food is made and packaged on the premises from which it is sold; or
 - (d) the food is packaged in the presence of the purchaser; or
 - (e) the food is whole or cut fresh fruit and vegetables, except sprouting seeds or similar products, in packages that do not obscure the nature or quality of the fruit or vegetables; or
 - (f) the food is delivered packaged, and ready for consumption, at the express order of the purchaser; or
 - (g) the food is sold at a fund raising event.
- (2) Notwithstanding subclause (1), food for retail sale or for catering purposes must comply with any requirements specified in
 - (a) subclause 2(2) of Standard 1.2.3; and
 - (b) subclause 3(2) of Standard 1.2.3; and
 - (c) subclause 4(2) of Standard 1.2.3; and
 - (d) subclause 5(2) of Standard 1.2.3; and
 - (e) subclause 4(2) of Standard 1.2.8; and
 - (f) subclause 4(3) of Standard 1.2.8; and
 - (g) clause 6 of Standard 1.5.3; and
 - (h) subclause 2(2) of Standard 1.2.10; and
 - (i) subclause 4(3) of Standard 2.2.1; and
 - (j) clauses 5, 6, and 10 of Standard 2.2.1; and
 - (k) clause 3 of Standard 2.2.3; and
 - (1) subclause 3(2) of Standard 2.6.3.

3 Labelling of food not for retail sale etc.

Food -

- (a) not for retail sale; or
- (b) not for catering purposes; or
- (c) supplied as an intra company transfer;

must bear a label containing the information prescribed in clauses 1, 2 and 3 of Standard 1.2.2, except where the -

- (d) food is other than in a package; or
- (e) food is in an inner package or packages contained in an outer package where the label on the outer package includes the information prescribed in clauses 1, 2 and 3 of Standard 1.2.2; or
- (f) food is in a transportation outer where the information that would be required on the transportation outer is clearly discernible on the labels

on or attached to the packages contained within the transportation outer.

4 Provision of information in relation to food not for retail sale etc.

- (1) Where a purchaser or relevant authority has so requested, a package of food which is -
 - (a) not for retail sale; or
 - (b) not for catering purposes; or
 - (c) supplied as an intra company transfer;

must be accompanied by sufficient information in relation to that food to enable the purchaser to comply with the -

- (d) compositional requirements of this Code; and
- (e) labelling or other declaration requirements of this Code.
- (2) The information referred to in subclause (1) must be supplied in writing where the relevant authority or purchaser has so requested.

Editorial note:

Under paragraph 3(b) food for catering purposes must be labelled in accordance with clause 2. Therefore, the labelling requirements for food for retail sale also apply to food for catering purposes.

Standard 1.2.2

Food Identification Requirements

Purpose

This Standard requires that certain information must be included on the label on a food in order to be able to identify the food in question. The labels on a package of food for retail sale, other than in the circumstances listed in Standard 1.2.1 must include, in addition to the information prescribed in this Standard, the information prescribed elsewhere in Part 1.2 of this Code.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Name of food
- 2 Lot identification
- 3 Name and address of supplier

Clauses

1 Name of food

- (1) The label on a package of food must include -
 - (a) the prescribed name of the food, where the name of a food is declared in this Code to be a prescribed name; and
 - (b) in any other case, a name or a description of the food sufficient to indicate the true nature of the food.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b), the definitions of certain foods as set out in Chapter 2 of this Code, do not of themselves establish the name of the food.

Editorial note:

For example, the definitions for –

- 1. Bread in Standard 2.1.1
- 2. Fermented milk in Standard 2.5.3
- 3. Ice cream in Standard 2.5.6

2 Lot identification

The label on a package of food must include its lot identification, unless the food is -

- (a) an individual portion of ice cream or ice confection; or
- (b) in small packages, and the bulk packages and the bulk container in which the food is stored or displayed for sale includes lot identification.

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3 Name and address of supplier

The label on a package of food must include the name and business address in Australia or New Zealand, of the supplier of the food.

Editorial note:

"Supplier" is defined in Standard 1.1.1 to include the packer, manufacturer, vendor or importer of the food in question.

Standard 1.2.3

Mandatory Warning and Advisory Statements and Declarations

Purpose

This Standard sets out mandatory advisory statements and declarations which must be made in relation to certain foods or foods containing certain substances.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Mandatory advisory statements and declarations
- 3 Mandatory warning statements and declarations
- 4 Mandatory declaration of certain substances in food
- 5 Advisory statement in relation to foods containing polyols or polydextrose

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

bee pollen means pollen collected from the legs of bees.

pollen means the fine powdery substance discharged from the anthers of flowers.

propolis means the reddish resinous cement collected by bees from the buds of trees which is used to stop up crevices in hives and strengthen the cells.

royal jelly means the milky white viscous secretion from the salivary glands of honey bees.

2 Mandatory advisory statements and declarations

- (1) The label on a package of food listed in column 1 of the Table to this clause must include the advisory statement listed in relation to that food in column 2 of the Table.
- (2) Where a food listed in column 1 of the Table to this clause is not required to bear a label pursuant to clause 2 of Standard 1.2.1, the advisory statement listed in relation to that food in column 2 of the Table, must be
 - (a) displayed on or in connection with the display of the food; or
 - (b) provided to the purchaser upon request.

Editorial note:

Paragraph 2(2)(b) allows the retailer of a food to provide the information specified in the Table to clause 2 verbally or in writing.

Table to clause 2

Column 1	Column 2
Food	Advisory Statement
Unpasteurised milk and	Statement to the effect that the
liquid milk products	product has not been pasteurised
Food containing aspartame	Statement to the effect that the
	product contains phenylalanine
Unpasteurised egg	Statement to the effect that the
products	product is unpasteurised
Food containing quinine	Statement to the effect that the
	product contains quinine
Kola beverages containing	Statement to the effect that the
added caffeine	product contains caffeine
Food containing guarana or	Statement to the effect that the
extracts of guarana	product contains caffeine

Editorial note:

The requirement for warning statements on condensed, skim and modified milks is contained in Standard 1.1.3, Transitional Standards.

3 Mandatory warning statements and declarations

- (1) The label on a package of food listed in column 1 of the Table to this clause must include the warning statement listed in relation to that food in column 2 of the Table.
- (2) Where a food listed in column 1 of the Table to this clause, is not required to bear a label pursuant to clause 2 of Standard 1.2.1, the warning statement listed in relation to that food in column 2 of the Table, must be displayed on or in connection with the display of the food.

Table to clause 3

Column 1	Column 2
Food	Warning Statement

Drafting note:

ANZFA in Proposal P154 is currently considering the necessity and/or content of a prescribed warning statement in relation to food containing royal jelly. Until Proposal P154 settles this issue, the existing requirements in Australia and New Zealand remain unchanged. In Australia, Standard 1.1.3 of Volume 2 requires compliance with Standard K2. In New Zealand the mandatory food standard in relation to royal jelly remains in force.

4 Mandatory declaration of certain substances in food

- (1) The presence in a food of any of the substances listed in the Table to this clause, must be declared in accordance with subclause (2), when present as -
 - (a) an ingredient; or
 - (b) an ingredient of a compound ingredient; or
 - (c) a food additive or component of a food additive; or
 - (d) a processing aid or component of a processing aid.
- (2) Any substances required to be declared by subclause (1) must be
 - (a) declared on the label on a package of the food; or
 - (b) where the food is not required to bear a label pursuant to clause 2 of Standard 1.2.1 -
 - (i) displayed on or in connection with the display of the food; or
 - (ii) provided to the purchaser upon request.

Editorial note:

Paragraph 4(2)(b) allows the retailer of a food to provide the information specified in the Table to clause 2 verbally or in writing.

Table to clause 4

Cereals containing gluten and their products, namely, wheat, rye, barley, oats and spelt and their hybridised strains other than where these substances are present in beer and spirits standardised in Standards 2.7.2 and 2.7.5 respectively

Crustacea and their products

Egg and egg products

Fish and fish products
Milk and milk products

Nuts and sesame seeds and their products

Peanuts and soybeans, and their products

Added Sulphites in concentrations of 10mg/kg or more

Royal jelly presented as a food or royal jelly present in a food

Bee pollen

Propolis

Editorial notes:

- 1. Clause 4 can be complied with by listing those substances in the Table in the ingredient list.
- 2. Any exemptions in relation to ingredient listing do not override the requirement to declare the presence of the substances listed in the Table to clause 4.
- 3. Manufacturers occasionally substitute one ingredient for another within the same class of foods. Where this involves a substance listed in the Table to clause 4 there must be an indication on the label that the substance is in the food. Manufacturers may indicate in the ingredient list that the product contains one substance or another (eg. brazil nuts or cashew nuts) in cases where substitutions occur regularly.
- 4. Expressions such as 'egg and egg product' or 'crustacea and their products' include all products derived from the substance listed in the Table to clause 4.
- 5. Sulphites should be declared in the same manner as other food additives.

5 Advisory statement in relation to foods containing polyols or polydextrose

- (1) The label on a package of food must include an advisory statement to the effect that excess consumption of the food may have a laxative effect, where the food contains any of the substances
 - (a) listed in Table 1 to this clause, either singularly or in combination at a level of or in excess of 10g/100g; or
 - (b) listed in Table 2 to this clause, either singularly or in combination at a level of or in excess of 25g/100g; or
 - (c) listed in Table 1 in combination with any of the substances listed in Table 2 at a level of or in excess of 10g/100g.
- (2) Where food containing any of the substances referred to in subclause (1) is not required to bear a label pursuant to clause 2 of Standard 1.2.1, an advisory statement to the effect that excess consumption of the food may have a laxative effect, must be
 - (a) displayed on or in connection with the display of the food; or
 - (b) provided to the purchaser upon request.

Editorial note:

Paragraph 5(2)(b) allows the retailer of a food to provide the information specified in the Table to clause 2 verbally or in writing.

Table 1 to clause 5

Substance
Lactitol
Maltitol
Maltitol syrup
Mannitol
Xylitol

Table 2 to clause 5

Substance	
Erythritol	
Isomalt	
Polydextrose	
Sorbitol	

Standard 1.2.4

Labelling of Ingredients

Purpose

This Standard sets out specific requirements for the labelling and naming of ingredients and compound ingredients.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Requirement for statement of ingredients
- 3 All ingredients to be listed in a statement of ingredients
- 4 Ingredients to be listed by common, descriptive or generic name
- 5 Ingredients to be listed in descending order of ingoing weight
- 6 Declaration of compound ingredients
- 7 Declaration of alternative ingredients
- 8 Declaration of food additives
- 9 Declaration of vitamins and minerals

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

compound ingredient means an ingredient of a food which is itself made from two or more ingredients.

ingredient means any substance, including a food additive, used in the preparation, manufacture or handling of a food.

2 Requirement for statement of ingredients

The label on a package of food must include a statement of ingredients unless-

- (a) the food is labelled with the name of the food which would otherwise be those ingredients listed in the ingredient list; or
- (b) the food is an alcoholic beverage standardised in Part 2.7 of this Code; or
- (c) the food is contained in a small package; or
- (d) the food is liquid milk and milk products and cream and cream products sold in glass bottles with no label other than that on the foil cap.

Editorial note:

Clause 4 of Standard 1.2.3 requires the presence of certain substances in food (which are listed in the Table to the clause) to always be declared in the label, for example, egg and egg products. Therefore, the exemptions listed in clause 2 of this Standard do not apply in relation to those substances.

"INGREDIENTS", "INGREDIENTS IN DESCENDING ORDER", "MADE FROM", "CONSISTS OF" or "CONTAINS" or words to that effect may be used as a heading to the statement of ingredients.

3 All ingredients to be listed in a statement of ingredients

A statement of ingredients must list every ingredient in the food unless the ingredient is -

- (a) an ingredient of a flavouring as defined in Schedule 5 of Standard 1.3.1; or
- (b) a volatile ingredient which is completely removed during manufacture; or
- (c) added water where
 - (i) the water is added to reconstitute dehydrated or concentrated ingredients;
 - (ii) the water forms part of broth, brine or syrup which is declared in the ingredient list or is part of the name of the food; or
 - (iii) the water constitutes less than 5% of the final food; or
- (d) a substance used as a processing aid in accordance with Standard 1.3.3.

4 Ingredients to be listed by common, descriptive or generic name

Ingredients must be declared in the statement of ingredients using -

- (a) the common name of the ingredient; or
- (b) a name that describes the true nature of the ingredient; or
- (c) where applicable, a generic name set out in the Table to this clause.

Editorial note:

The term 'common name' does not have a technical meaning for the purposes of paragraph 4(a), and should be given its ordinary meaning.

The names of ingredients should be sufficiently detailed and accurate to ensure they are not false, misleading or deceptive, or likely to mislead or deceive. The generic names listed in the Table to Clause 5 may be accompanied by a suitable word or words to further specify the ingredient for example, cheese powder, poultry meat fillets, dried vegetables.

Table to Clause 4

	1 abic to Clause 4
Generic name	Conditions for Use
cereals	Where the cereal is wheat, rye, barley, oats or spelt then the
	specific name of the cereal must be declared.
cheese	No specific condition set
cocoa butter	No specific condition set
crystallised fruit	No specific condition set
fats or oils	1. Must be qualified as to whether the source is animal
	or vegetable
	2. Where the source of vegetable oil is peanut, soy bean
	or sesame the specific source name must be declared
	3. In the case of dairy products, including icecream, the
	source of animal fats or oils must be specifically declared
fish	If crustacea, the specific name of the crustacea must be
	declared
fruit	No specific condition set
gum base	No specific condition set
herbs	No specific condition set
meat	No specific condition set
milk protein	No specific condition set
milk solids	No specific condition set
nuts	The specific name of the nut must be declared
poultry meat	No specific condition set
spices	No specific condition set
starch	Where the source of the starch is wheat, rye, barley, oats or
	spelt then the specific name of the cereal must be declared.
	The name 'starch' may be used for any unmodified starch or
	any starch which has been modified by either physical means
	or enzymes
sugar	1. May be used to describe; white sugar, white refined sugar,
	caster sugar, castor sugar, loaf sugar, or cube sugar, icing
	sugar, coffee sugar, coffee crystals, raw sugar
	2. The word 'sugars' must not be used in a statement of
. 11	ingredients
vegetables	No specific condition set

Editorial note:

'Milk solids' may be used to describe milk powder, skim milk powder, dried milk products standardised in this Code and/or any two or more of the following ingredients: whey, whey powder, whey proteins, lactose, caseinates, milk proteins and milk fat.

5 Ingredients to be listed in descending order of ingoing weight

- (1) Ingredients must be declared in the statement of ingredients in descending order of ingoing weight, except -
 - (a) where a dehydrated or concentrated ingredient is reconstituted during preparation, manufacture or handling of the food, in which case, the position of that ingredient in the statement of ingredients may be determined by the weight of the ingredient before concentration or dehydration; and/or
 - (b) where any dehydrated or concentrated food is intended to be reconstituted in accordance with directions, in which case, the ingredients may be stated in descending order of proportion by weight in the reconstituted product, provided it is clear that the ingredients are being declared in order of their weight when reconstituted; and/or
 - (c) added water and volatile ingredients, which must be declared in accordance with subclause 5(2); and/or
 - (d) compound ingredients, which must be declared in accordance with clause 6.

Editorial note:

The statement of ingredients may be headed, for example, by the words "ingredients when reconstituted" to make it clear that the ingredients are being declared in order of their weight when reconstituted.

(2) Added water or a volatile ingredient must be declared in the statement of ingredients immediately following the ingredient with the closest higher ingoing weight but shall be calculated in accordance with the ingoing weight of the added water or volatile ingredient minus the amount of that ingredient that is removed and/or used for reconstitution of dehydrated or concentrated ingredients during preparation, manufacture or handling of the food.

6 Declaration of compound ingredients

- (1) A compound ingredient must be declared in the statement of ingredients either-
 - (a) except in the case of food standardised in Standard 2.9.2, by declaring the compound ingredient by name in its appropriate place in the statement of ingredients, and listing its ingredients in accordance with subclause (2); or
 - (b) by declaring all of the ingredients of the compound ingredient separately as if they were individual ingredients of the final food.

Editorial note:

For example, the statement of ingredients for canned spaghetti might read

'spaghetti (flour, egg, water), meat, sugar, water'

under option (a) or

'flour, meat, egg, sugar, water'

under option (b).

(2) Except in the case of an alcoholic beverage specified in Part 2.7 of this Code, those ingredients of a compound ingredient must be declared by listing them in brackets after the name of the compound ingredient, in descending order of ingoing weight in the compound ingredient as specified in the Table to this clause.

Table to clause 6

Amount of compound ingredient in the food	Ingredients of the compound ingredient to be included in the statement of ingredients
5% or more	all ingredients
less than 5%	subject to clause 4 of Standard 1.2.3, all food additives in the compound ingredient where the food additive is performing a technological function in the final food

Editorial note:

Determining when a food additive is performing a technological function in a food may be difficult at times and will depend on the nature of the compound ingredient which contains the additive and the food in which the compound ingredient is used. In this regard, manufacturers should consider what the critical factors are in the final food (eg. shelf life, colour, texture) and determine whether the food additives added via compound ingredients are functioning in such a way as to affect these critical factors. If they are, then it is likely that the food additives are performing a technological function in the final food and should therefore be declared.

Some food additives, added as part of the compound ingredients, may not be performing a technological function in the final food because of some processing. For example, a preservative in apple pulp will not necessarily be performing a technological function once the apple pulp has been added to a pie and then baked.

Editorial note (Continued):

Likewise, lecithin in milk powder which is then incorporated into a cake mix is not likely to be performing a function in the cake. Manufacturers need to consider this when designing labels. Manufacturers could obtain information from ingredient suppliers or food additive manufacturers about whether a food additive may or may not be performing a technological function in the final food. This type of information would also be valuable should a manufacturer be asked to substantiate why a particular additive is or is not being declared in an ingredient list.

7 Declaration of alternative ingredients

Where the composition of a food may be subject to minor variations by the substitution of an ingredient which performs a similar function, the statement of ingredients may list both ingredients in a way which makes it clear that alternative or substitute ingredients are being declared.

Editorial note:

For example the statement of ingredients for a biscuit may read; flour, safflower oil or sunflower oil, sugar, water.

8 Declaration of food additives

- (1) Food additives must be declared in accordance with the ingredient labelling requirements of this Standard.
- (2) Where an additive must be declared and can be classified in one of the classes of additives listed in Schedule 1 of this Standard the additive must be declared by the name of that class followed by the additive's specific name or code number in brackets, as indicated in Schedule 2 of this Standard.
- (3) Subclause (2) does not apply to the declaration of the optional class name 'enzyme'.
- (4) Where a food additive is capable of being classified in more than one class, the most appropriate class name must be used.
- (5) A food additive that cannot be classified in one of the classes specified in Schedule 1 must be declared in the statement of ingredients by use of its prescribed name.
- (6) Subject to subclause (9), where a flavouring is added to or used in a food as an ingredient it must be declared in the statement of ingredients by either -
 - (a) the word 'flavouring' or 'flavour'; or
 - (b) a more specific name or description of the flavouring.

- (7) Where L-glutamic acid, monosodium glutamate, monopotassium L-glutamate, calcium di-L-glutamate, monoammonium L-glutamate, magnesium di-L-glutamate, disodium guanylate, disodium inosinate, and disodium 5'-ribonucleotides are added to a food as a flavouring, their presence must be specifically declared by their name or code number.
- (8) Where the composition of a food may be subject to minor variations by the substitution of an additive which performs a similar function, the statement of ingredients may list both additives in a way which makes it clear that alternative or substitute additives are being declared.
- (9) Where caffeine is added to a food it must be declared in the ingredient list as caffeine.

Editorial note:

For the purposes of subclause 8(3), enzymes need only be declared by the class name 'enzyme' and not by specifically declaring the name of the enzyme.

An example for subclause 8(8) is where a manufacturer chooses to use preservative X for 6 months of the year and preservative Y for the rest of the year, one label may indicate that either preservative was used in the preparation, manufacture or handling of the food eg. preservative (X or Y) where X and Y may be expressed as either the additive's specific name or code number, if any.

Manufacturers may use additional words to qualify class names or food additives, subject to the following -

In Australia, the provisions of the State and Territory Food and Health Acts, State and Territory Fair Trading Acts, and *Trade Practices Act 1974* as they relate to false, misleading or deceptive conduct and/or representations; and

In New Zealand, the *Food Act 1981* and the *Fair Trading Act 1986*, as they relate to false, misleading or deceptive conduct and/or representations.

9 Declaration of vitamins and minerals

Where a vitamin or mineral is added to a food, the vitamin or mineral may be declared in accordance with clause 8 of this Standard using the class name 'vitamin' or 'mineral'.

Schedule 1

Prescribed	Optional
Acid	Antifoaming Agent
Acidity Regulator	Emulsifying Salt
Alkali	Enzyme
Anticaking Agent	Mineral Salt
Antioxidant	Modified Starch
Bulking Agent	Vegetable Gum
Colour	
Emulsifier	
Firming Agent	
Flavour Enhancer	
Foaming Agent	
Gelling Agent	
Glazing Agent	
Humectant	
Preservative	
Raising Agent	
Stabiliser	
Sweetener	
Thickener	

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

Acacia or gum Arabic Acesulphame potassium Acetic acid, glacial Acetic acid, glacial Acetic acid glacial Acetic and fatty acid esters of glycerol Acetylated distarch adipate Acetylated distarch phosphate Acid treated starch Adipic acid Alginic acid Alginic acid Alginic acid Alkanet or Alkannin Allura red AC Aluminium Alluminium salts of fatty acids Aluminium salts of fatty acids Ammonium adipates Ammonium alginate Ammonium bicarbonate Ammonium fumarate Ammonium fumarate Ammonium malate Ammonium phosphate, dibasic Ammonium phosphate, Acetylated distarch adipate A142 Alcacia or gum Arabic A144 Ascorbyl palmitate Aspartame Aspa	Prescribed Name	Code	Prescribed Name	Code
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Ammonium citrate Ammonium fumarate Ammonium hydrogen carbonate Ammonium lactate Ammonium malate Ammonium phosphate, dibasic Ammonium phosphate, Am	Ammonium bicarbonate	503	Calcium chloride	509
Ammonium fumarate Ammonium hydrogen carbonate Ammonium lactate Ammonium malate Ammonium phosphate, dibasic Ammonium phosphate,	Ammonium chloride	510	Calcium citrate	333
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Ammonium salts of 442 Calcium oleyl lactylate 482		442	Calcium oleyl lactylate	482
phosphatidic acid Calcium oxide 529	phosphatidic acid			529
α-Amylase 1100 Calcium phosphate, dibasic or 341		1100	Calcium phosphate, dibasic or	341
Annatto extracts 160b calcium hydrogen phosphate		160b	calcium hydrogen phosphate	
Anthocyanins or Grape skin 163 Calcium phosphate, monobasic 341	Anthocyanins or Grape skin			341
extract or Blackcurrent extract or calcium dihydrogen			* * ·	
Arabinogalactan or larch gum 409 phosphate		409	, ,	
Ascorbic acid 300 Calcium phosphate, tribasic 341			±	341

Prescribed Name Code No. Prescribed Name	Prescribed Name Code No.
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Calcium propionate	282
Calcium silicate	552
Calcium sorbate	203
Calcium stearoyl lactylate	482
Calcium sulphate	516
Calcium tartrate	354
Caramel I	150a
Caramel II	150b
Caramel III	150c
Caramel IV	150d
Carbon blacks or Vegetable	153
carbon	
Carbon dioxide	290
Carnauba wax	903
Carotene	160a
Carrageenan	407
Cellulose microcrystalline	460
Cellulose, powdered	460
Chlorophyll	140
Chlorophyll-copper complex	141
Chlorophyllin copper complex,	141
sodium and potassium salts	1 11
Choline salts	1001
Citric acid	330
Citric and fatty acid esters of	472c
glycerol	4 /20
Cochineal or carmines or	120
carminic acid	120
Cupric sulphate	519
Curcumin	100
Cyclamate or calcium	952
-	932
cyclamate or sodium cyclamate	1400
Dextrin roasted starch	1400
Diacetyltartaric and fatty acid	472e
esters of glycerol	2.42
Dimethyl dicarbonate	242
Dioctyl sodium	480
sulphosuccinate	62.5
Disodium 5'-ribonucleotides	635
Disodium 5'-guanylate	627
Disodium 5'-inosinate	631

1	
Distarch phosphate or Distarch	1412
phosphate esterified with	
sodium trimetaphosphate;	
esterified with phosphorous	
oxychloride	
Dodecyl gallate	312
Enzyme treated starches	1405
Erythorbic acid	315
Erythrosine	127
Ethyl maltol	637
Fast green FCF	143
Ferric ammonium citrate	381
Ferrous gluconate	579
Flavoxanthin	161a
Fumaric acid	297
Gellan gum	418
Glucono δ-lactone or Glucono	575
delta-lactone	373
Glucose oxidase	1102
L-glutamic acid	620
	442
Glycerin or glycerol	442
Glycerol esters of wood rosins	640
Glycine Gold	175
Green S	142
Guar gum	412
4-hexylresorcinol	-
Hydrochloric acid	507
Hydroxypropyl distarch	1442
phosphate	464
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	464
Hydroxypropyl starch	1440
Indigotine	132
Iron oxide	172
Isomalt	953
Karaya gum	416
Kryptoxanthin	161c
L-cystine monohydrochloride	920
L-Leucine	641
Lactic acid	270
Lactic and fatty acid esters of	472b
glycerol	
Lactitol	966

Prescribed Name	Code	Prescribed Name	Code
	No.		No.
			И.
Lecithin	322	Octyl gallate	311
Lipases	1104	Oxidised polyethylene	914
Locust bean gum or carob bean	410	Oxidised starch	1404
gum		Paprika oleoresins	160c
Lutein	161b	Pectin	440
Lycopene	160d	Petrolatum or petroleum jelly	905b
Lysozyme	1105	Phosphated distarch phosphate	1413
Magnesium carbonate	504	Phosphoric acid	338
Magnesium chloride	511	Polydextrose	1200
Magnesium gluconate	580	Polydimethylsiloxane or	900a
Magnesium glutamate	625	Dimethylpolysiloxane	
Magnesium lactate	329	Polyethylene glycol 8000	1521
Magnesium oxide	530	Polyglycerol esters of fatty	475
Magnesium phosphate, dibasic	343	acids	
Magnesium phosphate,	343	Polyglycerol esters of	476
monobasic		interesterified ricinoleic acid	
Magnesium phosphate, tribasic	343	Polyoxyethylene (40) stearate	431
Magnesium silicate or Talc	553	Polysorbate 60 or	435
Magnesium sulphate	518	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan	
Malic acid	296	monostearate	
Maltitol and maltitol syrup or	965	Polysorbate 65 or	436
hydrogenated glucose syrup		Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan	
Maltol	636	tristearate	
Mannitol	421	Polysorbate 80 or	433
Metatartaric acid	353	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan	
Methyl ethyl cellulose	465	monooleate	
Methyl cellulose	461	Polyvinylpyrrolidone	1201
Methylparaben or Methyl-p-	218	Ponceau 4R	124
hydroxy-benzoate		Potassium acetate	261
Mixed tartaric, acetic and fatty	472f	Potassium adipate	357
acid esters of glycerol' or		Potassium alginate	402
'tartaric, acetic and fatty acid		Potassium aluminium silicate	555
esters of glycerol (mixed)'		Potassium ascorbate	303
Mono- and di-glycerides of	471	Potassium benzoate	212
fatty acids		Potassium bicarbonate	501
Monoammonium L-glutamate	624	Potassium bisulphite	228
Monopotassium L-glutamate	622	Potassium carbonate	501
Monosodium L-glutamateor	621	Potassium chloride	508
MSG		Potassium citrate	332
Monostarch phosphate	1410	Potassium dihydrogen citrate	332
Natamycin or pimaricin	235	Potassium ferrocyanide	536
Nisin	234	Potassium fumarate	366
Nitrogen	941	Potassium gluconate	577
Nitrous oxide	942	Potassium lactate	326

Prescribed Name	Code	Prescribed Name	Code
	No.		No.
			•
Potassium malate	351	Sodium acetate	262
Potassium metabisulphite	224	Sodium acid pyrophosphate	450
Potassium nitrate	252	Sodium alginate	401
Potassium nitrite	249	Sodium aluminium phosphate	541
Potassium phosphate, dibasic	340	Sodium aluminosilicate	554
Potassium phosphate,	340	Sodium ascorbate	301
monobasic		Sodium benzoate	211
Potassium phosphate, tribasic	340	Sodium bicarbonate	500
Potassium polymetaphosphate	452	Sodium bisulphite	222
Potassium propionate	283	Sodium carbonate	500
Potassium pyrophosphate	450	Sodium	466
Potassium silicate	560	carboxymethylcellulose	
Potassium sodium tartrate	337	Sodium citrate	331
Potassium sorbate	202	Sodium diacetate	262
Potassium sulphate	515	Sodium dihydrogen citrate	331
Potassium sulphite	225	Sodium erythorbate	316
Potassium tartrate or Potassium	336	Sodium ferrocyanide	535
acid tartrate		Sodium fumarate	365
Potassium tripolyphosphate	451	Sodium hydrogen malate	350
Processed eucheuma seaweed	407a	Sodium lactate	325
Propionic acid	280	Sodium lactylate	481
Propyl gallate	310	Sodium malate	350
Propylene glycol	1520	Sodium metabisulphite	223
Propylene glycol alginate	405	Sodium metaphosphate,	452
Propylene glycol mono – and	477	insoluble	
di-esters or Propylene glycol		Sodium nitrate	251
esters of fatty acids		Sodium nitrite	250
Propylparaben or Propyl-p-	216	Sodium oleyl lactylate	481
hydroxy-benzoate		Sodium phosphate, dibasic	339
Proteases (papain, bromelain,	1101	Sodium phosphate, monobasic	339
ficin)	1101	Sodium phosphate, tribasic	339
Quinoline yellow	104	Sodium polyphosphates, glassy	452
Rhodoxanthin	161f	Sodium propionate	281
Riboflavin	101	Sodium pyrophosphate	450
Riboflavin 5'-phosphate	101	Sodium sorbate	201
sodium	101	Sodium stearoyl lactylate	481
Rubixanthin	161d	Sodium sulphate	514
Saccharin or calcium saccharin	954	Sodium sulphite	221
or sodium saccharine or)31	Sodium tartrate	335
potassium saccharine		Sodium tartiate Sodium tripolyphosphate	451
Saffron or crocetin or crocin	164	Sorbic acid	200
Shellac	904	Sorbitan monostearate	491
Silicon dioxide, amorphous	551	Sorbitan monostearate Sorbitan tristearate	491
Silver	174	Sorbital disterate Sorbitol or sorbitol syrup	420
SHVCI	1/4	Solution of solution syrup	720

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

Prescribed Name	Code
	No.
Stannous chloride	512
Starch acetate esterified with	1420
acetic anhydride	
Starch godium octanylguccinate	1/150

Stannous chloride	512
Starch acetate esterified with	1420
acetic anhydride	
Starch sodium octenylsuccinate	1450
Stearic acid or fatty acid	570
Succinic acid	363
Sucralose	955
Sucrose acetate isobutyrate	444
Sucrose esters of fatty acids	473
Sulphur dioxide	220
Sunset yellow FCF	110
Tannic acid or tannins	181
Tartaric acid	334
Tartrazine	102
tert-Butylhydroquinone	319

Prescribed Name	Code
	No.

Thaumatin	957
Titanium dioxide	171
α-Tocopherol	307
δ-Tocopherol	309
γ-Tocopherol	308
Tocopherols concentrate,	306
mixed	
Tragacanth gum	413
Triacetin	1518
Triammonium citrate	380
Triethyl citrate	1505
Violoxanthin	161e
Xanthan gum	415
Xylitol	967

Prescribed Name	Code No.	Prescribed Name	Code No.
4-hexylresorcinol	-	Rubixanthin	161d
Curcumin	100	Violoxanthin	161e
Riboflavin	101	Rhodoxanthin	161f
Riboflavin 5'-phosphate	101	Beet red	162

A-hexylresorcinol Curcumin Riboflavin 101 Riboflavin 5'-phosphate 101 Sodium Tartrazine 102 Alkanet or Alkannin 103 Quinoline yellow 104 Saffron or crocetin or crocin Calcium carbonate Tranium dioxide Iron oxide Aluminium Aluminium Silver Aluminium Silver Aluminium Sorbic acid Iron oxide Aluminium Aluminium Sorbic acid Iron oxide Aluminium Sorbic acid Iron oxide Aluminium Sorbic acid Iron oxide Iro		110.	
Curcumin Riboflavin 5'-phosphate sodium Tartrazine 102 Alkanet or Alkannin Quinoline yellow Sunset yellow FCF Cochineal or carmines or carminic acid Azorubine or Carmoisine Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S 142 Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black SN Brilliant Black CN Brilliant			
Riboflavin Si-phosphate sodium Tartrazine Alkanet or Alkannin Quinoline yellow Sunset yellow FCF Cochineal or carmines or carminic acid Azorubine or Carmoisine Azorubine or Carmoisine Azorubine or Carmoisine Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel II Caramel II Caramel IV Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Io0 Annatto extract Io0 Brilliant Blue FCF Io3 Brilliant Black PN Carbonea II Carotene Io0 Annatto extracts Io0 Branet Riv Anthocyanins or Grape skin extract or Blackcurrent Anthocyanins or Grape skin extract or Blackcurrent extract or Blackcurrent Anthocyanins or Grape skin extract or Blackcurrent extract Saffron or crocetin or crocin Calcium carbonate Itannium dioxide Iron oxide Aluminium Silver Gold Tannic acid or tannins Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Calcium sorbate Calcium sorbate Calcium benzoate Potassium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-p- hydroxy-benzoate Sodium metabisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Potassium bisulphite Potassium bisulphite Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate	4-hexylresorcinol	-	Rubixanthin
Riboflavin 5'-phosphate sodium Tartrazine 102 Alkanet or Alkannin 103 Quinoline yellow 104 Sunset yellow FCF 110 Cochineal or carmines or 120 arminic acid Azorubine or Carmoisine 122 Amaranth 123 Ponceau 4R 124 Erythrosine 127 Allura red AC 129 Indigotine 132 Brilliant Blue FCF 133 Chlorophyll 140 Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyll-copper complex complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S 142 Fast green FCF 143 Caramel II 150a Caramel II 150a Caramel II 150a Caramel II 150a Brilliant black BN or 151 Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT 155 Carotene 160a Annatto extract and Anthocyanins or Grape skin extract or Blackcurrent extract extract or Blackcurrent extract Sliver Calcium carbonate Titanium dioxide Iron oxide Aluminium Aluminium Aluminium Aluminium Silver Gold Tannic acid or tannins Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Calcium sorbate Calcium sorbate Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Potassium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium bisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite	Curcumin	100	Violoxanthin
Sodium Tartrazine 102 Althocyanins or Grape skin extract or Blackcurrent extract or Black or tranning or cardinal extract or Black or trannic extract or Blackcurrent or cacid or trannins or or cacid or trannins or creation extract or Titanium dioxide Iron oxide	Riboflavin	101	Rhodoxanthin
Tartrazine Alkanet or Alkannin 103 Quinoline yellow 104 Saffron or crocetin or crocein Calcium carbonate Titanium dioxide Iron oxide Aluminium Silver Gold Erythrosine 122 Amaranth 123 Silver Gold Erythrosine 127 Allura red AC 129 Indigotine 132 Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Chlorophyll 140 Chlorophyll-copper complex 141 Chlorophyllin copper 141 Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Potassium salts Green S 142 Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Caramel II 150b Caramel II 150b Caramel II 150c Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Propylparaben or Methyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sodium sulphite Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium iirrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrate	Riboflavin 5'-phosphate	101	Beet red
Tartrazine Alkanet or Alkannin 103 Quinoline yellow 104 Saffron or crocetin or crocein Calcium carbonate Titanium dioxide Iron oxide Aluminium Silver Gold Erythrosine 122 Amaranth 123 Silver Gold Erythrosine 127 Allura red AC 129 Indigotine 132 Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Chlorophyll 140 Chlorophyll-copper complex 141 Chlorophyllin copper 141 Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Potassium salts Green S 142 Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Caramel II 150b Caramel II 150b Caramel II 150c Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Sodium benzoate Propylparaben or Methyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sodium sulphite Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium iirrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrate	sodium		Anthocyanins or Grape skin
Quinoline yellow104Saffron or crocetin or crocinSunset yellow FCF110Calcium carbonateCochineal or carmines or120Titanium dioxidecarminic acidAzorubine or Carmoisine122Amaranth123SilverPonceau 4R124GoldErythrosine127Tannic acid or tanninsAllura red AC129Sorbic acidIndigotine132Sodium sorbateBrilliant Blue FCF133Potassium sorbateChlorophyll copper complex141Benzoic acidChlorophyllin copper141Sodium benzoateComplex, sodium and potassium saltsCalcium benzoateGreen S142Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoateFast green FCF143Hydroxy-benzoateCaramel II150aSodium benzoateCaramel III150cSulphur dioxideCaramel IV150dSodium sulphiteBrilliant Black BN or151Sodium bisulphiteBrilliant Black PNSodium sulphiteCarbon blacks or Vegetable carbon153Sodium metabisulphiteBrown HT155Potassium sulphiteCarotene160aNisinAnnatto extracts160bNatamycin or pimaricinPaprika oleoresins160cDimethyl dicarbonateLycopene160dPotassium nitriteb-apo-8' Carotenal160eSodium nitrateb-apo-8' Carotenoic acid160fPotassium nitratemethyl or ethyl esterFlaorati	Tartrazine	102	extract or Blackcurrent
Sunset yellow FCF Cochineal or carmines or carminic acid Azorubine or Carmoisine Amaranth Ponceau 4R Erythrosine Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Cohorophyll Chlorophyll Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel III Caramel III Caramel III Dramel III Sodium sulphite Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Fabra (Surper) Fast Carotenol Brown HT Carotene Lycopene 160a Annatto extracts Flavoxanthin Lutein Lutein Calcium carbonate Titanium dioxide Iron oxide Aluminium Silver Gold Calum iritacid or tannins Soliver Calum carbonate Titanium dioxide Iron oxide Aluminium Silver Gold Calum sorbate Calcium sorbate Calcium sorbate Calcium sorbate Calcium benzoate Potassium benzoate Potassium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Sodium sulphite Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassium intrate Potassium intrate Potassium intrate Potassium intrate Potassium intrate Potassium intrate Potassium acetate	Alkanet or Alkannin	103	extract
Cochineal or carmines or carminic acid Azorubine or Carmoisine Amaranth Ponceau 4R Erythrosine Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Parix of Carbon blacks or Vegetable Carpon-8' Carotenal b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid Mathylorate Potassium intrite Benzoic acid Sodium sorbate Potassium sorbate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Methylparaben or Methyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrate Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate	Quinoline yellow	104	Saffron or crocetin or crocin
Cochineal or carmines or carminic acid Azorubine or Carmoisine Amaranth Ponceau 4R Erythrosine Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Parix of Carbon blacks or Vegetable Carpon-8' Carotenal b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid Mathylorate Potassium intrite Benzoic acid Sodium sorbate Potassium sorbate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Methylparaben or Methyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrate Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate	Sunset yellow FCF	110	Calcium carbonate
Azorubine or Carmoisine Amaranth Ponceau 4R Ponceau 4R Erythrosine 127 Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Green S Caramel II Caramel II Caramel III Caramel III Caramel III Caramel III Caramel III Carobn blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins I Flavoxanthin Lutein I India AC I29 Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Sodium sorbate Calcium sorbate Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-p- hydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Sodium nitrite		120	Titanium dioxide
Azorubine or Carmoisine Amaranth Ponceau 4R Ponceau 4R Erythrosine 127 Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Green S Caramel II Caramel II Caramel III Caramel III Caramel III Caramel III Caramel III Carobn blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins I Flavoxanthin Lutein I India AC I29 Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Sodium sorbate Calcium sorbate Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-p- hydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Sodium nitrite	carminic acid		Iron oxide
Ponceau 4R Erythrosine Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Ponceau 4R Erythrosine 127 Tannic acid or tannins Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Potassium sorbate Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Cal	Azorubine or Carmoisine	122	
Ponceau 4R Erythrosine Allura red AC Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Ponceau 4R Erythrosine 127 Tannic acid or tannins Sorbic acid Sodium sorbate Potassium sorbate Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Calcium benzoate Sodium benzoate Calcium benzoate Cal	Amaranth	123	Silver
Allura red AC Indigotine Indigoti	Ponceau 4R	124	Gold
Aflura red AC Indigotine Indigotical	Erythrosine	127	Tannic acid or tannins
Indigotine Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel II Caramel III Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Potassium sorbate Potassium sorbate Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Potassium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sorbate Potassium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sorbate Potassium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sorbate Potassium benzoate Sodium benzoate Potassium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sorbate Potassium benzoate Potassium benzoate Potassium benzoate Potassium benzoate Potassium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrite		129	Sorbic acid
Brilliant Blue FCF Chlorophyll Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenal b-apo-8' Carotenal Endown Annatto Endown A	Indigotine	132	Sodium sorbate
Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Potassium benzoate Calcium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-p- hydroxy-benzoate Methylparaben or Methyl-p- hydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Nisin Potassium bisulphite Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium acetate		133	Potassium sorbate
Chlorophyll-copper complex Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant Black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid Benzoic acid Sodium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-p- hydroxy-benzoate Methylparaben or Methyl-p- hydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium acetate	Chlorophyll	140	Calcium sorbate
Chlorophyllin copper complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel III Caramel IIV Brilliant black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Potassium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-phydroxy-benzoate Methylparaben or Methyl-phydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium bisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium mitrite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassium acetate		141	Benzoic acid
complex, sodium and potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel II Caramel IV Brilliant black BN or Brown HT Carotene Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenol b-apo-8' Carotenol Erotesia Sium benzoate Calcium benzoate Propylparaben or Propyl-p-hydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium bisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Acetic acid, glacial Potassium acetate		141	Sodium benzoate
potassium salts Green S Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant black BN or Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein Caramel II Caramel II Carotene S 142 Propylparaben or Propyl-p-hydroxy-benzoate Methylparaben or Methyl-p-hydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium bisulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium acetate			Potassium benzoate
Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel II Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant black BN or Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenol b-apo-8' Carotenol East green FCF 143 Lycopene Fast green FCF 150a Lycopene Fast green FCF 150a Methylparaben or Propyl-p-hydroxy-benzoate Sulphur dioxide Sodium sulphite Sodium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Favoxanthin Fast green FCF Favoxanthin Fast green FCF Favoxanter Fav	-		Calcium benzoate
Fast green FCF Caramel I Caramel II Caramel III Caramel III Caramel IV Brilliant black BN or Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenol b-apo-8' Carotenol Enter Annatto Brilliant Brown HT Carotene Formation Brown Brown HT Carotene Brown HT Brotassium metabisulphite Brotassium sulphite Brotassium sulphite Brotassium sulphite Brotassium potassium nitrite Brotassium nitrite Brotas	1 *	142	Propylparaben or Propyl-p-
Caramel I	Fast green FCF	143	
Caramel II	_	150a	•
Caramel III150cSulphur dioxideCaramel IV150dSodium sulphiteBrilliant black BN or151Sodium bisulphiteBrilliant Black PNSodium bisulphiteCarbon blacks or Vegetable153Potassium metabisulphitecarbonPotassium sulphiteBrown HT155Potassium bisulphiteCarotene160aNisinAnnatto extracts160bNatamycin or pimaricinPaprika oleoresins160cDimethyl dicarbonateLycopene160dPotassium nitriteb-apo-8' Carotenal160eSodium nitriteb-apo-8' Carotenoic acid160fSodium nitratemethyl or ethyl esterPotassium nitrateFlavoxanthin161aAcetic acid, glacialLutein161bPotassium acetate	Caramel II	150b	
Caramel IV Brilliant black BN or Brilliant Black PN Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein Isod Sodium sulphite Sodium bisulphite Potassium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium mitrate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrate	Caramel III	150c	
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Carbon blacks or Vegetable carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein Potassium metabisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium metabisulphite Potassium sulphite Potassium bisulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassium acetate	Brilliant Black PN		Sodium metabisulphite
carbon Brown HT Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein Potassium sulphite Potassium bisulphite Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium sulphite Potassium bisulphite Potassium bisulphite Potassium nitrate Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrate	Carbon blacks or Vegetable	153	
Carotene Annatto extracts Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenal b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein 160a Nisin Natamycin or pimaricin Dimethyl dicarbonate Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate Acetic acid, glacial Potassium acetate			
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Paprika oleoresins Lycopene b-apo-8' Carotenal b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein 160c 160d Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium acetate	Carotene	160a	Nisin
Lycopene 160d Potassium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrite Nodium nitrate Potassium nitrite Nodium nitrate Potassium nitrite Nodium nitrate Potassium nitrate Potassi	Annatto extracts	160b	Natamycin or pimaricin
b-apo-8' Carotenal b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein 160e 160f 160f Sodium nitrite Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate Acetic acid, glacial Potassium acetate	Paprika oleoresins	160c	Dimethyl dicarbonate
b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin 161a Lutein 161b Sodium nitrate Potassium nitrate Acetic acid, glacial Potassium acetate	Lycopene	160d	Potassium nitrite
methyl or ethyl ester Flavoxanthin Lutein Potassium nitrate Acetic acid, glacial Potassium acetate	b-apo-8' Carotenal	160e	Sodium nitrite
Flavoxanthin Lutein 161a Acetic acid, glacial Potassium acetate	b-apo-8' Carotenoic acid	160f	Sodium nitrate
Flavoxanthin Lutein 161a Acetic acid, glacial Potassium acetate	methyl or ethyl ester		Potassium nitrate
		161a	Acetic acid, glacial
Kryptoxanthin 161c Sodium acetate	Lutein	161b	Potassium acetate
	Kryptoxanthin	161c	Sodium acetate

Code

Schedule 2, Part 1
Food Additive Code Numbers (alphabetical order)

Prescribed Name	Code	Prescribed Name
	No.	
Sodium diacetate	262	Potassium tartrate
Calcium acetate	263	Potassium acid tar
Ammonium acetate	264	Potassium sodium
Lactic acid	270	Phosphoric acid
Propionic acid	280	Sodium phosphate
Sodium propionate	281	Sodium phosphate
Calcium propionate	282	monobasic
Potassium propionate	283	Sodium phosphate
Carbon dioxide	290	Potassium phosph
Malic acid	296	dibasic
Fumaric acid	297	Potassium phosph
Ascorbic acid	300	monobasic
Sodium ascorbate	301	Potassium phosph
Calcium ascorbate	302	tribasic
Potassium ascorbate	303	Calcium phosphat
Ascorbyl palmitate	304	or calcium hydrog
Tocopherols concentrate,	306	phosphate
mixed		Calcium phosphat
α-Tocopherol	307	monobasic or calc
γ-Tocopherol	308	dihydrogen phosp
δ-Tocopherol	309	Calcium phosphat
Propyl gallate	310	Ammonium phosp
Octyl gallate	311	dibasic
Dodecyl gallate	312	Ammonium phosp
Erythorbic acid	315	monobasic or Am
Sodium erythorbate	316	dihydrogen phosp
<i>tert</i> -Butylhydroquinone	319	Magnesium phosp
Butylated hydroxyanisole	320	dibasic
Butylated hydroxytoluene	321	Magnesium phosp
Lecithin	322	monobasic
Sodium lactate	325	Magnesium phosp
Potassium lactate	326	tribasic
Calcium lactate	327	Ammonium malat
Ammonium lactate	328	Sodium hydrogen
Magnesium lactate	329	Sodium malate
Citric acid	330	Potassium malate
Sodium citrate	331	Calcium malate
Sodium dihydrogen citrate	331	Metatartaric acid
Potassium citrate	332	Calcium tartrate
Potassium dihydrogen citrate	332	Adipic acid
Calcium citrate	333	Potassium adipate
Tartaric acid	334	Ammonium adipa
Sodium tartrate	335	Succinic acid
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Sodium fumarate

1 Tebellioed 1 (dille	0040
	No.
Potassium tartrate or	336
Potassium acid tartrate	
Potassium sodium tartrate	337
Phosphoric acid	338
Sodium phosphate, dibasic	339
Sodium phosphate,	339
monobasic	
Sodium phosphate, tribasic	339
Potassium phosphate,	340
dibasic	5 10
Potassium phosphate,	340
monobasic	310
Potassium phosphate,	340
tribasic	570
Calcium phosphate, dibasic	341
or calcium hydrogen	JT1
phosphate	
Calcium phosphate,	341
monobasic or calcium	J T 1
dihydrogen phosphate	
Calcium phosphate, tribasic	341
Ammonium phosphate,	342
dibasic	J -7 2
Ammonium phosphate,	342
monobasic or Ammonium	J-12
dihydrogen phosphates	
Magnesium phosphate,	343
dibasic	373
Magnesium phosphate,	343
monobasic	212
Magnesium phosphate,	343
tribasic	515
Ammonium malate	349
Sodium hydrogen malate	350
Sodium malate	350
Potassium malate	351
Calcium malate	352
Metatartaric acid	353
Calcium tartrate	354
Adipic acid	355
Potassium adipate	357
Ammonium adipates	359
Succinic acid	363
Sodium fumarate	365
Socium iumarate	303

Prescribed Name	Code	Prescribed Name	Code
	No.		No.
Potassium fumarate	366	A	142
		Ammonium salts of	442
Calcium fumarate	367	phosphatidic acid	4.40
Ammonium fumarate	368	Glycerin or glycerol	442
Ammonium citrate	380	Sucrose acetate isobutyrate	444
Triammonium citrate	380	Glycerol esters of wood	445
Ferric ammonium citrate	381	rosins	
Calcium disodium	385	Potassium pyrophosphate	450
ethylenediaminetetraacetate		Sodium acid pyrophosphate	450
or calcium disodium EDTA		Sodium pyrophosphate	450
Alginic acid	400	Potassium tripolyphosphate	451
Sodium alginate	401	Sodium tripolyphosphate	451
Potassium alginate	402	Potassium	452
Ammonium alginate	403	polymetaphosphate	
Calcium alginate	404	Sodium metaphosphate,	452
Propylene glycol alginate	405	insoluble	
Agar	406	Sodium polyphosphates,	452
Carrageenan	407	glassy	
Processed eucheuma	407a	Cellulose microcrystalline	460
seaweed		Cellulose, powdered	460
Arabinogalactan or larch	409	Methyl cellulose	461
gum		Hydroxypropyl	464
Locust bean gum or carob	410	methylcellulose	
bean gum		Methyl ethyl cellulose	465
Guar gum	412	Sodium	466
Tragacanth gum	413	carboxymethylcellulose	
Acacia or gum arabic	414	Aluminium calcium, sodium,	470
Xanthan gum	415	magnesium, potassium and	., 0
Karaya gum	416	ammonium salts of fatty	
Gellan gum	418	acids	
Sorbitol or sorbitol syrup	420	Mono- and di-glycerides of	471
Mannitol	421	fatty acids	7/1
Polyoxyethylene (40)	431	Acetic and fatty acid esters	472a
stearate (40)	731	of glycerol	4/2a
Polysorbate 80 or	433	0.7	472b
Polyoxyethylene (20)	433	Lactic and fatty acid esters	4/20
sorbitan monooleate		of glycerol	472.
	435	Citric and fatty acid esters of	472c
Polysorbate 60 or	433	glycerol	470
Polyoxyethylene (20)		Diacetyltartaric and fatty	472e
sorbitan monostearate	126	acid esters of glycerol	4500
Polysorbate 65 or	436	Mixed tartaric, acetic and	472f
Polyoxyethylene (20)		fatty acid esters of glycerol'	
sorbitan tristearate	140	or 'tartaric, acetic and fatty	
Pectin	440	acid esters of glycerol	
		(mixed)'	

Schedule 2, Part 1
Food Additive Code Numbers (alphabetical order)

Prescribed Name	Code	Prescribed Name	Code
	No.		No.
	l .		
Sucrose esters of fatty acids	473	Bone phosphate	542
Polyglycerol esters of fatty	475	Silicon dioxide, amorphous	551
acids	.,,	Calcium silicate	552
Polyglycerol esters of	476	Magnesium silicate or Talc	553
interesterified ricinoleic acid	., 0	Sodium aluminosilicate	554
Propylene glycol mono - and	477	Potassium aluminium	555
di-esters or Propylene glycol	.,,	silicate	
esters of fatty acids		Calcium aluminium silicate	556
Dioctyl sodium	480	Bentonite	558
sulphosuccinate		Aluminium silicate	559
Sodium lactylate	481	Potassium silicate	560
Sodium oleyl lactylate	481	Stearic acid or fatty acid	570
Sodium stearoyl lactylate	481	Glucono δ-lactone or	575
Calcium lactylate	482	Glucono delta-lactone	
Calcium oleyl lactylate	482	Potassium gluconate	577
Calcium stearoyl lactylate	482	Calcium gluconate	578
Sorbitan monostearate	491	Ferrous gluconate	579
Sorbitan tristearate	492	Magnesium gluconate	580
Sodium bicarbonate	500	L-glutamic acid	620
Sodium carbonate	500	Monosodium L-glutamate	621
Potassium bicarbonate	501	or MSG	
Potassium carbonate	501	Monopotassium L-glutamate	622
Ammonium bicarbonate	503	Calcium glutamate	623
Ammonium hydrogen	503	Monoammonium L-	624
carbonate		glutamate	
Magnesium carbonate	504	Magnesium glutamate	625
Hydrochloric acid	507	Disodium 5'-guanylate	627
Potassium chloride	508	Disodium 5'-inosinate	631
Calcium chloride	509	Disodium 5'-ribonucleotides	635
Ammonium chloride	510	Maltol	636
Magnesium chloride	511	Ethyl maltol	637
Stannous chloride	512	Glycine	640
Sodium sulphate	514	L-Leucine	641
Potassium sulphate	515	Polydimethylsiloxane or	900a
Calcium sulphate	516	Dimethylpolysiloxane	
Magnesium sulphate	518	Beeswax, white and yellow	901
Cupric sulphate	519	Carnauba wax	903
Calcium hydroxide	526	Shellac	904
Calcium oxide	529	Petrolatum or petroleum	905b
Magnesium oxide	530	jelly	
Sodium ferrocyanide	535	Oxidised polyethylene	914
Potassium ferrocyanide	536	L-cystine L-cystine	920
Sodium aluminium	541	monohydrochloride	
phosphate		Nitrogen	941
			1

Code

Schedule 2, Part 1
Food Additive Code Numbers (alphabetical order)

Prescribed Name

Prescribed Name	Code
	No.
Nitrous oxide	942
Acesulphame potassium	950
Aspartame	951
Cyclamate or calcium	952
cyclamate or sodium	
cyclamate	
Isomalt	953
Saccharin	954
Sucralose	955
Alitame	956
Thaumatin	957
Maltitol and maltitol syrup	965
or hydrogenated glucose	
syrup	
Lactitol	966
Xylitol	967
Choline salts	1001
α-Amylase	1100
Proteases (papain,	1101
bromelain, ficin)	
Glucose oxidase	1102
Lipases	1104
Lysozyme	1105
Polydextrose	1200
Polyvinylpyrolidone	1201
Dextrin roasted starch	1400

	No.
Acid treated starch	1401
Alkaline treated starch	1402
Bleached starch	1403
Oxidised starch	1404
Enzyme treated starches	1405
Monostarch phosphate	1410
Distarch phosphate or	1412
Distarch phosphate esterified	
with sodium	
trimetaphosphate; esterified	
with phosphorous	
oxychloride	
Phosphated distarch	1413
phosphate	
Acetylated distarch	1414
phosphate	
Starch acetate esterified with	1420
acetic anhydride	
Acetylated distarch adipate	1422
Hydroxypropyl starch	1440
Hydroxypropyl distarch	1442
phosphate	
Starch sodium	1450
octenylsuccinate	
Triethyl citrate	1505
Triacetin	1518
Propylene glycol	1520
Polyethylene glycol 8000	1521

Standard 1.2.5

Date Marking of Packaged Food

Purpose

This Standard prescribes a date marking system for packaged food and the form in which those foods must be date marked. The Standard requires packaged food, with some exceptions, to be date marked, and prohibits the sale of packaged food after the expiration of the use-by date, where such a date mark is required. In particular, clause 2 of this Standard sets out the circumstances in which a use-by date must be used instead of a best-before date.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Food must be date marked
- 3 Prohibition on sale of food after the use-by date
- 4 Prescribed form of date mark
- 5 Prescribed form of date
- 6 Statement of storage conditions
- 7 Exclusive date marking system to be used

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

baked-for date, in relation to bread, means a date not later than 12 hours after the time the bread was baked.

baked-on date, in relation to bread, means the date on which the bread was baked.

best-before date, in relation to a package of food, means the date which signifies the end of the period during which the intact package of food, if stored in accordance with any stated storage conditions, will remain fully marketable and will retain any specific qualities for which express or implied claims have been made.

use-by date, in relation to a package of food, means the date which signifies the end of the estimated period if stored in accordance with any stated storage conditions, after which the intact package of food should not be consumed because of health and safety reasons.

2 Food must be date marked

- (1) Unless otherwise expressly prescribed in this Code, the label on a package of food must include -
 - (a) its use-by date, where the food should be consumed before a certain date because of health or safety reasons; or
 - (b) where paragraph 2(1)(a) does not apply, its best-before date;

unless -

- (c) the best-before date of the food is two years or more; or
- (d) the food is -
 - (i) an individual portion of ice cream or ice confection; or
 - (ii) in a small package, except where the food should be consumed before a certain date because of health or safety reasons.

Editorial note:

ANZFA's "Guide to the Use of 'Use-by' and 'Best-Before' Dates for Food Manufacturers" provides guidance on paragraphs 2(1)(a) and (b).

Standard 1.2.1 sets out the exemptions to the general labelling requirements in this Code, and provides a definition of 'small package'.

- (2) The label on a package of bread with a shelf life less than 7 days, may include instead of a best-before date -
 - (a) its baked-on date; or
 - (b) its baked-for date.

3 Prohibition on sale of food after the use-by date

Food must not be sold past its use-by date.

4 Prescribed form of date mark

(1) A best-before date must use the words -

'Best Before'

accompanied by the date or a reference to where the date is located in the label.

(2) A use-by date must use the words -

'Use By'

accompanied by the date or a reference to where the date is located in the label.

(3) A baked-for date must use either the words -

```
'Baked For'; or 
'Bkd For'
```

accompanied by the date or a reference to where the date is located in the label.

Editorial note:

The 'baked-for date' indicates the date the bread is being baked for, and has been included to overcome problems associated with bread that is baked later in the day for sale the following day. This date cannot be later than 12 hours after the time the bread was baked. Hence, bread that is baked after 12:00pm (midday) can include a 'baked-for date' that specifies the following day. However, bread baked before 12:00pm (midday) cannot.

(4) A baked-on date must use either the words -

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'Baked On'; or 'Bkd On'
```

accompanied by the date or a reference to where the date is located in the label.

5 Prescribed form of date

- (1) The best-before date and use-by date must consist at least of -
 - (a) the day and the month for products with a best-before date or use-by date of not more than 3 months; or
 - (b) the month and the year for products with a best-before date or use-by date of more than 3 months.
- (2) The best-before date and use-by date must be expressed in uncoded numerical and chronological form, other than the month, which may be expressed in letters.
- (3) The day, month and year so expressed within the best-before or used-by date must be distinguishable.

Examples:

For paragraph 5(1)(a) -

3 Dec or 3 12 3 12 99 or 3 Dec 99

For paragraph 5(1)(b) -

Dec 99 or 12 99 3 12 99 or 3 Dec 99

6 Statement of storage conditions

- (1) The label on a package of food must include a statement of any specific storage conditions required to ensure that the food will keep for the specified period indicated in the -
 - (a) use-by date; or
 - (b) best-before date.
- (2) Subclause 6(1) does not apply to liquid milk and milk products and cream and cream products sold in glass bottles with no label other than that on the foil cap.

7 Exclusive date marking system to be used

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), the label on a package of food must not include a date marking system other than that prescribed by this Standard.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not preclude the addition of a manufacturer's or packer's code on the label on a package of food.

Standard 1.2.6

Directions for Use and Storage

Purpose

This Standard requires either directions for use and/or directions for storage of food, to be included on the label, where, for reasons of health and safety, the consumer should be informed of specific use or storage requirements.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Circumstances where food must be labelled with directions

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

use or storage includes use and storage.

2 Circumstances where food must be labelled with directions

The label on a package of food must include appropriate directions for the use or storage of the food, where the food is of a nature as to warrant such directions for reasons of health or safety.

Editorial note:

This clause operates in addition to clause 6 of Standard 1.2.5 which requires the label on a package of food to include a statement of the conditions of storage where this is necessary to ensure that the food will keep for the specified period indicated by the use-by date or best-before date.

Food Product Standards in Chapter 2 of this Code may contain directions for use and/or storage specific to that individual commodity.

Standard 1.2.7

Representations about Food

Reserved

Nutrition Information Requirements

Purpose

This Standard sets out nutrition information requirements in relation to food that is required to be labelled under this Code and for food exempt from these labelling requirements. This Standard prescribes when nutritional information must be provided, and the manner in which such information is provided.

This Standard does not apply to infant formula products except where Standard 2.9.1 (Infant Formula Products) otherwise provides. Standard 2.9.1 sets out specific nutrition labelling requirements that apply to infant formula products. Standard 1.3.2 (Vitamins and Minerals) sets out the labelling requirements for claims made about the vitamin and mineral content of foods.

Division 1 – Interpretation

- 1 Definitions
- 2 Energy factors

Division 2 – Nutrition information panels

- 3 Nutrition information requirements and exemptions
- 4 Requirements for nutrition information panels where nutrition claims are made in relation to food
- 5 Prescribed declarations in a nutrition information panel
- Expression of average energy content and quantities of nutrients and biologically active substances
- 7 Percentage daily intake information
- 8 Food in small packages
- 9 Food in dehydrated or concentrated form
- Food that must be drained before consumption
- Food to be prepared or consumed with other food

Division 3 – Conditions for making certain nutrition claims

- 12 Claims in relation to polyunsaturated or monounsaturated fatty acid content of foods
- 13 Claims in relation to omega fatty acid content of foods
- 14 Low joule claims in relation to food
- 15 Lactose claims in relation to food
- 16 Claims in relation to gluten content of food
- 17 Claims in relation to salt, sodium or potassium content of food

Division 4 – Miscellaneous

18 Prescribed methods of analysis for the determination of dietary fibre in food

Division 1 - Interpretation

Clauses

1 Definitions

In this Standard –

average energy content means the energy content of a food determined by multiplying the average amount of each food component per 100 grams of the food by the energy factor for that food component and summing the amounts calculated for each using the following formula -

Average energy (kJ/100 g) = $\sum W_i F_i$

Where -

 W_i means the average weight of the food component (g/100 g food); and F_i means the energy factor assigned to that food component (kJ/g).

biologically active substance means a substance, other than a nutrient, with which health effects are associated.

Editorial note:

Examples of biologically active substances are phytoestrogens.

carbohydrate means carbohydrate by difference, calculated by subtracting from 100, the average quantity expressed as a percentage of water, protein, fat, dietary fibre, ash, and if quantified, any other unavailable carbohydrate and the substances listed in column 1 of Table 2 to subclause 2(2).

fat means total fat.

gluten means the main protein in wheat, rye, oats, barley, triticale and spelt relevant to the medical conditions, Coeliac disease and dermatitis herpetiformis.

monounsaturated fatty acids means the total of cis-monounsaturated fatty acids and declared as monounsaturated fat.

nutrition claim means a representation that states, suggests or implies that a food has a nutritional property whether general or specific and whether expressed affirmatively or negatively, and includes a reference to -

- (a) energy; or
- (b) salt, sodium or potassium; or
- (c) amino acids, carbohydrate, cholesterol, fat, fatty acids, fibre, protein, starch or sugars; or
- (d) vitamins or minerals; or
- (e) any other nutrient; or
- (f) a biologically active substance;

but does not include -

- (g) a reference in a statement of ingredients, a prescribed name, or any other prescribed information; or
- (h) the provision of particulars relating to a nutrient or energy that is required by clause 5; or
- (i) a reference in the commonly accepted name of a food; or
- (j) a reference to a quantitative or qualitative declaration of certain nutrients, ingredients or energy in the label where that declaration is required otherwise by the Act or this Code; or
- (k) a reference to a reduction in alcohol content.

Editorial note:

'Sweetened', 'salted' and 'calcium enriched' are examples of nutrition claims that are expressed affirmatively. Examples of nutrition claims that are expressed negatively are 'unsweetened', 'no added sugar' and 'low in fat'.

Examples of a reference in a commonly accepted name of a food are 'sweet corn', 'sweet potato' and 'sweetbread'.

A reference to a nutrient that is not required by clause 5 in a nutrition information panel is a nutrition claim and, depending upon the nutrient claimed, may trigger the need for particulars of further nutrients to be included in the panel.

polyunsaturated fatty acids means the total of polyunsaturated fatty acids with cis-cismethylene interrupted double bonds acids and declared as polyunsaturated fat.

saturated fatty acids means the total of fatty acids containing no double bonds acids and declared as saturated fat.

sugars means monosaccharides and disaccharides.

trans fatty acids means the total of unsaturated fatty acids where one or more of the double bonds are in the trans configuration acids and declared as trans fat.

unit quantity means, in the case of a solid or semi-solid food, 100 grams or, in the case of a beverage or other liquid food, 100 millilitres.

2 Energy factors

(1) In this clause -

energy factor means the metabolisable energy (ME) of the food component calculated according to the following formula, expressed in kilojoules per gram of food component, rounded to the nearest whole number -

$$ME = GE - FE - UE - GaE - SE$$

Where -

ME means metabolisable energy

GE means gross energy (as measured by bomb calorimetry)

FE means energy lost in faeces

UE means energy lost in urine

GaE means the energy lost in gases produced by fermentation in the large intestine

SE means the energy content of waste products lost from surface areas

(2) Energy factors in relation to the food components listed in column 1 of Table 1 and column 1 of Table 2 to this subclause are specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 of Table 1 and Table 2.

Table 1 to subclause 2(2)

Table 1 to subclause 2(2)			
Column 1	Column 2		
Food Component	Energy factor (kJ/g)		
Alcohol	29		
Carbohydrate (excluding unavailable	17		
carbohydrate)			
Unavailable carbohydrate (including	8		
dietary fibre)			
Fat	37		
Protein	17		

Table 2 to subclause 2(2)

Column 1	Column 2	
Food Component	Energy factor (kJ/g)	
Erythritol	1	
Glycerol	18	
Isomalt	11	
Lactitol	11	
Maltitol	16	
Mannitol	9	
Organic acids	13	
Polydextrose	5	
Sorbitol*	14	
Xylitol	14	

Editorial note:

Average energy content may also be expressed as Calories. The conversion factor is one Calorie for each 4.18 kilojoules.

* Energy factor for sorbitol taken as an average of calculated range determined with or without ingestion of other foods.

Division 2 - Nutrition information panels

3 Nutrition information requirements and exemptions

Subject to clause 4, the label on a package of food must include a nutrition information panel except where the food is –

- (a) sold at fund-raising events; or
- (b) an alcoholic beverage standardised in Part 2.7 of this Code; or
- (c) a herb, a spice, a herbal infusion, water; or
- (d) vinegar and related products as standardised in Standard 2.10.1; or
- (e) salt and salt products as standardised in Standard 2.10.2; or
- (f) tea, decaffeinated tea, decaffeinated instant or soluble tea, instant or soluble tea, coffee, decaffeinated coffee, decaffeinated instant or soluble coffee, as defined in Standard 1.1.2; or
- (g) an additive as defined in Standard 1.3.1; or
- (h) a processing aid as defined in Standard 1.3.3; or
- (i) fruit, vegetables, meat, poultry, and fish that comprise a single ingredient or category of ingredients; or
- (j) in a small package.

4 Requirements for nutrition information panels where nutrition claims are made in relation to food

- (1) Where a nutrition claim is made in relation to a food, a nutrition information panel must be included on the label on the package of the food.
- (2) Subject to subclause (3), where a nutrition claim is made in relation to a food which is not required to bear a label pursuant to clause 2 of Standard 1.2.1, the information prescribed in clause 5, must be -
 - (a) declared in a nutrition information panel displayed on or in connection with the display of the food; or
 - (b) provided to the purchaser upon request.
- (3) Where a nutrition claim is made in relation to a food in a small package, the label must include the information prescribed in clause 8.

5 Prescribed declarations in a nutrition information panel

- (1) A nutrition information panel must include the following particulars -
 - (a) the number of servings of the food in the package; and
 - (b) the average quantity of the food in a serving expressed, in the case of a solid or semi-solid food, in grams or, in the case of a beverage or other liquid food, in millilitres; and
 - (c) the unit quantity of the food; and
 - (d) the average energy content, expressed in kilojoules or both in kilojoules and in Calories (kilocalories), of a serving of the food and of the unit quantity of the food; and
 - (e) subject to clause 12, the average quantity, expressed in grams of, protein, fat, saturated fat, carbohydrate and sugars, in a serving of the food and in a unit quantity of the food; and
 - (f) the average quantity, expressed in milligrams or both milligrams and millimoles, of sodium in a serving of the food and in the unit quantity of the food: and
 - (g) the name and the average quantity of any other nutrient or biologically active substance in respect of which a nutrition claim is made, expressed in grams, milligrams or micrograms or other units as appropriate, that is in a serving of the food and in the unit quantity of the food;

set out, unless otherwise prescribed in this Code, in the following format -

NUTRITION INFORMATION				
Servings per package: (insert number of servings)				
Serving size: g (or mL or other units as appropriate)				
	Quantity per Serving	Quantity per 100 g (or 100 mL)		
Energy	kJ (Cal)	kJ (Cal)		
Protein	g	g		
Fat, total	g	g		
- saturated	g	g		
Carbohydrate, total	g	g		
- sugars	g	g		
Sodium	mg (mmol)	mg (mmol)		
(insert any other nutrient or	g, mg, µg (or other	g, mg, µg (or other		
biologically active substance to	units as	units as		
be declared)	appropriate)	appropriate)		

- (2) A nutrition information panel must clearly indicate that
 - (a) the average quantities set out in the panel are average quantities; and
 - (b) any minimum and maximum quantities set out in the panel are minimum and maximum quantities.

'Average quantity' is determined in accordance with the definition set out in clause 2 of Standard 1.1.1. Average quantities may be indicated, for example, by inserting the word 'Average' or the abbreviation 'Ave' at the beginning of 'Quantity per Serving' and the 'Quantity per 100 g (or 100 mL)' columns, or including a note at the end of the panel stating that all specified values are averages.

No format is prescribed for the indication of minimum and maximum quantities. They may be indicated, for example, by inserting the bracketed abbreviations '(min)' and '(max)' immediately after the relevant quantities in the Quantity per Serving column and the Quantity per 100 g (or 100 ml) column.

Clause 12 explains when minimum and maximum quantities may be indicated.

- (3) The word 'serving' may be replaced in the nutrition information panel by -
 - (a) the word 'slice', 'pack' or 'package'; or
 - (b) the words 'metric cup' or 'metric tablespoon' or other appropriate word or words expressing a unit or common measure.
- (4) The nutrition information panel must include declarations of the trans, polyunsaturated and monounsaturated fatty acids in accordance with subclause (7), where a nutrition claim is made in respect of -
 - (a) cholesterol; or
 - (b) saturated, trans, polyunsaturated or monounsaturated fatty acids; or
 - (c) omega-3, omega-6 or omega-9 fatty acids.
- (5) The nutrition information panel must include declarations of the type of carbohydrate and dietary fibre in accordance with subclause (7), where a nutrition claim is made in respect of -
 - (a) fibre; or
 - (b) sugars; or
 - (c) any other type of carbohydrate.
- (6) The nutrition information panel must include declarations of unavailable carbohydrate other than dietary fibre, and those substances listed in column 1 of the Table 2 to subclause 2(2) where they have been subtracted from the carbohydrate declaration as defined in clause 1.
- (7) The information prescribed in subclause (4) and subclause (5), where required to be included in a nutrition information panel, must be set out in the following format -

NUTRITION INFORMATION						
Servings per package: (insert number of se	Servings per package: (insert number of servings)					
Serving size: g (or mL or other units as a	ppropriate)					
	Quantity per Serving	Quantity per 100g (or 100mL)				
Energy	kJ (Cal)	kJ (Cal)				
Protein, total	g	g				
_*	g	g				
	C					
Fat, total	g	g				
- sat	g	g				
- **	g	g				
- trans	g	g				
_ **	g	g				
- polyunsaturated	g	g				
_ **	g	g				
- monounsaturated	g	g				
_ **	g	g				
Cholesterol	mg	mg				
Carbohydrate, total	g	g				
- sugars	g	g				
_**	g	g				
_ *	g	g				
_ **	g	g				
Dietary fibre, total	g	g				
_**	g	g				
Sodium	mg (mmol)	mg (mmol)				
(insert any other nutrient or biologically active substance to be declared)	g, mg, µg (or other units as appropriate)	g, mg, µg (or other units as appropriate)				

^{*}a sub-group nutrient **a sub-sub-group nutrient

This format sets out how sub-groups and sub-sub-groups of nutrients may be included. The number of these nutrient groupings that may be displayed in the panel is not limited by this format.

The word 'total' following 'fat', 'carbohydrate', 'dietary fibre' or 'protein' in the first column of the panel need be included only if it is immediately followed by a sub-group.

(8) The declaration of dietary fibre in a panel must be a declaration of dietary fibre determined in accordance with clause 18.

6 Expression of average energy content and quantities of nutrients and biologically active substances

- (1) The average energy content, and average or minimum or maximum quantities of nutrients and biologically active substances must be expressed in the panel to not more than three significant figures.
- Where the average energy content of a serving or unit quantity of the food is less than 40 kJ, that average energy content may be expressed in the panel as 'LESS THAN 40 kJ'.
- (3) Where the average quantity of protein, fat, classes of fatty acids, carbohydrate, sugars or dietary fibre in a serving or unit quantity of the food is less than 1 gram, that average quantity may be expressed in the panel as 'LESS THAN 1 g'.
- (4) Where the average quantity of sodium or potassium in a serving of the food, the unit quantity of the food is less than 5 milligrams, that average quantity may be expressed in the panel as 'LESS THAN 5 mg'.

7 Percentage daily intake information

- (1) Information relating to the percentage daily intake of nutrients set out in a nutrition information panel may be included in the panel.
- (2) Where percentage daily intake information is included in a panel -
 - (a) the percentage daily intake of dietary fibre may be included in the panel; and
 - (b) the following matters must be included in the panel
 - (i) the percentage daily intake of energy, fat, saturated fatty acids, carbohydrate, sugars, protein and sodium; and
 - (ii) the statement
 - "*Percentage daily intakes are based on an average adult diet of 8700 kJ. Your daily intakes may be higher or lower depending upon your energy needs.".

Editorial note:

The inclusion of '% Daily Intake' information is voluntary. An example of a recommended nutrition information panel for mandatory nutrients incorporating the optional '% Daily Intake' element is set out below.

EXAMPLE:

NUTRITION INFORMATION					
Servings per package: (insert number of servings)					
Serving size: g (or mL or					
	Quantity per Serving	% Daily Intake* (per Serving)	Quantity per 100 g (or 100 mL)		
Energy	kJ (Cal)	%	kJ (Cal)		
Lifeigy	KJ (Cui)	70	KJ (Cul)		
Protein	g	%	g		
Fat, total	g	%	g		
-saturated	g	%	g		
Carbohydrate, total	g	%	g		
- sugars	g	%	g		
Sodium	mg (mmol)	%	mg (mmol)		
(insert any other nutrient	g, mg, µg (or	%	g, mg, µg (or		
or biologically active	other units as		other units as		
substance to be declared)	appropriate)		appropriate)		
*Percentage Daily Intakes are based on an average adult diet of 8700kJ. Your daily intakes may be higher or lower depending on your energy needs.					

⁽³⁾ The percentage daily intakes of the food components listed in column 1 of the Table to this subclause, that are included in the panel, must be calculated using the corresponding reference value specified in column 2.

Table to subclause 7(3)

Column 1	Column 2
Food component	Reference Value
Energy	8700 kJ
Protein	50 g
Fat	70 g
Saturated fatty acids	24 g
Carbohydrate	310 g
Sodium	2300 mg
Sugar	62 g
Dietary fibre (if included)	30 g

8 Food in small packages

(1) Subject to subclause (2), where a nutrition claim is made in relation to a food in a small package, the label on that package must include a declaration, expressed in accordance with clause 5 and subclause 13(5), of the –

- (a) average quantity of the claimed nutrient or biologically active substance present per unit quantity of the food; and
- (b) average quantity of energy, carbohydrate, sugars and dietary fibre present per unit quantity of the food where a nutrition claim is made in respect of -
 - (i) fibre; or
 - (ii) sugars; or
 - (iii) any other type of carbohydrate; and
- (c) saturated fatty acids, trans fatty acids, polyunsaturated fatty acids and monounsaturated fatty acids content of the food where a nutrition claim is made in respect of -
 - (i) cholesterol; or
 - (ii) saturated fatty acids, trans fatty acids, polyunsaturated fatty acids or monounsaturated fatty acids; or
 - (iii) omega-3, omega-6 or omega-9 fatty acids; and
- (d) average quantity of energy present per unit quantity of the food where a nutrition claim is made that the food is fat-free, sugar-free, low joule or any similar term.
- (2) The information required to be declared in subclause (1) need not be set out in the prescribed panel format.

Standard 1.2.1 defines 'small package' as a package with a surface area of less than 100 cm². Food in a small package is not required to have a nutrition information panel although the information that must be declared under clause 8 may be declared in a panel.

9 Food in dehydrated or concentrated form

Where a food in dehydrated or concentrated form is labelled with directions that indicate that the food should be reconstituted with water before consumption, the label on the package of that food must include the particulars set out in each column of the panel expressed as a proportion of the food as so reconstituted.

10 Food that must be drained before consumption

The label on a package of food with directions indicating that the food should be drained before consumption, must clearly indicate that the particulars set out in each column of the panel relate to the drained food.

11 Food to be prepared or consumed with other food

The label on a package of food intended to be prepared or consumed with at least one other food, may include an additional column at the right hand side of the panel specifying, in the same manner as set out in the panel, descriptions and quantities of the foods in question together with the average energy content of the food and the average quantities of nutrients and biologically active substances declared in the panel.

Division 3 - Conditions for making certain nutrition claims

12 Claims in relation to polyunsaturated or monounsaturated fatty acid content of foods

- (1) A nutrition claim, subject to clause 13, must not be made in relation to the polyunsaturated fatty acid content or monounsaturated fatty acid content of a food unless -
 - (a) the total of saturated fatty acids and trans fatty acids comprises no more than 28 per cent of the total fatty acid content of the food; and
 - (b) the fatty acid in respect of which the nutrition claim is made comprises no less than 40 per cent of the total fatty acid content of the food.
- Where a claim is made in relation to the polyunsaturated fatty acid content or monounsaturated fatty acid content of foods for which there are compositional requirements specified in Standard 2.4.1 or Standard 2.4.2, the quantity of saturated fatty acids, polyunsaturated fatty acids, monounsaturated fatty acids and trans fatty acids may be set out in the panel as a minimum or maximum quantity in a serving of the food.

Editorial note:

Subclause 12(2) provides manufacturers of edible oils and edible oil spreads with the option of setting out the minimum and maximum fatty acid content of the types of fatty acids referred to in subclause 12(2) instead of their average quantity. Total fat must still be expressed as an average quantity in accordance with paragraph 5(1)(e).

13 Claims in relation to omega fatty acid content of foods

(1) Where a nutrition claim using the word 'omega' is made in relation to the omega fatty acid content of a food, the word 'omega' must be qualified by the type of omega fatty acid present and this qualification must appear immediately after the word 'omega'.

Editorial note:

For example, in the format 'Omega-3', 'Omega-6' or 'Omega-9'.

(2) Subject to subclause (3) and subclause (4), a claim must not be made in relation to the omega-3 fatty acid content of a food, other than fish or fish products that have no added saturated fatty acids, unless the –

- (a) total of saturated fatty acids and trans fatty acids is less than 28 per cent of the total fatty acid content of the food; or
- (b) food contains no more than 5 g of saturated fatty acids and trans fatty acids per 100 g of the food.
- (3) A nutrition claim must not be made in relation to the omega-3 fatty acid content of a food, unless the food satisfies the requirements of subclause (2) and contains no less than
 - (a) 200 mg alpha-linolenic acid per serving; or
 - (b) 30 mg total eicosapentaenoic acid and docosahexaenoic acid per serving.
- (4) A nutrition claim must not be made that a food is a 'good source' of omega-3 fatty acid or words of similar import, unless the food satisfies the requirements of subclause (2) and contains no less than 60 mg total eicosapentaenoic acid and docosahexaenoic acid per serving.
- (5) Where a nutrition claim is made in accordance with subclause (3) or subclause (4), the declarations in the nutrition information panel must indicate the source of omega 3 fatty acids, namely, alpha-linolenic acid, docosahexaenoic acid and/or eicosapentaenoic acid.
- (6) A nutrition claim must not be made in relation to the omega-6 or omega-9 fatty acid content of a food, unless the
 - (a) total of saturated fatty acids and trans fatty acids content of the food is no more than 28 per cent of the total fatty acid content of the food; and
 - (b) fatty acid in respect of which the nutrition claim is made comprises no less than 40 per cent of the total fatty acid content of the food.

The omega-3, omega-6 or omega-9 fatty acid content of a food that is the subject of such a claim should be set out in the nutrition information panel in the format immediately following subclause 5(6) as a sub-sub-group of polyunsaturated fatty acids or monounsaturated fatty acids, as the case may be.

14 Low joule claims in relation to food

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a claim to the effect that a food is a low joule food, must not be made unless the average energy content of the food is no more than -
 - (a) 80 kJ per 100 mL of beverages or other liquid foods; and
 - (b) 170 kJ per 100 g of solid or semi-solid foods.
- (2) Where a food is to be prepared as directed on the label, the average energy content of the food must be calculated for the food as prepared.

Low joule food claims are nutrition claims as they make reference to the energy content of a food.

The term describing the energy content of a food intrinsically low in energy must not precede the name of the food (e.g.: "low joule" [name of the food]), but should refer to the whole class of foods, and be in the following form –

"[class of the food] is a low joule food"

15 Lactose claims in relation to food

- (1) A claim to the effect that a food is low lactose must not be made unless the food contains no more than 0.3 g of lactose per 100 g of the food.
- (2) A claim to the effect that a food is lactose free must not be made unless the food contains no detectable lactose.
- (3) A claim to the effect that a food is lactose reduced must be accompanied by a declaration of the proportion by which the lactose content of the food has been reduced.

Editorial note:

Where a claim is made that a food is lactose reduced, the proportion of lactose in the food should be declared in words to the effect -

"[here state percentage] % lactose reduced"

(4) Where a claim is made in relation to the lactose content of a food, particulars of the lactose and galactose content of the food must be provided in accordance with subclause 5(1).

Editorial note:

The declaration of the lactose and galactose content of a food in a nutrition information panel should be in the following form:

Carbohydrate

- , total
- sugars
- lactose
- galactose

16 Claims in relation to gluten content of food

(1) Claims in relation to the gluten content of food are prohibited unless expressly permitted by this Code.

This subclause does not prohibit the declaration of the presence of gluten, for example, in an ingredient list on the label on a food.

- (2) A claim to the effect that a food is gluten free must not be made in relation to a food unless the food contains no -
 - (a) detectable gluten; and
 - (b) oats or malt.
- (3) A claim to the effect that a food has a low gluten content, must not be made in relation to a food unless the food contains no
 - (a) more than 20 mg gluten per 100 g of the food; and
 - (b) oats or malt.

Editorial note:

Subclauses (2) and (3) of this clause permit claims to the effect that a food is gluten free or has a low gluten content, providing certain specified conditions are met.

(4) A claim to the effect that a food contains gluten or is high in gluten may be made in relation to a food.

Editorial note:

Subclause 16(1) prohibits all claims about gluten unless expressly permitted. Subclauses 16(2), (3) and (4) provide those express permissions.

17 Claims in relation to salt, sodium or potassium content of food

- (1) A claim to the effect that a food is low in sodium content must not be made unless the food contains no more than 120 mg of sodium per 100 g of the food.
- (2) Where a nutrition claim is made in respect of the salt, sodium or potassium content of a food, or any two or all of them, then particulars, including particulars relating to both the sodium and potassium content of the food, must be provided in relation to the food in accordance with subclause 5(1).

Editorial note:

If the claim is made for a food naturally or intrinsically low in sodium, it should refer to the whole class of similar foods.

Division 4 - Miscellaneous

18 Prescribed methods of analysis for the determination of dietary fibre in food

- (1) The methods set out in this clause are the prescribed methods of analysis for the determination of dietary fibre content of food.
- (2) Proceed according to Section 985.29 of the 4th Supplement (1998) to the A.O.A.C, 16th Edition (1995), or in the alternate to Section 991.43 of the A.O.A.C, 16th Edition (1995), in so far as these methods measure as the endpoint, the total dietary fibre and not the soluble and insoluble fractions of dietary fibre.

Standard 1.2.9

Legibility Requirements

Purpose

This Standard sets out general and specific legibility requirements for the labelling of packaged foods.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 General requirements
- 3 Legibility requirements for warning statements

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard –

size of type means the measurement from the base to the top of a letter or numeral.

2 General requirements

- (1) Unless otherwise expressly permitted by this Code, each word, statement, expression or design prescribed to be contained, written or set out in a label must, wherever occurring, be so contained, written or set out legibly and prominently such as to afford a distinct contrast to the background, and in the English language.
- (2) Where a language other than English is used in addition to the English language on a label on a package of food or in association with a display of food the information in that language must not negate or contradict the information on the label in the English language.

Editorial note:

Subclause 2(1) does not require lot identification to be set out in the English language.

Where a language other than English is used on a label, in addition to the English language, it must not contravene the provisions of this Code.

3 Legibility requirements for warning statements

Unless otherwise prescribed in this Code, each word, statement, expression or design prescribed to be contained, written or set out in a warning statement on a label must, wherever occurring, be so contained, written or set out -

- (a) in a size of type of not less than 3mm; or
- (b) in the case of a small package, in a size type of not less than 1.5mm.

Editorial Notes:

- 1. 'Warning statement' is defined in Standard 1.1.1.
- 2. 'Small package' is defined in Standard 1.2.1 Application of Labelling and Other Information Requirements.

Standard 1.2.10

Characterising Ingredients and Components of Food

Purpose

This Standard sets out specific requirements for the declaration of the percentage of characterising ingredients and components of certain food products which are required to be declared.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Declaration of characterising ingredients and characterising components
- 3 Method of calculating the proportion of characterising ingredients by ingoing weight
- 4 Method of calculating the proportion of characterising ingredients where moisture loss occurs
- 5 Method of declaration of characterising ingredients
- 6 Method of calculating the proportion of characterising components
- 7 Method of declaration of characterising components

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

category of ingredients means ingredients declared in the statement of ingredients using a generic name set out in the Table to Clause 4 of Standard 1.2.4.

characterising component means a component of a food that –

- (a) appears in the name of a food; or
- (b) is usually associated with the name of a food by the consumer; or
- (c) is emphasised on the label of a food in words, pictures or graphics; or
- (d) is essential to characterise a food, and to distinguish it from other foods with which it might be confused because of its name or appearance.

Editorial note:

Two examples of characterising components of food, are milkfat in ice cream and cocoa solids in chocolate.

characterising ingredient means an ingredient or category of ingredients that –

- (a) appears in the name of a food; or
- (b) is usually associated with the name of a food by the consumer; or
- (c) is emphasised on the label of a food in words, pictures or graphics; or
- (d) is essential to characterise a food, and to distinguish it from other foods with which it might be confused because of its name or appearance;

but does not include -

- (e) an ingredient or a category of ingredients which is used in small quantities for the purposes of a flavouring; or
- (f) an ingredient that is the sole ingredient of a food; or
- (g) a category of ingredients that comprises the whole of the food; or
- (h) an ingredient or category of ingredients which, while appearing in the name of the food, is not such as to govern the choice of the consumer, because the variation in the quantity is not essential to characterise the food, or does not distinguish the food from other foods; or
- (i) an ingredient or category of ingredients declared as a characterising component of a food in accordance with this Standard.

Editorial note:

Standard 1.2.4 defines 'ingredient' as 'any substance, including a food additive, used in the preparation manufacture or handling of a food'. A component of a food that is naturally present in a food is not an ingredient of the food and therefore cannot be a characterising ingredient. For example, caffeine that is naturally present in coffee or tea cannot be a characterising ingredient. Food components that are mentioned in the name of a food, but which have not actually been used in its preparation eg *cream* in 'cream biscuit' are not ingredients of the food and therefore cannot be characterising ingredients.

Examples of ingredients that appear in the name of the food include "strawberry yoghurt", and "steak and kidney pie". An example of a category of ingredients that appears in the name of the food that should be declared as a percentage is 'vegetables' in a "vegetable pastie" and 'meat' in a "meat pie". Examples of ingredients that are usually associated with the name of a food by the consumer are 'meat' (a category of ingredients that may be declared using a generic name) with salami, or unpackaged pastry encased products such as meat pies and sausage rolls.

Examples of ingredients that are emphasised on the label of a food in words, pictures or graphics would include 'fruit and nuts' in fruit and nut chocolate, or 'cheese' if it is emphasised by words on the label such as 'extra cheese'.

Under Standard 1.2.4, ingredients include compound ingredients. An example of a compound ingredient that would require percentage labelling is 'spaghetti' in a tin of spaghetti and tomato sauce that is either pictured on the tin of spaghetti and tomato sauce or that is part of the name of such a food.

2 Declaration of characterising ingredients and characterising components

- (1) Subject to subclause (3), the label on a package of food must include a declaration of the proportion of characterising ingredients and characterising components of the food, calculated and expressed in accordance with this Standard.
- (2) Subject to subclause (3), a declaration of the percentage of the characterising ingredients and characterising components of a food, calculated and expressed in accordance with this Standard, where the -
 - (a) food is unpackaged; or
 - (b) food is made and packaged on the premises from which it is sold;

must be -

- (c) displayed on or in connection with the display of the food; or
- (d) provided to the purchaser upon request.
- (3) Subclause (1) and subclause (2) do not apply to
 - (a) food assembled in the presence of the purchaser; or
 - (b) food for catering purposes; or
 - (c) food delivered packaged and ready for immediate consumption at the express order of the purchaser; or
 - (d) prepared filled rolls, sandwiches, bagels and similar products; or
 - (e) food sold at fund raising events; or
 - (f) food in a small package; or
 - (g) food standardised in Standard 2.9.1; or
 - (h) cured and/or dried meat flesh in whole cuts or pieces.

Editorial note:

Where the proportion of a characterising component of a food is declared in accordance with this Standard, the ingredients, category of ingredients or parts thereof, comprising that characterising component are not required to be declared as a characterising ingredient or category of ingredients of the food.

These declarations must be considered in the light of the prohibitions on false, misleading or deceptive representations in the Food or Health Acts and fair trading laws of New Zealand and the States, Territories and the Commonwealth. In so doing it is necessary to consider whether a false or misleading impression is conveyed to a purchaser of a particular food product.

In order to determine whether the characterising components or characterising ingredients of a food should be declared, a manufacturer of food should consider which declaration best reflects the nature of the food as sold or imported. For example, milkfat is not typically an ingredient in ice cream, but would be considered to be a characterising component in ice cream, and should be so declared.

3 Method of calculating the proportion of characterising ingredients by ingoing weight

- (1) Subject to clause 4, the proportion of an ingredient or category of ingredients must be calculated in accordance with this clause, by dividing the ingoing weight of the ingredient or total weight of the ingredients within the category of ingredients by the total weight of all the ingoing ingredients of the food and multiplying this amount by 100.
- (2) The weight of added water or volatile ingredients removed in the course of manufacture of the food must not be included in the weight of the ingoing ingredients for the purposes of the calculation set out in subclause (1).
- (3) Where a concentrated or dehydrated ingredient or category of ingredients is reconstituted during the manufacture of the food, the weight of the reconstituted ingredient or category of ingredients may be used in the calculation set out in subclause (1).
- (4) The proportion of a characterising ingredient or category of ingredients of a food that requires reconstitution prior to consumption may be calculated as a proportion of the food as reconstituted.

4 Method of calculating the proportion of characterising ingredients where moisture loss occurs

Where moisture loss occurs in the processing of a food, the proportion of the characterising ingredient or category of ingredients in the final food, may be calculated taking into account any such moisture loss, on the basis of the weight of the characterising ingredient or category of ingredients in the final food.

5 Method of declaration of characterising ingredients

- (1) The proportion of an ingredient or category of ingredients must be declared as a percentage, and where declared in a statement of ingredients, immediately after the common, descriptive or generic name of the ingredient.
- (2) The declared percentage must be rounded to the nearest whole number or to the nearest 0.5 decimal place in those cases where it is below 5%.
- (3) The percentage of an ingredient or category of ingredients must be declared as either -
 - (a) the actual percentage; or
 - (b) a minimum percentage.
- (4) Where a minimum percentage is declared it must be clearly indicated that it is a minimum percentage.
- (5) The proportion of a characterising ingredient or category of ingredients of a food that requires reconstitution prior to consumption as calculated in accordance with subclause 3(4) may be declared as a percentage of the food as reconstituted, provided that the basis of this declaration is clearly indicated.

Clause 5 may be complied with, for example, by asterisking all declared minimum percentages and including an asterisked note at the end of the ingredient list stating "minimum percentage".

6 Method of calculating the proportion of characterising components

- (1) The characterising component of a food must be calculated by dividing the weight of the characterising component of the food by the total weight of the food and multiplying this amount by 100.
- (2) The proportion of a characterising component of a food that requires reconstitution prior to consumption may be calculated as a proportion of the food as reconstituted.

7 Method of declaration of characterising components

- (1) The proportion of a characterising component of a food must be declared as a percentage.
- (2) The percentage declared must be rounded to the nearest whole number or to the nearest 0.5 decimal place in those cases where it is below 5%.
- (3) The percentage of a characterising component of a food must be declared as either -
 - (a) the actual percentage; or
 - (b) a minimum percentage.
- (4) Where a minimum percentage is declared it must be clearly indicated that it is a minimum percentage.
- (5) The proportion of a characterising component of a food that requires reconstitution prior to consumption may be declared as a percentage of the food as reconstituted, provided that the basis of this declaration is clearly indicated.

Standard 1.3.1

Food Additives

Purpose

A food additive is any substance not normally consumed as a food in itself and not normally used as an ingredient of food, but which is intentionally added to a food to achieve one or more of the technological functions specified in Schedule 5. It or its byproducts may remain in the food. Food additives are distinguishable from processing aids (see Standard 1.3.3) and vitamins and minerals added to food for nutritional purposes (see Standard 1.3.2).

This standard regulates the use of food additives in the production and processing of food. A food additive may only be added to food where expressly permitted in this standard. Additives can only be added to food in order to achieve an identified technological function according to Good Manufacturing Practice.

Standard 1.3.4 prescribes standards for the identity and purity of food additives.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Definitions
- 2 General prohibition on the use of additives
- 3 Permitted use of additives
- 4 Requirements for use of intense sweeteners
- 5 Maximum permitted levels of additives
- 6 Additives performing the same function
- 7 Carry-over of additives
- 8 Food for use in preparation of another food
- 9 The addition of a garnish to food
- 10 Colours and their aluminium and calcium lakes
- 11 Permitted synthetic flavourings

Schedule 1 -	Permitted uses of food additives by food type
Schedule 2 -	Miscellaneous additives permitted to GMP in processed foods specified in
	Schedule 1
Schedule 3	Colours permitted to GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1
Schedule 4	Colours permitted to specified levels in processed foods specified in Schedule 1
Schedule 5	Technological functions which may be performed by food additives

Clauses

20 DECEMBER

1 Definitions

In this standard -

maximum permitted level means the maximum amount of additive which may be present in the food as set out in relation to that food in Schedule 1.

processed food means food which has undergone any treatment resulting in a substantial change in the original state of the food.

technological function means a function set out in Schedule 5.

Editorial note:

This definition of 'processed food' is used to determine some additive permissions.

Processes such as dividing, parting, severing, boning, mincing, skinning, paring, peeling, grinding, cutting, cleaning, trimming, deep-freezing or freezing, milling or husking, packing or unpacking are not considered to result in a substantial change to the original state of the food.

2 General prohibition on the use of additives

Unless expressly permitted in this Standard, food additives must not be added to food.

3 Permitted use of additives

The additives listed by name or number in Schedules 1,2,3 and 4 may be added to a food or class of food to perform technological functions provided that:

- (a) the use complies with any restrictions on use listed in Schedule 1; and
- (b) the proportion of the additive does not exceed the maximum level necessary to achieve one or more technological functions under conditions of Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP).

The Codex Alimentarius Commission Procedural Manual sets out the following relevant criteria for use in assessing compliance with Good Manufacturing Practice:

- (a) the quantity of additive added to food shall be limited to the lowest possible level necessary to accomplish its desired effect;
- (b) the quantity of the additive that becomes a component of food as a result of its use in the manufacture, processing or packaging of a food and which is not intended to accomplish any physical, or other technical effect in the finished food itself, is reduced to the extent reasonably possible; and
- (c) the additive is prepared and handled in the same way as a food ingredient.

The manner in which a food is intended to be presented (eg. by the use of such quality descriptors as natural, pure, traditional etc) may affect the type and level of food additives that could be used in accordance with GMP. Similarly, the type and level of food additives used may affect the way in which a food may be presented.

4 Requirements for use of intense sweeteners

Save where otherwise expressly stated in Schedule 1 and not withstanding any specific level specified in a Schedule to this Standard, intense sweeteners may only be added to food in an amount necessary to replace the sweetness normally provided by sugars or as a flavour enhancer.

Editorial Note:

In general, the use of intense sweeteners is limited to:

- 1. foods meeting the definition of 'reduced joule' or 'low joule';
- 2. "no added sugars" food eg artificially sweetened canned fruit without added sugar; or
- 3. specific foods in which the use of the sweetener is in addition to sugar rather than as an alternative eg chewing gum, brewed soft drink (these foods are listed in Schedule 1 on a case-by-case basis).

Conditions relating to the use of reduced/low joule and no added sugar claims can be found in Standard 1.2.8 or in ANZFA's Code of Practice on Nutrient Claims in Food Labels and in Advertisements (Commonwealth of Australia, AGPS 1995).

Polyols, isomalt and polydextrose may be considered to be food additives when used as humectants and texturisers. Where these substances constitute a significant part of the final food they would be regarded as a food in their own right rather than food additives. Polyols, isomalt and polydextrose are not considered to be bulking agents if used in large amounts to replace sugars as they may contribute significantly to the available energy of the food.

5 Maximum permitted levels of additives

- (1) Where a maximum level for an additive in a food is prescribed, unless otherwise stated, the level refers to the maximum amount which may be present in the food as sold or, where there are directions for preparation, when prepared for consumption according to label directions.
- (2) For the purposes of this Standard:-

annatto and annatto extracts shall be calculated as bixin.

benzoic acid and its salts shall be calculated as benzoic acid.

cyclamate and its salts shall be calculated as cyclohexyl-sulphamic acid.

propionic acid and its salts shall be calculated as propionic acid.

saccharin and its calcium and sodium salts shall be calculated as saccharin.

sorbic acid and its salts shall be calculated as sorbic acid.

sulphur dioxide, sulphites including bisulphites and metabisulphites shall be calculated as sulphur dioxide.

6 Additives performing the same function

- (1) Where two or more additives may be added to a food for the purpose of achieving the same technological function, those additives may be used singly or in combination.
- (2) Where two or more additives are used in combination to achieve the same technological function, the sum of the fractions obtained by dividing the amount of each food additive used by the maximum amount permitted for that food additive must not exceed 1.

Example

A food can have a maximum amount of 40 mg/kg of preservative X or 20 mg/kg of preservative Y. Some of the permitted combinations of the two preservatives are:

Preservative X	Fraction for Preservative X	Preservative Y	Fraction for Preservative Y	Sum of Fractions
40 mg/kg	1	nil	0	1
30 mg/kg	0.75	5 mg/kg	0.25	1
20 mg/kg	0.5	10 mg/kg	0.5	1
10 mg/kg	0.25	15 mg/kg	0.75	1
nil	0	20 mg/kg	1	1

7 Carry-over of additives

Other than by direct addition, an additive may be present in any food as a result of carry-over from an ingredient, provided that the level of the additive in the final food is no greater than would be introduced by the use of the ingredient under proper technological conditions and good manufacturing practice.

In clause 7, the ingredient can itself be a food additive.

The additive must be permitted to be present in the ingredient and must not be present in any greater quantity than permitted.

8 Food for use in preparation of another food

A food intended for use in the preparation of another food may contain any or all of the additives in a quantity permitted in the final food.

9 The addition of a garnish to food

The addition of a garnish to a food does not render that food a mixed food for the purposes of this Standard.

Editorial note:

Examples of the addition of a garnish to a food include lemon slice to fish or pepper to steak to make pepper steak.

10 Colours and their aluminium and calcium lakes

A reference to a colour listed in Schedules 1, 3 and 4 of this Standard includes a reference to the aluminium and calcium lakes prepared from that colour.

11 Permitted synthetic flavourings

Permitted synthetic flavourings, for the purposes of this Standard, are those synthetic flavourings listed in at least one of the following publications:

- (1) Food Technology, A Publication of the Institute of Food Technologists,
 Generally Recognised as Safe (GRAS) lists of flavouring substances published
 by the Flavor and Extract Manufacturers' Association of the United States from
 1960 to October 1998;
- (2) Flavouring Substances and Natural Sources of Flavourings, 4th Edition, Volume 1, Chemically-defined flavouring substances, Council of Europe, 1992;
- (3) United States Code of Federal Regulations, 1996, 21 CFR Part 172.515.

Editorial note:

The Flavour and Fragrance Association of Australia and New Zealand (FFAANZ) has prepared a list of permitted synthetic flavourings in the three publications for ease of reference. This list is available from FFAANZ or from the Australia New Zealand Food Authority.

INS Number	Additive Name	Max level	Applications

0 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Additives in Schedule 2 may be present in processed foods as a result of use in accordance with GMP except where expressly prohibited in this schedule.

Colours in Schedule 3 may be present in processed foods as a result of use in accordance with GMP except where expressly prohibited in this schedule.

Colours in Schedule 4 may be present to a maximum level of 290 mg/kg in solid and 70 mg/L in liquid processed foods except where expressly prohibited in this schedule.

0.1 Preparations of food additives

	Additives in Schedules 3&4 must not be present in preparations of food additives unless expressly permitted below			Does not apply to preparations of colours or flavours
-	Ethanol	GMP		Preparations of colours and flavours only
200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	1000	mg/kg	J
210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg	
216	Propyl p -hydroxybenzoate (propylparaben)	2500	mg/kg	
218	Methyl p -hydroxybenzoate (methylparaben)	2500	mg/kg	
220 221 222 223	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	350	mg/kg	
224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sourain and potassium sulphices	330	mg/ Kg	
304	Ascorbyl palmitate	GMP		
306	Tocopherols concentrate mixed	GMP		
307	Tocopherol, d-alpha-, concentrate	GMP		
308	Synthetic gamma-tocopherol	GMP		
309	Synthetic delta-tocopherol	GMP		
310	Propyl gallate	100	mg/kg	
311	Octyl gallate	100	mg/kg	
312	Dodecyl gallate	100	mg/kg	
319	Tertiary butylhydroquinone	200	mg/kg	
320	Butylated hydroxyanisole	200	mg/kg	
385	Calcium disodium EDTA	500	mg/kg	
baking compound				
541	Sodium aluminium phosphate	GMP		
flavourings				
-	Benzyl alcohol	500	mg/kg	
-	Ethyl acetate	GMP		
-	Glycerol diacetate	GMP		
-	Glyceryl monoacetate	GMP	_	
-	Isopropyl alcohol	1000	mg/kg	
320	Butylated hydroxyanisole	1000	mg/kg	
1505	Triethyl citrate	GMP		
renneting enzyme		0.5		
200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	9000	mg/kg	

SCHEDULE 1						
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	9000	mg/kg		
1	DAIRY PROD	UCTS (excluding butter and butter fats)				
1.1	Liquid milk and l	iquid milk based drinks				
1.1.1	Liquid milk (inclu	iding buttermilk)				
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in liquid milk (including buttermilk) unless expressly permitted below				
	-	Additives in Schedule 2			UHT goat milk only	
1.1.2	Liquid milk produ	ucts and flavoured liquid milk*				
	160b	Annatto extracts	10	mg/kg		
	950	Acesulphame potassium	500	mg/kg		
	956	Alitame	40	mg/kg		
1.2	Fermented and re	ennetted milk products				
1.2.1	Fermented milk a	nd rennetted milk				
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in fermented milk and rennetted milk				
1.2.2	Fermented milk p	roducts and rennetted milk products*				
	160b	Annatto extracts	60	mg/kg		
	950	Acesulphame potassium	500	mg/kg		
	956	Alitame	60	mg/kg		
1.3	Condensed milk a	nd evaporated milk*				
1.4	Cream and cream	products				
1.4.1	Cream, reduced c	ream and light cream				
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in cream, reduced cream and light cream unless expressly permitted below				
	-	Additives in Schedule 2			UHT creams and creams receiving equivalent or greater heat treatments only	
1.4.2	Cream products (flavoured, whipped, thickened, sour cream etc.)* Nisin	10	mg/kg		
		A Pale				
	whipped thickene 475	d light cream Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids	5000	mg/kg		
	713	1 orygryceror esters or ratty acids	5000	mg/Kg		

1.5 Dried milk, milk powder, cream powder*

*Additives in Schedules 2, 3, and 4 are permitted

	INS Number	SCHEDULE 1 Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
					• •
	304	Ascorbyl palmitate	5000	mg/kg	
	320	Butylated hydroxyanisole	100	mg/kg	
	343	Magnesium phosphates	1000	mg/kg	
	40.1	D.1. (40)	0		
	431	Polyoxyethylene (40) stearate	GMP		
	481	Sodium lactylates	GMP		
	530	Magnesium oxide	1000	mg/kg	
	542	Bone phosphate	0 1000	ma/ka	
	555	Potassium aluminium silicate	GMP	mg/kg	
	333	i otassium aidiminum sineate	GWII		
1.6	Cheese and chees	se products*			
	160b	Annatto extracts	50	mg/kg	
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	3000	mg/kg	
		sorbates		0 0	
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphates	300	mg/kg	
	234	Nisin	GMP		
	235	Pimaricin (natamycin)	15	mg/kg	on cheese surfaces,
					based on individual
	251 252		50	/1	cheese weight
	251 252	Nitrates (potassium and sodium salts)	50	mg/kg	calculated as nitrate ion
	338	Phosphoric acid	GMP		muate ion
	481	Sodium lactylates	5	mg/kg	fresh cheese only
	555	Potassium aluminium silicate	1000	mg/kg	nesh encese omy
		1 otassiain araininain sineace	0	₆ , ₆	
	560	Potassium silicate	1000	mg/kg	
			0		
2		S AND OIL EMULSIONS			
	160b	Annatto extracts	20	mg/kg	
	304	Ascorbyl palmitate	GMP		
	306	Tocopherols concentrate mixed	GMP		
	307	Tocopherol, d-alpha-, concentrate	GMP		
	308	Synthetic gamma-tocopherol	GMP		
	309	Synthetic delta-tocopherol	GMP		
	310	Propyl gallate	100	mg/kg	
	311	Octyl gallate	100	mg/kg	
	312	Dodecyl gallate	100	mg/kg	
	319	Tertiary butylhydroquinone	200	mg/kg	
	320	Butylated hydroxyanisole	200	mg/kg	
	321	Butylated hydroxytoluene	100	mg/kg	
2.1	Edible oils sees-4	ially free of water*			
4.1	475	Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids	2000	mg/kg	shortening only
	713	1 orygryceror esters or ratty actus	0	mg/Kg	shortening only
	476	Polyglycerol esters of interesterified ricinoleic acids	2000	mg/kg	shortening only
	170	2 0.7 5.7 coror esters of interesterified fremotere dolds	0	6/1.6	mortening omy
	900a	Polydimethylsiloxane	10	mg/kg	frying oils only
		•			
	olive oil				

Additives in Schedules 3&4 must not be present in olive oil

2.2 Oil emulsions (water in oil)

INS Number	Additive Name	Max level	Applications

2.2.1 **Oil emulsions (>80% oil)**

2.2.1.1 Butter

Additives must not be present in l	butter unless
expressly permitted below	

160a	Carotenes	GMP	
160b	Annatto extracts	20	mg/kg
160e	Carotenal, b-apo-8'-	GMP	
160f	Carotenic acid, b-apo-8'-, methyl or ethyl esters	GMP	
508	Potassium chloride	GMP	

2.2.1.2 Butter products*

2.2.1.3 Margarine and similar products*

475	Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids	5000	mg/kg
476	Polyglycerol esters of interesterified ricinoleic acids	5000	mg/kg

2.2.2 Oil emulsions (<80% oil)*

200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	2000	mg/kg
210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg
234	Nisin	GMP	
281	Sodium propionate	GMP	
282	Calcium propionate	GMP	
475	Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids	1000 0	mg/kg
476	Polyglycerol esters of interesterified ricinoleic acids	1000 0	mg/kg

3 ICE CREAM AND EDIBLE ICES*

Amaranth	290	mg/kg
Annatto extracts	25	mg/kg
Acesulphame potassium	1000	mg/kg
Alitame	100	mg/kg
	Annatto extracts Acesulphame potassium	Annatto extracts 25 Acesulphame potassium 1000

ice confection sold in liquid form

200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	400	mg/kg
210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	400	mg/kg
220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	25	mg/kg

4 FRUITS AND VEGETABLES (including fungi, nuts, seeds, herbs and spices)

4.1 Unprocessed fruits and vegetables

Additives in schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in unprocessed fruits and vegetables unless expressly permitted below

grapes packed with permeable envelopes

	INS Number	Additive Name	Max level		Max level Applications		Applications
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	10	mg/kg			
4.1.1	Untreated fruits	and vegetables					
		Additives in schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in untreated fruits and vegetables					
4.1.2	Surface treated f	ruits and vegetables					
		Additives in schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in surface treated fruits and vegetables unless expressly permitted below					
	342 473 901 903 904	Ammonium phosphates Sucrose esters of fatty acids Beeswax, white & yellow Carnauba wax Shellac	GMP 100 GMP GMP GMP	mg/kg			
	citrus fruit 914 1520	Oxidised polyethylene Propylene glycol	250 3000 0	mg/kg mg/kg			
	walnut and pecar 304 320 321	Ascorbyl palmitate Butylated hydroxyanisole Butylated hydroxytoluene	GMP 70 70	mg/kg mg/kg			
4.1.3	Peeled and/or cut	t fruits and vegetables					
		Additives in schedules 3&4 must not be present in peeled and/or cut fruits and vegetables unless expressly permitted below					
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	375	mg/kg			
	products for man 220 221 222 223 224 225 228	nufacturing purposes Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	200	mg/kg	apples and potatoes only		
	root and tuber ve 220 221 222 223 224 225 228	egetables Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	50	mg/kg			
	920	L-cysteine monohydrochloride	GMP				
4.2	Frozen unprocess	sed fruits and vegetables					
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in frozen unprocessed fruits and vegetables unless expressly permitted below			Note: additives permitted in category 4.1 may be present in category 4.2 due to carry-over		
	frozen avocado						

Hozen avocado

		SCHEDULE 1			
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	ax level	Applications
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	300	mg/kg	
4.3	Processed fruits	and vegetables*			
1.0	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	20	mg/kg	ginger only
	mushrooms in hr	ine or water and not commercially sterile			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	500	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	500	mg/kg	
	_	es known as maraschino cherries, cocktail cherries or	_		
	127	Erythrosine	290	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg	
	tomato products	nH < 4.5			
	234	Nisin	GMP		
4.3.1	Dried fruits and 220 221 222 223	vegetables* Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	3000	mg/kg	
	224 225 228	ouipinai atomat ana coanan ana pomociani carpinito	2000	8,8	
	desiccated cocon	ut			
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	50	mg/kg	
4.3.2	Fruits and vegets	ables in vinegar, oil, brine or alcohol*			
1.0.2	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	1000	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg	
	950	Acesulphame potassium	3000	mg/kg	
	956	Alitame	40	mg/kg	
	products made fi	rom bleached vegetables			
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	750	mg/kg	
4.3.3	Commercially sto	erile fruits and vegetables in hermetically sealed conta	iners*		
	512	Stannous chloride	100	mg/kg	asparagus not in direct contact with tin only
	950	Acesulphame potassium	500	mg/kg	,
	952	Cyclamates	1350	mg/kg	
	954	Saccharin	110	mg/kg	
4.3.4	Fruit and vegetal	ble spreads including jams, chutneys and related prod Amaranth	lucts* 290	mg/kg	
	281	Sodium propionate	GMP	1115/ KS	
	282	Calcium propionate	GMP		
	950	Acesulphame potassium	3000	mg/kg	
	952	Cyclamates	1000	mg/kg	
	954	Saccharin	1500	mg/kg	
	956	Alitame	300	mg/kg	

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

	TNICNI	SCHEDULE I	3.7	_ 1 1	A = 1° 4°
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
	chutneys, low jou	le jam and low joule spread			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	1000	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 212	sorbates	1000	//	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg	
	220 221 222 223	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	285	mg/kg	
	224 225 228				
4.3.5	Candied fruits an	nd vogotables*			
1.0.0	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	500	mg/kg	
		sorbates		0 0	
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	2000	mg/kg	
	224 223 226				
4.3.6	Fruit and vegetal	ole preparations including pulp*			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	1000	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 212	sorbates Penzaia and and sodium, notassium and calaium	1000	ma/lra	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg	
	220 221 222 223	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	350	mg/kg	
	224 225 228		O . T	-	
	234	Nisin	GMP		
	chilli paste				
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	3000	mg/kg	
		benzoates			
	fruit and vegetab	le preparations for manufacturing purposes			
	220 221 222 223	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	1000	mg/kg	
	224 225 228				
4.3.7	Fermented fruit a	and vegetable products*			
	lactic acid fermer	nted fruits and vegetables			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	500	mg/kg	
		sorbates		2 2	
4.3.8	Other fruit and v	egetable based products*			
	dried instant mas	had notate			
	304	Ascorbyl palmitate	GMP		
	20.	Butylated hydroxyanisole		mg/kg	
	320	Butylated flydfoxyamsole	100	1115/15	
		Butylated flydfoxyamsole	100	mg/kg	
	imitation fruit				
		Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	500	mg/kg	
	imitation fruit 200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	500	mg/kg	
	imitation fruit	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium			
	imitation fruit 200 201 202 203 210 211 212 213 220 221 222 223	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	500	mg/kg	
	imitation fruit 200 201 202 203 210 211 212 213	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	500 400	mg/kg mg/kg	
5	imitation fruit 200 201 202 203 210 211 212 213 220 221 222 223	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	500 400	mg/kg mg/kg	
5	imitation fruit 200 201 202 203 210 211 212 213 220 221 222 223 224 225 228 CONFECTIO	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites NERY	500 400 3000	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	
5	imitation fruit 200 201 202 203 210 211 212 213 220 221 222 223 224 225 228 CONFECTIO	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites NERY Amaranth	500 400 3000	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	
5	imitation fruit 200 201 202 203 210 211 212 213 220 221 222 223 224 225 228 CONFECTIO	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites NERY	500 400 3000	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	

		SCHEDULE I			
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
			G1 45		
	175	Gold	GMP		a
	950	Acesulphame potassium	2000	mg/kg	Clause 4 limits do
	951	Aspartame	1000	mg/kg	not apply to the
	0.5.5		0	/1	C1
	955	Sucralose	2500	mg/kg	use of permitted
	956	Alitame	300	mg/kg	sweeteners in chewing gum and
					bubble gum
	fruit filling for co	onfectionery containing not less than 200 g/kg of fruit			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	500	mg/kg	
		sorbates			
5.1	Chocolate and co	coa products			
		Additives in Schedules 3&4 must not be present in			Colours permitted
		chocolate and cocoa products unless expressly permitted below			on the surface of chocolate only
	476	Polyglycerol esters of interesterified ricinoleic acids	5000	mg/kg	
	477	Propylene glycol esters of fatty acids	4000	mg/kg	
5.2	Sugar confection	· ·			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	1000	mg/kg	
	bubble gum and	chewing gum			
	304	Ascorbyl palmitate	GMP		
	310	Propyl gallate	200	mg/kg	
	320	Butylated hydroxyanisole	200	mg/kg	
	321	Butylated hydroxytoluene	200	mg/kg	
	low joule chewing	g gum			
	952	Cyclamates	2000	mg/kg	
		-)	0	8,8	
	954	Saccharin	1500	mg/kg	
5.3	not assigned				
5.4	Icings and frostin	ngs*			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	1500	mg/kg	
		sorbates			
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg	
6	CEREALS AN	ND CEREAL PRODUCTS			
6.1	Cereals (whole an	nd broken grains)			
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in cereals (whole and broken grains) unless expressly permitted below			
	471	Mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids	GMP		precooked rice only

		SCHEDULE 1			
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
6.2	Flours, meals and	l starches			
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in flours, meals and starches	note: flour, meal and starch produ (eg self raising flour, bakers flour sold at wholesale or retail for use the preparation of other foods ma contain such additives as are permitted in those foods in accordance with clause 8.		our, bakers flour) or retail for use in f other foods may itives as are e foods in
6.3	Processed cereal	and meal products*			
0.0	160b	Annatto extracts	100	mg/kg	extruded and/or puffed cereal products only
6.4		ncluding noodles and pasta)*			
	160b	Annatto extracts	25	mg/kg	
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	1000	mg/kg	
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	300	mg/kg	
	234	Nisin	250	mg/kg	Flour products that are cooked on hot plates only eg. crumpets, pikelets, flapjacks, etc.
	280	Propionic acid	2000	mg/kg	
	281	Sodium propionate	2000	mg/kg	
	282	Calcium propionate	2000	mg/kg	
	283	Potassium propionate	2000	mg/kg	
	481	Sodium lactylates	GMP		
	482	Calcium lactylates	GMP		
	950	Acesulphame potassium	200	mg/kg	
	956	Alitame	200	mg/kg	
7	BREADS ANI	D BAKERY PRODUCTS*			
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	1200	mg/kg	
	280	Propionic acid	4000	mg/kg	
	281	Sodium propionate	4000	mg/kg	
	282	Calcium propionate	4000	mg/kg	
	283	Potassium propionate	4000	mg/kg	
	481	Sodium lactylates	GMP		
	482	Calcium lactylates	GMP		
7.1	Breads and relate	ed products*			
7.2	Biscuits, cakes an	•			
	160b	Annatto extracts	25	mg/kg	
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	300	mg/kg	
	475	Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids	1500 0	mg/kg	cake only
	950 956	Acesulphame potassium Alitame	200 200	mg/kg mg/kg	

*Additives in Schedules 2, 3, and 4 are permitted

INS No	ımber Additive	e Name Max I	level Applications

8 MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS (including poultry and game)

8.1 Raw meat, poultry and game

Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in raw meat, poultry and game unless expressly permitted below

fresh poultry

249 250

251 252

262 Sodium acetates 5000 mg/kg

8.2 Processed meat, poultry and game products in whole pieces or cuts*

Nitrites (potassium and sodium salts)

Nitrates (potassium and sodium salts)

commercially sterile canned cured meat

cured meat 249 250 251 252 dried meat	Nitrites (potassium and sodium salts) Nitrates (potassium and sodium salts)	125 125	mg/kg mg/kg	total of nitrates and nitrites, calculated as sodium nitrite
200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	1500	mg/kg	
249 250	Nitrites (potassium and sodium salts)	125	mg/kg	total of nitrates and nitrites, calculated as sodium nitrite
slow dried cured 249 250	meat Nitrites (potassium and sodium salts)	125	mg/kg	total of nitrates and nitrites,

50

500

mg/kg

calculated as sodium nitrite

mg/kg

8.3 Processed comminuted meat, poultry and game products*

160b	Annatto extracts	100	mg/kg	
220 221 222 223	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	500	mg/kg	
224 225 228				
249 250	Nitrites (potassium and sodium salts)	125	mg/kg	total of nitrates and nitrites, calculated as sodium nitrite

fermented, uncooked processed comminuted meat products

200 201 202 203 Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium 1500 mg/kg sorbates

	INS Number	SCHEDULE 1 Additive Name	Max level		Applications		
	II (5 I (diliber	Additive Famile	1716	-	Пррисастонз		
	235	Pimaricin (natamycin)	1.2	mg/dm 2	when determined in a surface sample taken to a depth of not less than 3mm and not more than 5mm including the casing, applied to the surface of food.		
	251 252	Nitrates (potassium and sodium salts)	500	mg/kg	total of nitrates and nitrites, calculated as sodium nitrite		
	sausage and saus	age meat containing raw, unprocessed meat					
		Additives must not be present in sausage and sausage meat containing raw, unprocessed meat, unless expressly permitted below					
	- 220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Additives in Schedule 2 Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	500	mg/kg			
1	Edible casings* 220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	500	mg/kg			
5	Animal protein p	roducts*					
	FISH AND FI	SH PRODUCTS					
1	Unprocessed fish and fish fillets (including frozen and thawed)						
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in unprocessed fish and fish fillets (including frozen and thawed) unless expressly permitted below					
	frozen fish			_	-		
	300 301 302 303	Ascorbic acid and sodium, calcium, potassium ascorbates	400	mg/kg			
	315 316	Erythorbic acid and sodium erythorbate	400	mg/kg	£11.04 1		
	339 340 341 450	Sodium, potassium and calcium phosphates Pyrophosphates	GMP GMP		fillets only		
	451	Triphosphates Triphosphates	GMP				
	452	Polyphosphates	GMP		1		

220 221 222 223 Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites

100

mg/kg

uncooked crustacea

224 225 228

ive Name Max level Applications	INS Number				
Transcriptions 1914 In Proceedings	II (5 I (diliber				
, calcium and potassium GMP					
4.4	8				
m erythorbate GMP					
otassium, calcium and GMP	330 331 332 333 380				
GMP	500				
GMP	504				
GMP	- 4				
GIVIF	-				
	Processed fish and f				
	cooked crustacea				
ım and potassium sulphites 30 mg/kg	220 221 222 223				
	224 225 228				
	roe				
300 mg/kg	123				
	Comi muogomyod fich				
10 mg/kg	Semi preserved fish				
otassium and calcium 10 mg/kg 2500 mg/kg					
otassium and carcium 2500 mg/kg	200 201 202 203				
potassium and calcium 2500 mg/kg					
	1				
	roe				
300 mg/kg	123				
araducts*	Fully preserved fish				
um and potassium sulphites 30 mg/kg	· -				
in and potassium sulpines 50 mg/kg	224 225 228				
250 mg/kg	385				
1	canned abalone (pa				
m and potassium sulphites 1000 mg/kg					
	224 225 228				
	roe				
300 mg/kg	123				
	EGGS AND EG				
	Eggs				
2.0.4					
3&4 must not be present in					
	Liquid egg products				
&4 must not be present in s expressly permitted below					
GMP	234				
	1505				
1250 mg/kg liquid white only	1303				
s expressly permitted below GMP	Liquid egg products				

		SCHEDULE 1					
	INS Number	Additive Name	Max level	Applications			
10.3	Frozen egg produ	note					
10.5	riozen egg prode	icis					
		Additives in Schedules 3&4 must not be present in					
		frozen egg products					
10.4	D-1-1 1/ b	4					
10.4	Dried and/or nea	t coagulated egg products					
		Additives in Schedules 3&4 must not be present in					
		dried and/or heat coagulated egg products					
11	SUGARS, HONEY AND RELATED PRODUCTS						
11 1	C						
11.1	Sugar						
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in					
		sugar unless expressly permitted below					
	460		C) (D				
	460	Cellulose, microcrystalline and powdered	GMP				
	rainbow sugar*						
	-	Additives in Schedules 2, 3 and 4					
11.0	6 1						
11.2	Sugars and syrup	OS					
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in					
		sugars and syrups unless expressly permitted below					
			4.50				
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	450 mg/kg				
	22 1 223 220						
11.3	Honey and relate	d products					
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in honey and related products					
		noney and reduced products					
11.3.1	Dried honey						
	-	Additives in Schedule 2					
11.4	Tabletop sweeten						
11.4	636	Maltol	GMP				
	637	Ethyl maltol	GMP				
	640	Glycine	GMP				
	641	L-Leucine	GMP				
	950	Acesulphame potassium	GMP				
	951	Aspartame	GMP	note - duplication			
	,,,,	1 10 p 41 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	01.11	of schedule 2			
	955	Sucralose	GMP	note - duplication			
	0.5.6	445	C) (D	of schedule 2			
	956	Alitame	GMP				
	1201	Polyvinylpyrolidone	GMP				
11.4.1	Tabletop sweeteners - liquid preparations*						
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	GMP				
		sorbates					

SCHEDULE 1							
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications		
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	GMP				
	954	Saccharin	GMP				
11.4.2	Tabletop sweeteners - tablets or powder or granules packed in portion sized packages*						
	954	Saccharin	GMP				
12	SALTS AND	CONDIMENTS					
12.1	Salt and salt subs						
12.1.1	Salt						
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in salt unless expressly permitted below					
	341	Calcium phosphates	GMP				
	381	Ferric ammonium citrate	GMP				
	504	Magnesium carbonates	GMP				
	535	Sodium ferrocyanide	50	mg/kg	total of sodium		
	536	Potassium ferrocyanide	50	mg/kg	and potassium ferrocyanide		
	551	Silicon dioxide (amorphous)	GMP		Terroeyamae		
	552	Calcium silicate	GMP				
	554	Sodium aluminosilicate	GMP				
	556	Calcium aluminium silicate	GMP				
12.1.2	Reduced sodium	salt mixture*					
12.1.3	Salt substitute*						
	359	Ammonium adipate	GMP				
	363	Succinic acid	GMP				
	1001	Choline salts of acetic, carbonic, hydrochloric, citric, tartaric and lactic acid	GMP				
12.2	not assigned						
12.3	Vinegars and related products						
		Additives in Schedules 2 & 4 must not be present in vinegars and related products unless expressly permitted below					
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	100	mg/kg			
	300 301 302 303	Ascorbic acid and sodium, calcium and potassium ascorbates	100	mg/kg			
	315 316	Erythorbic acid and sodium erythorbate	100	mg/kg			
	-	Flavourings, (including permitted synthetic flavourings) but excluding quinine and caffeine					
12.4	not assigned						

12.5 Yeast and yeast products

INS Number	Additive Name	Max level	Applications		
	urs in Schedule 4 must not be present in yeas				
and	veast products unless expressly permitted belo	w			

dried yeast481 Sodium lactylates

duplication of permission already permitted in baked

goods etc.

12.6 Vegetable protein products

Colours in Schedule 4 must not be present in vegetable protein products

13 FOODS INTENDED FOR PARTICULAR DIETARY USES

13.1 Infant formula products

Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in infant formula products unless expressly permitted below

270	Lactic acid	GMP	
304	Ascorbyl palmitate	10	mg/L
306	Tocopherols concentrate mixed	10	mg/L
322	Lecithin	5000	mg/L
330	Citric acid	GMP	
331	Sodium citrate	GMP	
332	Potassium citrate	GMP	
410	Locust bean (carob bean) gum	1000	mg/L
412	Guar gum	1000	mg/L
471	Mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids	4000	mg/L
526	Calcium hydroxide	GMP	

soy-based infant formula

1412	Distarch phosphate	5000 <u>mg</u> /L
1413	Phosphated distarch phosphate	5000
1414	Acetylated distarch phosphate	5000 Clause 6 (1) applies
1440	Hydroxypropyl starch	5000 mg/L

liquid infant formula products

407	Carrageenan	300	mg/L

infant formula products for specific dietary use based on protein substitutes

407	Carrageenan	1000	mg/L
471	Mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids	5000	mg/L
472c	Citric and fatty acid esters of glycerol	9000	mg/L
472e	Diacetyltartaric and fatty acid esters of glycerol	400	mg/L
1412	Distarch phosphate	2500	mg/L
		0	
1413	Phosphated distarch phosphate	2500	
		0	
1414	Acetylated distarch phosphate	2500	Clause 6 (1) applies
		0	
1440	Hydroxypropyl starch	2500	mg/L
		0	

		SCHEDULE I			
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
13.2	Foods for infants				
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in foods for infants unless expressly permitted below			
	_	Ethyl vanillin	70	mg/kg	
	-	Vanillin	70	mg/kg	
	-	Flavourings, (excluding synthetic flavourings) but excluding quinine and caffeine	GMP	8,8	
	170i	Calcium carbonate	GMP		
	260 261 262 263 264	Acetic acid and its potassium, sodium, calcium and ammonium salts	5000	mg/kg	
	270 325 326 327 328	Lactic acid and its sodium, potassium, calcium and ammonium salts	2000	mg/kg	
	300 301 302 303	Ascorbic acid and its sodium, calcium and potassium salts	500	mg/kg	
	304	Ascorbyl palmitate	1000	mg/kg	
	306	Tocopherols, concentrate mixed	300	mg/kg o	of fat in total
	307	Tocopherols, d-alpha-, concentrate	300	Clause	6 (1) applies
	322	Lecithin	1500 0	mg/kg	
	330 331 332 333 380	Citric acid and sodium, potassium, calcium and ammonium citrates	GMP		
	407	Carrageenan	1000 0	mg/kg	
	410	Locust bean (carob bean) gum	1000 0	mg/kg	
	412	Guar gum	1000 0	mg/kg	
	414	Gum arabic (Acacia)	10	mg/kg	
	415	Xanthan gum	1000 0	mg/kg	
	440	Pectin	1000 0	mg/kg	
	471	Mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids	5000	mg/kg	
	500	Sodium carbonates	GMP		
	501	Potassium carbonate	GMP		
	503	Ammonium carbonates	GMP	_	
	1412	Acetylated distarch phosphate	500		
	1413	Phosphated distarch phosphate	500		
	1414	Distarch phosphate	500	mg/kg i	n total
	1422	Acetylated distarch adipate	500		
	1440	Hydroxypropyl starch	500		
13.3	Formula meal rep	placements and formulated supplementary foods*			
13.4	Formulated suppl	ementary sports foods* Amaranth	300	mg/kg	
	160b	Annatto extracts	100	mg/kg	
13.4.1		d supplementary sports foods*	100	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium, and calcium benzoates	400	mg/kg	
	220	Sulphur dioxide	115	mg/kg	
	280	Propionic acid	400	mg/kg	
	281	Sodium propionate	400	mg/kg	
	282	Calcium propionate	400	mg/kg	

*Additives in Schedules 2, 3, and 4 are permitted

	SCHEDULE 1							
	INS Number	INS Number Additive Name		x level	Applications			
13.4.2	Liquid formulate	d supplementary sports foods*						
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	400	mg/kg				
		sorbates						
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium, and calcium	400	mg/kg				
	220	benzoates Sulphur dioxide	115	ma/ka				
	220	Sulphul dioxide	113	mg/kg				
14	NON-ALCOH	OLIC AND ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES						
••	WOW TECOL	TOETO IN O MECONOLIC DE VERRIGES						
14.1	Non-alcoholic bev	verages						
14.1.1	Waters							
14.1.1.1	Mineral water							
		4 1 1 2 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 4 4 1						
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in mineral water unless expressly permitted below						
		mineral water unless expressity permitted betow						
	290	Carbon dioxide	GMP					
14.1.1.2	Carbonated, min	eralised and soda waters*						
14.1.2	Fruit and vegetal	ole juices and fruit and vegetable juice products						
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	400	mg/kg	GMP principle			
	200 201 202 203	sorbates	100	mg/kg	Givii principie			
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	400	mg/kg	precludes the use			
		benzoates			of preservatives			
	220 221 222 222	Cululum dismile and addismand make airon and hike	115	/1	in			
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	115	mg/kg	juices represented as not preserved			
	242	Dimethyl dicarbonate	250	mg/kg	by chemical or			
	281	Sodium propionate	GMP	88	heat treatment			
	282	Calcium propionate	GMP					
14.1.2.1	Fruit and vegetal	ole juices						
					1:			
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in fruit and vegetable juices unless expressly permitted			applies to fruit and vegetable			
		below			juices separated			
					by mechanical			
					means only			
	270	7	C) (D					
	270	Lactic acid Carbon dioxide	GMP					
	290 296	Malic acid	GMP GMP					
	330	Citric acid	GMP					
	334 335 336 337	Tartaric acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	GMP					
	353 354	tartrates						
		conut cream and coconut syrup						
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	1000	mg/kg				
	210 211 212 212	sorbates Penzaia and and addium, notassium and calaium	1000	m~/l-~				
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg				

	INC Number	SCHEDULE I INS Number Additive Name		w lovel	Annlications
	INS Number	Additive Name	IVI	x level	Applications
	tomato juices pH	< 4.5			
	234	Nisin	GMP		
14.1.2.2	Fruit and vegetal	ble juice products*			
	123	Amaranth	30	mg/kg	
	160b	Annatto extracts	10	mg/kg	
	950	Acesulphame potassium	500	mg/kg	
	956	Alitame	40	mg/kg	
	fruit drink	Calcium disodium EDTA	22		carbonated
	385	Calcium disodium EDTA	33	mg/kg	products only
	444	Sucrose acetate isobutrate	200	mg/kg	products only
	445	Glycerol esters of wood rosins	100	mg/kg	
	480	Dioctyl sodium sulphosuccinate	10	mg/kg	
		•			
	low joule fruit an	d vegetable products			
	950	Acesulphame potassium	3000	mg/kg	
	952	Cyclamates	400	mg/kg	
	954	Saccharin	80	mg/kg	
14.1.3	Water based flav		100	/1	1. 1
	-	Quinine	100	mg/kg	tonic drinks, bitter drinks and
					quinine drinks
					only
	123	Amaranth	30	mg/kg	•
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	400	mg/kg	
		sorbates			
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	400	mg/kg	
	220 221 222 223	benzoates	115		
	224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	115	mg/kg	
	242	Dimethyl dicarbonate	250	mg/kg	
	385	Calcium disodium EDTA	33	mg/kg	products
				0 0	containing fruit
					flavouring, juice
					or pulp or
					orange peel extract only
	444	Sucrose acetate isobutrate	200	mg/kg	extract only
	445	Glycerol esters of wood rosins	100	mg/kg	
	480	Dioctyl sodium sulphosuccinate	10	mg/kg	
	950	Acesulphame potassium	3000	mg/kg	
	952	Cyclamates	600	mg/kg	
	954	Saccharin	80	mg/kg	
	956	Alitame	40	mg/kg	
		and electrolyte drink base	150	m ~ /1	
	951	Aspartame	150	mg/kg	
	kola type drinks				
	-	Caffeine	145	mg/kg	
	338	Phosphoric acid	570	mg/kg	
		*		2 3	
14.1.3.1	Brewed soft drin	k*			
	950	Acesulphame potassium	1000	mg/kg	
	951	Aspartame	1000	mg/kg	

*Additives in Schedules 2, 3, and 4 are permitted

	1310 31	SCHEDULE 1			
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
	952	Cyclamates	400	mg/kg	Clause 4 limits
	954	Saccharin	50	mg/kg	
	955	Sucralose	250	mg/kg	do not apply
	956	Alitame	40	mg/kg	
	957	Thaumatin	GMP	_	
14.1.4	not assigned				
14.1.5	Coffee, coffee sub	ostitutes, tea, herbal infusions and similar products			
		Additives in Schedules 3&4 must not be present coffee, coffee substitutes, tea, herbal infusions and similar products			
	950	Acesulphame potassium	500	mg/kg	
14.2	Alcoholic bevera	ges (including no and low alcohol)			
14.2.1	Beer and related	products			
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in beer and related products unless expressly permitted below			
	150a	Caramel I - plain	GMP		
	150b	Caramel II - caustic sulphite process	GMP		
	150c	Caramel III - ammonia process	GMP		
	150d	Caramel IV - ammonia sulphite process	GMP		
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	25	mg/kg	
	234	Nisin	GMP		
	290	Carbon dioxide	GMP		
	300 301 302 303	Ascorbic acid and sodium, calcium and potassium ascorbates	GMP		
	315 316	Erythorbic acid and sodium erythorbate	GMP		
	405	Propylene glycol alginate	GMP		
	941	Nitrogen	GMP		
	-	Flavourings, (including permitted synthetic flavourings) but excluding quinine and caffeine	GMP		
14.2.2	Wine, sparkling	wine and fortified wine			
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in wine, sparkling wine and fortified wine unless expressly permitted below			
	150a	Caramel I – plain	GMP		
	150b	Caramel II – caustic sulphite process	GMP		
	150c	Caramel III – ammonia process	GMP		
	150d	Caramel IV – ammonia sulphite process	GMP		
	163ii	Grape skin extract	GMP		
	170	Calcium carbonates	GMP		
	181	Tannins	GMP		
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	200	mg/kg	
		sorbates			

200

mg/kg

Dimethyl dicarbonate

242

		SCHEDULE I			
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
	270	Lastic acid	CMD		
	270 290	Lactic acid Carbon dioxide	GMP GMP		
	296	Malic acid	GMP		
	297	Fumaric acid	GMP		
	300	Ascorbic acid	GMP		
	315		GMP		
		Erythorbic acid			
	330	Citric acid Tartaric acid	GMP		
	334 336	Potassium tartrate	GMP GMP		
	337	Potassium sodium tartrate	GMP		
	341		GMP		
	342	Calcium phosphates	GMP		
		Ammonium phosphates Metatartaric acid			
	353 431		GMP GMP		
	491	Polyoxyethylene (40) stearate Sorbitan monostearate	GMP		
		Sorbitan monostearate Sodium carbonates			
	500		GMP		
	501	Potassium carbonates	GMP		
	wing snoulding-	wing and fartified wing containing greater than 25 a/I	rosidua	Lengor	
	220 221 222 223	wine and fortified wine containing greater than 35 g/L Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	residua 400	_	
	224 225 228	Sulphul dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	400	mg/kg	
	224 223 220				
	wine snarkling v	vine and fortified wine containing less than 35 g/L resi	dual suo	ar	
	220 221 222 223	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	250	mg/kg	
	224 225 228	Sulphus die nue de diam and perdesiam sulphinos	-00		
14.2.3	Wine based drinl	ks and reduced alcohol wines*			
	_	Quinine	300	mg/kg	
	123	Amaranth	30	mg/kg	
	160b	Annatto extracts	10	mg/kg	
	175	Gold	100	mg/kg	
14.2.4	Fruit wine, veget	able wine and mead (including cider and perry)			
		Additives in Schedules 2,3&4 must not be present in			
		fruit wine, vegetable wine and mead (including cider			
		and perry) unless expressly permitted below			
	1500	Command I. mlain	1000	/1-	
	150a	Caramel II - plain	1000	mg/kg	
	150b	Caramel III - caustic sulphite process	1000	mg/kg	
	150c	Caramel III - ammonia process	1000	mg/kg	
	150d	Caramel IV - ammonia sulphite process	1000	mg/kg	
	170i	Calcium carbonate	GMP		
	181	Tannins	GMP	//	
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium	400	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 212	sorbates	400	m ~ /1	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	400	mg/kg	
	242	Dimethyl dicarbonate	200	mg/kg	
	260	Acetic acid, glacial	GMP	mg/kg	
	270	Lactic acid	GMP		
	290	Carbon dioxide			
			GMP		
	296	Malic acid	GMP		
	297	Fumaric acid	GMP		
	300	Ascorbic acid	GMP		
	315	Erythorbic acid	GMP		

	INC NL	SCHEDULE 1	1 F	vr loves 1	A12 42
	INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications
	330	Citric acid	GMP		
	334	Tartaric acid	GMP		
	336	Potassium tartrate	GMP		
	341	Calcium phosphates	GMP		
	342	Ammonium phosphates	GMP		
	353	Metatartaric acid	GMP		
	491	Sorbitan monostearate	GMP		
	500	Sodium carbonates	GMP		
	501	Potassium carbonates	GMP		
	503	Ammonium carbonates	GMP		
	516	Calcium sulphate	GMP		
	220 221 222 223	able wine and mead containing greater than 5 g/L resi Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	duai sug 300	g ar mg/kg	
	224 225 228				
	_	able wine and mead containing less than 5 g/L residua	_		
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	200	mg/kg	
4.2.4.1	Fruit and vegetab	ole wine products*			
14.2.5	Spirits and liqueu	irs*			
	123	Amaranth	30	mg/kg	
	160b	Annatto extracts	10	mg/kg	
	173	Aluminium	GMP	mg/Kg	
	174	Silver	GMP		
	175	Gold	GMP		
4.3	Mixed alcoholic d	lrinks not elsewhere classified*	200	И	
	-	Quinine	300	mg/kg	
	160b	Annatto extracts	10	mg/kg	
	200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	400	mg/kg	
	210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	400	mg/kg	
	220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	250	mg/kg	
	342	Ammonium phosphates	GMP		
20	MIXED FOOI	OS*			
20.1	Beverages*				
	160b	Annatto extracts	10	mg/kg	
	Foods other than	•			
	160b	Annatto extracts	25	mg/kg	
		ard powder, blanc mange powder and jelly			
	950	Acesulphame potassium	500	mg/kg	
	956	Alitame	100	mg/kg	
	dairy and fat base	ed desserts, dips and snacks			

	SCHEDULE I						
INS Number	Additive Name	Ma	x level	Applications			
200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	500	mg/kg				
210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	700	mg/kg				
234	Nisin	GMP					
475	Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids	5000	mg/kg				
476	Polyglycerol esters of interesterified ricinoleic acids	5000	mg/kg				
481	Sodium lactylates	GMP					
482	Calcium lactylates	GMP					
950	Acesulphame potassium	500	mg/kg				
956	Alitame	100	mg/kg				
sauces and topping	ngs (including mayonnaises and salad dressings)						
200 201 202 203	Sorbic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium sorbates	1000	mg/kg				
210 211 212 213	Benzoic acid and sodium, potassium and calcium benzoates	1000	mg/kg				
220 221 222 223 224 225 228	Sulphur dioxide and sodium and potassium sulphites	350	mg/kg				
234	Nisin	GMP					
281	Sodium propionate	GMP					
282	Calcium propionate	GMP					
385	Calcium disodium EDTA	75	mg/kg				
444	Sucrose acetate isobutrate	200	mg/kg				
445	Glycerol esters of wood rosins	100	mg/kg				
475	Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids	2000 0	mg/kg				
480	Dioctyl sodium sulphosuccinate	50	mg/kg				
950	Acesulphame potassium	3000	mg/kg				
952	Cyclamates	1000	mg/kg				
954	Saccharin	1500	mg/kg				
956	Alitame	300	mg/kg				
soup bases (made	e up as directed)						
950	Acesulphame potassium	3000	mg/kg				
954	Saccharin	1500	mg/kg				
956	Alitame	40	mg/kg				

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	F	Additive name
260	Acetic acid, glacial	
472a	Acetic and fatty acid	desters of alycerol
1422	Acetylated distarch	· .
1414	Acetylated distarch	-
1401	Acid treated starch	rr
355	Adipic acid	
406	Agar	
400	Alginic acid	
1402	Alkaline treated sta	rch
1100	Alpha-amylase	
559	Aluminium silicate	
470	Aluminium, calciur	n, sodium magnesium
		nonium salts of fatty acids
264	Ammonium acetate	•
403	Ammonium alginat	e
503	Ammonium carbon	
380	Ammonium citrates	3
368	Ammonium fumara	ate
328	Ammonium lactate	
349	Ammonium malate	
342	Ammonium phospl	nates
442	Ammonium salts of	phosphatidic acid
409	Arabinogalactan (la	rch gum)
300	Ascorbic acid	
951	Aspartame	(technological use consistent with Clause 4 only)
901	Beeswax, white & y	• .
558	Bentonite	che II
1403	Bleached starch	
263	Calcium acetate	
404	Calcium alginate	
556	Calcium aluminium	n silicate
302	Calcium ascorbate	
170	Calcium carbonates	
509	Calcium chloride	
333	Calcium citrate	
367	Calcium fumarate	
578	Calcium gluconate	
623	Calcium glutamate,	Di-L-
	-	

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Alphabetical Listing Additive name
F0.6	
526	Calcium hydroxide
327	Calcium lactate
352	Calcium malates
529	Calcium oxide
341	Calcium phosphates
552	Calcium silicate
516	Calcium sulphate
354	Calcium tartrate
290	Carbon dioxide
903	Carnauba wax
407	Carrageenan
460	Cellulose, microcrystalline and powdered
330	Citric acid
472c	Citric and fatty acid esters of glycerol
519	Cupric sulphate
1400	Dextrins, white & yellow, roasted starch
472e	Diacetyltartaric and fatty acid esters of glycerol
627	Disodium guanylate, 5'-
631	Disodium inosinate, 5'-
635	Disodium ribonucleotides, 5'-
1412	Distarch phosphate
1405	Enzyme treated starches
315	Erythorbic acid
381	Ferric ammonium citrate
579	Ferrous gluconate
-	Flavourings (including permitted synthetic
	flavourings) but excluding quinine and caffeine
297	Fumaric acid
418	Gellan gum
575	Glucono delta-lactone
1102	Glucose oxidase
422	Glycerin (glycerol)
412	Guar gum
414	Gum arabic (Acacia)
507	Hydrochloric acid
1442	Hydroxypropyl distarch phosphate
464	Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose
1440	Hydroxypropyl starch
953	Isomalt

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Alphabetical Listing Additive name
41.6	V
416	Karaya gum
620	L-glutamic acid
270	Lactic acid
472b	Lactic and fatty acid esters of glycerol
966	Lactitol
322	Lecithin
1104	Lipases
410	Locust bean (carob bean) gum
1105	Lysozyme
504	Magnesium carbonates
511	Magnesium chloride
625	Magnesium glutamate, Di-L-
329	Magnesium lactate
343	Magnesium phosphates
553	Magnesium silicates
518	Magnesium sulphate
296	Malic acid
965	Maltitol & maltitol syrup
421	Mannitol
353	Metatartaric acid
461	Methyl cellulose
465	Methyl ethylcellulose
471	Mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids
624	Monoammonium glutamate, L-
622	Monopotassium glutamate, L-
621	Monosodium glutamate, L-
1410	Monostarch phosphate
941	Nitrogen
942	Nitrous oxide
1404	Oxidised starch
440	Pectins
905b	Petrolatum (petroleum jelly)
1413	Phosphated distarch phosphate
1200	Polydextroses
900a	Polydimethylsiloxane
1521	Polyethylene glycol 8000
433	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate
435	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monostearate
436	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan tristearate

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INIC 1	Alphabetical Listing
INS number	Additive name
452	Polyphosphates
261	Potassium acetate
357	Potassium adipate (Salt reduced and low
001	sodium foods only)
402	Potassium alginate
303	Potassium ascorbate
501	Potassium carbonates
508	Potassium chloride
332	Potassium citrates
366	Potassium fumarate
577	Potassium gluconate
326	Potassium lactate
351	Potassium malates
340	Potassium phosphates
337	Potassium sodium tartrate
515	Potassium sulphate
336	Potassium tartrate
407a	Processed eucheuma seaweed
1520	Propylene glycol
405	Propylene glycol alginate
477	Propylene glycol esters of fatty acids
1101	Proteases
450	Pyrophosphates
904	Shellac
551	Silicon dioxide (amorphous)
262	Sodium acetates
401	Sodium alginate
554	Sodium aluminosilicate
301	Sodium ascorbate
500	Sodium carbonates
466	Sodium carboxymethylcellulose
331	Sodium citrates
316	Sodium erythorbate
365	Sodium fumarate
325	Sodium lactate
350	Sodium malates
339	Sodium phosphates
514	Sodium sulphate
335	Sodium tartrate

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name	
491	Sorbitan monostearate	
492	Sorbitan tristearate	
420	Sorbitol	
1420	Starch acetate (esterified with acetic anhydr	ide)
1450	Starch sodium octenylsuccinate	
570	Stearic acid	
955	Sucralose (technological use con	sistent
	with Clause 4 only)	
473	Sucrose esters of fatty acids	
334	Tartaric acid	
472f	Tartaric, acetic and fatty acid esters of glyce	rol
	(mixed)	
957	Thaumatin	
413	Tragacanth gum	
1518	Triacetin	
451	Triphosphates	
415	Xanthan gum	
967	Xylitol	
	•	

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

Numeric Listing	
INS number	Additive name
-	Flavourings (including permitted synthetic
4-0	flavourings) but excluding quinine and caffeine
170	Calcium carbonates
260	Acetic acid, glacial
261	Potassium acetate
262	Sodium acetates
263	Calcium acetate
264	Ammonium acetate
270	Lactic acid
290	Carbon dioxide
296	Malic acid
297	Fumaric acid
300	Ascorbic acid
301	Sodium ascorbate
302	Calcium ascorbate
303	Potassium ascorbate
315	Erythorbic acid
316	Sodium erythorbate
322	Lecithin
325	Sodium lactate
326	Potassium lactate
327	Calcium lactate
328	Ammonium lactate
329	Magnesium lactate
330	Citric acid
331	Sodium citrates
332	Potassium citrates
333	Calcium citrate
334	Tartaric acid
335	Sodium tartrate
336	Potassium tartrate
337	Potassium sodium tartrate
339	Sodium phosphates
340	Potassium phosphates
341	Calcium phosphates
342	Ammonium phosphates
343	Magnesium phosphates
349	Ammonium malate

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name	
250	C-diama malatas	
350	Sodium malates	
351	Potassium malates	
352	Calcium malates	
353	Metatartaric acid	
354	Calcium tartrate	
355	Adipic acid	
357	Potassium adipate (Salt reduced and low	
0.65	sodium foods only)	
365	Sodium fumarate	
366	Potassium fumarate	
367	Calcium fumarate	
368	Ammonium fumarate	
380	Ammonium citrates	
381	Ferric ammonium citrate	
400	Alginic acid	
401	Sodium alginate	
402	Potassium alginate	
403	Ammonium alginate	
404	Calcium alginate	
405	Propylene glycol alginate	
406	Agar	
407	Carrageenan	
407a	Processed eucheuma seaweed	
409	Arabinogalactan (larch gum)	
410	Locust bean (carob bean) gum	
412	Guar gum	
413	Tragacanth gum	
414	Gum arabic (Acacia)	
415	Xanthan gum	
416	Karaya gum	
418	Gellan gum	
420	Sorbitol	
421	Mannitol	
422	Glycerin (glycerol)	
433	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate	
435	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monostearate	
436	Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan tristearate	
440	Pectins	
442	Ammonium salts of phosphatidic acid	
	1 1	

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name	
450	Pyrophosphates	
451	Triphosphates	
452	Polyphosphates	
460	Cellulose, microcrystalline and powdered	
461	Methyl cellulose	
464	Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	
465	Methyl ethylcellulose	
466	Sodium carboxymethylcellulose	
470	Aluminium, calcium, sodium magnesium	
2, 0	potassium and ammonium salts of fatty acids	
471	Mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids	
472a	Acetic and fatty acid esters of glycerol	
472b	Lactic and fatty acid esters of glycerol	
472c	Citric and fatty acid esters of glycerol	
472e	Diacetyltartaric and fatty acid esters of glycerol	
472f	Tartaric, acetic and fatty acid esters of glycerol	
	(mixed)	
473	Sucrose esters of fatty acids	
477	Propylene glycol esters of fatty acids	
491	Sorbitan monostearate	
492	Sorbitan tristearate	
500	Sodium carbonates	
501	Potassium carbonates	
503	Ammonium carbonates	
504	Magnesium carbonates	
507	Hydrochloric acid	
508	Potassium chloride	
509	Calcium chloride	
511	Magnesium chloride	
514	Sodium sulphate	
515	Potassium sulphate	
516	Calcium sulphate	
518	Magnesium sulphate	
519	Cupric sulphate	
526	Calcium hydroxide	
529	Calcium oxide	
551	Silicon dioxide (amorphous)	
552	Calcium silicate	
553	Magnesium silicates	

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number		Additive name
554	Sodium aluminosili	cate
556	Calcium aluminium	n silicate
558	Bentonite	
559	Aluminium silicate	
570	Stearic acid	
575	Glucono delta-lacto	ne
577	Potassium gluconat	re
578	Calcium gluconate	
579	Ferrous gluconate	
620	L -glutamic acid	
621	Monosodium glutar	mate, L-
622	Monopotassium glu	ıtamate, L-
623	Calcium glutamate,	Di-L-
624	Monoammonium g	lutamate, L-
625	Magnesium glutam	ate, Di-L-
627	Disodium guanylat	e, 5'-
631	Disodium inosinate	, 5'-
635	Disodium ribonucle	eotides, 5'-
900a	Polydimethylsiloxa	ne
901	Beeswax, white & y	rellow
903	Carnauba wax	
904	Shellac	
905b	Petrolatum (petrole	um jelly)
941	Nitrogen	
942	Nitrous oxide	
951	Aspartame	(technological use consistent with Clause 4 only)
953	Isomalt	
955	Sucralose	(technological use consistent with Clause 4 only)
957	Thaumatin	,
965	Maltitol & maltitol	syrup
966	Lactitol	
967	Xylitol	
1100	Alpha-amylase	
1101	Proteases	
1102	Glucose oxidase	
1104	Lipases	
1105	Lysozyme	

Miscellaneous additives permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name
1200	Polydextroses
1400	Dextrins, white & yellow, roasted starch
1401	Acid treated starch
1402	Alkaline treated starch
1403	Bleached starch
1404	Oxidised starch
1405	Enzyme treated starches
1410	Monostarch phosphate
1412	Distarch phosphate
1413	Phosphated distarch phosphate
1414	Acetylated distarch phosphate
1420	Starch acetate (esterified with acetic anhydride)
1422	Acetylated distarch adipate
1440	Hydroxypropyl starch
1442	Hydroxypropyl distarch phosphate
1450	Starch sodium octenylsuccinate
1518	Triacetin
1520	Propylene glycol
1521	Polyethylene glycol 8000

Colours permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name	
100		
103	Alkanet (& Alkannin)	
163	Anthocyanins	
162	Beet Red	
150a	Caramel I - plain	
150b	Caramel II - caustic sulphite process	
150c	Caramel III - ammonia process	
150d	Caramel IV - ammonia sulphite process	
160e	Carotenal, b-apo-8'-	
160a	Carotenes	
160f	Carotenoic acid, b-apo-8'-, methyl or ethyl esters	
140	Chlorophylls	
141	Chlorophylls, copper complexes	
120	Cochineal and carmines	
100	Curcumins	
161a	Flavoxanthin	
172	Iron oxides	
161c	Kryptoxanthin	
161b	Lutein	
160d	Lycopene	
160c	Paprika oleoresins	
161f	Rhodoxanthin	
101	Riboflavins	
161d	Rubixanthan	
164	Saffron, crocetin and crocin	
171	Titanium dioxide	
153	Vegetable carbon	
161e	Violoxanthin	

Colours permitted in accordance with GMP in processed foods specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name	
100	Curcumins	
101	Riboflavins	
103	Alkanet (& Alkannin)	
120	Cochineal and carmines	
140	Chlorophylls	
141	Chlorophylls, copper complexes	
150a	Caramel I - plain	
150b	Caramel II - caustic sulphite process	
150c	Caramel III - ammonia process	
150d	Caramel IV - ammonia sulphite process	
153	Vegetable carbon	
160a	Carotenes	
160c	Paprika oleoresins	
160d	Lycopene	
160e	Carotenal, b-apo-8'-	
160f	Carotenoic acid, b-apo-8'-, methyl or ethyl esters	
161a	Flavoxanthin	
161b	Lutein	
161c	Kryptoxanthin	
161d	Rubixanthan	
161e	Violoxanthin	
161f	Rhodoxanthin	
162	Beet Red	
163	Anthocyanins	
164	Saffron, crocetin and crocin	
171	Titanium dioxide	
172	Iron oxides	

Colours permitted to a maximum level of 70mg/L in beverages and 290mg/kg in foods other than beverages specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name			
129	Allura red AC			
122	Azorubine / Carmoisine			
151	Brilliant black BN			
133	Brilliant blue FCF			
155	Brown HT			
143	Fast green FCF			
142	Green S			
132	Indigotine			
124	Ponceau 4R			
104	Quinoline yellow			
110	Sunset yellow FCF			
102	Tartrazine			

Colours permitted to a maximum level of 70mg/L in beverages and 290mg/kg in foods other than beverages specified in Schedule 1

INS number	Additive name			
102	Tartrazine			
104	Quinoline yellow			
110	Sunset yellow FCF			
122	Azorubine / Carmoisine			
124	Ponceau 4R			
129	Allura red AC			
132	Indigotine			
133	Brilliant blue FCF			
142	Green S			
143	Fast green FCF			
151	Brilliant black BN			
155	Brown HT			

Schedule 5 Technological functions which may be performed by food additives

Functional class	Definition	
	Deminion	
sub-classes		
Acidity regulator	alters or controls the acidity or alkalinity of a food	
acid, alkali, base, buffer, buffering agent, pH adjusting agent		
Anti-caking agent	reduces the tendency of individual food particles to adhere or improves flow characteristics	
anti-caking agent, anti-stick agent, drying agent, dusting powder	to deficite of improves now characteristics	
Antioxidant	retards or prevents the oxidative deterioration of a food	
antioxidant, antioxidant synergist		
Bulking agent	contributes to the volume of a food without contributing significantly to its available energy	
bulking agent, filler	3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3	
Colouring	adds or restores colour to foods	
Colour fixative	stabilises, retains or intensifies an existing colour of a food	
colour fixative, colour stabiliser	0.4.1004	
Emulsifier	facilitates the formation or maintenance of an emulsion between two or more immiscible	
emulsifier, emulsifying salt, plasticiser, dispersing agent, surface active agent, surfactant, wetting agent	phases	
Firming agent	contributes to firmness of food or interact with gelling agents to produce or strengthen a gel	
Flavour enhancer	enhances the existing taste and/or odour of a food	
flavour enhancer, flavour modifier, tenderiser		
Flavouring (excluding herbs and spices and intense sweeteners)	intense preparations which are added to foods to impart taste and/or odour, which are used in small amounts and are not intended to be consumed alone, but do not include herbs, spices and substances which have an exclusively sweet, sour or salt taste.	
Foaming agent	facilitates the formation of a homogeneous dispersion of a gaseous phase in a liquid or solid	
whipping agent, aerating agent	food	

Gelling agent	modifies food texture through gel formation
Glazing agent	imparts a coating to the external surface of a food
coating, sealing agent, polish	
Humectant	retards moisture loss from food or promotes the dissolution of a solid in an aqueous medium
moisture/water retention agent, wetting agent	·
Intense sweetener	replaces the sweetness normally provided by sugars in foods without contributing significantly to their available energy
Preservative	retards or prevents the deterioration of a food by micro organisms
anti-microbial preservative, anti-mycotic agent, bacteriophage control agent, chemosterilant, disinfection agent	
Propellant	gas, other than air, which expels a food from a container
Raising agent	liberates gas and thereby increase the volume of a food
Sequestrant	forms chemical complexes with metallic ions
Stabiliser	maintains the homogeneous dispersion of two or more immiscible substances in a food
binder, firming agent, water binding agent, foam stabiliser	
Thickener	increases the viscosity of a food
thickening agent, texturiser, bodying agent	

Standard 1.3.2

Vitamins and Minerals

Purpose

This Standard regulates the addition of vitamins and minerals to foods, and the claims which can be made about the vitamin and mineral content of foods, other than those special purpose foods standardised in Part 2.9, the addition of iodine to certain salt products in Standard 2.10.2, the addition of thiamin to flour for bread making in Standard 2.1.1, the addition of vitamin D to table edible oil spreads and margarine in Standard 2.4.2 and certain claims permitted elsewhere in this Code.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Prohibition on adding vitamins and minerals to food
- 3 Permitted addition of vitamins and minerals to food
- 4 Restrictions on claims in relation to vitamin and mineral content of food
- 5 Claims in relation to the vitamin and mineral content of foods listed in the Table to clause 3
- 6 Claims in relation to the vitamin and mineral content of food
- 7 Claim that a food is a good source of a vitamin or mineral
- 8 Calculation of maximum quantity of a vitamin or mineral which may be claimed in a reference quantity of a claimable food
- 9 Labelling of foods with respect to vitamin or mineral content

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

claimable food means a food which consists of at least 90% by weight of -

- (a) (i) primary foods; or
 - (ii) foods listed in the Table to clause 3; or
- (b) (i) a mixture of primary foods; and/or
 - (ii) water; and/or;
 - (iii) foods listed in the Table to clause 3 excluding butter, cream and cream products, edible oils, edible oil spreads and margarine.

primary food means fruit, vegetables, grains, legumes, meat, milk, eggs, nuts, seeds and fish.

reference quantity means -

- in relation to a food specified in the Table to clause 3, either the quantity specified in that Table for that food or, in relation to a food which requires dilution or reconstitution according to directions, the quantity of the food which when diluted or reconstituted produces the quantity specified in column 2 of the Table; or
- (b) in relation to all other claimable foods, either a normal serving or, in relation to a food which requires dilution, reconstitution, draining or preparation according to directions, the quantity of the food which when diluted, reconstituted, drained or prepared produces a normal serving.

2 Prohibition on adding vitamins and minerals to food

A vitamin or mineral must not be added to a food unless the -

- (a) addition of that vitamin or mineral is specifically permitted in this Code; and
- (b) vitamin or mineral is in a permitted form specified in the Schedule to Standard 1.1.1, unless stated otherwise in this Code.

3 Permitted addition of vitamins and minerals to food

A vitamin or mineral specified in column 3 of the Table to this clause may be added to a food specified in column 1 in relation to that vitamin or mineral, provided that the total of the naturally occurring and added quantity of that vitamin or mineral present in a reference quantity of the food, does not exceed the quantity specified in column 5 in relation to that vitamin or mineral.

Table to clause 3

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Food	Reference Quantity	Vitamins & Minerals That May Be Added	Maximum Claim Per Reference Quantity (proportion RDI)	Maximum Permitted Quantity of Vitamin or Mineral per Reference Quantity
Cereals and cereal products				
Biscuits containing not more than 200 g/kg fat and not more than 50 g/kg sugar	35g	thiamin riboflavin niacin vitamin B6 vitamin E folate iron magnesium zinc	0.55 mg (50%) 0.43 mg (25%) 2.5 mg (25%) 0.4 mg (25%) 2.5 mg (25%) 100 µg (50%) 3.0 mg (25%) 80 mg (25%) 1.8 mg (15%)	

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Food	Reference	Vitamins &	Maximum Claim Per	Maximum Permitted
	Quantity	Minerals That	Reference Quantity	Quantity of Vitamin or
		May Be Added	(proportion RDI)	Mineral per Reference
				Quantity
			(
White bread, brown	50g	thiamin	0.55 mg (50%)	
bread, wholemeal		riboflavin	0.43 mg (25%)	
bread, rye bread		niacin	2.5 mg (25%)	
		vitamin B ₆	0.4 mg (25%)	
		vitamin E	2.5 mg (25%)	
		folate	100 μg (50%)	
		iron .	3.0 mg (25%)	
		magnesium	80 mg (25%)	
		zinc	1.8 mg (15%)	
Breakfast cereals, as	a normal	carotene forms of	200 μg (25%)	
purchased	serving	vitamin A	200 μg (2370)	
parenasea	serving	thiamin	0.55 mg (50%)	
		riboflavin	0.43 mg (25%)	
		niacin	2.5 mg (25%)	
		vitamin B ₆	0.4 mg (25%)	
		vitamin C	10 mg (25%)	
		vitamin E	2.5 mg (25%)	
		folate	100 μg (50%)	
		calcium	200 mg (25%)	
		iron	3.0 mg (25%)	
		magnesium	80 mg (25%)	
		zinc	1.8 mg (15%)	
Cereal flours	35g	thiamin	0.55 mg (50%)	
		riboflavin	0.43 mg (25%)	
		niacin	2.5 mg (25%)	
		vitamin B ₆	0.4 mg (25%)	
		vitamin E	2.5 mg (25%)	
		folate	100 μg (50%)	
		iron	3.0 mg (25%)	
		magnesium	80 mg (25%)	
		zinc	1.8 mg (15%)	
D .			0.55 (500()	
Pasta	that	thiamin	0.55 mg (50%)	
	quantity	riboflavin	0.43 mg (25%)	
	which is	niacin	2.5 mg (25%)	
	equiv-	vitamin B ₆	0.4 mg (25%)	
	alent to	vitamin E	2.5 mg (25%)	
	35g of	folate	100 μg (50%)	
	uncooked	iron .	3.0 mg (25%)	
	dried	magnesium	80 mg (25%)	
	pasta	zinc	1.8 mg (15%)	
1]		

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Food	Reference	Vitamins &	Maximum Claim Per	Maximum Permitted
Food	Quantity	Minerals That	Reference Quantity	Level of Vitamin or
	Qualitity	May Be Added	(proportion RDI)	Mineral per Reference
		May Be Added	(proportion KD1)	Quantity
Dairy products				Quantity
Dany products				
Dried milks	200mL	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
		riboflavin	0.4 mg (25%)	120 #8
		vitamin D	2.5 µg (25%)	3.0 µg
		calcium	400 mg (50%)	
Modified milks	200mL	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
and skim milk		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
		calcium	400 mg (50%)	
Cheese and cheese	25g	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
products		calcium	200 mg (25%)	
		phosphorus	150 mg (15%)	
		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
	4.50		(1.50)	
Yoghurts (with or	150g	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
without other		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
foods)		calcium	320 mg (40%)	
Daimy dagaanta	150~	vitamin A	110 (150/)	125
Dairy desserts	150g	vitamin A	110 µg (15%)	125 μg
containing no less than 3.1% m/m milk		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
		calcium	320 mg (40%)	
protein				
Ice cream and ice	75g	calcium	200 mg (25%)	
confections containing no	7.5g	Calcium	200 mg (2370)	
less than 3.1% m/m milk				
protein				
protein				
Cream and cream	30mL	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
products containing no	Johne	VIGUIIIII I I	110 μg (1370)	123 μβ
more than 40% m/m				
milkfat				
Butter	10g	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
		vitamin D	1.0 µg (10%)	1.6 µg
			,	
Edible oils and spreads				
Edible oil spreads and	10g	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
margarine:		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
,		· · ·	2.5 (2.52()	
- containing no more than		vitamin E	3.5 mg (35%)	
28 % total saturated fatty				
acids and trans fatty acids				
Comfloron oil 1	100	vitamin F	7.0 == (700/)	
Sunflower oil and safflower oil	10g	vitamin E	7.0 mg (70%)	
- other edible oils -			2.0 mg (200/)	
			3.0 mg (30%)	
containing no more than 28 % total saturated fatty				
acids and trans fatty acids				
acius anu trans fatty acius	I .			<u> </u>

		ne to clause 3 (C	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Food	Reference	Vitamins &	Maximum Claim Per	Maximum Permitted
	Quantity	Minerals That	Reference Quantity	Level of Vitamin or
		May Be Added	(proportion RDI)	Mineral per Reference
Extracts				Quantity
Extracts				
Extracts of meat,	5g	thiamin	0.55 mg (50%)	
vegetables or yeast		riboflavin	0.43 mg (25%)	
(including modified		niacin	2.5 mg (25%)	
yeast) and foods		vitamin B ₆	0.4 mg (25%)	
containing no less		vitamin B ₁₂	0.5 μg (25%)	
than 800 g/kg of		folate	100 μg (50%)	
extracts of meat,		iron	1.8 mg (15%)	
vegetables or yeast				
(including modified				
yeast)				
Fruit juice, vegetable				
juice, fruit drink and				
fruit cordial				
Fruit juice,	200mL	folate	100 μg (50%)	
reconstituted fruit				
juice, concentrated				
fruit juice: - Blackcurrant		vitamin C	500 mg (12.5 times)	
- Guava		Vitallilli	500 mg (12.5 times) 400 mg (10 times)	
- Other fruit juice			120 mg (3 times)	
- Mango		carotene forms of	800 μg (1.1 times)	
		vitamin A	, ,	
- Pawpaw			300 μg (40%)	
- Other fruit juice			200 μg (25%)	
Tamata iniaa	200mL	vitamin C	60 mg (1.5 times)	
Tomato juice, concentrated tomato	200111L	carotene forms	60 mg (1.5 times) 200 μg (25%)	
juice		of vitamin A	200 μg (2370)	
J		folate	100 μg (50%)	
			, , ,	
Vegetable juice	200mL	vitamin C	60 mg (1.5 times)	
		carotene forms	200 μg (25%)	
		of vitamin A folate	100 μg (50%)	
		Totale	100 μg (30/6)	
Fruit drinks containing	200mL	folate	refer to clause 8	
at least 250 mL/L of		vitamin C	refer to clause 8	
the juice, puree or		carotene forms of	refer to clause 8	
comminution of the fruit;		vitamin A		
fruit drink concentrate				
which contains in a				
reference quantity at least				
250 mL/L of the juice, puree or comminution of				
the fruit				
Fruit cordial, fruit cordial	200mL	vitamin C	refer to clause 8	
base				

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Food	Reference	Vitamins &	Maximum Claim Per	Maximum Permitted
roou	Quantity	Minerals That	Reference Quantity	Level of Vitamin or
	Quantity	May Be Added	(proportion RDI)	Mineral per Reference
		May Be Hadea	(proportion KD1)	Quantity
Analogues derived from				,
legumes				
Beverages	200mL	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
containing no less		thiamin	no claim permitted	0.10 mg
than 3 % m/m protein		riboflavin	0.43 mg (25%)	0.12
derived from legumes		vitamin B ₆	no claim permitted	0.12 mg
		vitamin B ₁₂	0.8 μg (40%)	
		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
		folate calcium	no claim permitted	12 μg
		magnesium	240 mg (30%) no claim permitted	22 mg
		phosphorus	200 mg (20%)	22 mg
		zinc	no claim permitted	0.8 mg
		iodine	15 μg (10%)	0.0 mg
			10 pro (1070)	
Analogues of meat,	100g	thiamin	0.16 mg (15%)	
where no less than 12%		riboflavin	0.26 mg (15%)	
of the energy value of		niacin	5.0 mg (50%)	
the food is derived		vitamin B ₆	0.5 mg (30%)	
from protein, and the		vitamin B ₁₂	2.0 µg (100%)	
food contains 5 g		folate	no claim permitted	10 μg
protein per serve of the		iron	3.5 mg (30%)	
food		magnesium	no claim permitted	26 mg
		zinc	4.4 mg (35%)	
Analogues of	150g	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
yoghurt and dairy	1508	thiamin	no claim permitted	0.08 mg
desserts containing		riboflavin	0.43 mg (25%)	8
no less than 3.1% m/m		vitamin B ₆	no claim permitted	0.11 mg
protein derived		vitamin B ₁₂	0.3 μg (15%)	
from legumes		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
E		folate	20 μg (10%)	1.5
		calcium	320 mg (40%)	
		magnesium	no claim permitted	22 mg
		phosphorus	200 mg (20%)	
		zinc	no claim permitted	0.7 mg
Analogues of	75.0	iodine vitamin A	15 μg (10%)	125 μα
ice cream containing	75g	riboflavin	110 μg (15%) 0.26 mg (15%)	125 μg
no less than 3.1% m/m		vitamin B ₁₂	0.20 mg (15%) 0.2 μg (10%)	
protein derived		calcium	200 mg (25%)	
from legumes		phosphorus	no claim permitted	80 mg
		r-ioopiioi ab	Permitted	
Analogues of	25g	vitamin A	110 μg (15%)	125 μg
cheese containing	-	riboflavin	0.17 mg (10%)	
no less than 15% m/m		vitamin B ₁₂	0.3 μg (15%)	
protein derived		vitamin D	1.0 μg (10%)	1.6 μg
from legumes		calcium	200 mg (25%)	
		phosphorus	150 mg (15%)	
		zinc	no claim permitted	1.0 mg
		iodine	no claim permitted	10 μg

4 Restrictions on claims in relation to vitamin and mineral content of food

A claim must not be made in relation to a food -

- (a) that a vitamin or mineral is present in the food unless the claim is permitted in this Code; or
- (b) comparing, whether expressed or implied, the vitamin or mineral content of the food with that of any other food except where expressly permitted in this Code; or
- (c) that a vitamin or mineral is present in the food if such a claim is prohibited elsewhere in this Code.

5 Claims in relation to the vitamin and mineral content of foods listed in the Table to clause 3

A claim must not be made that a food listed in column 1 of the Table to clause 3 to which a vitamin or mineral has been added, contains in a reference quantity of the food, that vitamin or mineral, both added and naturally present, in greater proportion than that specified in column 4.

6 Claims in relation to the vitamin and mineral content of food

A claim may be made in relation to the presence of a vitamin or mineral in a food if -

- (a) the claim is specifically permitted elsewhere in the Code; or
- (b) (i) the vitamin or mineral is listed in column 1 of the Schedule to Standard
 - 1.1.1; and
 - (ii) the food is a claimable food; and
 - (iii) a reference quantity of the food contains at least 10% of the RDI or ESADDI, for that vitamin or mineral.

7 Claim that a food is a good source of a vitamin or mineral

A claim to the effect that a food is a good source of a vitamin or mineral may be made if a reference quantity of the food contains no less than 25% of the RDI or ESADDI for that vitamin or mineral.

8 Calculation of maximum quantity of a vitamin or mineral which may be claimed in a reference quantity of a claimable food

(1) Where a claimable food contains more than one ingredient, the maximum claim permitted in relation to a vitamin or mineral present in a reference quantity of the claimable food, is calculated by adding together the quantity calculated for each ingredient in accordance with the formula set out in subclause (2), rounding to the nearest multiple of 5.

- (2) In this subclause -
 - **A** means the quantity of a vitamin or mineral permitted to be claimed in relation to each ingredient calculated in accordance with the formula.

B means, whichever is the lesser of the -

- (a) quantity of the vitamin or mineral present in a reference quantity of the ingredient; or
- (b) maximum permitted claim for the vitamin or mineral in a reference quantity of the ingredient.

C means the proportion of the ingredient in the food.

D means the reference quantity of the claimable food.

E means the reference quantity of the ingredient.

Formula:

 $A = B \times C \times D_F$ (rounded to the nearest multiple of 5)

Editorial note:

EXAMPLE CALCULATION

Vitamin C claim for an apple and blackcurrant fruit drink (42% juice, apple 40%, blackcurrant 2%) in a reference quantity of 200 mL:

(a) Apple juice: 120 mg (maximum claim) x 40/100 (proportion of juice in final product) = 48 mg

Blackcurrant juice: 500 mg (maximum claim) x 2/100 (proportion of juice in final product) = 10 mg

- (b) 48 mg + 10 mg = 58 mg
- (c) Maximum claim for the food is 60 mg (result rounded to nearest multiple of 5 mg)

9 Labelling of foods with respect to vitamin or mineral content

- (1) Where a claim is made in relation to the presence of a vitamin or mineral in a food, the label must include a statement containing the following information -
 - (a) the serving size of the food; and
 - (b) the number of servings per package of the food; and
 - (c) the vitamin or mineral in respect of which the claim is made; and
 - (d) the average quantity of the vitamin or mineral in 100 g or 100 mL of the food as the case may be; and
 - (e) (i) the proportion of the RDI, of that vitamin or mineral contributed by one serving of the food; or
 - (ii) the average quantity of the vitamin or mineral for which an ESADDI has been prescribed in the Schedule to Standard 1.1.1 in a serving of the food.

g				
5				
,				
20% 4.0 mg N/A 2 mg				
* Recommended dietary intake'				
OR				
% of the				
(b) 'One 50 mL serving of Anzfood contains 25% of the recommended dietary intake of vitamin C. 100 mL of				
Anzfood contains not less than 20 mg of vitamin C. 20				
servings per pack'.				

- (2) The statements required by paragraph (1)(d) and subparagraph 1(e), may be an entry in a nutrition information panel for the vitamin or mineral, provided the average quantity of the vitamin or mineral in a serving of the food is also specified.
- (3) The statement required by subparagraph (1)(e)(ii) may be an entry in a nutrition information panel.

EXAMPLE

NUTRITIO	ON INFORMATION	
Servings per package: 20		
Serving size: 50 mL		
	Quantity per Serving	Quantity per 100g (or 100 mL)
Energy	86 kJ	172 kJ
Protein	LESS THAN 1 g	LESS THAN 1 g
Fat	LESS THAN 1 g	LESS THAN 1 g
Carbohydrate	5 g	10 g
Sodium	LESS THAN 5 mg	LESS THAN 5 mg
Vitamin C	10 mg (25% RDI)	20 mg
Manganese	1 mg	2 mg

Standard 1.3.3

Processing Aids

Purpose

This Standard regulates the use of processing aids in food manufacture, prohibiting their use in food unless there is a specific permission within this Standard.

Standard 1.3.1 regulates the use of food additives.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 General prohibition on the use of processing aids
- 3 Generally permitted processing aids
- 4 Permitted antifoam agents
- 5 Permitted catalysts
- 6 Permitted decolourants, clarifying and filtration agents
- 7 Permitted desiccating preparations
- 8 Permitted ion exchange resins
- 9 Permitted lubricants, release and anti-stick agents
- 10 Permitted carriers, solvents and diluents
- Permitted processing aids used in packaged water and in water used as an ingredient in other foods
- 12 Permitted bleaching agents, washing and peeling agents
- 13 Permitted extraction solvents
- 14 Permitted processing aids with miscellaneous functions
- 15 Permitted enzymes of animal origin
- 16 Permitted enzymes of plant origin
- 17 Permitted enzymes of microbial origin
- Permitted microbial nutrients and microbial nutrient adjuncts

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard-

EC [number] (Enzyme Commission number) means the number which the Enzyme Commission uses to classify the principal enzyme activity.

GMP means Good Manufacturing Practice.

maximum permitted level means the maximum amount of the processing aid which may be present in the food as specified in the Schedule.

processing aid means a substance listed in clauses 3 to 18, where –

- (a) the substance is used in the processing of raw materials, foods or ingredients, to fulfil a technological purpose relating to treatment or processing, but does not perform a technological function in the final food; and
- (b) the substance is used in the course of manufacture of a food at the lowest level necessary to achieve a function in the processing of that food, irrespective of any maximum permitted level specified.

2 General prohibition on the use of processing aids

Unless expressly permitted in this Standard, processing aids must not be added to food.

3 Generally permitted processing aids

The following processing aids may be used in the course of manufacture of any food at a level necessary to achieve a function in the processing of that food –

- (a) foods, including water; and
- (b) food additives listed in Schedule 2 of Standard 1.3.1; and
- (c) a processing aid specified in the Table to this clause.

Table to clause 3

Aluminium stearate Ammonia Ammonium chloride Ammonium hydroxide Bone phosphate Calcium stearate Carbon monoxide Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Tuble to clause c
Ammonia Ammonium chloride Ammonium hydroxide Bone phosphate Calcium stearate Carbon monoxide Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Activated carbon
Ammonium chloride Ammonium hydroxide Bone phosphate Calcium stearate Carbon monoxide Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Aluminium stearate
Ammonium hydroxide Bone phosphate Calcium stearate Carbon monoxide Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Ammonia
Bone phosphate Calcium stearate Carbon monoxide Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Ammonium chloride
Calcium stearate Carbon monoxide Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Ammonium hydroxide
Carbon monoxide Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Bone phosphate
Diatomaceous earth Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Calcium stearate
Ethoxylated fatty alcohols Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Carbon monoxide
Ethyl alcohol Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Diatomaceous earth
Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Ethoxylated fatty alcohols
Furcellaran Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Ethyl alcohol
Hydrogenated glucose syrups Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Fatty acid polyalkylene glycol ester
Isopropyl alcohol Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Furcellaran
Kaolin Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Hydrogenated glucose syrups
Magnesium hydroxide Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Isopropyl alcohol
Magnesium stearate Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	
Oleic acid Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Magnesium hydroxide
Oleyl oleate Oxygen Perlite	Magnesium stearate
Oxygen Perlite	Oleic acid
Perlite	Oleyl oleate
	Oxygen
DI 1 1 1 1 1	Perlite
Phospholipids	Phospholipids
Phosphoric acid	Phosphoric acid

Polyethylene glycols
Polyglycerol esters of fatty acids
Polyglycerol esters of interesterified
ricinoleic acid
Polyoxyethylene 40 monostearate
Polypropylene glycol alginate
Potassium hydrogen tartrate
Potassium hydroxide
Potassium oleate
Potassium stearate
Silicates
Sodium ethoxide
Sodium hydroxide
Sodium lauryl sulphate
Sodium methoxide
Sulphuric acid
Tannic acid
White mineral oil

Editorial note:

'Silicates' include, but are not limited to, calcium aluminium silicate, calcium silicate, magnesium silicate, sodium aluminosilicate, sodium calcium polyphosphate silicate, sodium hexafluorosilicate, sodium metasilicate and sodium silicate.

4 Permitted antifoam agents

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as an antifoam agent in the course of manufacture of any food provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 4

Substance	Maximum permitted level (mg/kg)
Butanol	10
Dimethylpolysiloxane	10
Methylphenylpolysiloxane	10
Oxystearin	GMP
Polyethylene glycol dioleate	GMP
Polyethylene/ polypropylene glycol	GMP
copolymers	
Polysorbate 60	GMP
Polysorbate 65	GMP
Polysorbate 80	GMP
Soap	GMP
Sorbitan monolaurate	1
Sorbitan monooleate	1

5 Permitted catalysts

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as a catalyst in the course of manufacture of any food provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 5

Substance	Maximum permitted level (mg/kg)
Chromium	0.1
Copper	0.1
Molybdenum	0.1
Nickel	1.0
Peracetic acid	0.7
Potassium ethoxide	1.0
Potassium (metal)	GMP
Sodium (metal)	GMP

6 Permitted decolourants, clarifying and filtration agents

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as decolourants, clarifying and filtration agents in the course of manufacture of any food provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 6

Substance	Maximum
	permitted level
	(mg/kg)
Acid clays of montmorillonite	GMP
Chloromethylated aminated	GMP
styrene-divinylbenzene resin	
Copper sulphate	GMP
Dimethylamine-epichlorohydrin	150
copolymer	
Dimethyldialkylammonium chloride	GMP
Divinylbenzene copolymer	GMP
High density polyethylene co-extruded	GMP
with kaolin	
Iron oxide	GMP
Fish collagen, including Isinglass	GMP
Magnesium oxide	GMP
Modified polyacrylamide resins	GMP
Nylon	GMP
Phytates (including phytic acid,	GMP
magnesium phytate & calcium	
phytate)	
Polyester resins, cross-linked	GMP
Polyethylene	GMP
Polypropylene	GMP

Polyvinyl polypyrrolidone	100
Potassium ferrocyanide	0.1

7 Permitted desiccating preparations

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as desiccating preparations in the course of manufacture of any food provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 7

Substance	Maximum
	permitted level
	(mg/kg)
Aluminium sulphate	GMP
Ethyl esters of fatty acids	GMP
Short chain triglycerides	GMP
Sodium stearoyl lactylate	GMP

8 Permitted ion exchange resins

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as an ion exchange resin in the course of manufacture of any food provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 8

Substance	Maximum permitted level (mg/kg)
Completely hydrolysed copolymers of methyl acrylate and divinylbenzene	GMP
Completely hydrolysed terpolymers of methyl acrylate, divinylbenzene and acrylonitrile	GMP
Cross-linked phenol-formaldehyde activated with one or both of the following: triethylene tetramine and tetraethylenepentamine	GMP
Cross-linked polystyrene, chloromethylated, then aminated with trimethylamine, dimethylamine, diethylenetriamine, or dimethylethanolamine	GMP
Diethylenetriamine, triethylene- tetramine, or tetraethylenepentamin cross-linked with epichlorohydrin	GMP
Divinylbenzene copolymer	GMP
Epichlorohydrin cross-linked with ammonia	GMP

D : 11	C) ID
Epichlorohydrin cross-linked with	GMP
ammonia and then quaternised with	
methyl chloride to contain not more	
than 18% strong base capacity by	
weight of total exchange capacity	
Hydrolysed copolymer of methyl	GMP
acrylate and divinylbenzene	
Methacrylic acid-divinylbenzene	GMP
copolymer	
Methyl acrylate-divinylbenzene	GMP
copolymer containing not less than	
2% by weight of divinylbenzene,	
aminolysed with dimethylaminopro-	
pylamine	
Methyl acrylate-divinylbenzene	GMP
copolymer containing not less than	<u></u>
3.5% by weight of divinylbenzene,	
aminolysed with dimethylaminopro-	
pylamine	
Methyl acrylate-divinylbenzene-	GMP
diethylene glycol divinyl ether	OlvII
1	
terpolymer containing not less than	
3.5% by weight divinylbenzene and	
not more than 0.6% by weight of	
diethylene glycol divinyl ether,	
aminolysed with	
dimethaminopropylamine	
Methyl acrylate-divinylbenzene-	GMP
diethylene glycol divinyl ether	
terpolymer containing not less than	
7% by weight divinylbenzene and not	
more than 2.3% by weight of	
diethylene glycol divinyl ether,	
aminolysed with	
dimethaminopropylamine and	
quaternized with methyl chloride	
Reaction resin of formaldehyde,	GMP
acetone, and tetraethylenepentamine	
Regenerated cellulose, cross-linked	GMP
and alkylated with epichlorohydrin	
and propylene oxide, then	
sulphonated, whereby the amount of	
epichlorohydrin plus propylene oxide	
employed does not exceed 250% of	
the starting quantity of cellulose	
and starting quantity of contaiose	

Styrene-divinylbenzene cross-linked coploymer, chloromethylated then aminated with dimethylamine and oxidised with hydrogen peroxide whereby the resin contains not more than 15% of vinyl N,N- dimethylbenzylamine-N-oxide and not more than 6.5% of nitrogen Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenol- formaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of acrylonitrile and methyl acrylate		
aminated with dimethylamine and oxidised with hydrogen peroxide whereby the resin contains not more than 15% of vinyl N,N-dimethylbenzylamine-N-oxide and not more than 6.5% of nitrogen Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenolformaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	Styrene-divinylbenzene cross-linked	GMP
oxidised with hydrogen peroxide whereby the resin contains not more than 15% of vinyl N,N- dimethylbenzylamine-N-oxide and not more than 6.5% of nitrogen Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenol- formaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	coploymer, chloromethylated then	
whereby the resin contains not more than 15% of vinyl N,N- dimethylbenzylamine-N-oxide and not more than 6.5% of nitrogen Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenol- formaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	aminated with dimethylamine and	
than 15% of vinyl N,N- dimethylbenzylamine-N-oxide and not more than 6.5% of nitrogen Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenol- formaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	oxidised with hydrogen peroxide	
dimethylbenzylamine-N-oxide and not more than 6.5% of nitrogen Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenolformaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	whereby the resin contains not more	
not more than 6.5% of nitrogen Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenolformaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	than 15% of vinyl N,N-	
Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenol- formaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	dimethylbenzylamine-N-oxide and	
formaldehyde, with modification resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	not more than 6.5% of nitrogen	
resulting in sulphonic acid groups on side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal GMP Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	Sulphite-modified cross-linked phenol-	GMP
side chains Sulphonated anthracite coal Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	formaldehyde, with modification	
Sulphonated anthracite coal Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	resulting in sulphonic acid groups on	
Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	side chains	
divinylbenzene Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	Sulphonated anthracite coal	GMP
Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and	GMP
divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	divinylbenzene	
methyl acrylate Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene,	GMP
Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	divinylbenzene, and acrylonitrile or	
divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	methyl acrylate	
methyl acrylate derived from a mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	Sulphonated tetrapolymer of styrene,	GMP
mixture of monomers containing not more than a total of 2% be weight of	divinylbenzene, acrylonitrile, and	
more than a total of 2% be weight of	methyl acrylate derived from a	
	mixture of monomers containing not	
acrylonitrile and methyl acrylate	more than a total of 2% be weight of	
	acrylonitrile and methyl acrylate	

9 Permitted lubricants, release and anti-stick agents

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as lubricants, release and antistick agents in the course of manufacture of any food provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 9

Substance	Maximum permitted level (mg/kg)
Acetylated mono- and diglycerides	100
Mineral oil based greases	GMP
Polysorbate 60	GMP
Sodium stearoyl lactate	GMP
Talc	GMP
Thermally oxidised soya-bean oil	320

10 Permitted carriers, solvents and diluents

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as carriers, solvents and diluents in the course of manufacture of any food provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 10

Substance	Maximum permitted level (mg/kg)
Anhydrous sodium sulphate	GMP
Benzyl alcohol	500
Croscarmellose sodium	GMP
Ethyl acetate	GMP
Ethyl alcohol	GMP
Glycerol diacetate	GMP
Glyceryl monoacetate	GMP
Glycine	GMP
Isopropyl alcohol	1000
L-Leucine	GMP
Talc	GMP
Triethyl citrate	GMP

Permitted processing aids used in packaged water and in water used as an ingredient in other foods

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used in the course of manufacture of packaged water and in water used as an ingredient in other foods provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 11

Tuble to charge 11		
Substance	Maximum	
	permitted level	
	(mg/kg)	
Aluminium sulphate	GMP	
Ammonium sulphate	GMP	
Calcium hypochlorite	10 (available	
	chlorine)	
Calcium sodium polyphosphate	GMP	
Chlorine	10 (available	
	chlorine)	
Chlorine dioxide	10 (available	
	chlorine)	
Cobalt sulphate	GMP	
Copper sulphate	GMP	
Cross-linked phenol-formaldehyde activated	GMP	
with one or both of triethylenetetramine or		
tetraethylenepentamine		
Cross-linked polystyrene, first		
chloromethylated then aminated with		
trimethylamine, dimethylamine,		
diethylenetriamine or dimethylethanolamine	GMP	

Diethylenetriamine, triethylenetetramine or	
tetraethylenepentamine cross-linked with	
epichlorohydrin	GMP
Ferric chloride	GMP
Ferric sulphate	GMP
Ferrous sulphate	GMP
Hydrofluorosilic acid (fluorosilic acid)	GMP
Hydrolyzed copolymers of methyl acrylate	93:12
and divinylbenzene	GMP
Hydrolyzed terpolymers of methyl acrylate,	
divinylbenzene and acrylonitrile	GMP
Hydrogen peroxide	5
1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid	GMP
Lignosulphonic acid	GMP
Magnetite	GMP
Maleic acid polymers	GMP
Methyl acrylate-divinylbenzene copolymer	
containing not less than 2% divinylbenzene	
aminolysed with dimethylaminopropylamine	GMP
Methacrylic acid-divinylbenzene copolymer	GMP
Methyl acrylate-divinylbenzene-diethylene	
glycol divinyl ether terpolymer containing	
not less than 3.5% divinylbenzene and not	
more than 0.6% diethylene glycol divinyl	
ether, aminolysed with	
dimethylaminopropylamine	GMP
Modified polyacrylamide resins	GMP
Monobutyl ethers of polyethylene-	
polypropylene glycol	GMP
Ozone	GMP
Phosphorus acid	GMP
Polyaluminium chloride	GMP
Polydimethyldiallyl ammonium chloride	GMP
Polyelectrolytes (acrylamide monomers)	GMP
Polyoxypropylene glycol	GMP
Potassium permanganate	GMP
Reaction resin of formaldehyde, acetone and	
tetraethylenepentamine	GMP
Regenerated cellulose, cross-linked and	
alkylated with epichlorohydrin and	
propylene oxide	GMP
Silver ions	0.01
Sodium aluminate	GMP
Sodium fluoride	GMP
Sodium fluosilicate (Sodium silicofluoride)	GMP
Sodium fumate	GMP
Sodium glucoheptonate	1
	(measured as
	cyanide)

Sodium gluconate	GMP
Sodium hypochlorite	10 (available
	chlorine)
Sodium lignosulphonate	GMP
Sodium metabisulphite	GMP
Sodium nitrate	GMP
Sodium polymethacrylate	2.5
Sodium sulphite (neutral or alkaline)	GMP
Styrene-divinylbenzene cross-linked copolymer	GMP
Sulphonated copolymer of styrene and divinylbenzene	GMP
Sulphonated terpolymers of styrene, divinylbenzene acrylonitrile and methyl	
acrylate	GMP
Sulphite modified cross-linked phenol- formaldehyde	GMP
Tannin powder extract	GMP
Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	GMP
Zinc sulphate	GMP

12. Permitted bleaching agents, washing and peeling agents

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as bleaching agents, washing and peeling agents in the course of manufacture of the corresponding foods specified in the Table provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 12

Table to clause 12		
Substance	Food	Maximum permitted
		level (mg/kg)
Benzoyl peroxide	All foods	40 (measured as benzoic
		acid)
Calcium hypochlorite	All foods	1.0 (available chlorine)
Chlorine	All foods	1.0 (available chlorine)
Chlorine dioxide	All foods	1.0 (available chlorine)
Diammonium hydrogen	All foods	GMP
orthophosphate		
2-Ethylhexyl sodium sulphate	All foods	0.7
Hydrogen peroxide	All foods	5
Oxides of nitrogen	All foods	GMP
Ozone	All foods	GMP
Peracetic acid	All foods	GMP
Sodium chlorite	All foods	1.0 (available chlorine)
Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate	All foods	0.7
Sodium hypochlorite	All foods	1.0 (available chlorine)
Sodium laurate	All foods	GMP
Sodium metabisulphite	Root and tuber	25
	vegetables	

Sodium peroxide	All foods	5
Sodium persulphate	All foods	GMP
Triethanolamine	Dried vine fruit	GMP

13 Permitted extraction solvents

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as extraction solvents in the course of manufacture of the corresponding foods specified in the Table provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 13

Table to clause 13		
Substance	Food	Maximum
		permitted level
		(mg/kg)
Acetone	Flavourings	2
	Other foods	0.1
Benzyl alcohol	All foods	GMP
Butane	Flavourings	1
	Other foods	0.1
Butanol	All foods	10
Cyclohexane	All foods	1
Dibutyl ether	All foods	2
Diethyl ether	All foods	2
Ethyl acetate	All foods	10
Glyceryl triacetate	All foods	GMP
Hexanes	All foods	20
Isobutane	Flavourings	1
	Other foods	0.1
Methanol	All foods	5
Methylene chloride	Decaffeinated coffee	2
	Decaffeinated tea	2
	Flavourings	2
Methylethyl ketone	All foods	2
Propane	All foods	1
Toluene	All foods	1
Trichloroethylene	All foods	2

14 Permitted processing aids with miscellaneous functions

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used for the corresponding function specified in the Table, provided the final food contains no more than the corresponding maximum permitted level specified in the Table.

Table to clause 14

Substance	Function Function	Maximum permitted level (mg/kg)
Ammonium persulphate	Yeast washing agent	GMP
Ammonium sulphate	Decalcification agent for edible casings	GMP
β-Cyclodextrin	Used to extract cholesterol from eggs	GMP
Butanol	Suspension agent for sugar crystals	10
Carbonic acid	Bleached tripe washing agent	GMP
Cetyl alcohol	Coating agent on meat carcasses and primal cuts to prevent desiccation	1.0
Ethyl acetate	Cell disruption of yeast	GMP
Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid	Metal sequestrant for edible fats and oils and related products	GMP
Gibberellic acid	Barley germination	GMP
Gluteral	Manufacture of edible collagen casings	GMP
Hydrogen peroxide	Inhibiting agent for dried vine fruits, fruit and vegetable juices, sugar, vinegar and yeast autolysate	5
	Removal of glucose from egg products	5
	Removal of sulphur dioxide	5
Indole acetic acid	Barley germination	GMP
L-Cysteine (or HCl salt)	Dough conditioner	75
Morpholine	Solubilising agent for coating mixtures on fruits	GMP
Oak chips	For use in the manufacture of wine	GMP
Paraffin	Coatings for cheese and cheese products	GMP
Polysorbate 80	Manufacture of edible collagen casings	GMP
Polyvinyl acetate	Preparation of waxes for use in cheese and cheese products	GMP
Potassium bromate	Germination control in malting	0.1
Sodium bromate	Germination control in malting	0.1
Sodium gluconate	Denuding, bleaching & neutralising tripe	GMP
Sodium glycerophosphate	Cryoprotectant for starter culture	GMP

Sodium metabisulphite	Dough conditioner	60
	Removal of excess chlorine	60
	Softening of corn kernels for	60 (in the starch)
	starch manufacture	
	Treatment of hides for use in	GMP
	gelatine and collagen	
	manufacture	
Sodium sulphide	Treatment of hides for use in	GMP
	gelatine and collagen	
	manufacture	
Sodium sulphite	Dough conditioner	60
Stearyl alcohol	Coating agent on meat carcasses	
	and primal cuts to prevent	GMP
	desiccation	
Sulphur dioxide	Control of	750
	nitrosodimethylamine in	
	malting	
	Treatment of hides for use in	750
	gelatine and collagen	
	manufacture	
Sulphurous acid	Softening of corn kernels	GMP
	Treatment of hides for use in	GMP
	gelatine and collagen	
	manufacture	
Triethanolamine	Solubilising agent for coating	
	mixtures for fruits	GMP
Urea	Manufacture of concentrated	1.5 times the mass of
	gelatine solutions	the gelatine present
Woodflour from untreated Pinus	Gripping agent used in the	
radiata	treatment of hides	GMP

15 Permitted enzymes of animal origin

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as enzymes in the course of manufacture of any food provided the enzyme is derived from the corresponding source specified in the Table.

Table to clause 15

Enzyme	Source
Lipase	Bovine stomach; salivary glands
EC [3.1.1.3]	or forestomach of calf, kid or
	lamb; porcine or bovine
	pancreas
Pepsin	Bovine or porcine stomach
EC [3.4.23.1]	
Phospholipase A ₂	Porcine pancreas
EC [3.1.1.4]	
Thrombin	Bovine or porcine blood
EC [3.4.21.5]	
Trypsin	Porcine or bovine pancreas
EC [3.4.21.4]	

16 Permitted enzymes of plant origin

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as enzymes in the course of manufacture of any food provided the enzyme is derived from the corresponding source specified in the Table.

Table to clause 16

Enzyme	Source
β-Amylase	Sweet potato (Ipomoea batatas]
EC [3.2.1.2]	
Actinidin	Kiwifruit (Actinidia deliciosa)
Bromelain	Pineapple stem (Ananas
EC [3.4.22.4]	comosus]
Ficin	Ficus sp
EC [3.4.22.3]	
Malt carbohydrases α-Amylase & β-Amylase	Malted cereals
combined EC [3.2.1.1] / EC [3.2.1.2]	
Papain	Carica papaya
EC [3.4.22.2]	

17 Permitted enzymes of microbial origin

- (1) The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as enzymes in the course of manufacture of any food provided the enzyme is derived from the corresponding source or sources specified in the Table.
- (2) The sources listed in the Table to this clause may contain additional copies of genes from the same organism.

Table to clause 17

Enzyme	Source
α-Acetolactate decarboxylase	Bacillus subtilis
EC [4.1.1.5]	Bacillus subtilis, containing the gene for α -Acetolactate
	decarboxylase isolated from Bacillus brevis
Aminopeptidase	Lactocococcus lactis
EC [3.4.11.1]	Aspergillus oryzae
α -Amylase	Aspergillus niger
EC [3.2.1.1]	Aspergillus oryzae
	Bacillus licheniformis
	Bacillus licheniformis, containing the gene for α -Amylase
	isolated from Bacillus stearothermophilus
	Bacillus subtilis
	Bacillus subtilis, containing the gene for α -Amylase isolated
	from Bacillus stearothermophilus
β-Amylase	
EC [3.2.1.2]	(a) Bacillus subtilis
Arabinase	Aspergillus niger
EC [3.2.1.99]	

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Arabino-furanosidase	Aspergillus niger
EC [3.2.1.55]	
Carboxyl proteinase	Aspergillus melleus
EC [3.4.23.6]	Aspergillus niger
	Aspergillus oryzae
	Rhizomucor miehei
Catalase	Aspergillus niger
EC [1.11.1.6]	Microccocus luteus
Cellulase	Aspergillus niger
	Trichoderma reesei
EC [3.2.1.4]	
CI.	Trichoderma viride
Chymosin	Aspergillus niger var awamori
EC [3.4.23.4]	Escherichia coli K-12 strain GE81
	Kluyveromyces lactis CHY 1
Cyclodextrin	Paenibacillus macerans
glucanotransferase	
EC [2.4.1.19]	
Dextranase	Chaetomium gracile
EC [3.2.1.11]	Penicillium lilacinum
Esterase	Rhizomucor miehei
EC [3.1.1.1]	Threading of microst
	Aspergillus niger
α -Galactosidase	Asperguius niger
EC [3.2.1.22]	
β -Glucanase	Aspergillus niger
EC [3.2.1.6]	Aspergillus oryzae
	Bacillus subtilis
	Disporotrichum dimorphosporum
	Humicola insolens
	Talaromyces emersonii
	Trichoderma reesei
Glucoamylase	Aspergillus niger
EC [3.2.1.3]	Aspergillus oryzae
	Rhizopus delemar
	Rhizopus oryzae
	Rhizopus niveus
Glucose isomerase or glucose	Actinoplanes missouriensis
_	
isomerase xylose isomerase	Bacillus coagulans
EC [5.3.1.5]	Microbacterium arborescens
	Streptomyces olivaceus
	Streptomyces olivochromogenes
	Streptomyces murinus
	Streptomyces rubiginosus
Glucose oxidase	Aspergillus niger
EC [1.1.3.4]	
α -Glucosidase (maltase)	Aspergillus oryzae
EC [3.2.1.20]	Aspergillus niger
β-Glucosidase	Aspergillus niger
	Tisper Simus inger
EC [3.2.1.21]	

β -Glucosidase exo-1,3 EC [3.2.1.58]	Trichoderma harzianum
Hemicellulase endo-1,3- $\square\beta$ - xylanase EC [3.2.1.32]	Humicola insolens
Hemicellulase endo-1,4-□β - xylanase or xylanase EC [3.2.1.8]	Aspergillus niger Aspergillus oryzae Aspergillus oryzae, containing the gene for Hemicellulase endo-1,4- $\Box\alpha$ -xylanase isolated from Aspergillus aculeatus Aspergillus oryzae, containing the gene for Hemicellulase endo-1,4- $\Box\alpha$ -xylanase isolated from Thermomyces lanuginosus Bacillus subtilis Humicola insolens Trichoderma reesei
Hemicellulase multicomponent enzyme EC [3.2.1.78] Inulinase	Aspergillus niger Bacillus subtilis Trichoderma reesei Aspergillus niger
EC [3.2.1.7] Invertase EC [3.2.1.26]	Saccharomyces cerevisiae
Lactase β -Galactosidase EC [3.2.1.23]	Aspergillus niger Aspergillus oryzae Saccharomyces fragilis Saccharomyces lactis
Lipase, monoacylglycerol EC [3.1.1.23]	Penicillium camembertii
Lipase, triacylglycerol EC [3.1.1.3]	Aspergillus niger Aspergillus oryzae Aspergillus oryzae, containing the gene for Lipase, triacylglycerol isolated from Humicola lanuginosa Rhizopus arrhizus Rhizomucor miehei Rhizophus niveus Rhizophus oryzae
Maltogenic amylase EC [3.2.1.133]	Bacillus subtilis containing the gene for maltogenic amylase isolate from D Bacillus stearothermophilus
Metalloproteinase EC [3.4.24.4]	Aspergillus oryzae Bacillus subtilis Bacillus coagulans
Mucorpepsin EC [3.4.23.23]	Aspergillus oryzae Aspergillus oryzae, containing the gene for Aspartic proteinase isolated from Rhizomucor meihei Rhizomucor meihei Cryphonectria parasitica
Pectin lyase [EC 4.2.2.10]	Aspergillus niger

Pectin methylesterase or	Aspergillus niger
Pectinesterase	
[3.1.1.11]	
Phytase	Aspergillus niger
EC [3.1.3.8]	
Polygalacturonase or	Aspergillus niger
Pectinase multicomponent	Aspergillus oryzae
enzyme	Trichoderma reesei
EC [3.2.1.15]	
Pullulanase	Bacillus acidopullulyticus
EC [3.2.1.41]	Bacillus licheniformis
	Bacillus subtilis
	Klebsiella pneumoniae
Serine proteinase	Bacillus lentus
EC [3.4.21.14]	Bacillus licheniformis
	Bacillus subtilis
	Aspergillus oryzae
Transglutaminase	Streptomyces mobaraense
EC [2.3.2.13]	

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Editorial note:

Bacillus subtilis covers the strain known under the name Bacillus amyloliquefaciens. The Aspergillus niger group covers strains known under the names Aspergillus aculeatus, A. awamori, A. ficuum, A. foetidus, A. japonicus, A. phoenicis, A. saitor and A. usamii.

Trichoderma reesei is also known as *Trichoderma longibrachiatum*.

Saccharomyces fragilis is also known as Kluyveromyces fragilis and Kluyveromyces marxianus var. marxianus.

Saccharomyces lactis is also known as Kluyveromyces lactis.

Mucor miehei is the former name for Rhizomucor miehei.

Micrococcus lysodeikticus is the former name for Microccocus luteus.

Bacillus macerans is the former name for Paenibacillus macerans.

Penicillium emersonii is the former name for Talaromyces emersonii.

Klebsiella aerogenes is the former name for Klebsiella pneumoniae

Streptoverticillium mobaraense is the former name for Streptomyces mobaraense

18 Permitted microbial nutrients and microbial nutrient adjuncts

The processing aids listed in the Table to this clause may be used as microbial nutrients or microbial nutrient adjuncts in the course of manufacture of any food.

Table to clause 18

Tuble to .	T
Adenine	Manganese chloride
Adonitol	Manganese sulphate
Ammonium sulphate	Niacin
Arginine	Nitric acid
Asparagine	Pantothenic acid
Aspartic acid	Peptone
Benzoic acid	Phytates
Biotin	Polysorbate 80
Calcium pantothenate	Polyvinylpyrrolidone
Calcium propionate	Pyridoxine hydrochloride
Copper sulphate	Riboflavin
Cystine	Sodium formate
Cysteine monohydrochloride	Sodium molybdate
Dextran	Sodium tetraborate
Dextrin	Thiamin
Ferrous sulphate	Threonine
Glutamic acid	Trehalose
Glycine	Uracil
Guanine	Urea
Histidine	Xanthine
Hydroxyethyl starch	Zinc chloride
Inosine	Zinc sulphate
Inositol	
	_

Standard 1.3.4

Identity and Purity

Purpose

This Standard ensures that substances added to food in accordance with this Code meet appropriate specifications for identity and purity of food additives, processing aids, vitamins and minerals and other added nutrients. In general, these specifications are those used by the international community.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Application
- 2 Substances with specifications in primary sources
- 3 Substances with specifications in secondary sources
- 4 Additional and supplementary requirements

Schedule

Clauses

1 Application

This Standard applies to substances added to food in accordance with this Code, and to such substances sold for use in food.

2 Substances with specifications in primary sources

A substance must comply with a relevant monograph (if any) in one of -

- (a) Food and Nutrition Paper 52 Compendium of Food Additive Specifications Volumes 1 and 2, including addenda 1 to 7, published by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations in Rome (1992); or
- (b) the fourth edition of the Food Chemicals Codex published by the National Academy of Sciences and the National Research Council of the United States of America in Washington, D.C. (1996), including supplements published to take effect on 1 December 1997 and 31 March 2000; or
- (c) the Schedule to this Standard.

3 Substances with specifications in secondary sources

If there is no monograph applying to a substance under clause 2, the substance must comply with a relevant monograph (if any) published in one of -

- (a) the *British Pharmacopoeia* Volumes 1 and 2 1993, HMSO, London, 16th Edition (1998); or
- (b) The United States Pharmacopeia, 24th Revision and The National Formulary, 19th Edition. Official from January 1,2000. United States Pharmacopeial Convention Inc. Rockville, Md. (1994); or
- (c) The Pharmaceutical Codex, 12th Edition, Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain. The Pharmaceutical Press, London (1994); or
- (d) *Martindale The Extra Pharmacopoeia*, 31st Edition, JEF Reynolds (Ed), The Pharmaceutical Press London (1996); or
- (e) the *European Pharmacopoeia* 3rd Edition, Council of Europe, Strasbourg (1996); or
- (f) the *International Pharmacopoeia* 3rd Edition, Volumes 1, 2, 3 and 4, World Health Organisation, Geneva (1994); or
- (g) The Merck Index, 12th Edition, Merck and Co. Ltd. Whitehouse Station, N.J. (1996); or
- (h) Regulatory Aspects of Enzymes, the Association of Manufacturers of Fermentation Enzyme Products, 5th Edition (1997); or
- (i) Code of Federal Regulations of the United States of America, 1 April, 2000; or
- (j) The Japanese Standard for Food Additives 6th Edition (1994).

4 Additional and supplementary requirements

Where no monograph applies to a substance by virtue of clauses 2 or 3, or where a monograph contains no specifications for identity and purity of a substance relating to arsenic or heavy metals, the substance must not contain on a dry weight basis more than -

- (a) 2 mg/kg of lead;
- (b) 1 mg/kg of arsenic;
- (c) 40 mg/kg in total of heavy metals other than lead.

SCHEDULE

This Schedule contains specifications of identity and purity for substances added to food where there are no references in the monographs specified in this Standard.

Specification for high chromium yeast

Physical Tests

Appearance: Fine, free-flowing powder Colour: Light off-white or light tan

Odour: Slight yeast aroma

Particle size: Min. 90% through a #100 USS screen

Chemical Tests

Moisture: Maximum 6% Chromium: 1.8 - 2.25 g/kg

Specification for high molybdenum yeast

Physical Tests

Appearance: Fine, free-flowing powder Colour: Light off-white or light tan

Odour: Slight yeast aroma

Particle size: Min. 85% through a #100 USS screen

Chemical Tests

Moisture: Maximum 6% Molybdenum: 1.8 - 2.25 g/kg

Specification for oxidised polyethylene

Oxidised polyethylene (CAS 68441-17-8)[#] is the polymer produced by the mild air oxidation of polyethylene.

Average molecular weightmin 1200 (osmometric)

Viscosity at 125°C min 200cP Oxygen content max 9.1%

Acid value: max 70 mgKOH/g

(ASTM D 1386)*

Drop point: min 95° C

(ASTM D 566)*

Density (20°C) $0.93 - 1.05 \text{ g/cm}^3$

(ASTM D 1298, D 1505)*

Extractable constituents (See note 1):

in water max. 1.5% in 10% ethanol max 2.3% in 3% acetic acid max 1.8% in *n*-pentane max 26.0%

CAS is the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Registry Number.

* ASTM refers to standard test methods prepared by the American Society for Testing and Materials.

Note 1: Extraction of oxidised Polyethylene

25.0g of finely ground oxidised polyethylene powder (particle size 300-1000mm) are extracted for 5 hours in the Soxhlet apparatus with 350 ml of solvent. The solvent is then distilled off and the distillation residue is dried in a vacuum oven at 80-90□C. After weighing the obtained residue, the components soluble in the solvent are calculated in % weight (based on the initial weight used).

SPECIFICATIONS FOR NUCLEOTIDES

DESCRIPTION/PHYSICAL CONSTRAINTS

Inosine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt (IMP)

1. Empirical chemical formula: C₁₀ H₁₁ N₄ Na₂ O₈ P· 7.5H₂ O

In addition the compound must be of the 5 species, ie the disodium monophosphate structure is attached to the fifth carbon in the central structure.

- 2. Molecular weight: 527.25
- 3. Structure/ Physical character: Occurs as a colourless or white crystal or as a white crystalline powder. It is odourless and has a characteristic taste.
- 4. Solubility: 24 g is soluble in 100 g of water at 20°C; is stable in acid liquids under the identical conditions

Uridine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt (UMP)

1. Empirical chemical formula: C9 H₁₁N₂ O9 PNa₂

In addition the compound must be of the 5 species, ie the disodium monophosphate structure is attached to the fifth carbon in the central structure.

- 2. Molecular weight: 368.15
- 3. Structure/ Physical character: Occurs as a colourless or white crystal or as a white crystalline powder. It is odourless and has a characteristic taste.
- 4. Solubility: Freely soluble in water; very slightly soluble in alcohol.

Adenosine- 5' monophosphate (AMP)

1. Empirical chemical formula: C₁₀ H₁₄N₅ O₇ P

In addition the compound must be of the 5 species, ie the monophosphate structure is attached to the fifth carbon in the central structure.

- 2. Molecular weight: 347.22
- 3. Structure/ Physical character: Occurs as a colourless or white crystal or as a white crystalline powder. It is odourless and has a characteristic acidic taste.
- 4. Solubility: Very slightly soluble in water; practically insoluble in alcohol.

Cytidine - 5' monophosphate

1. Empirical chemical formula: C9 H₁₄N₃ O₈ P

In addition the compound must be of the 5 species, ie the monophosphate structure is attached to the fifth carbon in the central structure.

- 2. Molecular weight: 323.20
- 3. Structure/Physical character: Occurs as a colourless or white crystal or as a white crystalline powder. It is odourless and has a characteristic slightly acidic taste.
- 4. Solubility: Very slightly soluble in water; practically insoluble in alcohol.

Guanosine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt

1. Empirical chemical formula: C₁₀ H₁₂N₅ Na₂ O₈ P· 7.OH₂O

In addition the compound must be of the 5 species, ie the disodiummonophosphate structure is attached to the fifth carbon in the central structure.

- 2. Molecular weight: 533.26
- 3. Structure/ Physical character: Occurs as a colourless or white crystal or as a white crystalline powder. It is odourless and has a characteristic taste.
- 4. Solubility: 20 g is soluble in 100g of water at 20°C; becomes gelatinous in acid liquids under the identical conditions

TESTING REQUIREMENTS FOR NUCLEOTIDES

- 1. Physical inspection: white crystals or crystalline powder
- 2. Identification:
 - a) Ultraviolet absorbance: a 1 in 12,500 solution of the powder in 0.01N hydrochloric acid exhibits an absorbance maximum at:

Nucleotide
Inosine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt
Uridine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt
Adenosine- 5' monophosphate
Cytidine - 5' monophosphate
Guanosine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt

- b) IMP, UMP and GMP must test positive for sodium phosphate
- c) IMP,UMP,AMP, CMP and GMP must test positive for organic phosphate

3. Assay (HPLC):

Optimum - not less than 96% (corrected for moisture content).

- 4. IMP and GMP have a pH of a 1 in 20 solution: between 7.0 and 8.5
- 5. Clarity and colour of solution:

500mg/10mL H2O for IMP: is colourless and shows only a trace of turbidity

100mg/10mL H₂O for GMP: is colourless and shows only a trace of turbidity

6. Moisture

Nucleotide	Moisture
Inosine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt	Not more than 28.5%: Karl Fischer
Uridine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt	Not more than 26.0%: Karl Fischer
Guanosine - 5' monophosphate disodium salt	Loss in drying
	- not more than 25%
	(4 hrs @ 120°C
Cytidine - 5' monophosphate	Not more than 6.0%: Loss in drying (4 hrs @ 120°C
Adenosine- 5' monophosphate	Not more than 6.0%: Loss in drying (4 hrs @ 120°C

7. Impurities - all nucleotides

Impurity	Nucleotide
Amino acids: negative	IMP, GMP
Ammonium salts: negative	IMP, GMP
Arsenic: not more than 2ppm	IMP, UMP, AMP, CMP, GMP
Heavy metals: not more than 10ppm	IMP, UMP, AMP, CMP, GMP

8. Related foreign substances:

For IMP: only 5' - inosinic acid is detected by thin layer chromatography

For GMP: only 5' - guanylic acid is detected by thin layer chromatography

- 9. Bacteriological profile
- (a) SPC: not more than 1000/g, test per current FDA/BAM procedures
- (b) Coliforms: Negative by test; test per current FDA/BAM procedures
- Yeast and mold: not more than 300/g, test per current FDA/BAM procedures
- (d) Salmonella: negative, test per current FDA/BAM procedures.

Standard 1.4.1

Contaminants and Natural Toxicants

Purpose

This Standard sets out the maximum levels (MLs) of specified metal and non-metal contaminants and natural toxicants in nominated foods. As a general principle, regardless of whether or not a ML exists, the levels of contaminants and natural toxicants in all foods should be kept As Low As Reasonably Achievable (the ALARA principle).

A ML has been established only where it serves an effective risk management function and only for those foods which provide a significant contribution to the total dietary exposure. Food not listed in this Standard may contain low levels of contaminants or natural toxicants. However, MLs have not been assigned to these foods because they present a low public heath risk. The general provisions of the Food Acts relating to the availability of safe foods apply to all foods.

MLs have been set at levels that are consistent with public health and safety and which are reasonably achievable from sound production and natural resource management practices. Consideration has also been given to Australia's and New Zealand's international trade obligations under the World Trade Organization's Sanitary and Phytosanitary Agreement and Technical Barrier to Trade Agreement.

In order to assist both enforcement agencies and industry to maintain contaminant levels at the lowest achievable levels, Generally Expected Levels (GELs), have been established to complement the use of MLs. GELs, while not legally enforceable, provide a benchmark against which to measure contaminant levels in foods. The list of GELS is provided in a separate document to this Standard.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Maximum levels of metal contaminants in food
- 3 Maximum levels of non metal contaminants in food
- 4 Maximum levels of natural toxicants from the addition of flavouring substances to food
- 5 Maximum levels of other natural toxicants in food
- 6 Sampling plan for mercury in fish and fish products etc.

Clauses

1 Interpretation

(1) In this Standard –

arsenic is considered to be a metal.

- maximum level (ML) means the maximum level of a specified contaminant, or specified natural toxicant, which is permitted to be present in a nominated food expressed, unless otherwise specified, in milligrams of the contaminant or the natural toxicant per kilogram of the food (mg/kg).
- (2) Where food contains a metal and any other chemical species of that metal, all chemical species of that metal must be expressed as the metal.
- (3) The maximum level must be calculated for the edible content of the food that is ordinarily consumed.
- (4) The level for a food which is dried, dehydrated or concentrated is to be calculated on the basis of the mass of the food, or the mass of the ingredients of the food, prior to drying, dehydration or concentration determined from one or more of the following -
 - (a) the manufacturer's analysis of the food; and
 - (b) calculation from actual or average quantity in water in the ingredients used; and
 - (c) generally accepted data.
- (5) The level for seaweed (edible kelp) whether dried, dehydrated, concentrated or not is to be calculated with respect to the mass of the seaweed at 85% hydration.
- (6) The prescribed formula for the purposes of this Standard is –

Formula

$$ML1 = (\underbrace{MLA \ x \ Total \ A}_{} + (\underbrace{MLB \ x \ Total \ B}_{} + \underbrace{CF \ x \ (Total - (Total \ A + Total \ B}_{})}_{} + \underbrace{CF \ x \ (Total - (Total \ A + Total \ B}_{})}_{}$$

In this formula -

ML1 = ML which applies to the contaminant or natural toxicant in the mixed food

MLA = ML for contaminant or natural toxicant in food A

MLB = ML for contaminant or natural toxicant in food B

Total = total weight of mixed food

Total A = total weight of food A

Total B = total weight of food B

CF = Background Calculation Factor where, in the case of –

- (a) lead, CF = 0.01 mg/kg; and
- (b) cadmium, CF = 0.005 mg/kg; and
- (c) other contaminants, CF = 0.

Editorial note:

It is recognised both lead and cadmium are ubiquitous in the environment and occur at low levels in foods other than those listed in the Standard. Therefore, in order to assist with the enforcement of MLs in mixed foods which may contain these contaminants, the calculation requires the inclusion of a representative contaminant level for those foods that do not have an allocated ML. In the past, an ML was set for "all other foods". As the category for "all other foods" was discontinued, a representative level is selected for the contaminants cadmium and lead. These levels are set at the limit of quantification (LOQ), and are 0.01 mg/kg for lead and 0.005 mg/kg for cadmium. These LOQs constitute CF in the prescribed formula. These selected LOQs are consistent with those published in the Australian Market Basket Survey (1996).

It is acknowledged that the LOQ may change with time as analytical techniques became more sensitive. The Standard will be reviewed periodically in respect to this issue.

The calculation for mixed food for all other contaminants with an ML will assume that the contributing commodity, eg. peanuts in peanut sauce, contains all of the contaminant.

2 Maximum levels of metal contaminants in food

(1) In this clause -

food means the food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause.

metal contaminant means a substance listed in bold type in column 1 of the Table to this clause and includes compounds of a metal.

- (2) The maximum levels for metal contaminants in food are listed in column 2 of the Table to this clause, expressed in mg/kg, unless otherwise specified.
- (3) Where a mixed food contains food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause, the proportion of the metal contaminant permitted to be present in the mixed food (ML1) is calculated in accordance with the formula prescribed in subclause 1(6).

Table to clause 2

Column 1	Column 2
Arsenic (total)	
Cereals	1
Arsonia (inorgania)	
Arsenic (inorganic) Crustacea	2
Fish	2
Molluses	1
	1
Seaweed (edible kelp)	1
Cadmium	
Chocolate and cocoa products	0.5
Kidney of cattle, sheep and pig	2.5
Leafy vegetables (as specified in Schedule 4 to	0.1
Standard 1.4.2)	
Liver of cattle, sheep and pig	1.25
Meat of cattle, sheep and pig (excluding offal)	0.05
Molluscs (excluding dredge/bluff oysters and	2
queen scallops)	
Peanuts	0.1
Rice	0.1
Root and tuber vegetables (as specified in	0.1
Schedule 4 to Standard 1.4.2)	
Wheat	0.1
Lead	0.2
Brassicas	0.3
Cereals, Pulses and Legumes	0.2
Edible offal of cattle, sheep, pig and poultry	0.5
Fish	0.5
Fruit	0.1
Infant formulae	0.02
Meat of cattle, sheep, pig and poultry	0.1
(excluding offal)	2
Molluses	2
Vegetables (except brassicas)	0. 1

Table to clause 2 (Continued)

Column 1	Column 2
Mercury	
Crustacea	mean level of 0.5*
Fish (as specified in Schedule 4 to Standard	mean level of 0.5*
1.4.2) and fish products, excluding gemfish,	
billfish (including marlin), southern bluefin	
tuna, barramundi, ling, orange roughy, rays and	
all species of shark	
Gemfish, billfish (including marlin), southern	mean level of 1*
bluefin tuna, barramundi, ling, orange roughy,	
rays and all species of shark	
Fish for which insufficient samples are	1
available to analyse in accordance with clause	
(6)	
Molluscs	mean level of 0.5*
Tin	
All canned foods	250

^{*} A reference to a mean level in the Table to clause 2 in this Standard is to the mean level of mercury in the prescribed number of sample units as described in clause 6 of this Standard.

3 Maximum levels of non metal contaminants in food

(1) In this clause -

ergot means the sclerotium or dormant winter form of the fungus, Claviceps purpuria.

food means the food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause.

MU means the unit of measure described in 'Recommended procedures for examination of seawater and shellfish', Irwin N. (ed.) 4th Ed. 1970, American Public Health Association Inc.

non-metal contaminant means a substance listed in bold type in column 1 of the Table to this clause.

- (2) The maximum levels for non metal contaminants in food are listed in column 2 of the Table to this clause, expressed in mg/kg, unless otherwise specified.
- (3) Where a mixed food contains food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause, the proportion of the non metal contaminant permitted to be present in the mixed food (ML1) is calculated in accordance with the formula prescribed in subclause 1(6).

Table to clause 3

Column 1	Column 2
Acrylonitrile All food	0.02
Aflatoxin Peanuts Tree nuts (as specified in Schedule 4 to Standard 1.4.2	0.015 0.015
Amnesic shellfish poisons (Domoic acid equivalent) Bivalve molluses	20
Diarrhetic shellfish poisons (Okadaic acid equivalent) Bivalve molluscs	0.2
Ergot Cereal grains	500
Methanol Red wine, white wine and fortified wine Whisky, Rum, Gin and Vodka Other spirits, fruit wine, vegetable wine and mead	3 g of methanol per litre of ethanol 0.4 g of methanol per litre of ethanol 8 g of methanol per litre of ethanol
Neurotoxic shellfish poisons Bivalve mollusc	200 MU/kg
Paralytic shellfish poisons (Saxitoxin equivalent)	0.0
Bivalve molluses Phomopsins	0.8
Lupin seeds and the products of lupin seeds Polychlorinated biphenyls, total	0.005
Mammalian fat	0.2
Poultry fat	0.2
Milk and milk products Eggs	0.2 0.2
Fish	0.5
Vinyl chloride	
All food	0.01

4 Maximum levels of natural toxicants from the addition of flavouring substances to food

food means the food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause.

natural toxicant from the addition of a flavouring substance means a substance listed in bold type in column 1 of the Table to this clause.

- (2) The maximum levels for natural toxicants from the addition of a flavouring substance in food are listed in column 2 of the Table to this clause, expressed in mg/kg, unless otherwise specified.
- (3) Where a mixed food contains food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause, the proportion of the natural toxicant from the addition of a flavouring substance permitted to be present in the mixed food (ML1) is calculated in accordance with the formula prescribed in subclause 1(6).

Table to clause 4

1 able to claus	1
Column 1	Column 2
Agaric acid	
Food containing mushrooms	100
Alcoholic beverages	100
-	
Aloin	
Alcoholic beverages	50
Berberine	
Alcoholic beverages	10
Coumarin	
Alcoholic beverages	10
Hydrocyanic acid, total	
Confectionery	25
Stone fruit juices	5
Marzipan	50
Alcoholic beverages	1 per 1% alcohol content
Hypericine	
Alcoholic beverages	2
	_
Pulegone	
Confectionery	350
Beverages	250
20.01.00	250
Quassine	
Alcoholic beverages	50
1 1100110110 001014500	50

Table to clause 4 (Continued)

Column 1	Column 2
Safrole	
Food containing mace and nutmeg	15
Meat products	10
Alcoholic beverages	5
Santonin	
Alcoholic beverages	1
C	
Sparteine	
Alcoholic beverages	5
Thujones (alpha and beta)	
Sage stuffing	250
Bitters	35
Sage flavoured foods	25
Alcoholic beverages	10

5 Maximum levels of other natural toxicants in food

(1) In this clause -

food means the food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause.

natural toxicant means a substance listed in bolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause.

- (2) The maximum levels for natural toxicants in food are listed in column 2 of the Table to this clause, expressed in mg/kg, unless otherwise specified.
- (3) Where a mixed food contains food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in column 1 of the Table to this clause, the proportion of the natural toxicants permitted to be present in the mixed food (ML1) is calculated in accordance with the formula prescribed in subclause 1(6).

Table to clause 5

Tuble to clause 5		
Column 1	Column 2	
Erucic acid Edible oils	20 g/kg	
Lupin alkaloids Lupin flour, lupin kernel flour, lupin kernel meal and lupin hulls	200	

6 Sampling plan for mercury in fish, fish products, crustacea and molluscs

- (1) The methods specified in this clause are the prescribed methods for the sampling for analysis of mercury in fish, fish products, crustacea and molluscs.
- (2) For the purposes of this sampling plan -
 - (a) A sample must consist of a prescribed number of sample units, and a sample unit must consist of a quantity, taken from the edible portions of the fish, fish products, crustacea or molluses, sufficient for the purposes of analysis.
 - (b) In the lot under investigation, the number of random sample units must be as detailed in paragraphs 6(3)(a) or 6(3)(b) of this Standard.
 - (c) In the case of samplings where the prescribed number of sample units are not available, 5 sample units must be taken.
- (3) The number of random sample units to be taken for the purposes of analysis is as follows
 - (a) fish, fish products, including packaged fish -
 - (i) lots up to and including 5 tonnes ... sample units from 10 fish, or 10 packages; or
 - (ii) lots over 5 tonnes, up to 10 tonnes ... sample units from 15 fish, or 15 packages; or
 - (iii) lots over 10 tonnes, up to 30 tonnes ... sample units from 20 fish, or 20 packages; or
 - (iv) lots over 30 tonnes, up to 100 tonnes ... sample units from 25 fish, or 25 packages; or
 - (v) lots over 100 tonnes, up to 200 tonnes ... sample units from 30 fish, or 30 packages; or
 - (vi) lots over 200 tonnes ... sample units from 40 fish, or 40 packages.
 - (b) crustacea, and molluscs, including packaged crustacea and molluscs
 - (i) lots up to and including 1 tonne ... 10 sample units, or 10 packages; or
 - (ii) lots over 1 tonnes, up to 5 tonnes ... 15 sample units, or 15 packages; or
 - (iii) lots over 5 tonnes, up to 30 tonnes ... 20 sample units, or 20 packages;
 - (iv) lots over 30 tonnes, up to 100 tonnes ... 25 sample units, or 25 packages; or
 - (v) lots over 100 tonnes ... 30 sample units, or 30 packages.
- (4) Interpretation of the Analysis -
 - (a) Samples with 10 or more sample units
 - (i) if the concentration of mercury in any of the sample units is greater than 1.0 mg/kg in the case of gemfish, billfish (including marlin), southern bluefin tuna, barramundi, ling, orange roughy, rays and all species of shark, or is greater than 0.5 mg/kg in the case of crustacea, molluses and other fish which can be sampled in accordance with this clause the overall mean of the sample units should be examined; or

- (ii) if the overall mean of the lot is less than or equal to 1.0 mg/kg in the case of gemfish, billfish (including marlin), southern bluefin tuna, barramundi, ling, orange roughy, rays and all species of shark, or is less than or equal to 0.5 mg/kg in the case of crustacea, molluses, and other fish which can be sampled in accordance with this clause and there are no individual sample units within the lot having a mercury concentration exceeding 1.5 mg/kg, the lot must be reported as complying with the standard.
- (b) Samples with 5 sample units
 - (i) if the overall concentration of mercury in the sample is less than or equal to 1.0 mg/kg in the case of gemfish, billfish (including marlin), southern bluefin tuna, barramundi, ling, orange roughy, rays and all species of shark, or is less than or equal to 0.5 mg/kg in the case of crustacea, molluscs and other fish which can be sampled in accordance with this clause and minced fish products, the lot must be reported as complying with the standard.
- (c) Notwithstanding subclause 1(4), the mercury content of dried or partially dried fish must be calculated on an 80% moisture basis.

Standard 1.4.2

Maximum Residue Limits

(Australia Only)

Purpose

This Standard lists the maximum permissible limits for agricultural and veterinary chemical residues present in food. Schedule 1 lists all of the agricultural and veterinary chemical limits in particular foods. If a maximum residue limit for an agricultural or veterinary chemical in a food is not listed in Schedule 1 there must be no detectable residues of that agricultural or veterinary chemical in that food. Schedule 2 lists all extraneous agricultural chemical limits in particular foods. If an extraneous residue limit for an agricultural chemical in a food is not listed in Schedule 2 there must be no detectable residues of that agricultural chemical in that food. Schedule 3 groups certain agricultural or veterinary chemicals according to their chemical groups. Commodity and commodity groups which are referred to in this Standard are listed in Schedule 4. Schedule 4 also specifies the part of the commodity to which the maximum or extraneous residue limit refers.

For New Zealand purposes, maximum residue limits for agricultural compounds are regulated in the New Zealand (Maximum Residue Limits of Agricultural Compounds) Mandatory Food Standard 1999 (and subsequent amendments) issued under sections 11C and 11Z of the Food Act 1981. Regulation 257 of the New Zealand Food Regulations 1984 also refers to MRLs, but if any inconsistency arises between Regulation 257 and the MRL Standard, the MRL Standard prevails.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Maximum residue limits
- 3 Extraneous residue limits
- 4 Determination of maximum and extraneous residue limits

Schedules

- 1 Maximum Residue Limits
- 2 Extraneous Residue Limits
- 3 Chemical Groups
- 4 Foods and Classes of Food

Clauses

1 Interpretation

- (1) Commodity names specified in Schedule 4 of this Standard may differ to those used in other parts of this Code.
- (2) Commodity names specified in Schedule 4 apply only for the purposes of this Standard and Standard 1.4.1.
- (3) An asterix "*" appearing in Schedules 1 or 2 denotes that the maximum residue limit or the extraneous residue limit is set at or about the limit of determination.
- (4) A "T" appearing in Schedules 1 or 2 denotes that the maximum residue limit or the extraneous residue limit is a temporary maximum residue limit or extraneous residue limit.
- (5) An "E" appearing in Schedule 2 denotes an extraneous residue limit.
- (6) In this Standard
 - **chemical** means an agricultural or veterinary chemical listed in bold type in the shaded boxes in Schedules 1 or 2.
 - **extraneous residue limit (ERL)** means the maximum permitted limit of a pesticide residue, arising from environmental sources other than the use of a pesticide directly or indirectly on the food, expressed in milligrams of the chemical per kilogram of the food (mg/kg).
 - **food** means either a food or class of foods listed in unbolded type in Schedules 1, 2 or 4.
 - maximum residue limit (MRL) means the maximum level of a chemical which is permitted to be present in a food, expressed in milligrams of the chemical per kilogram of the food (mg/kg) unless otherwise stated.
 - **residue definition** means the residue to which the MRL or ERL applies for each chemical compound, appearing below the chemical listed in the shaded boxes in Schedules 1 and 2.

2 Maximum residue limits

- (1) The permitted MRL for a chemical in food is listed in Schedule 1.
- (2) If a MRL for a chemical is not listed in this Standard there must be no detectable residue of that chemical in that food.

Editorial note:

The MRLs for chemicals in water are listed under 'Pesticides' in Schedule 3 of the 'Guidelines for Drinking Water Quality in Australia' (1987) AWRC-NHMRC (Australian Water Resources Council - National Health and Medical Research Council).

3 Extraneous residue limits

- (1) The permitted ERL for a chemical in food is listed in Schedule 2.
- (2) If an ERL for a chemical is not listed in this Standard there must be no detectable residue of that agricultural chemical in that food.

4 Determination of maximum and extraneous residue limits

- (1) Schedule 4 of this Standard specifies the portion of food to which the MRL or ERL applies.
- (2) Unless Schedules 1 or 2 specify a separate MRL or ERL for a processed food, the MRL or ERL applies to that food whether raw or processed.
- (3) Where a food contains more than one of the chemicals listed in any group in Schedule 3 of this Standard, the combined proportions of those chemicals must not exceed unity.

Sample calculation			
Amount of chemical A present	+	Amount of chemical B present	≤ 1
MRL or ERL for chemical A		MRL or ERL for chemical B	

(4) Where there is no MRL or ERL specified for a chemical in a food which has ingredients, the MRL or ERL of the chemical in that food is the combined proportionate quantities of the MRL or ERL specified for the ingredients of that food.

Sample calculation

 $MRL1 = \underline{Total \ A} \times MRL \ A + \underline{Total \ B} \times MRL \ B$ $Total \qquad Total$

In this calculation -

MRL1 = the MRL which applies to the chemical in the mixed food

MRL A = the MRL for the chemical which applies to food A

MRL B = the MRL for the chemical which applies to food B

Total A = total weight of food A

Total B = total weight of food B

ABAMECTIN		ACIFLUORFEN	
SUM OF AVERMECTIN B 1A, AVER	MECTIN B	Acifluorfen	_
1B AND D-8,9 ISOMER OF AVERM	MECTIN B	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
1A		EGGS	0.01
APPLE	0.01	LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.1
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01
CATTLE FAT	0.1	MILKS	*0.01
CATTLE MEAT	0.005	Peanut	0.05
CATTLE MILK	0.005	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
CITRUS FRUITS	0.01	POULTRY MEAT	*0.01
COTTON SEED	*0.01	Pulses	0.1
EGGPLANT	0.02		
HOPS, DRY	0.1	ALBENDAZOLE	
PEAR	0.01	SUM OF ALBENDAZOLE, ITS SULI	FOXIDE
Peppers	0.02	SULFONE AND SULFONE AMINE, E.	
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05	AS ALBENDAZOLE	AT RESSEE
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.05	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
Томато	0.01	CATTLE, EDIBLE OF AL OF	*0.1
STRAWBERRY	0.02	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
	2.02	GOAT MEAT	0.1
Асернате		SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	3
Асернате (Note: the meta)	BOLITE	SHEEP MEAT	0.2
METHAMIDOPHOS HAS SEPARAT		SHEEF MEAT	0.2
Banana	1	ALBENDAZOLE SULPHOXI	DE
Banana, dwarf	1	SEE ALBENDAZOLE	
Brassica (cole or	5		
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		ALDICARB	
CITRUS FRUITS	5	SUM OF ALDICARB, ITS SULFOXIDE	E AND ITS
COTTON SEED	2	SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS ALDICARB	
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.2	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02
EGGS	0.2	CITRUS FRUITS	0.05
LETTUCE, HEAD	10	COTTON SEED	*0.05
LETTUCE, LEAF	10	GRAPES	0.05
MACADAMIA NUTS	*0.1	POTATO	0.03
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.2	STRAWBERRY	0.2
[EXCEPT SHEEP MEAT]		SUGAR CANE	0.02
PEPPERS, SWEET	5	JOGAR CAIVE	0.02
Ротато	0.5	ALDOXYCARB	
SHEEP MEAT	*0.01	SUM OF ALDOXYCARB AND ITS ST	II EONE
SOYA BEAN (DRY)	1	EXPRESSED AS ALDOXYCAI	
SUGAR BEET	0.1		0.2
Томато	5	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT	*0.02
Tree tomato (tamarillo)	0.5		0.02
, , ,		EGGS	
		MILKS POLITERY EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.02
		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2

POULTRY MEAT	*0.02	AMITRAZ	
Wheat	*0.02	Sum of amitraz and N-(2,4-	
ALIPHATIC ALCOHOL ETHOXYL	ATES	dimethylphenyl)-N '-	
ALIPHATIC ALCOHOL ETHOXYL	ATES	METHYLFORMAMIDINE, EXPRESS	SED AS
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1	AMITRAZ	
CATTLE MEAT	*0.1	APPLE	0.5
CATTLE MILK	1	COTTON SEED	*0.1
		COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	1
ALLOXYDIM		EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE,	0.5
Alloxydim	_	PIGS AND SHEEP	
BULB VEGETABLES	T0.1	MEAT OF CATTLE, PIGS AND	0.1
Вееткоот	T0.1	SHEEP	
Carrot	T0.2	MILKS	0.1
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	*0.1	STONE FRUITS [EXCEPT	0.5
CUCURBITS		CHERRIES]	
POPPY SEED	T0.3	-	
Ротато	T0.1	AMITROLE	
STRAWBERRY	T0.1	Amitrole	
ТОМАТО	T0.2	AVOCADO	*0.01
		Banana	*0.01
ALLOXYDIM SODIUM		CEREAL GRAINS	*0.01
SEE ALLOXYDIM		CITRUS FRUITS	*0.01
		EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01
ALTRENOGEST		GRAPES	*0.01
Altrenogest		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01
PIG MEAT	*0.005	MILKS	*0.01
Pig, edible offal of	0.005	PAPAYA (PAWPAW)	*0.01
		PASSIONFRUIT	*0.01
ALUMINIUM PHOSPHIDE		PECAN	*0.01
see Phosphine	_	PINEAPPLE	*0.01
		POME FRUITS	*0.01
AMETRYN		Ротато	*0.05
Ametryn		STONE FRUITS	*0.02
COTTON SEED	0.05	SUGAR CANE	*0.01
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05		
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	AMOXYCILLIN	
Milks	*0.05	INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIF	FIED AS
PINEAPPLE	*0.05	AMOXYCILLIN	
POME FRUITS	0.1	CATTLE MILK	*0.01
SUGAR CANE	0.05	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.01
		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01
		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01
		POULTRY MEAT	*0.01

SHEEP MILK	*0.01
AMPICILLIN	
Inhibitory substance, identi	FIED AS
AMPICILLIN	
HORSE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01
HORSE MEAT	*0.01
Amprolium	
Amprolium	
EGGS	4
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
POULTRY MEAT	0.5
APRAMYCIN	
APRAMYCIN	
Edible offal (mammalian)	2
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
ASULAM	
ASULAM	_
Apple	*0.1
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
HOPS, DRY	*0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
MILKS	*0.1
POPPY SEED	*0.1
Ротато	*0.4
SUGAR CANE	*0.1
JOGAN CAINE	0.1
ATRAZINE	
Atrazine	_
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1
LUPIN (DRY)	*0.02
MAIZE	*0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	T*0.01
MILKS	T*0.01
Ротато	*0.01
RAPE SEED	0.02
SORGHUM	*0.1
SUGAR CANE	*0.1
SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	*0.1
COB)	0.1
СОВ	

AVERMECTIN B1	
SEE ABAMECTIN	
AVOPARCIN	
AVOPARCIN	
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
Meat (mammalian)	*0.1
MILKS	*0.01
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
AZACONAZOLE	
Azaconazole	
MUSHROOMS	0.1
AZAMETHIPHOS	
Azamethiphos	
CEREAL GRAINS	0.1
Eggs	0.05
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05
POULTRY MEAT	0.05
WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	0.5
Azaperone	_
Azaperone Azaperone	
-	0.2
Azaperone	0.2 0.2
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT	
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL	
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT	0.2
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS	0.2
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS	0.2
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.2 0.2 2 *0.05
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.2 0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED	0.2 0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED POME FRUITS	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED POME FRUITS VEGETABLES	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED POME FRUITS VEGETABLES AZINPHOS-METHYL	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED POME FRUITS VEGETABLES AZINPHOS-METHYL AZINPHOS-METHYL	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 2
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED POME FRUITS VEGETABLES AZINPHOS-METHYL AZINPHOS-METHYL BLUEBERRIES	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 2 1
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED POME FRUITS VEGETABLES AZINPHOS-METHYL AZINPHOS-METHYL BLUEBERRIES CITRUS FRUITS	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 2 1
AZAPERONE PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF PIG MEAT AZINPHOS-ETHYL AZINPHOS-ETHYL CEREAL GRAINS CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OILSEED POME FRUITS VEGETABLES AZINPHOS-METHYL AZINPHOS-METHYL BLUEBERRIES	0.2 2 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 2 1

EGGS MILKS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENSULIDE BENSULIDE BENSULIDE BENSULIDE BENSULIDE CUCURBITS CUCURBITS GARLIC GRAPES COSSED *0.05 BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN AND SOYA BEAN ONION, BULB BENDIOCARB *0.1	Kiwifruit	2	POULTRY MEAT	0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)				
MILKS				
DILSEED	` '			
POME FRUITS 2 RASPBERRIES, RED, BLACK 1 STONE FRUITS 2			` ,	
RASPBERRIES, RED, BLACK 1 STONE FRUITS 2 BACITRACIN INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIFIED AS BACITRACIN CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.5 CHICKEN FAT *0.5 CHICKEN MEAT *0.5 EGGS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS GARLIC 0.1 GRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, LEAF *0.01 ONION, BULB 0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENZOLOWAHE, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-BENZOLOWAHE, 2,2-DIMETHY		*0.05	LETTUCE, HEAD	
BACITRACIN INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIFIED AS BACITRACIN CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.5 CHICKEN MEAT *0.5 EGGS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS GARLIC 0.1 CRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, HEAD *0.01 LETTUCE, LEAF *0.01 ONION, BULB 0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZOPIONOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 BENOMYL SEE CARBENDAZIM BENSULFURON-METHYL BENSULFURON-MET		2	LETTUCE, LEAF	*0.05
BACITRACIN INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIFIED AS BACITRACIN CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CHICKEN FAT CHICKEN FAT CHICKEN FAT CHICKEN MEAT BENALAXYL BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUUCURBITS BENSULIDE BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUUCURBITS BENSULIDE BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUUCURBITS BENSULIDE BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUUCURBITS BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUUCURBITS BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUUCURBITS BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUUCURBITS BENSULIDE	RASPBERRIES, RED, BLACK	1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01
INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIFIED AS BACITRACIN CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	STONE FRUITS	2	MILKS	*0.01
BACITRACIN CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	BACITRACIN	_	BENOMYL	
CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDEN	TIFIED AS	see Carbendazim	
CHICKEN FAT	BACITRACIN			
CHICKEN MEAT	CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.5	BENSULFURON-METHYL	
EGGS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 MILKS *0.5 BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS GARLIC 0.1 GRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, HEAD *0.01 LETTUCE, LEAF 0.01 ONION, BULB 0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N-HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 RICE BRAN, PROCESSED *0.05 RICE BRAN, PROCESSED *0.005 BENSULIDE BRENTAZONE BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BENANA *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) SUM OF BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	CHICKEN FAT	*0.5	Bensulfuron-methyl	
MILKS *0.5 BENALAXYL BENALAXYL FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS GARLIC 0.1 GRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, HEAD *0.01 LETTUCE, LEAF *0.01 ONION, BULB 0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N-HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS *0.1 BENSULIDE BENSULIDE BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, *0.1 BENSULIDE BENSULIDE BENSULIDE BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, *0.1 BENTAZONE BENATAZONE BENANA *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-AND BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE BUSULIDE BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, *0.1 BENANA *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-AND SUM OF BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-BENZOFENAP-OHAN BENZOFENAP-BENZOFEN	CHICKEN MEAT	*0.5	RICE	*0.02
BENALAXYL BENALAXYL BENALAXYL FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS GARLIC GARLIC GRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, HEAD AND SOYA BEAN ONION, BULB BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS 0.05 MILKS BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.1	EGGS	*0.5	RICE BRAN, PROCESSED	*0.05
BENALAXYL FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS GARLIC GRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, HEAD NION, BULB BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT BENZULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, *0.1 BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- *0.1 COB) BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	MILKS	*0.5	,	
BENALAXYL FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS GARLIC 0.1 GRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, HEAD *0.01 LETTUCE, LEAF *0.01 ONION, BULB 0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N-HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 BENSULIDE FRUITING VEGETABLES, *0.1 BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BEANA (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 YOUR SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	BENALAXYL		BENSULIDE	
FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS GARLIC GRAPES LETTUCE, HEAD LETTUCE, LEAF ONION, BULB BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF MILKS PRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS BENTAZONE BENTAZONE BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- COB) **O.01 **O.02 **O.02 **O.03 **D.04 **O.04 **D.05 **D.05 **D.06 **D.07	Benalaxyl			
CUCURBITS GARLIC	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.2	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	*0.1
GRAPES 0.5 LETTUCE, HEAD *0.01 LETTUCE, LEAF *0.01 ONION, BULB 0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N-HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) **O.1 **O.1 **O.1 **D.1 **D.1 **D.2 **D.2 **D.3 **D.3 **D.3 **D.4 **D.4 **D.4 **D.4 **D.4 **D.4 **D.5 **D.4 **D.4 **D.4 **D.4 **D.4 **D.5 **D.4 **D	CUCURBITS			
LETTUCE, HEAD *0.01 LETTUCE, LEAF *0.01 ONION, BULB *0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N-HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS *0.1 BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN *0.1 BEANN SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) **O.01 **SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) **SWEET CORN	GARLIC	0.1	BENTAZONE	
LETTUCE, LEAF *0.01 ONION, BULB *0.1 BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS *0.1 AND SOYA BEAN BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS *0.1 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-*0.1 COB) **O.01 **BENZOFENAP** SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 **BENZYLADENINE** BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	GRAPES	0.5	Bentazone	
LETTUCE, LEAF ONION, BULB BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- *0.1 COB) BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	LETTUCE, HEAD	*0.01	BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	*0.1
BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT UNCONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	LETTUCE, LEAF	*0.01		
BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS *AND IMMATURE SEEDS) PEANUT *0.1 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- *0.1 *0.1	ONION, BULB	0.1	Broad bean (Green pods	*0.1
BENDIOCARB COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN: UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS *0.01 PULSES *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- *0.1 COB) *0.01 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- *0.1 *0.1 *0.1 BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 *0.01 *0.01 *0.01 *0.01 *0.01 *0.01 *0.02 *0.02 *0.03 *0.04 *0.05 MILKS *0.01 *0.01 *0.01 *0.02 *0.02 *0.02 *0.02 *0.03 *0.04 *0.05 *0.06 *0.07 *0.07 *0.07 *0.08 *0.09			`	
UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB; COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- *0.1 COB) SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE- *0.1 COB) **BENZOFENAP* SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.002 **BENZYLADENINE* BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	BENDIOCARB		,	*0.1
COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 SWEET COM (COM OF THE COM OF THE COM) COB) COB) BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	COMMODITIES OF PLANT OF	RIGIN:	Pulses	*0.01
COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN: SUM OF CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3-BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N-HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 COB) BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	UNCONJUGATED BENDIOC	CARB;	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	
CONJUGATED AND UNCONJUGATED BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHYL-1,3- BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS BENZOFENAP SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIG	IN: SUM OF	COB)	
BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND N- HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFENAP-OH AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.02 RICE 0.02 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	CONJUGATED AND UNCONJU	JGATED	,	
HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS DOMESTICATION DEIVLOTE ENTRY BENZOTE	BENDIOCARB, 2,2-DIMETHY	′L-1,3-	BENZOFENAP	
HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB, EXPRESSED AS BENDIOCARB *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS AN BENZOFENAP-RED, EXPRESSED AS BENZOFENAP RICE 0.002 RICE BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	BENZODIOXOL-4-OL AND) N-	SUM OF BENZOFENAP, BENZOFEN	ар-ОН
AS BENDIOCARB BANANA *0.02 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 CATTLE MEAT 0.1 EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	HYDROXYMETHYLBENDIOCARB,	EXPRESSED		
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS O.2 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE O.2	AS BENDIOCARB		BENZOFENAP	
CATTLE MEAT EGGS 0.05 MILKS 0.1 BENZYLADENINE BENZYLADENINE APPLE 0.2	Banana	*0.02	RICE	0.02
EGGS 0.05 BENZYLADENINE MILKS 0.1 APPLE 0.2	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2		
EGGS 0.05 BENZYLADENINE 0.1 APPLE 0.2	CATTLE MEAT	0.1	BENZYLADENINE	
MILKS 0.1 APPLE 0.2	EGGS	0.05		
	MILKS	0.1		0.2
	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1		·. -

BENZYL G PENICILLIN		SUGAR CANE	0.01
INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENT	TIFIED AS	Томато	0.5
BENZYL G PENICILLIN		TURMERIC ROOT	0.5
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.06	WHEAT	0.01
EGGS	*0.018	BIORESMETHRIN	
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.06	Bioresmethrin	
MILKS	*0.0015	CEREAL GRAINS	5
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.06	WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	T10
POULTRY MEAT	0.06	WHEAT GERM	T10
BETACYFLUTHRIN		BITERTANOL	
see Cyfluthrin		Bitertanol	
		APPLE	1
BIFENTHRIN		BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	0.3
Bifenthrin		AND SOYA BEAN	
APPLE	*0.05	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
BANANA	0.1	Edible offal (mammalian)	1
BARLEY	0.02	EGGS	*0.01
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	1
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	2	FAT)	
CEREAL GRAINS	2	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	2
CHERVIL	0.5	Peanut	*0.2
COTTON SEED	0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
EGG PLANT	0.5	POULTRY MEAT	0.2
EGGS	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1
FIELD PEA (DRY)	0.01	Pulses	0.3
GALANGAL, RHIZOMES	0.5	Brodifacoum	
GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	Brodifacoum	
GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	2	CEREAL GRAINS	0.0002
GRAPES	0.01	Edible offal (mammalian)	0.0005
Herbs	0.5	Meat (mammalian)	0.0005
Lupin (dry)	0.02	Pulses	0.0002
MILKS	0.5	SUGAR CANE	*0.0005
OKRA	0.5		
PEAR	0.5	Bromacil	
Peppers	0.5	Bromacil	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	Asparagus	*0.04
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	*0.05	CITRUS FRUITS	*0.04
Pulses	0.02	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.04
Rape seed	*0.02	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.04
Rucola (rocket)	0.5	MILKS	*0.04
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	PINEAPPLE	*0.04
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	2		

BROMOPROPYLATE	
Bromopropylate	
POME FRUITS	5
STONE FRUITS	5
BROMOXYNIL	
Bromoxynil	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.2
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.02
EGGS	*0.02
LINSEED	*0.02
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.02
MILKS	*0.02
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.02
POULTRY MEAT	*0.02
SUGAR CANE	*0.02
BROMUCONAZOLE	
Bromuconazole, sum of ise	OMERS
PEACH	0.1
Pome fruits	0.1
STONE FRUITS	0.1
Grapes	0.05
BUPIRIMATE	
BUPIRIMATE	1
APPLE	-
MELONS, EXCEPT	1
WATERMELON	
CADUSAFOS	
CADUSAFOS	*0.01
BANANA CINCER POOT	*0.01
GINGER, ROOT	0.1
SUGAR CANE TOWATO	*0.01
Томато	*0.01
CAPTAN	
Captan	0.0=
CAPTAN EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.05
CAPTAN EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) GRAPES	10
CAPTAN EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) GRAPES MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	10 0.05
CAPTAN EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) GRAPES MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS	10 0.05 0.01
CAPTAN EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) GRAPES MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	10 0.05

STRAWBERRY	25
Carbaryl Carbaryl	
APRICOT	10
ASPARAGUS	10
AVOCADO	10
BANANA (IN THE PULP)	5
BLACKBERRIES	10
BLUEBERRIES	7
Brazilian Cherry	5
(GRUMICHAMA)	
CARAMBOLA	5
CEREAL GRAINS	T5
CHERRIES	5
CITRUS FRUITS	7
COTTON SEED	1
CUSTARD APPLE	5
DEWBERRIES (INCLUDING	10
BOYSENBERRY, LOGANBERRY	
AND YOUNGBERRY)	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	T0.2
EGGS	T0.2
ELEPHANT APPLE	5
FEIJOA	5
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	3
CUCURBITS	
Granadilla	5
GRAPES	5
Guava	5
JABOTICABA	5
JACKFRUIT	5
JAMBU	5
Kiwifruit	10
LEAFY VEGETABLES	10
LITCHI	5
LONGAN	5
Mango	5
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	T0.2
MILKS	T*0.05
NECTARINE	10
OKRA	10
OLIVES	10

SCHEDULE	1 - MAAIN	IUWI KESIDUE LIWII 15	
OLIVES, PROCESSED	1	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	2
Papaya (Pawpaw)	5	CUCURBITS	
PASSIONFRUIT	5	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	2
РЕАСН	10	OTHER THAN CUCURBITS	
PLUMS (INCLUDING PRUNES)	5	[EXCEPT MUSHROOMS]	
POME FRUITS	5	GINGER, ROOT	10
Ротато	0.2	GRAPES	3
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	T5	HERBS	3
POULTRY MEAT	T0.5	LITCHI	10
RAMBUTAN	5	Mango	5
RASPBERRIES, RED, BLACK	10	Meat (mammalian)	0.2
SAPODILLA	5	MILKS	0.1
SAPOTE, BLACK	5	MUSHROOMS	10
SAPOTE, GREEN	5	Papaya (Pawpaw)	T20
SAPOTE, MAMMEY	5	PEANUT	0.2
SAPOTE, WHITE	5	PEPPERS	0.02
STRAWBERRY	7	POME FRUITS	5
SUGAR CANE	0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
SUNFLOWER SEED	1	POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	1	STONE FRUITS	10
COB)		SUGAR CANE	0.1
Tree nuts	1	TURMERIC ROOT	3
Tree nuts (whole in shell)	10	VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	3
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	5	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		THIS CHEMICAL]	
THIS CHEMICAL]			
Wheat bran, unprocessed	T20	CARBETAMIDE	
		Carbetamide	
Carbendazim		Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
Sum of carbendazim ani	2-	EGGS	*0.1
AMINOBENZIMIDAZOLE, EXPRES	SSED AS	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
CARBENDAZIM		MILKS	*0.1
AVOCADO	3	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
Banana	1	POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	5		
FRUITS [EXCEPT GRAPES]		CARBOFURAN	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05	SUM OF CARBOFURAN AND	3-
CHICK PEA (DRY)	1	HYDROXYCARBOFURAN, EXPRESS	SED AS
CITRUS FRUITS	10	CARBOFURAN	
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.2	Banana	*0.1
EGGS	*0.1	COTTON SEED	0.05
EGG PLANT	0.02	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
		EGGS	*0.05

MAIZE	0.05	PEAR	0.5
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01
MILKS	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.02
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	CHLORFENVINPHOS	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	CHLORFENVINPHOS, SUM OF E AND Z	
RICE	0.2	ISOMERS	
SORGHUM	0.05	Broccoli	0.05
SUGAR CANE	*0.1	BRUSSELS SPROUTS	0.05
SUNFLOWER SEED	0.05	CABBAGES, HEAD	0.05
SWEET CORN	0.05	CARROT	0.4
WHEAT	*0.2	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
		CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2
CARBON DISULPHIDE		Cauliflower	0.1
CARBON DISULFIDE		CELERY	0.4
CEREAL GRAINS	10	COTTON SEED	0.05
Pulses	10	EGG PLANT	0.05
		GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
CARBONYL SULPHIDE		Goat meat (in the fat)	0.2
		Horseradish	0.1
CEREAL GRAINS	0.2	Leek	0.05
Pulses	0.2	MAIZE	0.05
RAPESEED	0.2	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.2
		MUSHROOMS	0.05
CARBOXIN		ONION, BULB	0.05
Carboxin		Peanut	0.05
CEREAL GRAINS	0.1	Ротато	0.05
		RADISH	0.1
CHINOMETHIONAT		RICE	0.05
see Oxythioquinox		SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
		SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2
CHLORFENAPYR		SWEDE	0.05
Chlorfenapyr		SWEET POTATO	0.05
BRASSICA (COLE OR	0.5	TOMATO	0.1
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES,		TURNIP, GARDEN	0.05
HEAD CABBAGES,		WHEAT	0.05
FLOWERHEAD BRASSICAS		_	
COTTON SEED	T0.5	CHLORFLUAZURON	
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1	CHLORFLUAZURON	
EGGS	0.01	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
Meat (mammalian) (in the	0.1	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1
FAT)		CATTLE MILK	0.1
MILKS	0.01	COTTON SEED	0.1
РЕАСН	1	COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.1

COTTON SEED OIL, EDIBLE	*0.05	CHERRIES	10
EGGS	0.2	CURRANT, BLACK	10
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	5
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1	CUCURBITS	
CHLORHEXIDINE		GARLIC	10
Chlorhexidine	_	GRAPES	10
Milks	0.05	HERBS	7
		LEAFY VEGETABLES	7
CHLORIDAZON		LEEK	10
Chloridazon		NECTARINE	7
Вееткоот	*0.05	ONION, BULB	10
		PEACH	30
CHLORMEQUAT		PEANUT	T0.2
CHLORMEQUAT CATION		PLUMS (INCLUDING PRUNES)	10
DRIED GRAPES	0.75	Ротато	0.1
GRAPES	0.75	SPRING ONIONS	10
MILKS	*0.1	Томато	10
WHEAT	5	TURMERIC ROOT	7
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	7
3-(2-CHLORO-THIAZOL-5-YLMETI	HYL)-5-	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
METHYL-[1,3,5]OXADIAZINAN-4-Y	,	THIS CHEMICAL]	
N-NITROAMINE			
3-(2-CHLORO-THIAZOL-5-YLMETH	HYL)-5-	CHLOROXURON	
METHYL-[1,3,5]OXADIAZINAN-4-Y	•	SUM OF CHLOROXURON AN	D ALL
N-nitroamine		METABOLITES HYDROLYSED	TO P-
COTTON SEED	0.05	CHLOROPHENOXYANILINE, EXP	RESSED AS
COTTON SEED OIL	0.05	CHLOROXURON	
MAIZE	0.05	STRAWBERRY	0.5
SORGHUM	0.05		
SWEET CORN	0.05	CHLORPROPHAM	
		Chlorpropham	
CHLOROPICRIN		GARLIC	0.05
CHLOROPICRIN		ONIONS, BULB	
CEREAL GRAINS		Ротато	0.05
	*0.1		
	*0.1		0.05 30
CHLOROTHALONIL	*0.1	CHLORPYRIFOS	
CHLOROTHALONIL CHLOROTHALONIL	*0.1	CHLORPYRIFOS CHLORPYRIFOS	30
	*0.1 T0.1		0.5
CHLOROTHALONIL		CHLORPYRIFOS ASPARAGUS AVOCADO	0.5 0.5
CHLOROTHALONIL ALMONDS	T0.1	CHLORPYRIFOS ASPARAGUS AVOCADO BANANA	0.5 0.5 0.5
CHLOROTHALONIL ALMONDS APRICOT	T0.1	CHLORPYRIFOS ASPARAGUS AVOCADO BANANA BRASSICA (COLE OR	0.5 0.5 0.5
CHLOROTHALONIL ALMONDS APRICOT BANANA	T0.1 7 3	CHLORPYRIFOS ASPARAGUS AVOCADO BANANA	

CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	2	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	2	EGGS	*0.05
CELERY	5	Lupin (dry)	10
CEREAL GRAINS EXCEPT	0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	*0.05
SORGHUM]	0.1	FAT)	0.00
CITRUS FRUITS	0.5	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	*0.05
COTTON SEED	0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.2	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	*0.05
DRIED FRUITS	2	RICE	0.1
EGGS	*0.01	WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	20
GINGER, ROOT	*0.01	Wheat germ	30
GRAPES	0.01	CHLORSULFURON	
Kiwifruit	2	CHLORSULFURON	
MANGO	*0.05	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.2	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
OILSEED [EXCEPT COTTON	0.01	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
SEED]		MILKS	*0.05
PASSIONFRUIT	*0.05		
PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	CHLORTETRACYCLINE	
PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1	INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIFI	ED AS
PINEAPPLE	0.5	CHLORTETRACYCLINE	
POME FRUITS	0.2	CATTLE MEAT	0.1
Ротато	0.05	PIG MEAT	0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.6
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1	POULTRY MEAT	0.1
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1		
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1	CHLORTHAL-DIMETHYL	
SORGHUM	3	CHLORTHAL-DIMETHYL	
STONE FRUITS	1	Eggs	*0.05
STRAWBERRY	0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
SUGAR CANE	0.1	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
Томато	0.5	MILKS	*0.05
Tree nuts	0.02	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	*0.01	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		VEGETABLES	5
THIS CHEMICAL]			
		CLAVULANIC ACID	
CHLORPYRIFOS-METHYL		CLAVULANIC ACID	
CHLORPYRIFOS-METHYL		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01
CEREAL GRAINS [EXCEPT	10	CATTLE MEAT	*0.01
RICE]		CATTLE MILK	0.01
COTTON SEED	0.01		
COTTON SEED OIL	0.01		

CLETHODIM		MILKS	0.05
see Sethoxydim		RAPE SEED	0.5
CLODINAFOP-PROPARGY	L	CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL	
CLODINAFOP-PROPARGYI		CLOQUINTOCET-MEXYL	
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
EGGS	*0.05	Eggs	*0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
MILKS	*0.05	MILKS	*0.05
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
WHEAT	*0.05	WHEAT	*0.05
CLODINAFOP ACID		CLOQUINTOCET ACID	
(R)-2-[4-(5-chloro-3-fluor	0-2-	5-CHLORO-8-QUINOLINOXYACET	TIC ACID
PYRIDINYLOXY) PHENOXY] PROF	PANOIC	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
ACID		EGGS	*0.1
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
EGGS	*0.1	MILKS	*0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
MILKS	*0.1	POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1	WHEAT	*0.1
POULTRY MEAT	*0.1		
WHEAT	*0.1	Clorsulon	
		Clorsulon	
Clofentezine		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
Clofentezine		CATTLE MEAT	*0.1
BANANA	*0.01		
HOPS, DRY	*0.2	Closantel	
POME FRUITS	0.1	Closantel	
STONE FRUITS	0.1	SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	5
		SHEEP MEAT	2
CLOMAZONE		CLOXACILLIN	
CLOMAZONE		Inhibitory substance, identi	FIED AS
RICE	0.01	CLOXACILLIN	
		CATTLE MILK	*0.01
CLOPYRALID			
Clopyralid		COUMAPHOS	
CEREAL GRAINS	2	SUM OF COUMAPHOS AND ITS C	XYGEN
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.5	ANALOGUE, EXPRESSED AS COUN	MAPHOS
[EXCEPT KIDNEY]		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS,	5	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1
PIGS AND SHEEP		EGGS	0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5

GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	BRASSICA (COLE OR	0.5
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.1	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	Broad bean (green pods	0.5
PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	AND IMMATURE SEEDS)	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1	CEREAL GRAINS	2
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1	COTTON SEED	0.01
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	EGG PLANT	0.2
, ,		EGGS	*0.01
CYANAMIDE		LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.5
Cyanamide		MACADAMIA NUTS	0.05
BLUEBERRIES	0.05	MAMMALIAN FATS [EXCEPT	0.5
GRAPES	*0.05	MILK FATS]	
Kiwifruit	*0.1	MEAT MAMMALIAN (IN THE	0.02
Pear, Oriental (Nashi)	*0.1	FAT)	
PISTACHIO NUTS	0.05	MILKS	0.1
Cyanazine		Okra	0.2
Cyanazine		ONION, BULB	0.02
BULB VEGETABLES	*0.02	PEPPERS, SWEET (CAPSICUMS)	0.2
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.01	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01
PEAS	0.02	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	*0.01
Ротато	0.02	Pulses	0.5
Pulses	*0.01	SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.05
SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	*0.02	Томато	0.2
COB)		WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	5
CYCLANILIDE		Cyhalothrin	
SUM OF CYCLANILIDE AND ITS N	METHYL	CYHALOTHRIN, SUM OF ISON	MERS
ESTER, EXPRESSED AS CYCLAN	ILIDE	ALL OTHER FOODS	*0.01
COTTON SEED	0.2	BARLEY	0.2
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.01	Brassica (cole or	0.1
EGGS	0.01	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.05	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	2	CITRUS FRUITS	*0.01
MILKS	0.05	COTTON SEED	*0.02
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.02
POULTRY MEAT	0.01	EGGS	*0.02
		GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1
Cyfluthrin		LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.1
CYFLUTHRIN, SUM OF ISOM	ERS	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.5
BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	0.5	PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1
AND SOYA BEAN]		Ротато	*0.01
· -	,	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.02

POULTRY MEAT	*0.02	Ротато	*0.01
PULSES [EXCEPT SOYA BEAN	0.2	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
(DRY)]		POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	*0.05
RAPE SEED	0.02	RAPE SEED	0.2
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1	RAPE SEED OIL, EDIBLE	0.2
SORGHUM	0.2	SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05
SOYA BEAN (DRY)	*0.02	SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5
SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.01	SOYA BEAN (DRY)	0.05
Томато	0.02	SOYA BEAN OIL, CRUDE	0.1
WHEAT	*0.05	STONE FRUITS [EXCEPT	1
Cypermethrin		CHERRIES]	
CYPERMETHRIN, SUM OF IS	SOMERS	SUGAR CANE	0.02
ALL OTHER FOODS	*0.01	SUNFLOWER SEED	0.1
Asparagus	0.5	SUNFLOWER SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.1
BRASSICA (COLE OR	1	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	0.05
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		COB)	
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05	Томато	0.5
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5		
CEREAL GRAINS [EXCEPT	1	CYPROCONAZOLE	
WHEAT]		CYPROCONAZOLE, SUM OF ISO	OMERS
COMMON BEAN (PODS	0.05	Banana	T0.5
AND/OR IMMATURE SEEDS)		Edible offal (mammalian)	0.01
(DRY)		GRAPES	T0.5
COTTON SEED	0.2	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.01
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	*0.02	MILKS	*0.01
EGGS	0.05	Peanut	0.02
FIELD PEA (DRY)	0.05	Ротато	*0.02
GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05	Cyprodinil	
GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	Cyprodinil	
GRAPES	0.05	Edible offal (mammalian)	0.01
HORSE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	GRAPES	2
HORSE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	*0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.01
LETTUCE, HEAD	2	MILKS	0.01
LETTUCE, LEAF	2	POME FRUITS	0.05
LINOLA OIL, EDIBLE	0.1		
LINOLA SEED	0.1	CYROMAZINE	
LINSEED	0.5	Cyromazine	
Lupin (dry)	*0.01	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	1	G OAT MEAT	0.2
Mung bean (dry)	0.05	SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	SHEEP MEAT	0.2
PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT)	*0.05		
POME FRUITS	1		

2,4-D		Deltamethrin	
2, 4-D		Deltamethrin	
CEREAL GRAINS	0.2	Brassica (cole or	*0.05
CITRUS FRUITS	5	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
Edible offal (mammalian)	2	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
EGGS	*0.05	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5
LEGUME VEGETABLES	*0.05	CATTLE MILK (IN THE FAT)	0.5
Lupin (dry)	*0.05	CEREAL GRAINS	2
Meat (mammalian)	0.2	EGGS	0.01
MILKS	*0.05	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.1
OILSEED	*0.05	OTHER THAN CUCURBITS	
PEAR	0.05	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
Ротато	0.1	GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	GOAT MILK (IN THE FAT)	0.2
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.1
Pulses	*0.05	OILSEED	0.1
SUGAR CANE	5	Pig, edible offal of	0.01
		Pig meat (in the fat)	0.1
Daminozide		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01
Daminozide		POULTRY MEAT	0.01
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.2	Pulses	0.1
EGGS	0.2	SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.2	SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1
MILKS	*0.05	SHEEP MILK (IN THE FAT)	0.2
РЕАСН	30	SWEET CORN (KERNELS)	0.1
Peanut	20	WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	5
POME FRUITS	30	WHEAT GERM	3
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2	DEMETON-S-METHYL	
POULTRY MEAT	0.2	SUM OF DEMETON-S, DEMETON-C	O, THEIR
2,4-DB		SULFOXIDES AND THEIR SULFC	NES,
2, 4-DB		EXPRESSED AS DEMETON-S-ME	THYL
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02	see also Disulfoton	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.2	CEREAL GRAINS	0.5
EGGS	*0.05	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.2	EGGS	*0.05
MILKS	*0.05	HERBS	0.5
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	HOPS, DRY	0.5
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	MACADAMIA NUTS	*0.05
		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
DEF		MILKS	*0.05
SEE TRIBUFOS		OILSEED	0.5
		POME FRUITS	0.5
		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05

POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.5
STONE FRUITS	0.5	OLIVE OIL, CRUDE	2
STRAWBERRY	0.5	OLIVES	2
VEGETABLES	0.5	РЕАСН	0.7
		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
DEXAMETHASONE AND)	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
DEXAMETHASONE TRIMETHYLA	ACETATE	SUGAR CANE	0.5
Dexamethasone	-	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	0.7
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	COB)	
CATTLE MEAT	0.1	TREE NUTS	0.1
CATTLE MILK	*0.05	VEGETABLE OILS, CRUDE	0.1
HORSE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	[EXCEPT OLIVE OIL, CRUDE]	
HORSE MEAT	0.1	VEGETABLES	0.7
PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1		
PIG MEAT	0.1	DICAMBA	
		DICAMBA	
Diafenthiuron		CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
Sum of diafenthiuron; N-[2,	.6-BIS(1-	Edible offal (mammalian)	0.05
METHYLETHYL)- 4-PHENOXYPHE		EGGS	*0.05
(1,1-dimethylethyl)urea; ani	_	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.05
BIS(1-METHYLETHYL)-4-	_	MILKS	0.1
PHENOXYPHENYL]- N'-(1,		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
DIMETHYLETHYL)CARBODIIN		POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
EXPRESSED AS DIAFENTHIUI	RON	SUGAR CANE	0.1
BRASSICA (COLE OR	0.5	SUGAR CANE MOLASSES	2
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES			
COMMON BEAN (PODS	T0.1	DICHLOBENIL	
AND/OR IMMATURE SEEDS)		DICHLOBENIL	
COTTON SEED	T0.2	CITRUS FRUITS	0.1
Ротато	T0.1	GRAPES	0.1
Томато	T0.5	POME FRUITS	0.1
DIAZINON		STONE FRUITS	0.1
Diazinon		Томато	0.1
CEREAL GRAINS	0.1	DICLORAN	
CITRUS FRUITS	0.7	Dicloran	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.7	BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	20
EGGS	*0.05	AND SOYA BEAN]	
FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	0.5	BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	20
LISTED UNDER THIS		FRUITS [EXCEPT GRAPES]	
CHEMICAL]		Broad bean (Green Pods	20
Kiwifruit	0.5	AND IMMATURE SEEDS)	
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.7	CARROT	15
FAT)		GRAPES	10
FAT)		GRAPES	10

LETTUCE, HEAD	20	MILKS	*0.01
LETTUCE, LEAF	20	Peanut	0.1
ONION, BULB	20	POME FRUITS	0.3
STONE FRUITS	15	Ротато	*0.02
SWEET POTATO	20	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
Томато	20	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
		TOMATO	0.5
DICOFOL		WHEAT	0.02
SUM OF DICOFOL AND 2,2,2- TRICH	iloro-1-		
(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1-(2-		DIFLUBENZURON	
CHLOROPHENYL)ETHANOL, EXPRE		Diflubenzuron	
DICOFOL		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.02
ALMONDS	5	CATTLE MEAT	0.02
COTTON SEED	0.1	CATTLE MILK	0.05
CUCUMBER	2	CEREAL GRAINS	2
FRUIT [EXCEPT STRAWBERRY]	5	MUSHROOMS	1
GHERKIN	2	SHEEP KIDNEY	0.05
HOPS, DRY	5	SHEEP LIVER	0.05
STRAWBERRY	1	SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.05
TEA, GREEN, BLACK	5	SHEEP MILK	0.05
Томато	1	WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	5
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	5		
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		DIFLUFENICAN	
THIS CHEMICAL]		Diflufenican	
		BARLEY	0.05
DICYCLANIL			
DICICEMINE		Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT	rs	Edible offal (mammalian) Lupin	
		,	0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT		LUPIN	0.05 0.01
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX		LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.05 0.01
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL	(PRESSED	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS	0.05 0.01 0.01 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT	O.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS	0.05 0.01 0.01 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY	0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS	0.05 0.01 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER	0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES	0.05 0.01 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE	0.05 0.01 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE	0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE WHEAT	0.05 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN SEE ALDRIN AND DIELDRIN	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE WHEAT DIMETHIPIN	0.05 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN SEE ALDRIN AND DIELDRIN DIFENOCONAZOLE	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE WHEAT DIMETHIPIN DIMETHIPIN	0.05 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN SEE ALDRIN AND DIELDRIN DIFENOCONAZOLE DIFENOCONAZOLE	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE WHEAT DIMETHIPIN DIMETHIPIN COTTON SEED	0.05 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN SEE ALDRIN AND DIELDRIN DIFENOCONAZOLE DIFENOCONAZOLE BANANA	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE WHEAT DIMETHIPIN DIMETHIPIN COTTON SEED COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.05 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.02
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN SEE ALDRIN AND DIELDRIN DIFENOCONAZOLE DIFENOCONAZOLE BANANA CARROT	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 T0.5	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE WHEAT DIMETHIPIN DIMETHIPIN COTTON SEED COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE COTTON SEED OIL, REFINED	0.05 0.01 0.01
SUM OF DICYCLANIL AND IT TRIAMINOPYRIDYL METABOLITE EX AS DICYCLANIL SHEEP FAT SHEEP KIDNEY SHEEP LIVER SHEEP MEAT DIELDRIN SEE ALDRIN AND DIELDRIN DIFENOCONAZOLE DIFENOCONAZOLE BANANA CARROT EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 T0.5 0.2 *0.05	LUPIN MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS OATS PEAS PULSES RYE TRITICALE WHEAT DIMETHIPIN DIMETHIPIN COTTON SEED COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE COTTON SEED OIL, REFINED MILKS	0.05 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.01 0.1 0.01

POULTRY MEAT 0.01 POTATO 0.05 POTATO 0.02	EGGS	0.02	LETTUCE, LEAF	0.5
DIMETHIRIMOL DIMETRIDAZOLE	POULTRY MEAT	0.01	ONION, BULB	0.05
DIMETHIRIMOL	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01	Ротато	0.02
DIMETHIRIMOL				
Pig. edible offal of *0.005		_	_	
Dimethoate Sum of dimethoate See Also Omethoate See Dinitolmide See Dinitolmi	Dimethirimol			
DIMETHOATE SUM OF DIMETHOATE AND OMETHOATE, EXPRESSED AS DIMETHOATE SEE ALSO OMETHOATE DINITOLMIDE DINITOLMIDE DINITOLMIDE DINITOLMIDE DINITOLMIDE DINITOLMIDE SEE DINITOLMIDE OCTIVATION OCTIVATION OCTIVATION OCTIVATION OCTIVATION OCTIVATION OCTIVATIO	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	1	PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.005
DIMETHOATE SUM OF DIMETHOATE AND OMETHOATE, EXPRESSED AS DIMETHOATE SEE ALSO OMETHOATE CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 EGGS *0.05 FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE 2 LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL] LITCHI 5 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 2 CUCURBITS LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.05 OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT] 0.1 PEACHES 3 PEANUT *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 CICURBITS *0.1 STRAWBERRY *0.1 DIOFENOLAN DIOFENOLA	CUCURBITS		PIG MEAT	*0.005
SUM OF DIMETHOATE AND OMETHOATE EXPRESSED AS DIMETHOATE SFE ALSO OMETHOATE SFE ALSO OMETHOATE SFE ALSO OMETHOATE SFE ALSO OMETHOATE DINITOLMIDE SEE DINI			POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.005
Dinitolmide			POULTRY MEAT	*0.005
DINITOLMIDE	SUM OF DIMETHOATE AND OMETI	HOATE,		
Cereal Grains	EXPRESSED AS DIMETHOATI	Е	DINITOLMIDE	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	SEE ALSO OMETHOATE		DINITOLMIDE	
FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE 2 LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL] LITCHI 5 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 2 CUCURBITS LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.05 OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT] 0.1 PEACHES 3 POME FRUITS 0.1 STRAWBERRY	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	6
FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE 2 LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL] LITCHI 5 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 2 DINOCAP DINOCAP DINOCAP AND RELATED NITRO-OCTYLPHENOLS, EXPRESSED AS DINOCAP DINOCAP AND RELATED NITRO-OCTYLPHENOLS, EXPRESSED AS DINOCAP FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.1 GRAPES 0.1 GRAPE	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	POULTRY FATS	2
DINITRO-O-TOLUAMIDE SEE DINITOLMIDE SEE DI	EGGS	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT	3
CHEMICAL LITCHI	FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	2		
LITCHI	LISTED UNDER THIS		DINITRO-O-TOLUAMI	DE
FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS	CHEMICAL]		see Dinitolmide	
CUCURBITS DINOCAP AND RELATED NITRO-OCTYLPHENOLS, EXPRESSED AS DINOCAP MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.05 OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT] 0.1 PEACHES 3 PEANUT *0.05 PEPPERS, SWEET 1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 QUANDONG 5 STRAWBERRY 5 TOMATO 1 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER MACADAMIA NUTS T0.5 THIS CHEMICAL] MANGO T0.5 PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 CUCURBITS STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 SHEEP MEAT 5 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5	LITCHI	5		
LUPIN (DRY)	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	2	DINOCAP	
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.05 OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT] 0.1 PEACHES 3 PEANUT *0.05 PEPPERS, SWEET 1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 QUANDONG 5 STRAWBERRY 5 TOMATO 1 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER MACADAMIA NUTS THIS CHEMICAL] MANGO TO.5 PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 CUCURBITS 5 SHEEP MEAT 5 CUCURBITS 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5	CUCURBITS		DINOCAP AND RELATED N	IITRO-
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.05 OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT] 0.1 PEACHES 3 PEANUT *0.05 PEPPERS, SWEET 1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 QUANDONG 5 STRAWBERRY 5 TOMATO 1 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER MACADAMIA NUTS T0.5 THIS CHEMICAL] MANGO T0.5 PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 CUCURBITS STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5	LUPIN (DRY)	0.5	OCTYLPHENOLS, EXPRESSED AS	S DINOCAP
MILKS *0.05 CUCURBITS OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT] 0.1 GRAPES 0.1 PEACHES 3 POME FRUITS 0.1 PEANUT *0.05 STONE FRUITS 0.1 POULTRY SEET OFFAL OF *0.05 DIOFENOLAN 0.1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 DIOFENOLAN 0.1 QUANDONG 5 DIOFENOLAN 0.5 STRAWBERRY 5 AVOCADO T0.5 CITRUS FRUITS T0.5 MACADAMIA NUTS T0.5 MANGO T0.5 MANGO T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 5 CUCURBITS STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05		
PEACHES 3 POME FRUITS 0.1 PEANUT *0.05 STONE FRUITS 0.1 PEPPERS, SWEET 1 STRAWBERRY 0.1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 DIOFENOLAN POULTRY MEAT *0.05 DIOFENOLAN QUANDONG 5 DIOFENOLAN STRAWBERRY 5 AVOCADO T0.5 TOMATO 1 CITRUS FRUITS T0.5 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 MACADAMIA NUTS T0.5 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER MANGO T0.5 THIS CHEMICAL] PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP MEAT 5 SCUCURBITS 5 GRAPES 2	MILKS	*0.05		
PEANUT *0.05 STONE FRUITS 0.1 PEPPERS, SWEET 1 STRAWBERRY 0.1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 DIOFENOLAN POULTRY MEAT *0.05 DIOFENOLAN QUANDONG 5 DIOFENOLAN STRAWBERRY 5 AVOCADO T0.5 TOMATO 1 CITRUS FRUITS T0.5 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 MACADAMIA NUTS T0.5 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER MANGO T0.5 THIS CHEMICAL] PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP MEAT 5 CUCURBITS STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5	OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT]	0.1	GRAPES	0.1
Peppers, sweet	PEACHES	3	POME FRUITS	0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT QUANDONG STRAWBERRY TOMATO VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL] POME FRUITS TO.5 MACADAMIA NUTS TO.5 MANGO TO.5 MANGO TO.5 PAPAYA (PAWPAW) TO.5 POME FRUITS TO.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS TO.5 SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS TO.5	PEANUT	*0.05	STONE FRUITS	0.1
POULTRY MEAT *0.05 QUANDONG 5 STRAWBERRY 5 TOMATO 1 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER MACADAMIA NUTS THIS CHEMICAL] MANGO TO.5 PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP MEAT 5 SCUCURBITS STONE FRUITS T0.5 GRAPES 2	PEPPERS, SWEET	1	STRAWBERRY	0.1
QUANDONG 5 DIOFENOLAN STRAWBERRY 5 AVOCADO T0.5 TOMATO 1 CITRUS FRUITS T0.5 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 MACADAMIA NUTS T0.5 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER MANGO T0.5 THIS CHEMICAL] PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 POME FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5 STONE FRUITS T0.5	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05		
STRAWBERRY 5 AVOCADO T0.5	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	Diofenolan	
TOMATO	Quandong	5	Diofenolan	
TOMATO VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL] DIMETHOMORPH FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS GRAPES CITRUS FRUITS MACADAMIA NUTS MANGO TO.5 MANGO PAPAYA (PAWPAW) TO.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS TO.5 SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS TO.5 SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS TO.5 STONE FRUITS TO.5 SHEEP MEAT TO.5	STRAWBERRY	5	AVOCADO	T0.5
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 2 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL] DIMETHOMORPH POME FRUITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 CUCURBITS GRAPES MACADAMIA NUTS MANGO T0.5 MANGO T0.5 PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS T0.5	Томато	1		
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL] DIMETHOMORPH POME FRUITS SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CUCURBITS GRAPES MANGO PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT T0.5	VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	2		
THIS CHEMICAL] DIMETHOMORPH POME FRUITS SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CUCURBITS GRAPES PAPAYA (PAWPAW) T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS T0.5	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER			
DIMETHOMORPHPOME FRUITST0.5FRUITING VEGETABLES,0.5SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF0.2CUCURBITSSHEEP MEAT5GRAPES2STONE FRUITST0.5	THIS CHEMICAL]			
FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 CUCURBITS GRAPES SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SHEEP MEAT 5 STONE FRUITS T0.5	DIMETHOMORPH		` '	
FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 CUCURBITS GRAPES 0.5 SHEEP MEAT STONE FRUITS 5 STONE FRUITS 70.5				
CUCURBITS GRAPES 2 STONE FRUITS T0.5	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.5		
GRAPES 2	CUCURBITS			T0.5
LETTUCE, HEAD 0.3	GRAPES	2	L	
	LETTUCE, HEAD	0.3		

No. 170

DIPHENAMID	DIPHENAMID		SUNFLOWER SEED 1
TRITICALE 2 VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 0.05 OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER THIS CHEMICAL]	Diphenamid	_	SUNFLOWER SEED OIL, CRUDE 1
DIPHENYLAMINE	Томато	T*0.1	Tree nuts 0.05
DIPHENYLAMINE			Triticale 2
APPLE FPAR 7	DIPHENYLAMINE		VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS 0.05
Pear Pear Piquat Disulfoton Sum of disulfoton and demension-S And their sulfoxides and sulfones See Also Demeton-S-Methyl	Diphenylamine		OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER
Diguat	Apple	5	THIS CHEMICAL]
SUM OF DISULFOTON AND DEMETON-S	PEAR	7	WHEAT 2
SUM OF DISULFOTON AND DEMETON-S	DIOHAT		DISULFOTON
BARLEY	-	_	
EXPRESSED AS DISULPOTON SEE ALSO DEMETON-S-METHYL	*	5	
SEE ALSO DEMETON-S-METHYL			
COTTON SEED 0.5		1	
AND IMMATURE SEEDS) COTTON SEED		1	
COTTON SEED 1	`	1	
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 EGGS *0.01 FRUIT *0.05 LINSEED *0.01 LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.02 LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.05 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.05 MILKS *0.05 MILKS *0.01 OATS *5 ONION, BULB *0.1 POPPY SEED *5 POTATO *0.2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.02 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 DITHIANON FRUIT *2 DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER KILOGRAM OF FOOD ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED *1 RYE *2 BANANA *2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE *0.1 RYE *2 BANANA *2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE *0.1 BEANS (DRY) *0.5 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN *2	/	1	·
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 EGGS *0.01 FRUIT *0.05 LINSEED *0.01 LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.02 LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.02 MILKS 0.01 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.02 VEGETABLES 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.01 OATS 5 DITHIANON OATS 5 DITHIANON ONION, BULB 0.1 POPPY SEED 5 DITHIOCARBAMATES POTATO 0.2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 RAPE SEED 2 MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER RAPE SEED 0.1 RICE 5 ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 RICE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2		_	
EGGS *0.01 MILKS 0.01 FRUIT *0.05 POTATO 0.5 LINSEED *0.01 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.02 LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 POULTRY MEAT *0.02 MAIZE 0.1 VEGETABLES 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 DITHIANON OATS 5 DITHIANON ONION, BULB 0.1 FRUIT 2 PEAS 0.1 FRUIT 2 POPPY SEED 5 DITHIOCARBAMATES DITHIOCARBAMATES POTATO 0.2 TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING POULTRY MEAT *0.05 ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS RAPE SEED 2 MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER RAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 KILOGRAM OF FOOD RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1	·		
FRUIT	` ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LINSEED *0.01 LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 MAIZE 0.1 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.01 OATS 5 ONION, BULB 0.1 POULTRY MEAT *0.02 POULTRY MEAT *0.02 POULTRY MEAT *0.02 DITHIANON DITHIANON DITHIANON FRUIT 2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 DITHIOCARBAMATES POTATO 0.2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 RAPE SEED 2 RAPE SEED 2 RAPE SEED 01, CRUDE 0.1 RICE 5 RICE, POLISHED 1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2			
LUPIN (DRY) 0.5 POULTRY MEAT *0.02 MAIZE 0.1 VEGETABLES 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 DITHIANON OATS 5 DITHIANON ONION, BULB 0.1 FRUIT 2 PEAS 0.1 FRUIT 2 POPPY SEED 5 DITHIOCARBAMATES POTATO 0.2 TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES, DETERMINED POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING POULTRY MEAT *0.05 ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS RAPE SEED 2 MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER RAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 KILOGRAM OF FOOD RICE 5 ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2			
MAIZE 0.1 VEGETABLES 0.5 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 DITHIANON OATS 5 DITHIANON ONION, BULB 0.1 FRUIT 2 PEAS 0.1 FRUIT 2 POPPY SEED 5 DITHIOCARBAMATES DITHIOCARBAMATES POTATO 0.2 TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES, DETERMINED AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS RAPE SEED 2 MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER KILOGRAM OF FOOD RICE 5 ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2			
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.01 OATS 5 ONION, BULB 0.1 PEAS 0.1 POPPY SEED 5 POTATO 0.2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 RAPE SEED 2 RAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 RICE 5 RICE, POLISHED 1 RICE, POLISHED 1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2	` ,		
MILKS *0.01 OATS 5 ONION, BULB 0.1 PEAS 0.1 POPPY SEED 5 POTATO 0.2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 RAPE SEED 2 RAPE SEED 01L, CRUDE 0.1 RICE 5 RICE, POLISHED 1 RYE 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 RYE 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 RICE 0.1 RYE 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2			V EGETABLES 0.5
OATS ONION, BULB ONION, BULB PEAS O.1 POPPY SEED OTATO OULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RAPE SEED CRAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE CRAPE CRAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE CRAPE CRAP	1		DITHIANON
ONION, BULB PEAS O.1 POPPY SEED ODITHIOCARBAMATES POTATO O.2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RAPE SEED CAPEBRO RAPE SEED CAPEBRO CAPEBRO CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER CAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE CAPEBRO CAPEB			
PEAS O.1 POPPY SEED DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES, DETERMINED AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING POULTRY MEAT *0.05 ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER RAPE SEED RAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE O.1 KILOGRAM OF FOOD RICE 5 ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM		_	
POPPY SEED POTATO O.2 TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES, DETERMINED POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 RAPE SEED *0.05 RAPE SEED CRAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE RICE RICE SICE, POLISHED RYE SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE O.1 RYE SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE O.1 REAPPOLISHED DITHIOCARBAMATES TOTAL DITHIOCARBAMATES, DETERMINED AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER KILOGRAM OF FOOD ALMONDS TA ASPARAGUS TA ASPARAGUS TA BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE O.1 BEANS (DRY) O.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN) 2			Z
POTATO POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 RAPE SEED RAPE SEED RICE RICE, POLISHED RYE SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE *0.1 *0.05 *0.05 ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER *ILLIGRAM OF FOOD *ILLIGRAM OF FOO			DITHIOCARBAMATES
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 AS CARBON DISULPHIDE EVOLVED DURING POULTRY MEAT *0.05 ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS RAPE SEED 2 MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER RAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 KILOGRAM OF FOOD RICE 5 ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2			
POULTRY MEAT*0.05ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED ASRAPE SEED2MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PERRAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE0.1KILOGRAM OF FOODRICE5ALMONDST3RICE, POLISHED1ASPARAGUST1RYE2BANANA2SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE0.1BEANS (DRY)0.5SORGHUM2BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN2	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	
RAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE RICE 5 ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED 1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 5 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2	·	*0.05	ACID DIGESTION AND EXPRESSED AS
RICE 5 ALMONDS T3 RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 0.5 SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2	RAPE SEED	2	MILLIGRAMS OF CARBON DISULPHIDE PER
RICE, POLISHED 1 ASPARAGUS T1 RYE 2 BANANA 2 SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.1 BEANS (DRY) 5 ORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2	RAPE SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.1	KILOGRAM OF FOOD
RYE2BANANA2SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE0.1BEANS (DRY)0.5SORGHUM2BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN2	RICE	5	ALMONDS T3
RYE2BANANA2SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE0.1BEANS (DRY)0.5SORGHUM2BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN2	RICE, POLISHED	1	Asparagus T1
SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2			
SORGHUM 2 BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 2	SESAME SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.1	BEANS (DRY) 0.5
	·	2	· /
JOTA DEAN (DRT) I AND SOTA DEAN	SOYA BEAN (DRY)	1	AND SOYA BEAN]
SUGAR BEET 0.1 BEETROOT T1	· · ·	0.1	_
SUGAR CANE *0.05	SUGAR CANE	*0.05	·

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	T5	POMEGRANATE	3
FRUIT [EXCEPT		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.5
STRAWBERRIES]		POULTRY MEAT	*0.5
Brassica (cole or	2	Rhubarb	2
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		ROSELLE (ROSELLA)	5
Broad bean (green pods	2	STONE FRUITS	T3
AND IMMATURE SEEDS)		STRAWBERRY	T3
Broad beans (DRY) (FAVA	0.5	SUNFLOWER SEED	T*0.05
BEAN)		SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	0.5
BULB VEGETABLES	4	COB)	
CARROT	1	ТОМАТО	3
CELERY	5	Diuron	
CEREAL GRAINS	0.5	Sum of diuron and 3,4	: -
CHICK-PEA (DRY)	0.5	DICHLOROANILINE, EXPRESSED A	S DIURON
CITRUS FRUITS	T0.2	Asparagus	2
COCONUT	5	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	3
COFFEE BEANS	5	CATTLE MEAT	0.1
COMMON BEAN (PODS	2	CATTLE MILK	0.1
AND/OR IMMATURE SEEDS)		CEREAL GRAINS	0.1
COTTON SEED	T*0.05	COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.5
Edible offal (mammalian)	2	FIELD PEA (DRY)	*0.05
EGG PLANT (AUBERGINE)	3	FRUIT	0.5
EGGS	0.5	OILSEED	0.5
FIG	3	PINEAPPLE	0.5
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	2	SUGAR CANE	0.2
CUCURBITS			
GARLIC	4	Dodine	
Hops	T10	Dodine	
LEAFY VEGETABLES	5	POME FRUITS	5
Mango	1	STONE FRUITS	5
Meat (mammalian)	*0.5		
MILKS	*0.2	Doramectin	
OKRA	3	Doramectin	_
Papaya (Pawpaw)	T30	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
PARSLEY	5	CATTLE FAT	0.1
Passion fruit (including	Т3	CATTLE MEAT	0.01
Granadilla)			
PEANUT	0.2	2,2-DPA	
PEAS	T2	2,2-dichloropropionic a	CID
Peas (dry)	T0.5	AVOCADO	*0.1
Peppers (Capsicums)	T3	BANANA	*0.1
Persimmon, Japanese	5	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.1
POME FRUITS	T3	CITRUS FRUITS	*0.1
		1	

SCHEDULE	1 - 1/1/1/2/11/	TOWI RESIDUE LIWITS	
COTTON SEED	*0.1	EGGS	*0.05
CURRANTS, BLACK, RED,	15	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	2
WHITE		OTHER THAN CUCURBITS	
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.2	FRUIT	2
GRAPES	3	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.2	GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2
MILKS	*0.1	Lupin (dry)	1
PAPAYA (PAWPAW)	*0.1	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.5
PECAN	*0.1	MUNG BEAN (DRY)	1
PINEAPPLE	*0.1	OILSEED	1
POME FRUITS	*0.1	ONION, BULB	0.2
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.0025	Peanut	1
SHEEP MEAT	0.0025	Ротато	0.2
STONE FRUITS	1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
SUGAR CANE	*0.1	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2
SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.1	RICE	0.1
VEGETABLES	*0.1	SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
		SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2
EDB		SOYA BEAN (DRY)	1
1,2-dibromoethane		SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	0.2
FRUIT	T0.1	COB)	
VEGETABLES	T0.1	SWEET POTATO	0.2
		TEA, GREEN, BLACK	30
EDC		TREE NUTS	0.2
see Ethylene dichlorie	DE	VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	2
		OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
EDC		THIS CHEMICAL]	
NO RESIDUE DEFINITION			
BRASSICA (COLE OR	0.005	ENDOTHAL	
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES,		Endothal	
HEAD CABBAGES,		COTTON SEED	0.1
FLOWERHEAD CABBAGES		Ротато	0.1
COTTON SEED	0.005		
		ENILCONAZOLE	
Endosulfan		see Imazalil	
Sum of a- and b- endosulfa	N AND		
ENDOSULFAN SULPHATE	E		
CARROT	0.2	EPRINOMECTIN	
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2	EPRINOMECTIN B1A	
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2	CATTLE FAT	0.5
CEREAL GRAINS	0.2	CATTLE MILK	0.03
COMMON BEAN (DRY)	1	CATTLE MEAT	0.1
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.5		

2	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1
0.1	MILKS	0.1
2	ORANGES, SWEET, SOUR	2
	РЕАСН	0.5
	PINEAPPLE	2
	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
*0.04	POULTRY MEAT	0.1
*0.1	SUGAR CANE	0.5
*0.01	SUGAR CANE MOLASSES	7
*0.1	Томато	2
*0.1	TRITICALE	T1
0.1	WHEAT	T1
*0.05		
*0.05	ETHION	
*0.04	ETHION	
	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	2.5
	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT),	2.5
) AS	CITRUS FRUITS	1
	GRAPES	2
*0.3	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.5
*0.3	POME FRUITS	1
*0.3	STONE FRUITS	1
*0.04	TEA, GREEN, BLACK	5
0.3		
0.3	ETHOFUMESATE	
	ETHOFUMESATE	
	BEETROOT	0.1
	CHARD (SILVER BEET)	1
	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.5
	GARLIC	0.1
1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.5
T1	FAT)	
15	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.2
2	ONION, BULB	*0.1
*0.1	POPPY SEED	*0.02
1		
0.2	Етноравате	
0.2	Етноравате	
10	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	15
10	•	
0.1	POULTRY MEAT	5
	POULTRY MEAT	5
	*0.04 *0.01 *0.01 *0.01 *0.05 *0.05 *0.04 *0.3 *0.3 *0.3 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1 *1	0.1 MILKS ORANGES, SWEET, SOUR PEACH PINEAPPLE POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.04 POULTRY MEAT *0.01 SUGAR CANE MOLASSES *0.01 TOMATO *0.1 TRITICALE 0.1 WHEAT *0.05 *0.05 *0.04 ETHION CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT), CITRUS FRUITS GRAPES *0.3 MILKS (IN THE FAT) *0.3 POME FRUITS *0.04 TEA, GREEN, BLACK 0.3 0.3 ETHOFUMESATE ETHOFUMESATE BEETROOT CHARD (SILVER BEET) EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) GARLIC MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE FAT) MILKS (IN THE FAT) 2 ONION, BULB POPPY SEED *0.1 ETHOPABATE *0.2 ETHOPABATE ETHOPABATE

*0.05 *0.05

ETHOPROPHOS	
ETHOPROPHOS	_
BANANA	*0.05
Cereal grains	*0.005
CUSTARD APPLE	*0.02
GRAPES	T*0.01
LITCHI	*0.02
РОТАТО	T0.02
SUGAR CANE	*0.1
SWEET POTATO	*0.02
TOMATO	*0.01
TOMATO	0.01
BUTROXYDIM	
BUTROXYDIM	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.01
Eggs	0.01
LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.01
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.01
MILKS	0.01
Oilsed	0.01
POULTRY MEAT	0.01
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01
Pulses	0.01
1 0 2020	0.01
ETHOXYQUIN	
ETHOXYQUIN	_
APPLE	3
Pear	3
ETHYL FORMATE	
ETHYL FORMATE	
DRIED FRUITS	1
ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE (ED	C)
1,2-dichloroethane	,
CEREAL GRAINS	50
ETHYLENE OXIDE	
EHTYLENE OXIDE	
EHTYLENE OXIDE NOTE: THE MRLS FOR ETHYLENE	OXIDE
NOTE: THE MRLS FOR ETHYLENE	
Note: The MRLS for ethylene cease to have effect on 30 Sep	

LEAFY VEGETABLES [EXCEPT	*0.05	CITRUS FRUITS	5
LETTUCE, HEAD;		CITRUS PEEL	30
LETTUCE, LEAF]		HOPS, DRY	20
LETTUCE, HEAD	0.2	РЕАСН	3
LETTUCE, LEAF	0.2	POME FRUITS	3
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	TROPICAL AND SUB-	5
MILKS	*0.005	TROPICAL	
MUSHROOMS	0.1	FRUITS - INEDIBLE PEEL	
ONION, BULB	*0.05		
Peanut	*0.05	FENCHLORAZOLE-ETHYL	
PINEAPPLE	*0.05	FENCHLORAZOLE-ETHYL	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	BARLEY	*0.05
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	CHICK-PEA (DRY)	*0.05
ROOT AND TUBER	0.2	RYE	*0.05
VEGETABLES		TRITICALE	*0.05
STRAWBERRY	0.2	WHEAT	*0.05
SUGAR CANE	*0.05		
Томато	0.5	FENCHLORPHOS	
		FENCHLORPHOS	
FENARIMOL		EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	7
Fenarimol		EGGS	*0.05
CURRANT, BLACK	T0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	7
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.2	FAT)	
CUCURBITS		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	7
GRAPES	0.1	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	7
POME FRUITS	0.2		
		FENITROTHION	
FENBENDAZOLE		FENITROTHION	
Fenbendazole		APPLE	0.5
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1	CABBAGES, HEAD	0.5
CATTLE MEAT	*0.1	CACAO BEANS	0.1
GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	CEREAL GRAINS	10
GOAT MEAT	0.5	CHERRIES	0.5
MILKS	0.1	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
Pig, edible offal of	0.1	EGGS	*0.05
PIG MEAT	0.1	FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	0.1
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	LISTED UNDER THIS	
SHEEP MEAT	0.5	CHEMICAL]	
FENBUTATIN OXIDE		GRAPES	0.5
Bis[tris(2-methyl-2-		LETTUCE, HEAD	0.5
PHENYLPROPYL)TIN]-OXIDE		LETTUCE, LEAF	0.5
BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
FRUITS		MILKS (IN THE FAT)	*0.05

POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	FENOXYCARB	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	FENOXYCARB	
RICE, POLISHED	0.1	BRASSICA (COLE OR	T0.5
Soya bean (dry)	0.3	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
SUGAR CANE	0.02	CURRANTS, BLACK	T2
Tea, green, black	0.5	CURRANTS, RED	2
Томато	0.5	GOOSEBERRY	2
Tree nuts	0.1	GRAPES	T2
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	0.1	MACADAMIA NUTS	0.05
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		POME FRUITS	T2
THIS CHEMICAL]		STONE FRUITS	T0.5
WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	20		
WHEAT GERM	20	FENPICLONIL	
		FENPICLONIL	
FENOPROP		COTTON SEED	0.02
FENOPROP			
APPLE	0.02	FENPYROXIMATE	
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.02	Fenpyroximate	
EGGS	*0.02	APPLE	0.3
Meat (mammalian)	*0.02	PEAR	0.3
MILKS	*0.02		
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.02	FENTHION	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.02	SUM OF FENTHION, ITS OX	YGEN
SUGAR CANE	*0.02	ANALOGUE, AND THEIR SULFOX	XIDES AND
		SULFONES, EXPRESSED AS FEN	NTHION
FENOXAPROP-ETHYL		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
SUM OF FENOXAPROP-ETHYL (`	CATTLE MEAT	1
isomers) and 2-(4-(6-chlor		CITRUS FRUITS	2
BENZOXAZOLYLOXY)PHENOX	,	Eggs	*0.05
PROPANOATE AND 6-CHLORO		FIG	2
DIHYDROBENZOXAZOL-2-ONE, EX	PRESSED	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	2
AS FENOXAPROP-ETHYL		CUCURBITS	
BARLEY	*0.01	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	2
CHICK-PEA (DRY)	*0.01	OTHER THAN CUCURBITS	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.2	GRAPES	2
EGGS	*0.02	Guava	2
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.05	MILKS	0.2
MILKS	0.02	PERSIMMON, JAPANESE	2
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1	PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5
POULTRY MEAT	*0.01	PIG MEAT	0.5
I D		l ==	2
RYE	*0.01	POME FRUITS	2
TRITICALE WHEAT	*0.01 *0.01 *0.01	POME FRUITS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05

SCHEDULI	z I - MAXII	WIOWI RESIDUE LIWIIIS
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2	TOMATO 0.2
SHEEP MEAT	0.2	WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5
STONE FRUITS	5	Fipronil
TROPICAL AND SUB-	2	SUM OF FIPRONIL, THE SULPHENYL
TROPICAL FRUITS - INEDIBLE		METABOLITE (5-AMINO-1-[2,6-DICHLORO-
PEEL		4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-
		[(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) SULPHENYL]-1H-
FENTIN		pyrazole-3-carbonitrile),
FENTIN HYDROXIDE, EXCLU	DING	THE SULPHONYL METABOLITE (5-AMINO-1-
INORGANIC TIN AND DI- AND	MONO-	[2,6-dichloro-4-
PHENYLTIN		(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-4-
CACAO BEANS	*0.1	[(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)SULPHONYL]-1H-
CARROT	0.2	PYRAZOLE-3-CARBONITRILE), AND THE
CELERIAC	0.1	TRIFLUOROMETHYL
CELERY	1	metabolite (5-amino-4-
COFFEE BEANS	*0.1	TRIFLUOROMETHYL-1-[2,6-DICHLORO-4-
Peanut	*0.05	(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-1H-
PECAN	*0.05	pyrazole-3-carbonitrile)
Ротато	0.1	BANANA 0.01
RICE	*0.1	Brassica (cole or T0.05
SUGAR BEET	0.2	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES
		Broccoli 0.03
FENVALERATE		Brussel sprouts 0.1
FENVALERATE, SUM OF ISO	MERS	CABBAGES, HEAD 0.03
Brassica (cole or	1	COTTON SEED 0.1
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.05
BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES	1	CAULIFLOWER 0.03
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2	MUSHROOMS 0.05
CEREAL GRAINS	2	Peanut 0.02
CELERY	2	PEANUT OIL, CRUDE 0.05
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.02	PECAN 0.01
GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	Ротато 0.05
GRAPES	*0.05	RICE *0.005
LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.5	SORGHUM 0.005
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.2	SUGAR CANE 0.1
OILSEED	0.5	
POME FRUITS	1	FLAMPROP-M-METHYL
Pulses	0.5	SEE FLAMPROP-METHYL
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	
STONE FRUITS	1	FLAMPROP-METHYL
STRAWBERRY	1	FLAMPROP-METHYL
SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	0.05	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.01
COB)		LUPIN (DRY) 0.05

*0.05 *0.05 1 0.05 0.1 0.05

1

0.01

0.5 7

*0.1 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05 *0.05

> T2 0.05

0.1 0.05

MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF
MILKS	*0.01	POULTRY MEAT
SAFFLOWER SEED	*0.05	RUCOLA (ROCKET)
TRITICALE	0.05	STONE FRUITS
WHEAT	0.05	Томато
FLAVOPHOSPHOLIPOL		TROPICAL AND SUB-
FLAVOPHOSPHOLIPOL		TROPICAL FRUITS - INEDIBLE
EGGS	*0.02	PEEL [EXCEPT AVOCADO AND
		BANANA]
FLUAZIFOP-BUTYL		TURMERIC ROOT
Fluazifop-butyl		FLUAZINAM
AVOCADO	*0.02	Fluazinam
Banana	*0.02	Brassica (cole or
BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	0.2	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES
FRUITS		
BRASSICA (COLE OR	1	FLUAZURON
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		Fluazuron
CARROT	0.1	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF
CELERY	*0.02	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)
CHERVIL	1	
CITRUS FRUIT	0.02	FLUCYTHRINATE
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	Flucythrinate
EGGS	*0.05	COTTON SEED
ENDIVE	0.05	COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.1	Edible offal (mammalian)
CUCURBITS		EGGS
GALANGAL, RHIZOMES	1	Meat (mammalian)
Garlic	0.05	MILKS
GINGER, ROOT	0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF
HERBS	1	POULTRY MEAT
HOPS, DRY	0.05	
LEEK	0.2	FLUDIOXONIL
LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.1	FLUDIOXONIL
LETTUCE, HEAD	0.05	GRAPES
LETTUCE, LEAF	0.05	Ротато
Lupin (dry)	0.1	
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	Flufenoxuron
MILKS	0.1	Flufenoxuron
OILSEED	0.5	SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)
ONION, BULB	0.05	SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF
Peppers, sweet	*0.02	
POME FRUITS	*0.01	•
Ротато	*0.05	

7 7 7

T0.5 T0.5

0.2

0.1 0.2

0.2

0.2 0.5 0.2 0.05 *0.02

> 0.2 0.02

> > 0.5

0.05 *0.05 *0.05 0.05

0.05 *0.02

FLUMETHRIN		FLUORINE (INORGANIC SALTS)
FLUMETHRIN, SUM OF ISO	MERS	FLUORIDE ION
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	T0.05	CEREAL GRAINS
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2	FRUIT
CATTLE MILK	T0.05	VEGETABLES
HONEY	0.005	
HORSE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	FLUQUINCONAZOLE
HORSE MEAT	0.1	FLUQUINCONAZOLE
		APPLE
FLUMETSULAM		PEAR
Flumetsulam		
BARLEY	0.05	FLUROXYPYR
EGGS	*0.1	Fluroxypyr
GARDEN PEA	*0.1	CEREAL GRAINS
MAIZE	0.05	Edible offal (mammalian)
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)
MILKS	*0.1	SUGAR CANE (IN THE JUICE)
OATS	0.05	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1	COB)
POULTRY MEAT	*0.1	FLUSILAZOLE
Pulses	0.05	Flusilazole
PEANUT	0.05	Banana
Rye	0.05	GRAPES
TRITICALE	0.05	POME FRUITS
WHEAT	*0.05	STONE FRUITS
		SUGAR CANE
FLUPROPANATE	_	
FLUPROPANATE		FLUTRIAFOL
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1	FLUTRIAFOL
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.1	BARLEY
FAT)		CEREAL GRAINS [EXCEPT AS
		OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER
FLUOMETURON		THIS CHEMICAL]
SUM OF FLUOMETURON AN	ND 4-	Edible offal (mammalian)
TRIFLUOROMETHYLANILINE, EXI	PRESSED AS	EGGS
FLUOMETURON		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.1	MILKS
CITRUS FRUITS	0.5	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF
COTTON SEED	*0.1	POULTRY, MEAT
PINEAPPLE	*0.1	RAPE SEED

SCHEDUL	E I - MAXI
FLUVALINATE	
FLUVALINATE, SUM OF ISO	MERS
APPLE	0.1
Brassica (cole or	0.5
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
COTTON SEED	T0.1
HONEY	0.01
Nectarine	0.1
TABLE GRAPES	0.05
Томато	0.5
FORMOTHION	
FORMOTHION	
CEREAL GRAINS	T*0.05
Edible offal (mammalian)	T*0.05
EGGS	T*0.05
FRUIT	T2
Meat (mammalian)	T*0.05
Milks	T*0.05
OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT]	T0.1
PEANUT	T*0.05
PEPPERS, SWEET	T1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	T*0.05
POULTRY MEAT	T*0.05
Томато	T1
VEGETABLES EXCEPT AS	T2
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	12
THIS CHEMICAL]	
THIS CHEMICALLY	
FOSETYL ALUMINIUM	[
FOSETYL	1
APPLE	1
AVOCADO	5
DURIAN	5
PEACH	1
Pineapple	5
GLUFOSINATE AND GLUFOS	SINATE
AMMONIUM	
SUM OF GLUFOSINATE-AMMONI	
[HYDROXY(METHYL)-PHOSPH	IINOYL]
PROPIONIC ACID, EXPRESSE	ED AS
GLUFOSINATE (FREE ACI	D)

BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	0.1
FRUITS	
CITRUS FRUITS	0.1
Edible offal (mammalian)	5
Meat (mammalian)	0.1
MILKS	0.05
Pome fruit	0.1
STONE FRUIT	0.05
Tree nuts	0.1
TROPICAL AND SUB-	0.2
TROPICAL FRUIT - INEDIBLE	
PEEL	
l .	

GLYPHOSATE			
Glyphosate			
AVOCADO	*0.05		
Вавасо	*0.05		
Banana	0.2		
BARLEY	20		
BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	*0.05		
FRUITS			
BULB VEGETABLES	*0.1		
CEREAL GRAINS [EXCEPT AS	0.1		
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER			
THIS CHEMICAL]			
CITRUS FRUITS	0.5		
COTTON SEED	1		
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	*0.1		
CUSTARD APPLE	*0.05		
Edible offal (mammalian)	2		
Eggs	*0.05		
FIG	*0.05		
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	*0.1		
CUCURBITS			
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	*0.1		
OTHER THAN CUCURBITS			
Guava	*0.05		
Kiwifruit	*0.05		
LEAFY VEGETABLES	*0.1		
LEGUME VEGETABLES	*0.1		
LITCHI	0.2		
Mango	*0.05		
Meat (mammalian)	*0.1		

MILKS	*0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01
Monstero	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT	*0.01
OILSEED [EXCEPT COTTON	*0.1	SORGHUM	0.05
SEED]		SOYA BEAN (IMMATURE	0.5
OLIVES	*0.1	SEEDS	
PAPAYA (PAWPAW)	*0.05	Soya bean (dry)	0.5
PERSIMMON, AMERICAN	*0.05	SUGAR CANE	*0.05
PERSIMMON, JAPANESE	*0.05	WHEAT	0.2
POME FRUITS	*0.05		
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1	HALOXYFOP	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.1	SUM OF HALOXYFOP, ITS ESTERS	AND
Pulses	*0.1	CONJUGATES, EXPRESSED AS HALO	OXYFOP
Rape seed	T5	BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	*0.05
Rape seed oil, crude	T0.05	FRUITS	
Rape seed, edible	T0.05	CATTLE FAT	0.1
ROLLINIA	*0.05	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5
ROOT AND TUBER	*0.1	CATTLE MEAT	0.02
VEGETABLES		CATTLE MILK	0.02
STALK AND STEM	*0.01	CITRUS FRUITS	*0.05
VEGETABLES		COTTON SEED	0.1
STONE FRUITS	0.2	EGGS	0.05
SUGAR CANE	*0.05	GARLIC	0.05
Tree nuts	0.2	ONION, BULB	0.05
WHEAT	5	PEANUT	0.05
WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	20	PERSIMMON, JAPANESE	*0.05
GUAZATINE		POME FRUITS	*0.05
Guazatine		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5
CITRUS FRUITS	5	POULTRY FATS	0.5
MELONS, EXCEPT	5	POULTRY MEAT	0.2
WATERMELON		Pulses	0.05
Томато	5	RAPE SEED	0.1
HALOFUGINONE		STONE FRUITS	*0.05
HALOFUGINONE	_	SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.02
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1	Tree nuts	*0.05
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	TROPICAL AND SUB-	*0.05
		TROPICAL FRUITS - INEDIBLE	
HALOSULFURON-METHYL		PEEL	
HALOSULFURON-METHYL	_		
COTTON SEED	*0.05	HEXACONAZOLE	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	T0.2	Hexaconazole	
MAIZE	*0.05	Apple	0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	T*0.01	GRAPES	0.05
MILKS	T*0.01	PEAR	0.1

HEXAZINONE		IMAZETHAPYR
Hexazinone		Imazethapyr
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.1
EGGS	*0.05	EGGS 0.1
Meat (mammalian)	*0.1	LEGUME VEGETABLES 0.1
MILKS	*0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.1
PINEAPPLE	1	MILKS 0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	Peanut 0.1
POULTRY MEAT	0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.1
SUGAR CANE	*0.1	POULTRY MEAT 0.1
		Pulses 0.1
HEXYTHIAZOX		
HEXYTHIAZOX		IMIDACLOPRID
BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	1	SUM OF IMIDACLOPRID AND METABOLITES
FRUITS [EXCEPT GRAPES]		CONTAINING THE 6-
POME FRUITS	1	CHLOROPYRIDINYMETHYLENEMOIETY,
STONE FRUITS	1	EXPRESSED AS IMIDACLOPRID
		APPLE 0.5
HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE		Celery 0.05
see Phosphine		CEREAL GRAINS 0.05
		COTTON SEED T*0.02
IMAZALIL		EGGS *0.02
IMAZALIL		Edible offal (mammalian) 0.05
CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01	FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2
CHICKEN MEAT	*0.01	CUCURBITS
CITRUS FRUITS	10	FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5
POME FRUITS	5	OTHER THAN CUCURBITS
Ротато	5	Lupin (dry) 0.05
		Maize 0.02
IMAZAPIC		Meat (mammalian) *0.02
SUM OF IMAZAPIC AND ITS		MILKS *0.02
HYDROXYMETHYL DERIVATIV	E	POTATO 0.5
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.02
EGGS	0.01	POULTRY MEAT *0.02
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.05	RAPE SEED 0.05
FAT)		SORGHUM 0.02
MILKS	0.01	STONE FRUITS 0.5
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01	SUGAR CANE 0.02
POULTRY MEAT	0.01	SUNFLOWER SEED 0.02
SUGAR CANE	0.05	SWEET POTATO 0.05
		IMIDOCARB (DIPROPIONATE SALT)
•	l	IMIDOCARB
		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 5

SCHEDULE	1 - 1/1/4/411/	TOWI KESIDUE LIMITS	
CATTLE MEAT	1	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
CATTLE MILK	0.2	GRAPES	20
		HERBS	5
INORGANIC BROMIDE		Kiwifruit	10
Bromide ion		LETTUCE, HEAD	5
AVOCADO	75	LETTUCE, LEAF	5
CEREAL GRAINS	50	Lupin (dry)	*0.1
CITRUS FRUITS	30	Macadamia nuts	0.2
DATES, DRIED	100	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
DRIED FRUITS [EXCEPT AS	30	MILKS	*0.1
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		Passionfruit	10
THIS CHEMICAL]		Peanut	0.05
DRIED GRAPES	100	POME FRUITS	3
DRIED HERBS	400	Ротато	*0.05
DRIED PEACH	50	Rape seed	1
FIGS, DRIED	250	Soya bean (dry)	0.05
FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	20	STONE FRUITS	10
LISTED UNDER THIS		TARO	*0.05
CHEMICAL]		Томато	2
PEPPERS, SWEET	50	TURMERIC ROOT	5
Prunes	20	Isoeugenol	
SPICES	400	ISOEUGENOL, SUM OF CIS- AND	TRANS-
STRAWBERRY	30	ISOMERS	
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT	20	DIADROMOUS FISH (WHOLE	100
AS OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		COMMODITY)	
THIS CHEMICAL]		FRESHWATER FISH (WHOLE	100
•		COMMODITY)	
IOXYNIL		MARINE FISH (WHOLE	100
Ioxynil		COMMODITY)	
Leek	0.02	,	
ONION, BULB	0.02	Isofenphos	
SUGAR CANE	0.02	Isofenphos	
SUGAR CANE MOLASSES	0.02	Banana	*0.02
		SUGAR CANE	*0.01
IPRODIONE			
Iprodione		IVERMECTIN	
BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	0.2	IVERMECTIN, SUM OF ISOM	ERS
AND SOYA BEAN	0.2	CATTLE KIDNEY	0.01
BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	12	CATTLE LIVER	0.1
FRUITS [EXCEPT GRAPES]	14	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.04
BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS	0.2	CATTLE MILK	0.02
AND IMMATURE SEEDS)	0.2	DEER KIDNEY	0.01
CELERY	2	DEER KIDNET DEER LIVER	0.01
	-	1	5.01

DEER MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.01		
HORSE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01	LINCOMYCIN	
HORSE MEAT	0.01	INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTI	FIED AS
Pig kidney	0.01	LINCOMYCIN	
Pig liver	0.01	Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1
PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.02	[EXCEPT SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL	
SHEEP KIDNEY	0.01	OF]	
SHEEP LIVER	0.01	GOAT MILK	*0.1
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1
		[EXCEPT SHEEP MEAT]	
KITASAMYCIN			
INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTI	FIED AS	LINDANE	
KITASAMYCIN		Lindane	
EGGS	*0.2	FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	0.5
Pig, edible offal of	*0.2	LISTED UNDER THIS	
PIG MEAT	*0.2	CHEMICAL]	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.2	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	2
POULTRY MEAT	*0.2	FAT)	
LASALOCID		MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.2
LASALOCID		, , ,	
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	LINURON	
EGGS	*0.05	SUM OF LINURON PLUS 3,4	<u> </u>
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	DICHLOROANILINE, EXPRESSED AS	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	LINURON	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
		CORIANDER, SEED	0.2
LENACIL		Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
Lenacil		EGGS	0.05
STRAWBERRY	T*0.04	HERBS	0.05
		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
Lufenuron		MILKS	*0.05
Lufenuron		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05
COTTON SEED	0.02	POULTRY MEAT	0.05
		TURMERIC ROOT	0.05
LEVAMISOLE		VEGETABLES	*0.05
LEVAMISOLE			
Edible offal (mammalian)	1	MADURAMICIN	
EGGS	1	Maduramicin	
GOAT MILK		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
GOTT WILK	0.1		
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1	POULTRY MEAT	0.1
			0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1		0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS [EXCEPT GOAT MILK]	0.1 0.3		0.1

		IUM RESIDUE LIMITS	
MAGNESIUM PHOSPHIDE	Ξ	VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	2
see Phosphine		OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
		THIS CHEMICAL]	
MALATHION		WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	20
SEE MALDISON			
		MALEIC HYDRAZIDE	
MALDISON		SUM OF FREE AND CONJUGATED	MALEIC
MALDISON		HYDRAZIDE, EXPRESSED AS MA	ALEIC
BEANS (DRY)	8	HYDRAZIDE	
BLACKCURRANTS	2	GARLIC	15
BLUEBERRIES	0.5	ONION, BULB	15
CAULIFLOWER	0.5	Ротато	50
CEREAL GRAINS	8		
CHARD (SILVER BEET)	0.5	MANCOZEB	
CITRUS FRUITS	4	SEE DITHIOCARBAMATES	3
DRIED FRUITS	8		
Edible offal (mammalian)	1	MCPA	
EGG PLANT	0.5	MCPA	
EGGS	1	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02
FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	2	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
LISTED UNDER THIS		EGGS	*0.05
CHEMICAL]		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
GARDEN PEA	0.5	MILKS	*0.05
GRAPES	8	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
KALE	3	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
Kohlrabi	0.5		
LENTIL (DRY)	8	МСРВ	
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	1	МСРВ	
FAT)		CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	1	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
Peanut	8	EGGS	*0.05
PEAR	0.5	LEGUME VEGETABLES	*0.02
Peppers, sweet	0.5	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1	MILKS	*0.05
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
ROOT AND TUBER	0.5	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
VEGETABLES		Pulses	*0.02
STRAWBERRY	1		
Томато	3	MEBENDAZOLE	
Tree nuts	8	Mebendazole	
TURNIP, GARDEN	0.5	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.02
		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.02
		MILKS	0.02
		•	

SCHEDULE	I - MIAAIMI	UNI KESIDUE I
MECOPROP		VEGETABLES
MECOPROP		OTHERWISE LI
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05	THIS CHEMICA
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	
EGGS	*0.05	
Meat (mammalian)	*0.05	
MILKS	*0.05	FRUIT
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	HERBS
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	VEGETABLES
		TURMERIC RO
Mefenpyr-diethyl		MET
Mefenpyr-diethyl		Met
CEREAL GRAINS	0.01	CEREAL GRAI
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.05	GRAPES
Eggs	0.01	LEEK
Meat (mammalian)	0.05	ONION, BULB
MILKS	0.01	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05	
POULTRY MEAT	0.05	BARLEY
MEPIQUAT		Peas (dry)
Mepiquat		WHEAT
COTTON SEED	1	WHEAT BRAN
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.2	WHEAT GERM
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1	
EGGS	0.05	See I
Meat (mammalian)	0.1	
MILKS	0.05	N
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	
POULTRY MEAT	0.1	
Metalaxyl		
Metalaxyl		
Avocado	0.5	M
BULB VEGETABLES	0.1	SE
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.2	BANANAS
CUCURBITS		BANANAS, DW
GRAPES	1	Brassica (co
LEAFY VEGETABLES	0.3	VEGETABLES)
Macadamia nuts	1	CELERY
Pineapple	0.1	CITRUS FRUITS
POME FRUITS	0.2	COTTON SEED
STONE FRUITS	0.2	CUCUMBER
		EGG PLANT
		1

VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	0.1
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
THIS CHEMICAL]	
METALDEHYDE	
METALDEHYDE	
FRUIT	1
HERBS	1
VEGETABLES	1
TURMERIC ROOT	1
M ETHABENZTHIAZURON	
METHABENZTHIAZURON	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
GRAPES	0.1
Leek	0.05
ONION, BULB	*0.05
METHACRIFOS	
METHACRIFOS	
BARLEY	T10
Peas (dry)	5
WHEAT	T10
WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	T20
Wheat germ	T30
Метнам	
SEE DITHIOCARBAMATES	
METHAM-SODIUM	
see Metham	_
METALAXYL	
Metalaxyl	
METHAMIDOPHOS	
SEE ALSO ACEPHATE	
Bananas	0.2
BANANAS, DWARF	0.2
BRASSICA (COLE OR CABBAGE	1
VEGETABLES)	
CELERY	2
CITRUS FRUITS	0.5
COTTON SEED	0.1
CUCUMBER	0.5
EGG PLANT	1
	*

SCHEDULE	I - WIAAIN	TOW RESIDUE LIMITS		
HOPS, DRY	5	MACADAMIA NUTS	*0.01	
LETTUCE, HEAD	1	Mandarins	5	
LETTUCE, LEAF	1	Mango	2	
Lupin (dry)	0.5	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	
MILKS	*0.01	[EXCEPT CATTLE MEAT (IN		
РЕАСН	1	THE FAT)]		
Peanut	*0.02	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.5	
PEPPERS, SWEET	2	OILSEED	1	
Ротато	0.25	ONION, BULB	*0.01	
Rape seed	0.1	Passionfruit	0.2	
Soya bean (dry)	0.1	Pear	0.2	
SUGAR BEET	0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	
Томато	2	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	
Tree tomato (tamarillo)	*0.01	Pulses	0.1	
		ROOT AND TUBER	*0.01	
METHAZOLE		VEGETABLES		
Methazole		STONE FRUITS	*0.01	
ONION, BULB	T*0.1	Strawberry	*0.01	
		Томато	0.1	
METHIDATHION		VEGETABLE OILS, EDIBLE	0.1	
Methidathion		VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	0.1	
APPLE	0.2	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		
AVOCADO	0.5	THIS CHEMICAL]		
Brassica (cole or	0.1	METHIOCARB		
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		SUM OF METHIOCARB, ITS SULFOX		
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS METHI	OCARB	
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	0.1	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.01	LISTED UNDER THIS		
CITRUS FRUITS [EXCEPT	2	CHEMICAL]		
MANDARINS]		GRAPES	0.5	
CUSTARD APPLE	0.2	VEGETABLES	0.1	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.05	WINE	0.1	
[EXCEPT CATTLE, EDIBLE		METHOMYL		
OFFAL OF]		SUM OF METHOMYL AND MET		
EGGS	*0.05	HYDROXYTHIOACETIMIDATE ('ME		
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.1	OXIME'), EXPRESSED AS METHO	OXIME'), EXPRESSED AS METHOMYL	
OTHER THAN CUCURBITS		SEE ALSO THIODICARB		
GARLIC	*0.01	Apple	1	
Grapes	0.5	AVOCADO	0.05	
LEGUME VEGETABLES	0.1	BLACKBERRIES	2	
LETTUCE, HEAD	1	BLUEBERRIES	2	
I FERTILOR I FAR	1	CABBAGES, HEAD	1	
LETTUCE, LEAF LONGAN	0.5	CABBAGES, HEAD CEREAL GRAINS	*0.1	

CTITRUS FRUITS	CHERRIES	2	METHYL BENZOQUATE	
DRIED GRAPES	CITRUS FRUITS	1	METHYL BENZOQUATE	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	COTTON SEED	*0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
BCGS	DRIED GRAPES	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT	0.1
FRUITING VEGETABLES, 1 OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GINGER, ROOT	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05		
OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GINGER, ROOT	EGGS	*0.02	METHYL BROMIDE	
GINGER, ROOT	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	1	METHYL BROMIDE	
GRAPES 2 HOPS, DRY 0.5 LEAFY VEGETABLES 1 LEGUME VEGETABLES 1 LINSEED *0.15 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MINTS 0.5 METIRAM	OTHER THAN CUCURBITS		CEREAL GRAINS	50
HOPS, DRY	GINGER, ROOT	*0.1	DRIED FRUITS	0.05
LEARY VEGETABLES	Grapes	2	FRUIT	0.05
LEGUME VEGETABLES	HOPS, DRY	0.5	HERBS	0.05
LINSEED	LEAFY VEGETABLES	1	SPICES	0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MILKS 0.05 MINTS 0.5 NECTARINE 1 PEACH 1 PEANUT *0.05 PEAR 3 PLANTAGO OVATA SEED 0.05 POPPY SEED *0.05 POTATO 1 POULITRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.02 PULSES 1 RAPE SEED *0.5 SESAME SEED *0.1 STRAWBERRY 0.5 SUNFLOWER SEED *0.1 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) *0.1 METHOPRENE METHOPRENE METHOPRENE METHOPRENE METHOPRENE MEAT (MAMMALIAN) CATTLE MILK 0.1 CEREAL GRAINS 2 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.03 SPEADLY *0.05 COTTON SEED *0.05 MILKS *0.05 <td>LEGUME VEGETABLES</td> <td>1</td> <td>VEGETABLES</td> <td>0.05</td>	LEGUME VEGETABLES	1	VEGETABLES	0.05
MILKS 0.05 MINTS 0.5 NECTARINE 1 PEACH 1 PEANUT *0.05 PEAR 3 PLANTAGO OVATA SEED 0.05 POPPY SEED *0.05 POPTATO 1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.02 PULSES 1 RAPE SEED 0.5 SESAME SEED *0.1 STRAWBERRY 0.5 SUNFLOWER SEED *0.1 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) *0.1 METHOPRENE METHOPRENE METHOPRENE METHOPRENE METHOPRENE MAIZE METHOPRENE MAIZE METHOPRENE MEAT (MAMMALIAN) CATTLE MILK 0.1 CEREAL GRAINS 2 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.02 SESAME SEED *0.05 PEANUT *0.05	LINSEED	*0.1		
MINTS	Meat (mammalian)	0.05	METIRAM	
NECTARINE	MILKS	0.05	SEE DITHIOCARBAMATES	
PEACH	MINTS	0.5		
PEACH	Nectarine	1	METOLACHLOR	
PEANUT	РЕАСН	1		
PEAR 3 PLANTAGO OVATA SEED 0.05 POPPY SEED *0.05 POPPY SEED *0.05 POTATO 1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.02 POULTRY MEAT *0.02 PULSES 1 RAPE SEED *0.1 STRAWBERRY 0.5 SUNFLOWER SEED *0.1 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) METHOPRENE METHOPRENE, SUM OF CIS- AND TRANSISOMERS CATTLE MILK 0.1 CEREAL GRAINS 2 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	Peanut	*0.05		0.02
PLANTAGO OVATA SEED	Pear	3		
POPPY SEED	PLANTAGO OVATA SEED	0.05		0.02
POTATO	POPPY SEED	*0.05		*0.02
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	Ротато	1	`	
POULTRY MEAT	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.05
Pulses	POULTRY MEAT	*0.02		
RAPE SEED 0.5 SESAME SEED *0.1 STRAWBERRY 0.5 SUNFLOWER SEED *0.1 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) *0.1 METHOPRENE METHOPRENE, SUM OF CIS- AND TRANSISOMERS MAIZE *0.1 CATTLE MILK 0.1 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 CEREAL GRAINS 2 SAFFLOWER SEED *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS *0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05		1	,	*0.01
COTTON SEED *0.05				
SUNFLOWER SEED *0.1 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) TRUITING VEGETABLES, *0.05 CUCURBITS CUCURBITS MAIZE O.1 METHOPRENE MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS	SESAME SEED		_	*0.05
SUNFLOWER SEED *0.1 SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) FRUITING VEGETABLES, *0.05 CUCURBITS MAIZE 0.1 METHOPRENE MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 MILKS *0.05 MILKS *0.05 PEANUT *0.05 CATTLE MILK 0.1 RAPE SEED *0.02 CEREAL GRAINS 2 SAFFLOWER SEED *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	STRAWBERRY		EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.5
SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-COB) CUCURBITS METHOPRENE MAIZE 0.1 METHOPRENE, SUM OF CIS- AND TRANS-ISOMERS MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 CATTLE MILK 0.1 RAPE SEED *0.02 CEREAL GRAINS 2 SAFFLOWER SEED *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
METHOPRENE MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 METHOPRENE, SUM OF CIS- AND TRANS- MILKS *0.05 ISOMERS PEANUT *0.05 CATTLE MILK 0.1 RAPE SEED *0.02 CEREAL GRAINS 2 SAFFLOWER SEED *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	0.1		
METHOPRENE, SUM OF CIS- AND TRANS- IMEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 MILKS *0.05 PEANUT *0.05 RAPE SEED *0.02 CEREAL GRAINS 2 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.05 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 WHEAT GERM *0.05 SUGAR CANE *0.05	COB)		Maize	0.1
METHOPRENE, SUM OF CIS- AND TRANS-ISOMERS MILKS *0.05 CATTLE MILK 0.1 RAPE SEED *0.02 CEREAL GRAINS 2 SAFFLOWER SEED *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	METHOPRENE		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
CATTLE MILK 0.1 RAPE SEED *0.02 CEREAL GRAINS 2 SAFFLOWER SEED *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	METHOPRENE, SUM OF CIS- AN	D TRANS-	` '	*0.05
CEREAL GRAINS 2 SAFFLOWER SEED *0.02 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	ISOMERS		PEANUT	*0.05
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) 0.01 SESAME SEEDS 0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	CATTLE MILK	0.1	RAPE SEED	*0.02
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) 0.3 SORGHUM *0.05 WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	CEREAL GRAINS	2	SAFFLOWER SEED	*0.05
WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED WHEAT GERM 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 SUGAR CANE *0.05	` '	0.01	SESAME SEEDS	0.05
WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED 5 SOYA BEAN (DRY) *0.05 WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05	,		SORGHUM	
WHEAT GERM 10 SUGAR CANE *0.05		5	SOYA BEAN (DRY)	
SUNFLOWER SEED *0.05	WHEAT GERM	10	` '	*0.05
			SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.05

SWEET CORN (KERNELS) SWEET POTATO	0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	T*0.05
		MOLINATE	
METOSULAM		Molinate	
Metosulam		RICE	*0.05
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02		
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.01	Monensin	
EGGS	*0.01	Monensin	
Lupin (dry)	*0.02	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01	CATTLE MEAT	*0.05
MILKS	*0.01	CATTLE MILK	*0.01
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
POULTRY MEAT	*0.01	G OAT MEAT	*0.05
		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5
METRIBUZIN		POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5
Metribuzin		,	
Asparagus	0.2	MONOCROTOPHOS	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05	Monocrotophos	
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	Apple	0.5
Eggs	*0.05	Banana	0.5
Meat (mammalian)	*0.05	BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	0.2
MILKS	*0.05	AND SOYA BEAN	
PEAS, SHELLED	*0.05	Broad bean (green pods	0.2
Ротато	*0.05	AND IMMATURE SEEDS)	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	COTTON SEED	0.1
PULSES [EXCEPT SOYA BEAN	*0.01	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.02
(DRY)]		EGGS	*0.02
Soya bean (dry)	*0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.02
Томато	0.1	MILKS	0.002
		Pear	0.5
METSULFURON-METHYL		Ротато	0.1
Metsulfuron-methyl		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.02
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02	POULTRY MEAT	*0.02
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	*0.01
Meat (mammalian)	*0.1	COB)	
MILKS	*0.1	Томато	0.5
SAFFLOWER SEED	*0.02	VEGETABLE OILS, EDIBLE	*0.05
MEVINPHOS			
MEVINPHOS		MORANTEL	
BRASSICA (COLE OR	T0.25	Morantel	
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	2

MEAT (MANGKALIANI)	0.3	ALMONDS	*0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) MILKS	*0.1	BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	*0.1
	5		0.1
PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	2	FRUITS STONE FRUITS	*0.1
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF		TOMATO	*0.1
MOXIDECTIN		TOMATO	"0.1
MOXIDECTIN		NAPTALAM	
	0.5	NAPTALAM NAPTALAM	_
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5		* 0.1
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	*0.1
CATTLE MILK (IN THE FAT)	2	CUCURBITS	
DEER MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1	N	
DEER, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2	NARASIN	_
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05	Narasin	
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.5	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05
		CATTLE MEAT	0.05
MSMA		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
TOTAL ARSENIC, EXPRESSED AS MS	SMA	POULTRY MEAT	0.1
Sugar cane	0.3		
		NEOMYCIN	
MYCLOBUTANIL		INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIFIED) AS
Myclobutanil		NEOMYCIN	
Grapes	1	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.5
Pome fruits	0.5	FATS (MAMMALIAN) [EXCEPT	*0.02
		MILK FATS]	
NAPHTHALENE ACETIC ACID		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.5
1-Naphthelene acetic acie)	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	*0.02
APPLE	1		
Pear	1	NETOBIMIN	
Pineapple	1	SEE ALBENDAZOLE	
Naphthalophos		NICARBAZIN	
Naphthalophos		Nicarbazin	
GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	20
G OAT MEAT	*0.1	POULTRY MEAT	5
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01		
SHEEP MEAT	*0.01	NITROTHAL-ISOPROPYL	
		NITROTHAL-ISOPROPYL	
NAPHTHOXYACETIC ACID		APPLE	1
2-Naphthoxyacetic acid			
Томато	T1	Nitroxynil	
		Nitroxynil	
Napropamide		CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
Napropamide		CATTLE MEAT	1
		ı	·

GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
GOAT MEAT	1
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
SHEEP MEAT	1
Norflurazon	
Norflurazon	0.4
CITRUS FRUITS	0.2
COTTON SEED	0.1
GRAPES	0.1
POME FRUITS	*0.2
STONE FRUITS	*0.2
Tree nuts	*0.2
Norgestomet	
Norgestomet	
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.0001
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.0001
,	
Novobiocin	
Novobiocin	
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
CATTLE MEAT	*0.1
CATTLE MILK	*0.1
ODB	
ODB 1,2-dichlorobenzene	
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	*0.01
,	
OLAQUINDOX	_
Sum of olaquindox and a	
METABOLITES WHICH REDUCE TO 2	`
hydroxyethylcarbamoyl)-3-n	METHYL
QUINOXALONE, EXPRESSED A	AS
OLAQUINDOX	
Pig, edible offal of	0.3
PIG MEAT	0.3
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.3
POULTRY MEAT	0.3
OLEANDOMYCIN	
OLEANDOMYCIN OLEANDOMYCIN	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
	0.1

Meat (mammalian)	*0.1
Ометноате	
Ометноате	
SEE ALSO DIMETHOATE	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
EGGS	*0.05
Fruit	2
Lupin (dry)	0.1
Meat (mammalian)	*0.05
MILKS	*0.05
OILSEED	*0.05
Peppers, sweet	1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
TOMATO	1
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT	2
AS OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
THIS CHEMICAL]	
OPP	
see 2-Phenylphenol	
Oryzalin	
Oryzalin	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.01
Fruit	0.1
Rapeseed	0.05
Tree nuts	0.1
Oxabetrinil	
Oxabetrinil	
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
EGGS	*0.1
Meat (mammalian)	*0.1
MILKS	*0.05
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
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OXADIXYLX		Oxycarboxin	
Oxadixyl		Oxycarboxin	
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.5	BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	5
CUCURBITS		AND SOYA BEAN	
GRAPES	2	Broad Bean (Green Pods	5
LETTUCE, HEAD	1	AND IMMATURE SEEDS)	
LETTUCE, LEAF	1		
ONION, BULB	0.5	OXYCLOZANIDE	
OXAMYL		Oxyclozanide	
SUM OF OXAMYL AND 2-HYDROX	YIMINO-	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	2
N,N-dimethyl-2-(methylt	HIO)-	CATTLE MEAT	0.5
ACETAMIDE, EXPRESSED AS OX	KAMYL	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	2
Banana	0.2	G OAT MEAT	0.5
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02	MILKS	0.05
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.02	SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	2
EGGS	*0.02	SHEEP MEAT	0.5
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.02		
MILKS	*0.02	Oxyfluorfen	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.02	Oxyfluorfen	
POULTRY FATS	*0.02	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
POULTRY MEAT	*0.02	COTTON SEED	T*0.05
Томато	*0.05	Edible offal (Mammalian)	0.01
		EGGS	0.05
Oxfendazole		GARLIC	*0.05
Oxfendazole		GRAPES	0.05
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	3	ONION, BULB	*0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.01
MILKS	0.1	FAT)	
		MILKS	0.01
OXOLINIC ACID		POME FRUITS	0.05
INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENT	IFIED AS	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01
OXOLINIC ACID		POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2
SALMON, PACIFIC	*0.01	STONE FRUITS	0.05
		TREE NUTS	0.05
OXYCARBOXIN			
Oxycarboxin		OXYTETRACYCLINE	
BEANS, EXCEPT BROAD BEAN	5	Inhibitory substance, identi	FIED AS
AND SOYA BEAN		OXYTETRACYCLINE	
Broad bean (green pods	5	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.25
AND IMMATURE SEEDS)		EGGS	*0.3
SALMON, PACIFIC	*0.01	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.25
,		MILKS	*0.1
		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.25

POULTRY MEAT	*0.25	RICE, POLISHED	0.5
SALMON, PACIFIC	T*0.2	SUGAR CANE	*0.05
		TREE NUTS	*0.05
Oxythioquinox		VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	*0.05
Oxythioquinox		OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.5	THIS CHEMICAL]	
CUCURBITS		_	
POME FRUITS	0.5	PARATHION	
STONE FRUITS	0.5	Parathion	
		APRICOT	1
PACLOBUTRAZOL		Carrot	0.5
Paclobutrazol		CEREAL GRAINS	0.5
ALMONDS	0.05	COTTON SEED	1
PECAN	0.005	COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.5
POME FRUITS	1	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
STONE FRUITS	*0.01	FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	0.5
TROPICAL AND SUB-	*0.01	LISTED UNDER THIS	
TROPICAL FRUITS - INEDIBLE		CHEMICAL]	
PEEL		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
		MILKS	*0.05
PARAQUAT		РЕАСН	1
Paraquat cation		VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	0.7
CEREAL GRAINS [EXCEPT AS	*0.05	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER		THIS CHEMICAL]	
THIS CHEMICALS]			
COTTON SEED	0.2	PARATHION-METHYL	
COTTON SEED OIL, EDIBLE	0.05	PARATHION-METHYL	
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.5	COTTON SEED	1
Eggs	*0.01	COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	0.05
FRUIT [EXCEPT OLIVES]	*0.05	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
Hops, dry	0.2	FRUIT	1
MAIZE	0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
Meat (mammalian)	*0.05	MILKS	*0.05
MILKS	*0.01	VEGETABLES	1
OLIVES	1		
Peanut	*0.01	PARBENDAZOLE	
Peanut, whole	*0.01	Parbendazole	
Ротато	0.2	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	MILKS	*0.1
Pulses	1		
RICE	10		

PEBULATE		PERMETHRIN	
PEBULATE		PERMETHRIN, SUM OF ISOMERS	
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	*0.1	BRASSICA (COLE OR	1
OTHER THAN CUCURBITS		CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
PENCONAZOLE		[EXCEPT BRUSSELS SPROUTS]	
Penconazole		BRUSSELS SPROUTS	2
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	0.05	CELERY	5
GRAPES	0.1	CEREAL GRAINS	2
POME FRUITS	0.1	CHERVIL	5
		COMMON BEAN (DRY)	0.1
PENCYCURON		COMMON BEAN (PODS	0.5
Pencycuron		AND/OR IMMATURE SEEDS)	
Ротато	0.05	COTTON SEED	0.2
		EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	0.1
PENDIMETHALIN		[EXCEPT GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL	
Pendimethalin		OF]	
ASSORTED TROPICAL AND	0.05	EGGS	0.1
SUB-TROPICAL FRUITS –		GALANGAL, RHIZOMES	5
INEDIBLE PEEL		GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5
BARLEY	*0.05	HERBS	5
BERRIES AND OTHER SMALL	*0.05	Kiwifruit	2
FRUITS		LETTUCE, HEAD	5
BRASSICA (COLE OR	*0.05	LETTUCE, LEAF	5
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		LINSEED	0.1
BULB VEGETABLES	*0.05	Lupin (dry)	0.1
CITRUS FRUITS	*0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.1
LEAFY VEGETABLES	*0.05	FAT)	
LEGUME VEGETABLES	*0.05	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.05
MAIZE	*0.05	Mung bean (dry)	0.1
OILSEED	*0.05	MUSHROOMS	2
POME FRUITS	*0.05	Ротато	0.05
Pulses	*0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
RICE	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1
ROOT AND TUBER	*0.05	RAPE SEED	0.2
VEGETABLES		RUCOLA, ROCKET	5
STONE FRUITS	*0.05	Soya bean (dry)	0.1
SUGAR CANE	*0.05	SUGAR CANE	*0.1
SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	*0.05	SUNFLOWER SEED	0.2
COB)		SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	*0.05
TREE NUTS	*0.05	COB)	
WHEAT	*0.05	Томато	0.4
		TURMERIC ROOT	5

WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	5	Phorate	
WHEAT GERM	2	SUM OF PHORATE, ITS OXYGEN AN	JALOGUE
VVIIII GERAVI	_	AND THEIR SULFOXIDES AND SU	
PHENMEDIPHAM		EXPRESSED AS PHORATE	
PHENMEDIPHAM		COTTON SEED	0.5
BEETROOT	*0.1	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	EGGS	*0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
MILKS	*0.1	MILKS	*0.05
WILKS	0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
PHENOTHRIN		POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
	ANID	VEGETABLES	0.03
Sum of phenothrin (+)cis- (+)trans- isomers	AND	VEGETABLES	0.5
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.5	PHOSMET	
EGGS	*0.5	SUM OF PHOSMET AND ITS OX	YGEN
Meat (mammalian)	*0.5	ANALOGUE, EXPRESSED AS PHO	OSMET
MILKS	*0.05	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1
POULTRY MEAT	0.5	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
WHEAT	2	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
WHEAT BRAN, UNPROCESSED	5	GOAT MEAT	*0.05
WHEAT GERM	5	Kiwifruit	15
		MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.2
2-Phenylphenol		Pig, edible offal of	0.1
Sum of 2-phenylphenol at	ND 2-	PIG MEAT	0.1
PHENYLPHENATE, EXPRESSED	AS 2-	POME FRUITS	1
PHENYLPHENOL		SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
CARROT	20	SHEEP MEAT	*0.05
CHERRIES	3	STONE FRUITS	1
CITRUS FRUITS	10		
Сисимвек	10	PHOSPHINE	
MELONS [EXCEPT	10	ALL PHOSPHIDES, EXPRESSED	D AS
WATERMELON]		HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE (PHOSI	PHINE)
NECTARINE	3	CACAO BEANS	*0.01
РЕАСН	20	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.1
PEAR	25	DRIED FOODS [EXCEPT AS	*0.01
PEPPERS, SWEET	10	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
PINEAPPLE	10	THIS CHEMICAL]	
PLUMS (INCLUDING PRUNES)	15	DRIED FRUITS	*0.01
SWEET POTATO	15	DRIED VEGETABLES	*0.01
Томато	10	HONEY	*0.01
		OILSEED	*0.01
ı	l	ı	

		WICH RESIDUE LIVILIS	
Peanut	*0.01	DRIED FRUITS	8
SPICES	*0.01	DRIED VEGETABLES	8
Tree nuts	*0.01	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
		EGGS	0.1
PHOSPHOROUS ACID		Fruit	8
PHOSPHOROUS ACID		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1
APPLE	50	OILSEED	8
AVOCADO	100	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5
CHESTNUTS	50	POULTRY MEAT	0.5
CITRUS FRUITS	100	Tree nuts	8
CUCURBITS	25	VEGETABLES	8
Durian	100	WHEAT GERM	50
Edible offal (Mammalian)	5		
GRAPE LEAVES	300	PIRIMICARB	
GRAPES	50	SUM OF PIRIMICARB, DIMETH	YL-
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	1	PIRIMICARB AND N-FORMY	L-
PEACH	100	(METHYLAMINO) ANALOGUE	AND
Pineapple	50	DIMETHYLFORMAMIDO-PIRIMIO	
Plums	100	EXPRESSED AS PIRIMICARE	
RASPBERRIES	50	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02
WALNUTS	50	COTTON SEED	0.05
		COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	T0.1
Рнохім		EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
PHOXIM	_	EGGS	*0.1
Pig, edible offal of	*0.01	FRUIT	0.5
PIG FAT	0.5	HOPS, DRY	0.5
PIG MEAT	*0.01	LUPIN (DRY)	*0.02
Ротато	*0.05	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
		MILKS	*0.1
PICLORAM		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
PICLORAM		POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
CEREAL GRAINS	0.2	Rape seed	0.2
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	5	VEGETABLES EXCEPT AS	1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
MILKS	*0.05	THIS CHEMICAL]	
SUGAR CANE	*0.01		
JOGAR CAIVE	0.01	PIRIMIPHOS-ETHYL	
PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE		PIRIMIPHOS-ETHYL	
PIPERONYL BUTOXIDE	_	BANANA	0.02
CATTLE MILK	0.05	MUSHROOMS	0.02
		1VIOSI IROOVIS	0.1
CEREAL GRAING	40	1	
CEREAL GRAINS	20		

PIRIMIPHOS-METHYL		Prochloraz
Pirimiphos-methyl		SUM OF PROCHLORAZ AND ITS
BARLEY	7	METABOLITES CONTAINING THE 2,4,6-
CEREAL BRAN, UNPROCESSED	20	TRICHLOROPHENOL MOIETY, EXPRESSED AS
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	PROCHLORAZ
EGGS	*0.05	AVOCADO 5
Kiwifruit	2	BANANA 5
MAIZE	7	LETTUCE, HEAD 2
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	MANGO 5
MILKS	*0.05	MUSHROOMS 3
MILLET	10	Papaya (Pawpaw) 5
OATS	7	PINEAPPLE 2
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	SUGAR CANE *0.05
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	PROCYMIDONE
RICE	10	Procymidone
RICE, HUSKED	2	BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN 10
RICE, POLISHED	1	AND SOYA BEAN]
Rye	10	Broad bean (green pods 10
SORGHUM	10	AND IMMATURE SEEDS)
WHEAT	10	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.01
WHEAT GERM	30	EGGS *0.01
		GARLIC 5
POLOXALENE		GRAPES 2
Poloxalene		LETTUCE, HEAD 2
Edible offal (mammalian)	T2	LETTUCE, LEAF 2
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	T2	LUPIN (DRY) *0.01
MILKS	T0.5	MEAT OF CATTLE, PIGS AND *0.01
		SHEEP (IN THE FAT)
Praziquantel		MILKS *0.01
Praziquantel		ONION, BULB 0.2
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	POME FRUITS 1
SHEEP MEAT	*0.05	Ротато 0.1
		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.01
PROCAINE PENICILLIN		POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT) *0.01
INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTI	IFIED AS	STONE FRUITS 10
PROCAINE PENICILLIN		STRAWBERRY 5
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	TOMATO 2
EGGS	*0.03	
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1	Profenofos
MILKS	*0.0025	Profenosos
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	COTTON SEED 1
POULTRY MEAT	0.1	COTTON SEED OIL, EDIBLE 0.3

PROMACYL PROMACYL PROMACYL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE FAT CATTLE MEAT GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF GOAT FAT GOAT MEAT MILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS GARLIC ONION, BULB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMIL CATTLE, EDIBLE PROPANIL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR GRAPES TO.2 GARLIC ONION, BULB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMIL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR G-CHLORO-2-METHOXYQUINOXALII	*0.1 *0.1 *0.1 *0.01 *0.01 3
PROMACYL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE FAT 2 CATTLE MEAT COAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF GOAT MEAT GOAT MEAT GOAT MEAT MILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP FAT SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMOCARB PROPAMIL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT CATTLE MEAT CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND COXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
CATTLE FAT CATTLE MEAT COAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF GOAT FAT GOAT MEAT MILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAMIL RICE PROPANIL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
CATTLE MEAT GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF GOAT FAT GOAT MEAT GOAT MEAT MILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP FAT SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN T0.5 AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND COXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF GOAT FAT GOAT FAT COAT MEAT DILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP FAT SHEEP MEAT COATTLE MEAT SHEEP FAT COATTLE MEAT SHEEP MEAT SHEEP MEAT COATTLE MEAT SHEEP MEAT OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
GOAT FAT GOAT MEAT GOAT MEAT MILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP FAT SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPANIL PROPANIL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
GOAT MEAT MILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP FAT SHEEP FAT PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPANIL CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
MILKS (IN THE FAT) SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP FAT SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT TO.5 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND CUCURBITS OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP FAT SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN T0.5 AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS CATTLE MEAT EGGS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
SHEEP FAT SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS POPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1 *0.01 3 *0.1
SHEEP MEAT PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.01 3 *0.1
PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB PROMECARB POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	3 *0.1
PROMECARB BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN T0.5 RICE AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, T0.5 PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND CUCURBITS OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1
BEANS [EXCEPT BROAD BEAN T0.5 AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, T0.5 CUCURBITS RICE SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT SHEEP MEAT PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	
AND SOYA BEAN] BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF SHEEP MEAT AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, T0.5 PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND CUCURBITS OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	_
BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP FRUITING VEGETABLES, T0.5 PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND CUCURBITS OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	2
BROAD BEAN (GREEN PODS T0.5 SHEEP MEAT AND IMMATURE SEEDS) CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP FRUITING VEGETABLES, T0.5 PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND CUCURBITS OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1
CITRUS FRUITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS T1 PROPAQUIZAFOP PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	*0.1
FRUITING VEGETABLES, T0.5 PROPAQUIZAFOP AND ACID AND OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	
CUCURBITS OXOPHENOXY METABOLITES, MEASUR	
GRAPES T0.2 6-CHLORO-2-METHOXYOUINOXALII	ED AS
	νE,
ONION, BULB T0.5 EXPRESSED AS PROPAQUIZAFOP	
STONE FRUITS T0.5 OILSEED	*0.05
ONION, BULB	*0.05
PROMETRYN PEAS	*0.05
PROMETRYN PULSES	*0.05
CATTLE MILK *0.05	
CEREAL GRAINS *0.1 PROPARGITE	
COTTON SEED *0.1 PROPARGITE	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 APPLE	3
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 BANANA	3
PEANUT *0.1 COTTON SEED	0.2
SUNFLOWER SEED *0.1 CURRANTS, BLACK	3
VEGETABLES *0.1 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
EGGS	*0.1
PROPACHLOR HOPS, WET	Т3
PROPACHLOR MANGOSTEEN	3
BEETROOT *0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	
BRASSICA (COLE OR 0.6 FAT)	*0.1
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES MILKS	*0.1

SCIEDO				TRESIDUE LIVITIS		
Passionfruit		3		PROPYZAMIDE		
PEAR		3		Propyzamide		
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF		*0.1		Cattle, edible offal of	*0.2	
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)		*0.1		CATTLE MEAT	*0.05	
Rambutan		5		Eggs	*0.05	
STONE FRUITS		3		Lettuce, head	1	
STRAWBERRY		7		Lettuce, leaf	1	
VEGETABLES		3		Milks	*0.01	
				Poultry, edible offal of	*0.05	
Propazine				Poultry meat	*0.05	
Propazine						
VEGETABLES		*0.1		Prothiofos		
				Pothiofos		
PROPETAMPHOS				Banana	*0.01	_
Propetamphos				Brassica (cole or	0.2	
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF		*0.01	4	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)		*0.01		GRAPES	2	
,				Pome fruits	0.05	
Propiconazole						
Propiconazole				Pymetrozine		
Avocado	0.02			Pymetrozine		
Banana	0.2			Brassica (cole or	0.1	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05			CABBAGE) VEGETABLES,		
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)				HEAD CABBAGES,		
Grapes	1			FLOWERHEAD CABBAGES		
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1			Ротато	0.02	
Milks	*0.01			STONE FRUITS	0.02	
MINT OIL	0.2					
PEANUT	*0.05			Prazophos		
PINEAPPLE	0.05			Phyrazophos		
POPPY SEED	*0.01			FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.2	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1			CUCURBITS		
POULTRY MEAT	0.1					
STONE FRUITS	2			Pyrethrins		
SUGAR CANE	*0.02			SUM OF PYRETHRISNS I AND II	, CINERINSI	Ι Ι
				AND II AND JASMOLINS I	•	
PROPINEB				DETERMINED AFTER CALIBR		
SEE DITHIOCARBAMA	ATES			MEANS OF THE INTERNA		
CLL ZITTIC CHADIAVII				PYRETHRUM STANDA		
Propoxur				CEREAL GRAINS		3
Propoxur				DRIED FRUITS		1
Ротато	10		1 1	DRIED VEGETABLES		1
IOIAIO	10			Fruit		1
			l I.	- -		-

POME FRUITS 0.5 SUM OF QUE STONE FRUITS 0.5 PENTACHLOROAN STRAWBERRY 1 PENTACHOLORO EXPRESSED A	0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 TTOZENE UINTOZENE,
PYRIDABEN PYRIDABEN BANANA GRAPES POME FRUITS STONE FRUITS STRAWBERRY MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OF POULTRY MEAT MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OF POULTRY MEAT O.5 SUM OF QUIN PENTACHLOROAN EXPRESSED A	0.02 FFAL OF 0.02 0.02 TTOZENE UINTOZENE,
PYRIDABEN PYRIDABEN PYRIDABEN BANANA GRAPES POME FRUITS STONE FRUITS TONE FRUI	0.02 FFAL OF 0.02 0.02 TTOZENE UINTOZENE,
PYRIDABEN BANANA GRAPES POME FRUITS STONE FRUITS STRAWBERRY DOLTRY MEAT POULTRY MEAT O.5 QUIN STRAWBERRY DOLTRY MEAT POULTRY MEAT PUIN STRAWBEAT PUIN STRAWBEAT PUIN STRAWBEAT PUIN STRAWBEAT PENTACHLOROAN EXPRESSED A	0.02 TTOZENE UINTOZENE,
BANANA 0.5 GRAPES 5 QUINT POME FRUITS 0.5 SUM OF QU STONE FRUITS 0.5 PENTACHLOROAN STRAWBERRY 1 PENTACHOLORO EXPRESSED A	TOZENE UINTOZENE ,
GRAPES 5 POME FRUITS 0.5 STONE FRUITS 0.5 PENTACHLOROAN STRAWBERRY 1 PENTACHOLORO EXPRESSED A	UINTOZENE,
POME FRUITS STONE FRUITS O.5 SUM OF QUE PENTACHLOROAN STRAWBERRY 1 PENTACHOLORO EXPRESSED A	UINTOZENE,
STONE FRUITS STRAWBERRY 1 PENTACHLOROAN PENTACHOLORO EXPRESSED A	
STRAWBERRY 1 PENTACHOLORG EXPRESSED A	
EXPRESSED A	illine and Methyl
	OPHENYL SULFIDE,
_	S QUINTOZENE
Pyridate Banana	1
SUM OF PYRIDATE AND METABOLITES BEANS [EXCEPT BROA	AD BEAN 0.01
CONTAINING 6 CHLORO-4-HYDORXYL-3- AND SOYA BEAN]	
PHENYL PYRIDAZINE, EXPRESSED AS BRASSICA (COLE OR	0.02
PYRIDATE CABBAGE) VEGETABL	LES
CHICK-PEA (DRY) *0.1 BROAD BEAN (GREEN	N PODS 0.01
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.2 AND IMMATURE SEEL	OS)
EGGS *0.2 CELERY	0.3
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.2 COMMON BEAN (DRY	y) 0.2
MILKS *0.2 COTTON SEED	0.03
PEANUT *0.1 LETTUCE, HEAD	0.3
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.2 LETTUCE, LEAF	0.3
POULTRY MEAT *0.2 MUSHROOMS	10
PRIRENOX ONION, BULB	0.2
PYRIFENOX PEANUT	0.3
APPLE 0.1 PEPPERS, SWEET	0.01
Grapes 0.2 POTATO	0.2
ТОМАТО	0.1
PYRIMETHANIL QINZALO	DFOP-ETHYL
PYRIMETHANIL SUM OF QUIZAL	OFOP-ETHYL AND
APPLE T1.0 QUIZALOFOP ID ACI	D AND OTHER ESTERS,
	JIXZALOFOP-ETHYL
PEAR T1.0 BEETROOT	0.02
STRAWBERRY T5.0 CABBAGES, HEAD	*0.01
TOMATO T2.0 CARROT	*0.02
CATTLE, EDIBLE OF	FAL OF 0.2
PYRITHIOBAC SODIUM CATTLE MEAT	0.2
PYRITHIBOAC SODIUM CAULIFLOWER	*0.05
COTTON SEED *0.01 CHICKEN, EDIBLE O	FFAL OF *0.05
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE 0.01 CHICKEN EGGS	*0.05
COTTON SEED OIL, EDIBLE 0.01 CHICKEN MEAT	*0.05

OF *0.1 *0.1 DEFFAL OF 0.5 0.1 HOXYDIM TDIM ANDMETABOLITES NING THE 5-(2-
DEFFAL OF 0.5 0.1 HOXYDIM TOIM ANDMETABOLITES
0.1 HOXYDIM TOIM ANDMETABOLITES
HOXYDIM 'DIM ANDMETABOLITES
TOIM ANDMETABOLITES
TOIM ANDMETABOLITES
ning the 5-(2-
`
L)CYCLOHEXENE-3-ONE
CYCLOHEXENE-3-ONE
HEIR SULFOXIDES AND
SULFONES, EXPRESSED AS
HOXYDIM
1
OAD BEAN *0.1
R 0.1
BLES
EN PODS *0.1
EDS)
0.1
0.2
mmalian) *0.05
*0.05
0.05
*0.01
BLES, *0.1
0.3
0.3
0.1
0.1
0.2
an) *0.05
*0.05
0.3
2
DE 2
*0.1
0.2
OFFAL OF *0.05
*0.05
JPIN (DRY)] *0.1

0.1

*0.01 0.05

> 0.1 0.01 0.1 2 2 0.2

> 0.02 0.1 0.1 0.01 0.01

3 0.1 0.1

*1 *0.1 *1

*0.1

*0.3

*0.2 *0.3 *0.2 0.3

0.3

SCHEDULE	1 - 1/1/4/411/1	TOWN RESIDUE LIMITS	
RAPE SEED	0.1	SPINOSAD	
ROOT AND TUBER	1	SUM OF SPINOSYN A AND SPINO	SYN D
VEGETABLES		Brassica (cole or	0.1
Spinach	*0.1	CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
Strawberry	0.1	COTTONSEED	*0.0
SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.1	Edible offal (mammalian)	0.05
Томато	0.1	EGG PLANT	0.1
		EGGS	0.0
SIMAZINE		Grape	0.1
SIMAZINE		LETTUCE, HEAD	2
Asparagus	*0.1	LETTUCE, LEAF	2
Broad bean (dry)	*0.01	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.2
Broad bean (Green pods	*0.01	FAT)	
AND IMMATURE SEEDS)		MILKS	0.02
CHICK-PEA (DRY)	*0.05	PEPPERS	0.1
CHICK-PEA (GREEN PODS)	*0.05	POME FRUIT	0.1
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.01	POULTRY MEAT	0.0
EGGS	*0.01	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.0
FRUIT	*0.1	SPINACH	3
Lupin (dry)	*0.05	SWEET CORN (KERNELS)	0.1
Meat (mammalian)	*0.01	TOMATO	0.3
MILKS	*0.01		
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01	SPIRAMYCIN	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.01	INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTII	FIED AS
Pranws	0.01	SPIRAMYCIN	
RAPE SEED	0.02	PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*
SHRIMPS	0.01	PIG MEAT	*0.2
Tree nuts	0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*
		POULTRY MEAT	*0.2
SPECTINOMYCIN		STREPTOMYCIN AND	
INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTI	FIED AS	DIHYDRODSTREPTOMYCI	N
SPECTINOMYCIN		INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIF	FIED AS
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	1	STREPTOMYCIN OR	
[EXCEPT SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL		DIHYROSTEREPTOMYCIN	
OF]		Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.3
GOAT MILK	2	EGGS	*0.2
Meat (mammalian)	1	Meat (mammalian)	*0.3
[EXCEPT SHEEP MEAT]		MILKS	*0.2
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.7	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.3
POULTRY MEAT	0.7	POULTRY MEAT	0.3
		I I	

Sulphadiazine	
Sulphadiazine	
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1
Meat (mammalian)	0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
POULTRY MEAT	0.1
SULPHADIMIDINE	
Sulphadimidine	
Meat (mammalian)	0.1
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1
POULTRY MEAT	0.1
SULPHAQUINOXALINE	
SULPHAQUINOXALINE	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	T0.1
POULTRY MEAT	T0.1
Sulphatroxozole	
Sulphatroxozole	
CATTLE MILK	0.1
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.1
SULPHOSULFURON	
SUM OF SULFOSURON AND	ITS
MEATBOLITES WHICH CAN BE HYD	DROLYSED
TO 2-(ETHYLSULFONYL)IMIDAZ	zo[1,2-
A]PYRIDINE, EXPRESSED A	-
SULFOSULFURON	
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.005
Eggs	0.005
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.005
,	0.005
MILKS	0.000
MILKS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.005
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT WHEAT	0.005 0.005
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT	0.005 0.005
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT WHEAT SULPROFOS	0.005 0.005

Томато	1
TEBUCONAZOLE	
Tebuconazole	
AVOCADO	0.2
Banana	0.2
Broad bean (dry)	0.5
Broad bean (green and	0.5
IMMATURE SEEDS)	
BULB VEGETABLES	0.01
CEREAL GRAINS	0.2
COTTON SEED	T1
Edible offal (mammalian)	0.5
EGGS	0.1
Meat (mammalian)	0.1
MILKS	0.05
Onion, bulb	0.01
Papaya (Pawpaws)	0.2
PEANUT	0.1
PEAS	0.5
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5
POULTRY MEAT	0.1
TEBUFENOZIDE	
Tebufenozide	
Apples	2
AVOCADO	0.1
BLUEBERRIES	2
DRIED GRAPES	T8
GRAPES	2
ORANGES, SWEET, SOUR	1
POME FRUITS	T2
Tebufenpyrad	
Tebufenpyrad	
РЕАСН	1
POME FRUITS	1

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TEBUTHIURON		Broad bean (green pods	*0.1
SUM OF TEBUTHIURON, AND)	AND IMMATURE SEEDS)	
hydroxydimethylethyl, N-dim	IETHYL	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.1
AND HYDROXY METHYLAMIN	E	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
METABOLITES, EXPRESSED AS	5	EGGS	*0.05
TEBUTHIURON		MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	0.1
Edible offal (mammalian)	2	FAT)	
Meat (mammalian)	0.5	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.1
MILKS	0.2	PEAS	*0.1
		Ротато	*0.1
Темерноѕ		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
SUM OF TEMEPHOS AND TEMEP	HOS	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1
SULFOXIDE, EXPRESSED AS TEMEI	PHOS	SUGAR CANE	*0.05
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	T2		
CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	5	TETRACHLORVINPHOS	
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	Tetrachlorvinphos	
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	3	Edible offal (mammalian)	0.05
TERBACIL		LEAFY VEGETABLES	2
Terbacil		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.05
ALMONDS	0.5	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	0.05
PEPPERMINT OIL	0.1	TETRACYCLINE	
POME FRUITS	*0.04	INHIBHIBITORY SUBSTA NCE, IDEN	ΓΙΓΙΕD AS
STONE FRUITS	*0.04	TETRACYCLINE	
		MILKS	*0.1
TERBUFOS			
SUM OF TERBUFOS, ITS OXYGEN ANA	ALOGUE	Tetradifon	
AND THEIR SULFOXIDES AND SULF	ONES,	Tetradifon	
EXPRESSED AS TERBUFOS		COTTON SEED	5
Banana	0.05	FRUIT	5
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	HOPS, DRY	5
CATTLE MEAT	*0.05	VEGETABLES	5
CATTLE MILK	*0.01		
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.01	THIABENDAZOLE	
EGGS	*0.01	THIABENDAZOLE OR, IN THE CA	ASE OF
Peanut	*0.05	ANIMAL PRODUCTS, SUM C	F
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05	THIABENDAZOLE AND 5-	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.05	HYDROXYTHIABENDAZOLE, EXPR	ESSED AS
SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.05	THIABENDAZOLE	
		APPLE	10
		Banana	3
TERBUTRYN			
Terbutryn	-	CITRUS FRUITS	10
	*0.1	CITRUS FRUITS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	10 0.2 0.2

MILKS	0.05	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	*0.1
MUSHROOMS	0.5	COB)	
PEAR	10	SWEET CORN (KERNELS)	0.1
Ротато	5	Томато	2
THIDAZURON		THIOMETON	
Thidazuron		SUM OF THIOMETON, ITS SULFOXID	E ANS
COTTON SEED	*0.5	SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS THIOMET	ON
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	CEREAL GRAINS	1
Meat (mammalian)	*0.05	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
MILKS	*0.01	EGGS	*0.05
		FRUIT	1
THIFENSULFURON		Lupin (dry)	0.5
Thifensulfuron		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
CEREAL GRAINS [EXCEPT	*0.02	MILKS	*0.05
MAIZE, RICE]		OILSEED	*0.05
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
EGGS	*0.01	POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01	VEGETABLES	1
MILKS	0.01		
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01	THIOPHANATE	
POULTRY MEAT	*0.01	See carbendazim	
THIOBENCARB			
Thiobencarb		THIOPHANATE-METHYL	
RICE	*0.05	See Carbendazim	
THIODICARB		THIRAM	
SUM OF THIODICARB, METHOMY	'L AND	SEE DITHIOCARBAMATES	
METHOMYLOXIME, EXPRESSED	O AS		
THIODICARB SEE ALSO METHO	MYL	TIAMULIN	
BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES	1	Tiamulin	
COTTON SEED	*0.1	PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	*0.1	PIG MEAT	*0.1
Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
EGGS	*0.02	POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
MAIZE	*0.1		
Meat (mammalian)	*0.05	TILMICOSIN	
MILKS	*0.05	TILMICOSIN	
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.5	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
POULTRY MEAT	0.5	CATTLE MEAT	*0.05
Pulses	*0.1	PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	1
SORGHUM	0.5	PIG MEAT	0.05
SUNFLOWER SEED	0.05		3.33
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TOLCLOFOS-METHYL	TOLCLOFOS-METHYL		FATS (MAMMALIAN)	*0.25
POTATO	TOLCLOFOS-METHYL		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
TOLTRAZURIL SUM OF TOLTRAZURIL TIS SULFOXIDE AND SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS TOLTRAZURIL TIS AUDITORIA SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS TOLTRAZURIL TIS AUDITORIA SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMENOL TRIADIMENOL TRIADIMENOL SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON	COTTON SEED	*0.01	MILKS	*0.1
TOLTRAZURIL SUM OF TOLTRAZURIL TIS SULFOXIDE AND SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS TOLTRAZURIL TRIADIMENOL TRIADIMENOL SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE TO.01 COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE TO.05 COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	Ротато	0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05
SUM OF TOLTRAZURIL, ITS SULFOXIDE AND SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS TOLTRAZURIL TRIADIMENOL TRIADIMENOL SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL CABBAGES, HEAD 0.5 CAULIFLOWER 0.2 COTION SEED OIL, CRUDE TIO.05 COTION			POULTRY MEAT	0.05
SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS TOLTRAZURIL CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 5 CHICKEN MEAT 2 PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 2 PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT) 1 CABBACIES, HEAD 0.5 CAULIFLOWER 0.2 CABBACIES, HEAD 0.5 CAULIFLOWER 0.2 CATOLIN OF TRENBOLONE ACETATE THE SUM OF TRENBOLONE ACETATE THE SUM OF TRENBOLONE ACETATE ADIT ALPHA - AND 17 BETA-TRENBOLONE, BOTH FREE AND CONJUGATED, EXPRESSED AS TRENBOLONE CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 CATTLE MEAT 0.002 PIG MEAT 0.002 PIG MEAT 0.002 TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMENOL, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON NAD TRIADIMENOL EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON NAD TRIADIMENOL EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON 0.5 EGGS *0.1 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 EXCEPT KIDNEY CEREAL GRAINS 0.2 CUCURBITS CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS CABBACIS, HEAD 0.5 CAULIFLOWER 0.2 COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE TO.00 COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE TO.00 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 CUCURBITS CABPES 0.5 CABBACIS, HEAD 0.5 CABBACIS, HEAD 0.5 ECREAL GRAINS *0.01 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS 0.1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS 0.2 CUCURBITS 0.1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 OTHER THAN CUCURBITS 0.1 GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) CABBACIS, HEAD 0.5 CABBACIS, HEAD 0.5 CALULIFUMER 0.5 CATLLE, EDIB OFFAL OF 0.0 FRUITING VEGETABLES 0.	Toltrazuril		SUGAR CANE	*0.05
CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 5 CHICKEN MEAT 2 PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 2 PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 2 PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT) 1 CEREAL GRAINS *0.02 TRALKOXYDIM TRALKOXYDIM TRALKOXYDIM TRALKOXYDIM TRALKOXYDIM COTTON SEED TIO.01 CEREAL GRAINS *0.02 TRENBOLONE ACETATE THE SUM OF TRENBOLONE ACETATE AND 17 BETA-TRENBOLONE, BOTH FREE AND CONJUGATED, EXPRESSED AS TRENBOLONE AS TRENBOLONE AS TRENBOLONE CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 CATTLE MEAT 0.002 PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 PIG MEAT 0.002 TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON SEE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 SUCULIENT SEEDS SEE OLSO TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON SEE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 SUCULIENT SEEDS SEE OLSO TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMEF	SUM OF TOLTRAZURIL, ITS SULFO	XIDE AND		
CHICKEN MEAT 2 BROCCOLI 0.2	SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS TOLTR	AZURIL	TRIADIMENOL	
Pig. Edible Offal of 2	CHICKEN, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	5	Triadimenol	
CABBAGES, HEAD 0.5	CHICKEN MEAT	2	SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON	
CAULIFLOWER 0.2	Pig, edible offal of	2	Broccoli	0.2
CAULIFLOWER 0.2	PIG MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1	CABBAGES, HEAD	0.5
TRALKOXYDIM	,		Cauliflower	0.2
CEREAL GRAINS *0.02 TRENBOLONE ACETATE THE SUM OF TRENBOLONE ACETATE THE SUM OF TRENBOLONE ACETATE AND 17 ALPHA - AND 17 BETA-TRENBOLONE, BOTH FREE AND CONJUGATED, EXPRESSED AS TRENBOLONE CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 CATTLE MEAT 0.002 PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 PIG MEAT 0.002 TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMENOL, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL APPLE 1 CEREAL GRAINS 0.5 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 FIELD PEA (DRY) 0.1 FIELD PEA (DRY) 0.1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 CUCURBITS CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 EGGS *0.01 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE T0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 EGGS *0.01 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.5 CUCURBITS FAIS (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 ECREAL GRAINS *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 ECREAL GRAINS *0.01 EVERT TRIALLATE	Tralkoxydim		CEREAL GRAINS	*0.01
COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE T0.05	Tralkoxydim		COTTON SEED	T0.01
TRENBOLONE ACETATE THE SUM OF TRENBOLONE ACETATE AND 17 ALPHA - AND 17 BETA-TRENBOLONE, BOTH FREE AND CONJUGATED, EXPRESSED AS TRENBOLONE CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF		*0.02	COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	T0.05
The sum of trenbolone acetate and 17 alpha - and 17 beta-trenbolone, Both free and conjugated, expressed As trenbolone Cattle, edible offal of 0.01 Cattle meat 0.002 Pig, edible offal of 0.01 Pig meat 0.002 0			Edible offal (Mammalian)	*0.01
Traing vegetables, colding vegetables, coldinated vegetables, colding vegetables, coldinated vegetables,			EGGS	*0.01
CUCURBITS CUCURBITS GRAPES O.5			FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.5
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 CATTLE MEAT 0.002 PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 PIG MEAT 0.002 PIG MEAT 0.002 PIG MEAT 0.002 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 POULTRY MEAT 0.005 EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL APPLE		-	CUCURBITS	
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 CATTLE MEAT 0.002 PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 PIG MEAT 0.002 TRIADIMEFON 0.01 SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMENOL, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL APPLE 1 CEREAL GRAINS 0.5 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 EGGS *0.1 FIELD PEA (DRY) 0.1 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 CUCURBITS FAUTURING VEGETABLES, 0.2 OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.01 MILKS *0.01 SUCCULENT SEEDS POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.01 MILKS *0.01 SUGAR CANE *0.05 TRIALLATE *0.01 SUGAR CANE *0.05 CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EXCEPT KIDNEY *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) 0.2 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 MILKS *0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 MILKS *0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 POULTRY MEAT *0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 EXCEPT KIDNEY *0.05 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.01 MILKS *0.01 MILKS *0.01 CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EXCEPT KIDNEY *0.05 FULL OUT TO THE TOUR TO THE TOUR TO THE T			GRAPES	0.5
MILKS		0.01	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01
PIG, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.01 PIG MEAT 0.002 TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMENOL, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL SUGAR CANE *0.05 APPLE 1 CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 FIELD PEA (DRY) 0.1 PIGS AND SHEEP FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 CUCURBITS FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 GARDEN PEA (SHELLED 0.1 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.05 *0.05 FARITINA *0.05 *0.05 FULL TY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 *0.05 FOULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.05 *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 *0.05 FOULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.2 *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.2 *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF *0.2 <t< td=""><td>· ·</td><td>0.002</td><td>MILKS</td><td>*0.01</td></t<>	· ·	0.002	MILKS	*0.01
TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMENOL, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL APPLE CEREAL GRAINS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) FIELD PEA (DRY) FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY MEAT SUGAR CANE *0.01 SUGAR CANE *0.05 TRIALLATE TRIALLATE CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 [EXCEPT KIDNEY] KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS, O.2 PIGS AND SHEEP LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 MILKS *0.1 OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF O.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY FATS O.2 POULTRY FATS O.2 POULTRY FATS O.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.01	Pig, edible offal of	0.01	Papaya (pawpaw)	0.2
TRIADIMEFON SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMENOL, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMENOL APPLE CEREAL GRAINS CEREAL			POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.01
SUM OF TRIADIMEFON AND TRIADIMENOL, EXPRESSED AS TRIADIMEFON SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL APPLE CEREAL GRAINS CEREAL GRAINS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) EGGS *0.1 FIELD PEA (DRY) FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUGAR CANE *0.05 TRIALLATE CEREAL GRAINS *0.05 EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 [EXCEPT KIDNEY] KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS, PIGS AND SHEEP LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1 *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.1 *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.1 *0.05 POULTRY MEAT *0.1			POULTRY MEAT	*0.01
TRIALLATE TRIALCATE TRIALLATE TRIALCATE TRIALLATE TRIALATE TRIALLATE TRIALLA		DIMENOL,	SUGAR CANE	*0.05
APPLE CEREAL GRAINS COULURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED SUCCULENT SEEDS) CEREAL GRAINS COULER THAN COULUR PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) CEREAL GRAINS COULER THAN COULUR PODS, COULER THAN COULER PODS, COULER THAN COULER PODS, COULER POULTRY FATS CEREAL GRAINS COULER COUNT MAMMALIAN COULER COULER COUNT SEEDS CEREAL GRAINS COULER COUNT MAMMALIAN COULER COULER COUNT SEEDS CEREAL GRAINS COULER COUNT MAMMALIAN COULER COULER COUNT MAMMALIAN COULER COULER COUNT SEEDS CEREAL GRAINS COULER COUNT MAMMALIAN COULT MAMMALI			TRIALLATE	
APPLE CEREAL GRAINS COULURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED CARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) CEREAL GRAINS COEREAL (MAMMALIAN) CEDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) CEXCEPT KIDNEY [EXCEPT KIDNEY] KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS, OL2 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) OL2 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) COILSEED POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF OL2 POULTRY FATS OL2 POULTRY MEAT *O.1	SEE ALSO TRIADIMENOL	ı	Triallate	
CEREAL GRAINS EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) EGGS FIELD PEA (DRY) FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED SUCCULENT SEEDS) CEDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 [EXCEPT KIDNEY] KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS, D.2 KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS, LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF O.2 POULTRY FATS O.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1			CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN) EGGS *0.1 FIELD PEA (DRY) FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) EXCEPT KIDNEY] KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS, 0.2 FIGS AND SHEEP LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 OILSEED POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1	CEREAL GRAINS		Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.1
EGGS *0.1 KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS, 0.2 FIELD PEA (DRY) 0.1 PIGS AND SHEEP FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 CUCURBITS FATS (MAMMALIAN) 0.2 FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 OTHER THAN CUCURBITS MILKS *0.1 GARDEN PEA (SHELLED 0.1 OILSEED *0.05 SUCCULENT SEEDS) POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 SUCCULENT SEEDS) POULTRY FATS 0.2 SUCCULENT SEEDS)	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)		[EXCEPT KIDNEY]	
FIELD PEA (DRY) FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, O.2 FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUCCULENT SEEDS) PIGS AND SHEEP LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 MILKS *0.1 OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF O.2 POULTRY FATS O.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1	,		KIDNEY OF CATTLE, GOATS,	0.2
FRUITING VEGETABLES, CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, O.2 FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUCCULENT SEEDS) LEGUME VEGETABLES *0.05 FATS (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 MILKS *0.1 OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF O.2 POULTRY FATS O.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1		0.1	PIGS AND SHEEP	
CUCURBITS FRUITING VEGETABLES, OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUCCULENT SEEDS) FATS (MAMMALIAN) MILKS *0.1 OILSEED POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1	` ,		LEGUME VEGETABLES	*0.05
FRUITING VEGETABLES, 0.2 OTHER THAN CUCURBITS MILKS *0.1 GARDEN PEA (SHELLED 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUCCULENT SEEDS) MEAT (MAMMALIAN) *0.1 OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1	·		FATS (MAMMALIAN)	0.2
OTHER THAN CUCURBITS GARDEN PEA (SHELLED 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) SUCCULENT SEEDS) MILKS *0.1 OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1		0.2	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.1
GARDEN PEA (SHELLED 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, 0.1 SUCCULENT SEEDS) OILSEED *0.05 POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1	· ·		MILKS	*0.1
SUCCULENT SEEDS) GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF 0.2 POULTRY FATS 0.2 POULTRY MEAT *0.1		0.1	OILSEED	*0.05
GARDEN PEA (YOUNG PODS, SUCCULENT SEEDS) POULTRY FATS POULTRY MEAT *0.1	·		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
SUCCULENT SEEDS) POULTRY MEAT *0.1	,	0.1	POULTRY FATS	0.2
, April 200	`		POULTRY MEAT	*0.1
	,	1	Pulses	*0.05

Triasulfuron		FRUIT [EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE	0.
Triasulfuron		LISTED UNDER THIS	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.02	CHEMICAL]	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	KALE	0.
EGGS	*0.05	MILKS	0.0
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	OILSEED	0.
MILKS	*0.01	РЕАСН	0
		Pig, edible offal of	0.
TRIBENURON-METHYL		PIG FAT	0.
Tribenuron-methyl		PIG MEAT	0.3
BARLEY	*0.01	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.0
CHICK PEA (DRY)	*0.01	POULTRY MEAT	*0.0
COTTON SEED	*0.05	PULSES [EXCEPT SOYA BEAN	0.2
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01	(DRY)]	
MAIZE	*0.05	Soya bean (dry)	0.1
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.01	SUGAR BEET	0.0!
MILKS	*0.01	SUGAR CANE	*0.0
Mung bean (dry)	*0.01	SWEET CORN (CORN-ON-THE-	0.2
OATS	*0.01	COB)	
RAPE SEED	*0.01	Tree nuts	0.3
SORGHUM	*0.01	VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	0.3
SOYA BEAN (DRY)	*0.01	OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
SUNFLOWER SEED	*0.01	THIS CHEMICAL]	
WHEAT	*0.01		
		TRICHLOROETHYLENE	
Tribufos		Trichloroethylene	
S,S,S-TRIBUTYL PHOSPHOROTRIT	HIOATE	CEREAL GRAINS	*0.1
COTTON SEED	0.1		
		TRICLABENDAZOLE	
Trichlorfon		Triclabendazole	
Trichlorfon		KIDNEY (MAMMALIAN)	0.5
Banana	0.2	LIVER (MAMMALIAN)	0.5
BEETROOT	0.2	Meat (mammalian)	0.5
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	0.2	Triclopyr	
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	Triclopyr	
CATTLE FAT	0.1	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	Į
CATTLE MEAT	0.1	CATTLE MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2
Cauliflower	0.2	EGGS	0.0
CELERY	0.2	GOAT, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	Į
CEREAL GRAINS	0.1	GOAT MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0
DRIED FRUITS	2	MILKS	0.
EGGS	*0.05	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.0
		POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.0!

SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	5	Edible offal (mammalian)	*0.05
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.2	EGGS	*0.05
SORGHUM	0.1	FRUIT	*0.05
		HYACINTH BEAN (DRY)	*0.05
TRIDEMORPH		LUPIN (DRY)	*0.05
Tridemorph		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05
Banana	T*0.05	MILKS	*0.05
BARLEY	0.1	Mung bean (dry)	*0.05
FRUITING VEGETABLES,	0.1	OILSEED	*0.05
CUCURBITS		POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.05
		POULTRY MEAT	*0.05
Triflumizole		SUGAR CANE	*0.05
SUM OF TRIFLUMIZOLE AND	(E)-4-	VEGETABLES [EXCEPT	*0.05
CHLORO-A,A,A-TRIFLUORO- N-(1-AMINO-	CARROT]	
2-PROPOXYETHYLIDENE)-O-TO	LUIDINE,		
EXPRESSED AS TRIFLUMIZO	OLE	Triforine	
GRAPES	0.5	Triforine	
POME FRUITS	0.5	POME FRUITS	1
		STONE FRUITS	10
Triflumuron			
Triflumuron		Trimethoprim	
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05	Trimethoprim	
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	CATTLE MILK	0.05
[EXCEPT SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL		Edible offal (mammalian)	0.05
OF]		MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.05
EGGS	0.01	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	*0.05	POULTRY MEAT	0.05
[EXCEPT SHEEP MEAT, IN THE			
FAT]		Triticonazole	
MILKS	*0.05	TRITECONAZOLE	
MUSHROOMS	0.1	CEREAL GRAINS	005
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.01	Edible offal (mammalian)	0.05
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	0.1	EGGS	0.05
SHEEP, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN)	0.05
SHEEP MEAT (IN THE FAT)	2		
Trifluralin		Tylosin	
Trifluralin		Tylosin	
Adzuki bean (dry)	*0.05	CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.1
Broad bean (dry)	*0.05	CATTLE MEAT	*0.1
CARROT	0.5	EGGS	*0.2
CEREAL GRAINS	*0.05	MILKS	*0.05
CHICK-PEA (DRY)	*0.05	Pig, edible offal of	*0.2
COWPEA (DRY)	*0.05	PIG FAT	*0.1

SCHEDCEET	1711 121
PIG MEAT	*0.2
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	*0.2
POULTRY FATS	*0.1
POULTRY MEAT	*0.2
Uniconazole-p	
NO RESIDUE DEFINITION	
AVOCADO	0.02
VAMIDOTHION	
SUM OF VAMIDOTHION, M ITS SULFC	XIDE
AND SULFONE, EXPRESSED AS	
VAMIDOTHION	
APPLE	1
Brassica (cole or	0.5
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES	
PEACH	1
PEAR	1
Ротато	0.5
VERNOLATE	
VERNOLATE	
Peanut	*0.1
SOYA BEAN (DRY)	*0.1
• ,	
Vinclozolin	
SUM OF VINCLOZOLLIN AND AL	L.
metabolites containing 3-5	-
DICHLOROROANILINE MOIETY, EXPR	ESSED
AS VINCLOZOLIN	
GRAPES	T5

Virginiamycin	
INHIBITORY SUBSTANCE, IDENTIFI	IED AS
VIRGINIAMYCIN	IED AS
	0.0
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
CATTLE FAT	0.2
CATTLE MILK	0.1
CATTLE MEAT	*0.1
EGGS	*0.1
Pig, edible offal of	0.2
PIG FAT	0.2
PIG MEAT	*0.1
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.2
POULTRY FATS	0.2
POULTRY MEAT	0.1
Zeranol	
ZERANOL	
CATTLE, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	0.02
CATTLE MEAT	0.005
ZINEB	
SEE DITHIOCARBAMATES	
ZIRAM	
SEE DITHIOCARBAMATES	

SCHEDULE 1 - EXTRANEOUS RESIDUE LIMITS

ALDRIN AND DIELDRIN		Crustaceans	E0.01
SUM OF HHDN AND HEOD)	Edible offal (mammalian)	E0.3
Asparagus	E0.1	EGGS	E0.1
Banana	E0.05	FISH	E0.01
Brassica (cole or	E0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	E0.3
CABBAGE) VEGETABLES		FAT)	
Carrot	E0.1	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	E0.1
CEREAL GRAINS	E0.02	Molluscs, including	E0.01
CITRUS FRUITS	E0.05	CEPHALOPODS	
Crustaceans	E0.1	Peanut	E0.1
CUCUMBER	E0.1	POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	E0.3
DIADROMOUS FISH	E0.1	POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	E0.3
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	E0.2	SUGAR CANE	E0.005
EGG PLANT	E0.1		
EGGS	E0.1	CHLORDANE	
FRESHWATER FISH	E0.1	SUM OF CIS- AND TRANS-CHLORDAN	NE AND
FRUIT	E0.05	IN THE CASE OF ANIMAL PRODUCTS	ALSO
Horseradish	E0.1	INCLUDES 'OXYCHLORDANE'	
LETTUCE, HEAD	E0.1	CEREAL GRAINS	E0.02
LETTUCE, LEAF	E0.1	CITRUS FRUITS	E0.02
MARINE FISH	E0.1	COTTON SEED OIL, CRUDE	E0.05
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	E0.2	COTTON SEED OIL, EDIBLE	E0.02
FAT)		CRUSTACEANS	E0.05
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	E0.1	EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	E0.2
MOLLUSCS, INCLUDING	E0.1	EGGS	E0.02
CEPHALOPODS		FISH	E0.05
Onion, bulb	E0.1	FRUITING VEGETABLES,	E0.05
PARSNIP	E0.1	CUCURBITS	
Peanut	E0.05	LINSEED OIL, CRUDE	E0.05
Peppers, sweet	E0.1	MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	E0.2
PIMENTO, FRUIT	E0.1	FAT)	
Ротато	E0.1	MILKS (IN THE FAT)	E0.05
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	E0.2	MOLLUSCS, INCLUDING	E0.05
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	E0.2	CEPHALOPODS	
Radish	E0.1	Pineapple	E0.02
RADISH LEAVES (INCLUDING	E0.1	POME FRUITS	E0.02
RADISH TOPS)		SOYA BEAN OIL, CRUDE	E0.05
SUGAR CANE	E0.01	SOYA BEAN OIL, REFINED	E0.02
		STONE FRUITS	E0.02
BHC (OTHER THAN THE GAMMA IS	SOMER,	SUGAR BEET	E0.1
LINDANE)		VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	E0.02
SUM OF ISOMERS OF 1,2,3,4,5,6-		OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE, OTHER		THIS CHEMICAL]	
THAN LINDANE		,	
CEREAL GRAINS	E0.1		

SCHEDULE 2 - EXTRANEOUS RESIDUE LIMITS

DDT			
SUM OF P,P '-DDT; O,P '-DDT; F	P,P'-DDE		
and p,p '-TDE (DDD)			
CEREAL GRAINS	E0.1		
CRUSTACEANS	E1		
Edible offal (mammalian)	E5		
EGGS	E0.5		
FISH	E1		
Fruit	E1		
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	E5		
FAT)			
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	E1.25		
Molluscs, including	E1		
CEPHALOPODS			
PEANUT	E0.02		
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	E5.02		
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	E5		
,	E1		
VEGETABLE OILS, EDIBLE VEGETABLES	E1		
VEGETABLES	EI		
НСВ			
Hexachlorobenzene			
CEREAL GRAINS	E0.05		
CRUSTACEANS	E0.1		
DIADROMOUS FISH	E0.1		
EDIBLE OFFAL (MAMMALIAN)	E1		
Eggs	E1		
FRESHWATER FISH	E0.1		
MARINE FISH	E0.1		
MEAT (MAMMALIAN) (IN THE	E1		
FAT)	LI		
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	E0.5		
MOLLUSCS, INCLUDING	E0.3		
CEPHALOPODS	L 0.1		
PEANUT	E0.01		
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	E0.01		
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	E1		
1 OOLIKI MEAT (IN THE FAT)	1.1		
HEPTACHLOR			
SUM OF HEPTACHLOR AND HEPTACHLOR			
SUM OF HEPTACHLOR AND HEP	ΓACHLOR		
SUM OF HEPTACHLOR AND HEPTER EPOXIDE	TACHLOR		
	E0.2		
EPOXIDE			
EPOXIDE CARROT	E0.2		

Crustaceans	E0.05
Edible offal (mammalian)	E0.2
Eggs	E0.05
FISH	E0.05
Meat (mammalian) (in the	E0.2
FAT)	
MILKS (IN THE FAT)	E0.15
Molluscs, including	E0.05
CEPHALOPODS	
Peanut	E0.01
Pineapple	E0.01
Poultry, edible offal of	E0.2
POULTRY MEAT	E0.2
SOYA BEAN	E0.02
Soya bean oil, crude	E0.5
Soya bean oil, refined	E0.02
SUGAR CANE	E0.02
Томато	E0.02
VEGETABLES [EXCEPT AS	E0.05
OTHERWISE LISTED UNDER	
THIS CHEMICAL]	

LINDANE				
Lindane				
Apple	E2			
CEREAL GRAINS	E0.5			
CHERRIES	E0.5			
Cranberry	E3			
Crustaceans	E1			
Edible offal (mammalian)	E2			
Eggs	E0.1			
FISH	E1			
Grapes	E0.5			
Molluscs, including	E1			
CEPHALOPODS				
OILSEED [EXCEPT PEANUT]	E0.05			
РЕАСН	E2			
Peanut	E0.05			
Plums (including prunes)	E0.5			
POULTRY, EDIBLE OFFAL OF	E0.7			
POULTRY MEAT (IN THE FAT)	E0.7			
Strawberry	E3			
SUGAR CANE	E*0.002			
VEGETABLES	E2			

SCHEDULE 3 - CHEMICAL GROUPS

Group	Chemicals
Group A	Aldrin, Dieldrin, Endosulfan, Heptachlor
Group B	BHC and its isomers, DDT, Dicofol, Fenarimol, Lindane,
1	Quintozene
Group C	Azamethiphos, Azinphos-ethyl, Azinphos-methyl, Coumaphos, Demeton, Diazinon, Dichlorvos, Dimethoate, Disulfoton, Dithianon, Ethion, Ethoprophos, Famphur, Fenamiphos, Fenchlorphos, Fenitrothion, Fenthion, Formothion, Maldison, Methamidophos, Methidathion, Mevinphos, Monocrotophos, Naphthalophos, Omethoate, Parathion, Parathion-methyl, Phorate, Phosmet, Pirimiphos-ethyl, Pirimiphos-methyl, Prothiophos, Pyrazophos, Sulprofos, Temephos, Tetrachlorvinphos, Thiometon, Tributylphosphorotrithioate, Trichlorfon, Vamidothion
Group D	Mancozeb, Metiram, Propineb, Thiram, Zineb, Ziram
Group E	2,4-D, Diclofop-methyl, MCPA, MCPB, Picloram
Group F	Aldicarb, Bendiocarb, Carbaryl, Iprodione, Methomyl, Oxamyl, Phenisopham, Promacyl, Promecarb, Propoxur, Thiobencarb
Group G	Diuron, Fluometuron, Linuron, Methabenzthiazuron, Thidiazuron
Group H	Parbendazole, Thiabendazole
Group I	Benomyl, Carbendazim, Thiophanate, Thiophanate-methyl
Group J	Ametryn, Atrazine, Cyanazine, Metribuzin, Prometryn, Propazine, Simazine, Terbutryn
Group K	Metolachlor, Propachlor
Group L	Chlormequat, Diquat, Paraquat
Group M	Captan
Group N	Ethylene dibromide (EDB), Ethylene dichloride, Methyl bromide, Trichloroethylene
Group O	Fenbutatin Oxide
Group P	Bioresmethrin, Cypermethrin, Deltamethrin, Fenvalerate, Permethrin, Pyrethrins
Group Q	Etridiazole
Group R	Dithiocarbamates, Mancozeb, Metham, Metiram, Propineb, Thiram, Ziram

SCHEDULE 4 - CHEMICAL GROUPS

ANIMAL FOOD COMMODITIES

MAMMALIAN PRODUCTS

Meat (mammalian)

Meats are the muscular tissues, including adhering fatty tissues such as intramuscular, intermuscular and subcutaneous fat from animal carcases or cuts of these as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution. Meat (mammalian) includes farmed and game meat. The cuts offered may include bones, connective tissues and tendons as well as nerves and lymph nodes. It does not include edible offal. The entire commodity except bones may be consumed.

Commodities: Buffalo meat; Camel meat; Cattle meat; Deer meat; Donkey meat; Goat meat; Hare meat; Horse meat; Kangaroo meat; Pig meat; Possum meat; Rabbit meat; Sheep meat; Wallaby meat.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity (without bones). When the commodity description is qualified by (in the fat) a proportion of adhering fat is analysed and the MRLs apply to the fat.

Edible offal (mammalian)

Edible offal is the edible tissues and organs other than muscles and animal fat from slaughtered animals as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution. Edible offal includes brain, heart, kidney, liver, pancreas, spleen, thymus, tongue and tripe. The entire commodity may be consumed.

Commodities: Buffalo, edible offal of; Cattle, edible offal of; Camel, edible offal of; Deer, edible offal of; Donkey, edible offal of; Goat, edible offal of; Hare, edible offal of; Horse, edible offal of; Kangaroo, edible offal of; Pig, edible offal of; Possum, edible offal of; Rabbit, edible offal of; Sheep, edible offal of; Wallaby, edible offal of.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Fats (mammalian)

Mammalian fats, excluding milk fats are derived from the fatty tissues of animals (not processed). The entire commodity may be consumed.

Commodities: Buffalo fat; Camel fat; Cattle fat; Goat fat; Horse fat; Pig fat; Rabbit fat; Sheep fat.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Milks

Milks are the mammary secretions of various species of lactating herbivorous ruminant animals.

Commodities: Buffalo milk; Camel milk; Cattle milk; Goat milk; Sheep milk. The entire commodity may be consumed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity. When an MRL for cattle milk or milks is qualified by '(in the fat)' the compound is regarded as fat-soluble, and the MRL applies to the fat portion of the milk. In the case of a derived or a manufactured milk product with a fat content of 2% or more, the MRL also applies to the fat portion. For a milk product with fat content less than 2%, the MRL applied should be 1/50 that specified for 'milk (in the fat)', and should apply to the whole product.

POULTRY

Poultry meat

Poultry meats are the muscular tissues, including adhering fat and skin, from poultry carcases as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution. The entire product may be consumed. Poultry meat includes farmed and game poultry.

Commodities: Chicken meat; Duck meat; Emu meat; Goose meat; Guinea-fowl meat; Ostrich meat; Partridge meat; Pheasant meat; Pigeon meat; Quail meat; Turkey meat.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity (without bones). When the commodity description is qualified by (in the fat) a proportion of adhering fat is analysed and the MRLs apply to the fat.

Poultry, edible Offal

Poultry edible offal is the edible tissues and organs, other than poultry meat and poultry fat, as prepared for wholesale or retail distribution and include liver, gizzard, heart, skin. The entire product may be consumed.

Commodities: Chicken, edible offal of; Duck, edible offal of; Emu, edible offal of; Goose, edible offal of; Ostrich, edible offal of; Turkey, edible offal of.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Note that poultry meat includes any attached skin, but poultry skin on its own (not attached) is considered as 'poultry edible offal'.

Poultry fats

Poultry fats are derived from the fatty tissues of poultry (not processed). The entire product may be consumed.

Commodities: Chicken fat; Duck fat; Goose fat; Turkey fat.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Eggs

Eggs are the reproductive bodies laid by female birds, especially domestic fowl. The edible portion includes egg yolk and egg white after removal of the shell.

Commodities: Chicken eggs; Duck eggs; Goose eggs; Quail eggs.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole egg whites and yolks combined after removal of shell.

FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND MOLLUSCS

Fish includes freshwater fish, diadromous fish and marine fish.

Diadromous fish

Diadromous fish include species which migrate from the sea to brackish and/or fresh water and in the opposite direction. Some species are domesticated and do not migrate. The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, roe and milt are consumed.

Commodities: Barramundi; Salmon species; Trout species; Eel species

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity including bones and head (in general after removing the digestive tract).

Freshwater fish

Freshwater fish include a variety of species which remain lifelong, including the spawning period, in fresh water. Several species of freshwater fish are domesticated and bred in fish farms. The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, roe and milt are consumed.

Commodities: a variety of species

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity including bones and head (in general after removing the digestive tract).

Marine fish

Marine fish generally live in open seas and are almost exclusively wild species. The fleshy parts of the animals and, to a lesser extent, roe and milt are consumed.

Commodities: a variety of species.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity including bones and head(in general after removing the digestive tract).

Molluscs

Molluscs includes Cephalopods and Coelenterates. Cephalopods and Coelenterates are various species of aquatic animals, wild or cultivated, which have an inedible outer or inner shell (invertebrates). A few species of cultivated edible land snails are included in this group. The edible aquatic molluscs live mainly in brackish water or in the sea. *Commodities:* Clams; Cockles; Cuttlefish; Mussels; Octopus; Oysters; Scallops; Seacucumbers; Sea urchins; Snails, edible; Squids.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of shell.

Crustaceans

Crustaceans include various species of aquatic animals, wild and cultivated, which have an inedible chitinous outer shell. A small number of species live in fresh water, but most species live in brackish water and/or in the sea.

Crustaceans are largely prepared for wholesale and retail distribution after catching by cooking or parboiling and deep freezing.

Commodities: Crabs; Crayfish; Lobsters; Prawns; Shrimps.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity or the meat without the outer shell, as prepared for wholesale and retail distribution.

HONEY AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS PRIMARY FOOD COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

Honey

Commodity: Honey.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

CROP COMMODITIES

FRUIT

Tropical and sub-tropical fruit - edible peel

Tropical and sub-tropical fruits - edible peel are derived from the immature or mature fruits of a large variety of perennial plants, usually shrubs or trees. The fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season.

The whole fruit may be consumed in a succulent or processed form.

Commodities: Ambarella; Arbutus berry; Babaco; Barbados cherry; Bilimbi; Brazilian cherry (Grumichama); Carambola; Caranda; Carob; Cashew apple; Chinese olive; Coco plum; Cumquats; Date; Fig; Hog plum; Jaboticaba; Jujube; Natal plum; Olives; Otaheite gooseberry; Persimmon, Japanese; Pomerac; Rose apple; Sea grape; Surinam cherry; Tree tomato (Tamarillo).

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity. Dates and olives: Whole commodity after removal of stems and stones but residue calculated and expressed on the whole fruit.

Tropical and sub-tropical fruit - inedible peel

Tropical and sub-tropical fruits - inedible peel are derived from the immature or mature fruits of a large variety of perennial plants, usually shrubs or trees. Fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season but the edible portion is protected by skin, peel or husk. The edible part of the fruits may be consumed in a fresh or processed form.

Commodities: Akee apple; Avocado; Banana (includes banana dwarf); Bread fruit; Canistel; Cherimoya; Custard apple; Doum; Durian; Elephant fruit; Feijoa; Guava; Ilama; Jackfruit; Jambolan; Java apple; Kiwifruit; Longan; Litchi; Mammy apple; Mango; Mangosteen; Marmalade box; Mombin, yellow; Naranjilla; Passionfruit; Papaya (Pawpaw); Persimmon, American; Pineapple; Plantain; Pomegranate; Prickly pear; Pulasan; Rambutan; Rollinia; Sapodilla; Sapote, black; Sapote, green; Sapote, mammey; Sapote, white; Sentul; Soursop; Spanish lime; Star apple; Sugar apple; Tamarind; Tonka bean.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole fruit. Avocado, mangos and similar fruit with hard seeds: whole commodity after removal of stone but calculated on whole fruit. Banana: whole commodity after removal of any central stem and peduncle. Pineapple: after removal of crown.

Berries and other small fruits

Berries and other small fruits are derived from a variety of perennial plants and shrubs having fruit characterised by a high surface to weight ratio. The fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. The entire fruit, often including seed, may be consumed in a succulent or processed form.

Commodities: Bilberry; Blackberries; Blueberries; Cranberry; Currants, black, red, white; Dewberries (including Boysenberry, Loganberry and Youngberry); Elderberries; Gooseberry; Grapes; Juneberries; Mulberries; Raspberries, Red, Black; Rose hips; Strawberry; Vaccinium berries.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of caps and stems. Currants: fruit with stem.

Citrus fruits

Citrus fruits are produced on trees and shrubs of the family Rutaceae. These fruits are characterised by aromatic oily peel, globular form and interior segments of juice-filled vesicles. The fruit is fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. Post-harvest treatments with pesticides and liquid waxes are often carried out to avoid deterioration due to fungal diseases, insect pests or loss of moisture. The fruit pulp may be consumed in succulent form and as a juice. The entire fruit may be used for preserves.

Commodities: Citron; Grapefruit; Lemon; Lime; Mandarins; Oranges, sweet, sour; Shaddock (Pomelo); Tangelo; Tangors.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Pome fruits

Pome fruits are produced on trees and shrubs belonging to certain genera of the rose family (Rosaceae), especially the genera Malus and Pyrus. They are characterised by fleshy tissue surrounding a core consisting of parchment-like carpels enclosing the seeds.

Pome fruits are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. Post-harvest treatments directly after harvest may also occur. The entire fruit, except the core, may be consumed in the succulent form or after processing.

Commodities: Apple; Crab-apple; Loquat; Medlar; Pear; Quince.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of stems.

Stone fruits

Stone fruits are produced on trees belonging to the genus Prunus of the family Rosaceae. They are characterised by fleshy tissue surrounding a single hard shelled seed. The entire fruit, except the seed, may be consumed in a succulent or processed form. The fruit is fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. Dipping of fruit immediately after harvest, especially with fungicides, may also occur.

Commodities: Apricot; Cherries; Nectarine; Peach; Plums*.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of stems and stones, but the residue calculated and expressed on the whole commodity without stem.

*where plums is specified as '(including Prunes)' it includes all relevant prunes.

VEGETABLES

Brassica (cole or cabbage) vegetables

Cole vegetables (cabbage and flowerhead brassicas) are foods derived from the leafy heads and stems of plants belonging to the genus Brassica of the family Cruciferae. The edible part of the crop is partly protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by outer leaves, or skin. The entire vegetable after discarding obviously decomposed or withered leaves may be consumed.

Commodities: Broccoli; Broccoli, Chinese; Brussels sprouts; Cabbages, head; Cauliflower; Kohlrabi.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Head cabbages and kohlrabi, whole commodity as marketed, after removal of obviously decomposed or withered leaves. Cauliflower and broccoli: flower heads (immature inflorescence only). Brussels sprouts: 'buttons' only.

Bulb vegetables

Bulb vegetables are pungent, highly flavoured bulbous vegetables derived from fleshy scale bulbs of the genus Allium of the lily family (Liliaceae). Bulb fennel has been included in this group as the bulb-like growth of this commodity gives rise to similar residues. The subterranean parts of the bulbs and shoots are protected from direct exposure to pesticides during the growing season. Although chives are alliums they have been classified with herbs. The entire bulb may be consumed after removal of the parchment-like skin. The leaves and stems of some species or cultivars may also be consumed.

Commodities: Fennel, bulb; Garlic; Leek; Onion, bulb; Onion, Chinese; Onion, Welsh; Shallot; Spring onion; Tree onion.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Bulb/dry. Onions and garlic: Whole commodity after removal of roots and adhering soil and whatever parchment skin is easily detached. Leeks and spring onions: Whole vegetable after removal of roots and adhering soil.

Fruiting vegetables, cucurbits

Fruiting vegetables, Cucurbits are derived from the immature and mature fruits of various plants, belonging to the botanical family Cucurbitaceae. These vegetables are fully exposed to pesticides during the period of fruit development. The edible portion of those fruits of which the inedible peel is discarded before consumption is protected from most pesticides by the skin or peel, except from pesticides with a systemic action.

The entire fruiting vegetable or the edible portion after discarding the inedible peel may be consumed in the fresh form or after processing.

Commodities: Balsam apple; Balsam pear; Bottle gourd; Chayote; Cucumber; Gherkin; Loofah; Melons, except Watermelon; Pumpkins; Snake gourd; Squash, summer (including Zucchini); Squash, winter; Watermelon.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): Whole commodity after removal of stems.

Fruiting vegetables, other than cucurbits

Fruiting vegetables, other than Cucurbits are derived from the immature and mature fruits of various plants, usually annual vines or bushes. The group includes edible fungi and mushrooms, being comparable organs of lower plants. The entire fruiting vegetable or the edible portion after discarding husks or peels may be consumed in a fresh form or after processing. The vegetables of this group are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the period of fruit development, except those of which the edible portion is covered by husks, such as sweet corn.

Commodities: Cape gooseberry (ground cherries); Egg plant; Fungi, edible; Mushrooms; Okra; Pepino; Peppers, sweet, Chilli; Roselle; Sweet corn*; Tomato.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of stems. Mushrooms: Whole commodity. Sweet corn and fresh corn: kernels plus cob without husk.

*sweet corn is specified as either '(corn-on-the-cob)' to indicate that the MRL is set on the cob plus kernels, or as '(kernels)' to indicate that the MRL is set on the kernels only.

Leafy vegetables (including brassica leafy vegetables)

Leafy vegetables are foods derived from the leaves of a wide variety of edible plants. They are characterised by a high surface to weight ratio. The leaves are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. The entire leaf may be consumed either fresh or after processing.

Commodities: Amaranth; Box thorn; Chard (silver beet); Chervil; Chicory leaves; Chinese cabbage (Pe-tsai); Choisum; Cress, garden; Dandelion; Dock; Endive; Grape leaves; Indian mustard; Japanese greens; Kale; Kangkung; Komatsuma; Lettuce, Head; Lettuce, Leaf; Marsh marigold; Mustard greens; New Zealand spinach; Pak-choi; Pokeweed; Purslane; Radish leaves (including radish tops); Rape greens; Rucola; Sowthistle; Spinach; Turnip greens; Watercress.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of obviously decomposed or withered leaves.

Legume vegetables

Legume vegetables are derived from the succulent seed and immature pods of leguminous plants commonly known as beans and peas. Pods are fully exposed to pesticides during the growing season, whereas the succulent seed is protected within the pod from most pesticides, except pesticides with systemic action.

Commodities: Beans, except broad bean and soya bean; Broad bean (green pods and immature seeds); Chick-pea (green pods); Cluster bean (young pods); Common bean (pods and/or immature seeds); Cowpea (immature pods); Garden pea (young pods); Garden pea, shelled; Goa bean (immature pods); Haricot bean (green pods and/or immature seeds); Hyacinth bean (young pods, immature seeds); Lentil (young pods); Lima bean (young pods and/or immature beans); Lupin; Mung bean (green pods); Pigeon pea (green pods and/or young green seeds); Podded pea (young pods); Snap bean (immature seeds); Soya bean (immature seeds); Vetch.

Common bean (pods and/or immature seeds) includes Dwarf bean (immature pods and/or seeds); Field bean (green pods); Flageolet (fresh beans); French bean (immature pods and seeds); Green bean (green pods and immature seeds); Kidney bean (pods and/or immature seeds); Navy bean (young pods and/or immature seeds) and Runner bean (green pods and seeds).

Podded pea (young pods) includes sugar pea (young pods) and snow pea.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity (seed plus pod) unless otherwise specified.

Pulses

Pulses are derived from the mature seeds, naturally or artificially dried, of leguminous plants known as beans (dry) and peas (dry). The seeds in the pods are protected from most pesticides applied during the growing season except pesticides which show a systemic action. There may be registered post harvest treatments for dried peas and beans.

Commodities: Beans (dry); Peas (dry); Adzuki bean (dry); Broad bean (dry); Chick-pea (dry); Common bean (dry); Cowpea (dry); Field pea (dry); Hyacinth bean (dry); Lentil (dry); Lima bean (dry); Lupin (dry); Mung bean (dry); Pigeon pea (dry); Soya bean (dry).

Common bean (dry) includes Dwarf bean (dry); Field bean (dry); Flageolet (dry); Kidney bean (dry); Navy bean (dry).

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity (dried seed only).

Root and tuber vegetables

Root and tuber vegetables are the starchy enlarged solid roots, tubers, corms or rhizomes, mostly subterranean, of various species of plants. The underground location protects the edible portion from most pesticides applied to the aerial parts of the crop during the growing season, however the commodities in this group are exposed to pesticide residues from soil treatments. The entire vegetable may be consumed in the form of fresh or processed foods.

Commodities: Arrowroot; Beetroot; Canna, edible; Carrot; Cassava; Celeriac; Chicory, roots; Horseradish; Jerusalem artichoke; Parsnip; Potato; Radish; Radish, Japanese; Salsify; Scorzonera; Sugar beet; Sweet; Sweet potato; Taro; Turnip, garden; Yams.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removing tops. Remove adhering soil (eg by rinsing in running water or by gentle brushing of the dry commodity).

Stalk and stem vegetables

Stalk and stem vegetables are the edible stalks, leaf stems or immature shoots from a variety of annual or perennial plants. Globe artichokes have been included in this group. Depending upon the part of the crop used for consumption and the growing practices, stalk and stem vegetables are exposed, in varying degrees, to pesticides applied during the growing season. Stalk and stem vegetables may be consumed in whole or in part and in the form of fresh, dried or processed foods.

Commodities: Artichoke, globe; Asparagus; Bamboo shoots; Celery; Celtuce; Palm hearts; Rhubarb; Witloof chicory.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of obviously decomposed or withered leaves. Rhubarb: leaf stems only. Globe artichoke: flowerhead only. Celery and asparagus: remove adhering soil.

GRASSES

Cereal Grains

Cereal grains are derived from the (heads) of starchy seeds produced by a variety of plants, primarily of the grass family (Gramineae). The edible seeds are protected to varying degrees from pesticides applied during the growing season by husks. Husks are removed before processing and/or consumption. There may be registered post harvest treatments for cereal grains.

Commodities: Barley; Buckwheat; Maize; Millet; Oats; Popcorn; Rice*; Rye; Sorghum; Triticale; Wheat; Wild rice.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity

* 'Rice' means 'Rice in Husk.'

Grasses for sugar or syrup production

Grasses for sugar or syrup production, includes species of grasses with a high sugar content especially in the stem. The stems are mainly used for sugar or syrup production.

Commodities: Sugar cane.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

NUTS AND SEEDS

Tree nuts

Tree nuts are the seeds of a variety of trees and shrubs which are characterised by a hard inedible shell enclosing an oily seed. The seed is protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by the shell and other parts of the fruit. The edible portion of the nut is consumed in succulent, dried or processed forms.

Commodities: Almonds; Beech nuts; Brazil nut; Cashew nut; Chestnuts; Coconut; Hazelnuts; Hickory nuts; Japanese horse-chestnut; Macadamia nuts; Pecan; Pine nuts; Pili nuts; Pistachio nuts; Sapucaia nut; Walnuts.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of shell. Chestnuts: whole in skin.

Oilseed

Oilseed consists of seeds from a variety of plants used in the production of edible vegetable oils. Some oilseeds are used directly, or after slight processing, as food or for food flavouring. Oilseeds are protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by the shell or husk.

Commodities: Acacia seed; Cotton seed; Linseed; Mustard seed; Palm nut; Peanut; Plantago ovata seed; Poppy seed; Rape seed; Safflower seed; Sesame seed; Sunflower seed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): seed or kernels, after removal of shell or husk.

Seed for beverages and sweets

Seeds for beverages and sweets are derived from tropical and sub-tropical trees and shrubs. These seeds are protected from pesticides applied during the growing season by the shell or other parts of the fruit.

Commodities: Cacao beans; Coffee beans; Cola nuts.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

HERBS AND SPICES

Herbs

Herbs consist of leaves, flowers, stems and roots from a variety of herbaceous plants, used in relatively small amounts as condiments to flavour foods or beverages. They are used either in fresh or naturally dried form. Herbs are fully exposed to pesticides applied during the growing season. There may be registered post-harvest treatments for dried herbs.

Commodities: Angelica; Balm leaves (Melissa officinalis); Basil; Bay leaves; Burnet, great (Banguisorba officinalis); Burnet, salad; Burning bush (Dictamnus albus); Catmint; Celery leaves; Chives; Curry leaves; Dill (Anethum graveolens); Fennel; Hops; Horehound; Hyssop; Kaffir lime leaves; Lavender; Lemon balm; Lemon grass; Lemon verbana; Lovage; Marigold flowers (Calendula officinalis); Marjoram; Mints; Mizuna; Nasturtium leaves (Tropaeolum majus L.); Parsley; Rosemary; Rue (Ruta graveolens); Sage; Sassafras leaves; Savoury, summer, winter; Sorrel; Sweet cicely; Tansy; Tarragon; Thyme; Winter cress; Wintergreen leaves (Gaultheria procumbens L.); Woodruff (Asperula odorata); Wormwoods (Artemisia spp).

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Spices

Spices consist of the aromatic seeds, roots, berries or other fruits from a variety of plants, which are used in relatively small quantities to flavour foods. Spices are exposed in varying degrees to pesticides applied during the growing season. There may be registered post harvest treatments for dried spices.

Commodities: Angelica seed; Anise seed; Calamus root; Caper buds; Caraway seed; Cardamom seed; Cassia buds; Celery seed; Cinnamon bark; Cloves; Coriander, seed; Cumin seed; Dill seed; Elecampane root; Fennel seed; Fenugreek seed; Galangal, rhizomes; Ginger, root; Grains of paradise; Juniper berry; Licorice root; Lovage seed; Mace; Nasturtium pods; Nutmeg; Pepper, black, white; Pepper, long; Pimento, fruit; Tonka bean; Turmeric, root; Vanilla, beans.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

PROCESSED FOODS OF PLANT AND ANIMAL ORIGIN

DERIVED EDIBLE COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN

'Derived edible products' are foods or edible substances isolated from primary food commodities or raw agricultural commodities using physical, biological or chemical processing. This includes groups such as vegetable oils (crude and refined), by-products of the fractionation of cereals and teas (fermented and dried).

Cereal grain milling fractions

This group includes milling fractions of cereal grains at the final stage of milling and preparation in the fractions, and includes processed brans.

Commodities: Cereal brans, processed; Maize flour; Maize meal; Rice bran, processed; Rye bran, processed; Rye flour; Rye wholemeal; Wheat bran, processed; Wheat germ; Wheat flour; Wheat wholemeal.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Tea

Teas are derived from the leaves of several plants, principally Camellia sinensis. They are used mainly in a fermented and dried form or only as dried leaves for the preparation of infusions.

Commodities: Tea, green, black

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Vegetable oils, crude

This group includes the crude vegetable oils derived from oil seed, tropical and sub-tropical oil-containing fruits such as olives, and some pulses. Exposure to pesticides is through pre-harvest treatment of the relevant crops or post-harvest treatment of the oilseeds or oil-containing pulses.

Commodities: Vegetable oils, crude; Cotton seed oil, crude; Coconut oil, crude; Maize oil, crude; Linola oil, crude; Olive oil, crude; Palm oil, crude; Palm kernel oil, crude; Peanut oil, crude; Rape seed oil, crude; Safflower seed oil, crude; Sesame seed oil, crude; Soya bean oil, crude.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Vegetable oils, edible

Vegetable oils, edible are derived from the crude oils through a refining and/or clarifying process. Exposure to pesticides is through pre-harvest treatment of the relevant crops or post-harvest treatment of the oilseeds or oil-containing pulses.

Commodities: Vegetable oils, edible; Cotton seed oil, edible; Coconut oil, refined; Linola oil, edible; Maize oil, edible; Olive oil, refined; Palm oil, edible; Palm kernel oil, edible; Peanut oil, edible; Rape seed oil, edible; Safflower seed oil, edible; Sesame seed oil, edible; Soya bean oil, refined; Sunflower seed oil, edible.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Manufactured multi-ingredient cereal products

The commodities of this group are manufactured with several ingredients; products derived from cereal grains however form the major ingredient.

Commodities: Bread and other cooked cereal products; Maize bread; Rye bread; White bread; Wholemeal bread.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Miscellaneous

Commodities: Olives, processed; Peppermint oil; Sugar cane molasses.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

SECONDARY COMMODITIES OF PLANT ORIGIN

The term 'Secondary food commodity' refers to a primary food commodity which has undergone simple processing, such as removal of certain portions, drying (except natural drying), husking, and comminution, which do not basically alter the composition or identity of the product. For the commodities referred to in dried fruits, dried vegetables and dried herbs refer to the commodity groupings for fruits, vegetables and herbs. Naturally field dried mature crops such as pulses or cereal grains are not considered as secondary food commodities.

Dried fruits

Dried fruits are generally artificially dried. Exposure to pesticides may arise from pre-harvest application, post-harvest treatment of the fruits before processing, or treatment of the dried fruit to avoid losses during transport and distribution.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity after removal of stones, but the residue is calculated on the whole commodity.

Dried herbs

Dried herbs are generally artificially dried and often comminuted. Exposure to pesticides is from pre-harvest applications and/or treatment of the dry commodities.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Dried vegetables

Dried vegetables are generally artificially dried and often comminuted. Exposure to pesticides is from pre-harvest application and/or treatment of the dry commodities.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Milled cereal products (early milling stages)

The group 'milled cereal products (early milling stages)' includes the early milling fractions of cereal grains, except buckwheat, such as husked rice, polished rice and the unprocessed cereal grain brans. Exposure to pesticides is through pre-harvest treatments of the growing cereal grain crop and especially through post-harvest treatment of cereal grains.

Commodities: Bran, unprocessed; Rice bran, unprocessed; Rice, husked; Rice, polished; Rye bran, unprocessed; Wheat bran, unprocessed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

SECONDARY COMMODITIES OF ANIMAL ORIGIN

The term 'secondary food commodity' refers to a primary food commodity which has undergone simple processing, such as removal of certain portions, drying, and comminution, which do not basically alter the composition or identity of the commodity.

Animal fats, processed

This group includes rendered or extracted (possibly refined and/or clarified) fats from mammals and poultry and fats and oils derived from fish.

Commodities: Tallow and lard from cattle, goats, pigs and sheep; Poultry fats, processed.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Dried meat and fish products

For the commodities referred to in dried meat and dried fish products refer to the commodity groupings for meat and fish. Dried meat and fish products includes naturally or artificially dried meat products and dried fish, mainly marine fish.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Milk fats

Milk fats are the fatty ingredients derived from the milk of various mammals.

Portion of the commodity to which the MRL applies (and which is analysed): whole commodity.

Standard 1.4.3

Articles and Materials in Contact with Food

Purpose

This Standard provides permission for articles and materials to be in contact with food in accordance with the conditions set out in this Standard. Standard 1.4.1 sets out the maximum levels for a number of metal and non-metal contaminants and natural toxicants that may be present in food as a result of contact with the articles and materials regulated in this Standard.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Permission for articles and materials

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

articles and materials means any materials in contact with food, including packaging material, which may enclose materials such as moisture absorbers, mould inhibitors, oxygen absorbers, promotional materials, writing or other graphics.

2 Permission for articles and materials

Articles and materials may be placed in contact with food, provided such articles or materials, if taken into the mouth, are not -

- (a) capable of being swallowed or of obstructing any alimentary or respiratory passage; and
- (b) otherwise likely to cause bodily harm, distress or discomfort.

Editorial note:

This Code does not specify details of materials to be added to or used to produce food packaging materials or articles in contact with food. It is the responsibility of food manufacturers and retailers to ensure that their products are safe and that they comply with all relevant legislation.

Standards Australia has developed an Australian Standard for Plastics Materials for Food Contact Use, Australian Standard AS2070 –1999.

Standard 1.4.4

Prohibited and Restricted Plants and Fungi

Purpose

This standard regulates plants and fungi. It lists the species of plants and fungi that must not be added to food or offered for sale as food. It also lists the species of plants and fungi that may not be used in food except as a source of a flavouring substance.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Prohibited plants and fungi
- 2 Restricted plants and fungi

Schedule 1 – Prohibited plants and fungi Schedule 2 – Restricted plants and fungi

Clauses

1 Prohibited plants and fungi

- (1) A plant or fungus, or a part or a derivative of a plant or fungus listed in Schedule 1, or any substance derived therefrom, must not be intentionally added to food or offered for sale as food.
- (2) Eurythroxylum coca (coca bush) or any substance derived therefrom must not be present in a food unless the cocaine has been removed.

Editorial note:

Subclause (1) is not intended to prohibit the unintentional addition of plants and fungi to food that occur within the bounds of recognised acceptable Good Agricultural Practice or Good Manufacturing Practice. If a public health and safety concern is identified because of the presence of such substances, they will be addressed through the setting of a limit on these substances in final food products.

2 Restricted plants and fungi

A plant or fungus, or a part or a derivative of a plant or fungus listed in Schedule 2, or any substance derived therefrom, may only be added to or be present in a food if it complies with the requirements for natural toxicants from the addition of a flavouring substance in the Table to clause 4 of Standard 1.4.1.

Editorial Note:

Clause 4 of Standard 1.4.1 imposes maximum levels of natural toxicants arising from the use of certain flavouring substances.

Standard 1.3.1 regulates food additives, including the addition and presence of

flavourings in food.

Schedule 1 Prohibited Plants and Fungi

Column 1 Column 2

Species name Common name

Abrus cantoniensis

Abrus precatorius Jequirity seeds
Acokanthera schimperi Arrow poison tree

Aconitum spp. Aconite
Acorus calamus Calamus oil

Adonis vernalis False hellebore, Spring adonis
Aesculus hippocastanum Horse chestnut, Buckeye

Alocasia macrorrhiza Cunjevoi, Elephant ear, Kape, 'Ape,

Ta'amu

Alstonia constricta Alstonia

Amanita muscariaAgaricus, Fly agaricAmanita spp.Amanita MushroomAmmi spp.Bishops weed, KhellaAmmi visnagaBisnaga, Khella

Anadenanthera peregrina Cohoba yope, Niopo

Anchusa officinalis Bugloss

Apocynum androsaemifoliumBitter root, Spreading dogbaneApocynum cannabinumCanadian hemp, Dogbane, Indian

hemp

Areca catechu nut Betel nut

Argyreia nervosaWoolly morning gloryAristolochia spp.Birthwort, Snakeroot

Arnica spp. Arnica

Artemisia absinthiumCommon wormwoodArtemisia cina BergLevant wormseedArtemisia maritimaLevant wormseed

Artemisia vulgaris Mugwort

Atropa belladonna Deadly nightshade, Dwale

Banisteriopsis spp. Banisteria, Caapi

Borago officinalis Borage Brachyglottis spp. Rangiora

Brunfelsia uniflora Manaca, Mercury

Bryonia alba European white bryony

Erysimum canescens

Schedule 1 (cont) **Prohibited Plants and Fungi**

Column 2 Column 1

Species name	Common name
Bryonia dioica	White bryony
Cacalia spp.	
Calotropis spp.	Calotropis
Cannabis spp.	Hemp, Marijuana
Catha edulis	Khat, Chat
Catharanthus spp.	Periwinkle
Cestrum nocturnum	Queen of the night, Night blooming
	jessamine
Chelidonium majus	Common celandine, Greater celandine
Chenopodium ambrosioides	Wormseed, Mexican goosefoot,
	Pigweed, America wormseed
Cicuta virosa	Cowbane, European water hemlock
Clitocybe spp.	Fungi
Colchicum autumnale	Autumn crocus, Meadow saffron
Conium maculatum	Hemlock
Conocybe siligineoides	Ya'nte
Conocybe spp.	
Convallaria majalis	Lily of the Valley
Copelandia spp.	Fungi
Coprinus atramentarius	Common ink cap
Coriaria spp.	Tutu, Tuupaakihi, Puuhou, Toot
Cornyocarpus laevigatus seed	Karaka kernel, New Zealand laurel
Coronilla spp.	Crown vetch
Cortinarius spp.	Fungi
Coryanthe yohimbe	Yohimbe
Crotolaria spp.	Crotolaria
Croton tiglium	Croton, Purging croton
Cycas media*	Zamia palm
Cynoglossum officinale	Hounds tongue, Beggar's lice
Cytisus scoparius* (see Sarothamnus	
scoparius)	
Daphne spp.	Daphne, Mezereum, Spurge laurel
Datura stramonium	Jimson weed, Datura, Thornapple
Delphinium spp.	Larkspur, Stavesacre
Digitalis purpurea	Foxglove
Dryopteris filix-mas	Male fern
Duboisia spp.	Corkwood, Pituri
Echium plantagineum	Pattersons curse, Salvation Jane
Echium vulgare	Viper's bugloss
Entoloma sinuatus	Fungus
Ephedra sinica	Ma-huang
Emisimum agrees agree	O

Schedule 1 (cont) Prohibited Plants and Fungi

Column 1 Column 2

Species name	Common name
Euonymus europaeus	Spindle tree, Skewer wood
Eupatorium rugosum	White snakeroot
Euphorbia spp.	Euphorbia, Milkweed, Spurge,
	Pennyroyal oil
Farfugium japonicum	
Galanthus nivalis	Snowdrop
Galerina spp.	Fungi
Gelsemium sempervirens	Yellow Jessamine, Gelsemium
Gymnopilus spp.	Fungi
Gyromitra esculenta	False morel
Haemadictyon amazonica	Yage
Heliotropium spp.	Heliotrope
Helleborous niger	Black hellebore, Christmas rose
Hemerocallis fulva	Pale day lily
Hippomane mancinella	Manzanillo
Homeria breyniana (see Homeria collina)	
Homeria collina	One-leaved cape tulip
Homeria miniata	Two-leaved cape tulip
Hydrastis canadensis	Goldenseal root or its extract
Hydnocarpus anthelmentica	Chalmoogra seed
Hyoscyamus niger	Black henbane, Stinking nightshade
Hypholoma fasciculare	Sulphur tuft
Ilex aquifolium	Holly, English holly
Inocybe spp.	Fungi
Ipomoea burmanni	Morning glory
Ipomoea hederacea	Morning glory
Ipomoea tricolor* (see Ipomoea violacea)	
Ipomoea violacea	Morning glory
Juniperus sabina oil	Savin oil
Kalmia latifolia	Calico bush, Mountain Laurel, Ivy Bush
Laburnum anagyroides	Laburnum, Golden chain, Golden rain,
Luoumum unugyrotues	Bean tree
Lantana camara	Lantana
Laurelia nova-zelandiae	Pukatea
Lepiota morgani	Fungus
Lithospermum spp.	
Lobelia inflata	Indian tobacco, Lobelia
Lophophora spp.	Peyote
Lycium ferocissimum	Boxthorn, African boxthorn
Mahonia aquifolia	Oregon grape or Mountain grape root

or its extract

amazonica)

Schedule 1 (cont) Prohibited Plants and Fungi

Column 1 Column 2

Species name	Common name
Mandragora officinarum	European mandrake
Melia azedarach	White cedar, Indian bead tree,
	Chinaberry
Menispermum canadense	Yellow parilla, Moonseed
Myoporum laetum	Ngaio, Kaio
Narcissus jonquille	Narcissus, Daffodil, Jonquil
Narcissus poeticus	Narcissus, Daffodil, Jonquil
Narcissus pseudonarcissus	Narcissus, Daffodil, Jonquil
Nerium oleander	Oleander
Oenanthe aquatica* (see Oenanthe	
phellandrium)	
Oenanthe phellandrium	Water fennel, Water dropwort
Omphalotus spp.	Fungi
Opuntia cylindrica	San Pedro cactus, Cane cactus
Panaeolus spp.	Fungi
Papaver bracteatum	Oriental poppy
Papaver somniferum (other than seeds)	Opium poppy
Pausinystalia yohimbe* (see Coryanthe	
yohimbe)	
Peganum harmala	Wild rue
Petasites spp.	Butterbur
Peumus boldus	Boldo
Phoradendron flavascens* (see Viscum	
flavescens)	
Phoradendron serotinum* (see Viscum	
flavescens)	
Phoradendron tomentosum* (see Viscum	
flavescens)	
Physostigma venenosum	Calabar bean, Ordeal bean
Phytolacca decandra	Red pokeweed, Poke root
Phytolacca americana (see Phytolacca	
decandra)	
Phytolacca octandra	Inkweed, Red ink plant, Dyeberry
Pilocarpus spp.	
Piptadenia macrocarpa	Cebil colorado, Cura pag
Piptadenia peregrina	Cohoba, Coxoba, Yoke
Pithomyces chartarum	Fungus
Plugeus spp.	Fungi
Podophyllum peltatum	American mandrake, Mayapple, Podophyllum
Prestonia amazonica (see Haemodictyon	
• \	

Taxus baccata

Schedule 1 (cont) Prohibited Plants and Fungi

Column 1 Column 2

Species name	Common name
Prunus laurocerasus	Cherry laurel
Psoralea corylifolia	Malay tea
Psylocybe spp.	Fungi
Pteridium aquilinum	Bracken Fern
Pulmonaria spp.	Lungwort
Punica granatum stem and root bark	Pomegranate
Rauwolfia spp.	Devil pepper, Rauwolfia
Ricinus communis	Castor bean, Castor oil plant
Robinia pseudoacacia	Black locust, False acacia
Sanguinaria canadensis	Bloodroot, Bloodwort
Sarothamnus scoparius	Common broom
Scopolia carniolica	Scopolia
Senecio aureus	Golden ragwort
Senecio spp.	Ragwort
Solanum aviculare	Poroporo, Pooporo, Kohoho, Bullibulli
Solanum diflorum	False Jerusalem cherry
Solanum dulcamara	Bittersweet twigs, Blue bindweed,
	Woody nightshade, Nightshade
Solanum lactinatum* (see Solanum	
aviculare)	
Solanum linnaenum (see Solanum	
sodomeum)	
Solanum nigrum	Black nightshade
Solanum pseudocapsicum	Jerusalem cherries
Solanum sodomeum	Apple of Sodom
Sophora microphylla	Kowhai
Sophora secundiflora	Mescal bean
Spartium junceum	Spanish broom
Spigela marilandica	Pinkroot, Worm grass
Strophanthus gratus	Strophanthus
Strophanthus kombe	Strophanthus
Stropharia cubensis	Fungus
Strychnos gautheriana	Hoang nan
Strychnos ignatii	Ignatious bean
Strychnos malaccensis*	
(see Strychnos gautheriana)	
Strychnos nux-vomica	Poison nut, Nux vomica
Symphytum asperum	Prickley comfrey
Symphytum officinale	Common comfrey
Symphytum X uplandicum	Russian comfrey
Tamus communis	Blackeye root, Black bryony
T1-	Y E

Yew, European yew, Common yew

Schedule 1 (cont) Prohibited Plants and Fungi

Column 1 Column 2

Species name	Common name
Thevetia neriifolia* (see Thevetia	
peruviana)	
Thevetia peruviana	Snake nut
Trichodesma africana	
Tricholoma muscarium	Fungus
Tussilago farfara	Coltsfoot
Veratrum spp.	Hellebore
Vinca spp.	Periwinkle
Virola sebifera	Cuajo negro, Camaticaro
Viscum album	European mistletoe berries
Viscum flavescens	American mistletoe
Xysmalobium undulatum	Uzara, Thornbush
Zamia integrifolia*	Coonties, Florida arrowroot

^{*} Not an Australian Approved Name.

Editorial note:

Requirements relating to Kava (*Piper methysticum*) are contained in Standard 2.6.3 of this Code.

Schedule 2 Restricted Plants and Fungi

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Species name	Common Name	Natural Toxicant
Chrysanthemum balsamita Chrysanthemum parthenium* see Tanacetum parthenium	Costmary	Thujone
Cinchona spp.	Cinchona	Quinine
Cinnamomum camphora	Camphor tree oil	Safrole, coumarin
Cinnamomum micranthum	Micranthum oil	Safrole, coumarin
Hedeoma pulegioides oil*	American pennyroyal White snakeroot oil	Pulegone
Hypericum perforatum	St John's wort	Hypericine
Mentha pulegium oil	European pennyroyal oil	Pulegone
Sassafras albidum	American sassafras oil	Safrole
Sassafras officinale* (see Sassafras albidum)		
Tanacetum balsamita (see Chrysanthemum balsamita)		
Tanacetum parthenium	Feverfew	Santonin
Tanacetum vulgare	Tansy oil	Thujone
Thuja occidentalis	Thuja, White cedar	Thujone

^{*} Not an Australian Approved Name.

Standard 1.5.1

Novel Foods

(Note: Clause 2 Takes Effect on 16 June 2001)

Purpose

This Standard regulates the sale of novel food and novel food ingredients. This Standard prohibits the sale of these foods unless they are listed in the Table to clause 2, and comply with any special conditions of use in that Table. The specific permission may impose conditions relating to matters such as the need for preparation or cooking instructions, warning statements or other advice, or the need to meet specific requirements of composition or purity.

The purpose of this Standard is to ensure that non-traditional foods which have features or characteristics which raise safety concerns will undergo a risk-based safety assessment before they are offered for retail for direct consumption in Australia and/or New Zealand.

The Authority will assess the safety for human consumption of each novel food prior to its inclusion in the Table. The safety assessment will be performed in accordance with the Authority's safety assessment guidelines.

Foods produced using gene technology and foods which have been irradiated are regulated in Standards 1.5.2 and 1.5.3 respectively.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Definitions
- 2 Sale of novel foods

Clauses

1 Definitions

In this Standard-

non-traditional food means a food which does not have a history of significant human consumption by the broad community in Australia or New Zealand.

novel food means a non-traditional food for which there is insufficient knowledge in the broad community to enable safe use in the form or context in which it is presented, taking into account -

- (a) the composition or structure of the product; or
- (b) levels of undesirable substances in the product; or
- (c) known potential for adverse effects in humans; or
- (d) traditional preparation and cooking methods; or
- (e) patterns and levels of consumption of the product.

Editorial Note

Novel food includes novel foods used as ingredients in another food.

2 Sale of novel foods

A novel food must not be sold by way of retail sale as food or for use as a food ingredient unless it is listed in column 1 of the Table to this clause and complies with the conditions of use, if any, specified in column 2.

Table to clause 2

Column 2
Conditions of Use

Standard 1.5.2

Food Produced Using Gene Technology

Purpose

Division 1 of this Standard addresses health and safety requirements, regulating the sale of food produced using gene technology, other than additives and processing aids. The Standard prohibits the sale and use of these foods unless they are included in the Table to clause 2 and comply with any special conditions in that Table.

The Authority will assess the safety for human consumption of each food produced using gene technology or such class of food prior to its inclusion in the Table. The safety assessment will be performed according to the Authority's approved safety assessment criteria.

Additives and processing aids which are produced using gene technology are not regulated in Division 1 of this Standard. Other Standards in this Code regulate additives and processing aids and require pre-market approval for these substances.

Division 2 of this Standard specifies labelling and other information requirements for foods, including food additives and processing aids, produced using gene technology.

Table of Provisions

Division 1 – Sale and use of food produced using gene technology

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 General prohibition on the sale and use of food produced using gene technology
- 3 Exemption to general prohibition on sale and use

Division 2 – Labelling etc of food produced using gene technology

- 4 Interpretation and Application
- 5 Labelling of genetically modified food
- 6 Labelling of food which is not genetically modified
- 7 Additional labelling/information requirements

Clauses

Division 1 - Sale and use of food produced using gene technology

1 Interpretation

For the purposes of this Standard -

a food produced using gene technology means a food which has been derived or developed from an organism which has been modified by gene technology.

Editorial note:

This definition does not include a food derived from an animal or other organism which has been fed food produced using gene technology, unless the animal or organism itself is a product of gene technology.

gene technology means recombinant DNA techniques that alter the heritable genetic material of living cells or organisms.

2 General prohibition on the sale and use of food produced using gene technology

A food produced using gene technology, other than a substance regulated as a food additive or processing aid, must not be sold or used as an ingredient or component of any food unless it is listed in Column 1 of the Table to this clause and complies with the conditions, if any, specified in Column 2.

Table to clause 2

Table to clause 2				
Column 1	Column 2			
Food produced using gene technology	Special conditions			
Oil derived from glyphosate-tolerant canola line GT73				
Food derived from glyphosate-tolerant corn line GA21				
Food derived from insect-protected corn line MON 810				
Oil and linters derived from glyphosate- tolerant cotton line 1445				
Oil and linters derived from insect-protected cotton lines 531, 757 and 1076				
Food derived from glyphosate-tolerant soybean line 40-3-2				
Food derived from high oleic acid soybean lines G94-1, G94-19 and G168	The label on or attached to a package of a food derived from high oleic acid soy bean lines G94-1, G94-19 and G168 must include a statement to the effect that the food has been genetically modified to contain high levels of oleic acid			

3 Exemption to general prohibition on sale and use

- (1) For the purposes of this clause -
 - (a) the Act means the Australia New Zealand Food Authority Act 1991;
 - (b) the Authority means the Australia New Zealand Food Authority established under the Act;
 - (c) the Council means the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Council.
- (2) The prohibition in clause 2 does not apply to a food produced using gene technology where
 - that food is the subject of an application under section 12 of the Act to vary the Table to that clause;
 - (b) the application has been accepted in accordance with section 13 of the Act by the Authority on or before 30 April 1999;
 - (c) the Authority has evidence that that food, in one or more countries, other than Australia or New Zealand, is lawfully permitted to be sold or used as an ingredient or component, by a national food regulatory agency; and
 - (d) the Council has not become aware of evidence that that food poses a significant risk to public health and safety.

Division 2 - Labelling etc of food produced using gene technology

4 Interpretation and Application

(1) For the purposes of this Division -

genetically modified food means food that is, or contains as an ingredient, including a processing aid, a food produced using gene technology which -

- (a) contains novel DNA and/or novel protein; or
- (b) has altered characteristics;

but does not include -

- (c) highly refined food, other than that with altered characteristics, where the effect of the refining process is to remove novel DNA and/or novel protein;
- (d) a processing aid or food additive, except where novel DNA and/or novel protein from the processing aid or food additive remains present in the food to which it has been added;
- (e) flavours present in the food in a concentration no more than 1g/kg; or
- (f) a food, ingredient, or processing aid in which genetically modified food is unintentionally present in a quantity of no more than 10g/kg per ingredient.

altered characteristics means any of the matters specified in paragraphs 7(a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Standard.

novel DNA and/or novel protein means DNA or a protein which, as a result of the use of gene technology, is different in chemical sequence or structure from DNA or protein present in counterpart food which has not been produced using gene technology.

(2) Any statement required by clause 5 may be contained in the statement of ingredients where the genetically modified food is an ingredient or processing aid.

- (3) Where genetically modified food is displayed for retail sale other than in a package, any information that would have been required under clause 5 of this Standard on the label on the food if it was packaged, must be displayed on or in connection with the display of the food.
- (4) This Division does not apply to food intended for immediate consumption which is prepared and sold from food premises and vending vehicles, including restaurants, take away outlets, caterers, or self-catering institutions.

5 Labelling of genetically modified food

The label on a package of genetically modified food must include the statement 'genetically modified' in conjunction with the name of that food or ingredient or processing aid.

Example for single ingredient genetically modified foods:

Soy Flour Genetically Modified

Soy Flour From genetically modified soya beans

Example for genetically modified food ingredients:

Ingredients: Soy Protein Isolate (genetically modified), Maltodextrin, Vegetable Oil; Food Acid (332), Emulsifier (471), Vegetable Gum (407), Water Added.

6 Labelling of food which is not genetically modified

The label on a package of food which is not defined as 'genetically modified food' in clause 4 of this Standard is not required to include any statement about the genetic status of the food.

7 Additional labelling/information requirements

Notwithstanding the provisions of this Division, Column 2 of the Table to clause 2 may specify labelling or other information requirements in relation to food produced using gene technology listed in Column 1 of the Table where -

- (a) the genetic modification has resulted in one or more significant composition or nutritional parameters having values outside the normal range of values for existing counterpart food not produced using gene technology;
- (b) the level of anti-nutritional factors or natural toxicants are significantly different in comparison to the existing counterpart food not produced using gene technology;
- (c) the food produced using gene technology contains a new factor known to cause an allergic response in particular sections of the population;
- (d) the intended use of the food produced using gene technology is different to the existing counterpart food not produced using gene technology; or
- (e) the genetic modification raises significant ethical, cultural and religious concerns regarding the origin of the genetic material used in the genetic modification.

	l notes:

The Compliance Guide for Standard 1.5.2 as published by the Australia New Zealand Food Authority should be read in conjunction with this Standard.

Claims about genetic modification or its absence are subject to the Australian Trade Practices Act 1974 and State and Territory Food Acts, and the Western Australian Health Act, and the New Zealand Fair Trading Act 1986 and Food Act.

Division 2 of this Standard is to be reviewed 3 years from its date of gazettal.

Standard 1.5.3

Irradiation of Food

Purpose

This Standard prohibits the irradiation of food, or ingredients or components of food, unless a specific permission is given. The specific permission may impose conditions relating to matters such as dose, packaging materials, approved premises or facilities.

Even where this Standard permits irradiation, food should only be processed by irradiation where such processing fulfils a technological need or is necessary for a purpose associated with food safety. Food should not be processed by irradiation as a substituted procedure for good manufacturing practices.

The absorbed radiation dose applied for the purpose of irradiating food should be the minimum that is reasonably commensurate with the technological and public health purposes to be achieved. It should also be in accordance with good radiation processing practice.

Food to be processed by irradiation, and the packages and packing materials used or intended for use in connection with food so processed, should be of suitable quality and in an acceptable hygienic condition appropriate for the purpose of such processing. They should also be handled before and after irradiation according to good manufacturing practices, taking into account, in each case, the particular requirements of the technology of the process.

The operation of irradiation facilities and control of the irradiation process should be undertaken in accordance with any relevant State, and Territory, and New Zealand law governing radiation control. They should also be undertaken in accordance with an appropriate Code of Practice such as the 1983 Codex Alimentarius General Standard for Irradiated Foods and its associated Code of Practice for the Operation of Irradiation Facilities Used for the Treatment of Foods.

This Standard also sets out permitted sources of radiation, requires the keeping of certain records in relation to the irradiation of food, and requires the labelling of food which has been irradiated.

Table of Provisions

- 1. Definitions
- 2. General prohibition on irradiation of food
- 3. Permitted sources of radiation
- 4. Foods permitted to be irradiated
- 5. Record keeping
- 6. Labelling

Clauses

1 Definitions

In this Standard-

irradiation means the processing of food by subjecting it to the action of ionising radiation, but does not include ionising radiation imparted to food by measuring or inspection instruments, and 'irradiate' and 'irradiated' have corresponding meanings.

re-irradiate does not include the irradiation of food -

- (a) prepared from materials that have been irradiated at low dose levels (not exceeding in any case 1 kGy) and are irradiated again; or
- (b) which contains less than 50 g/kg of irradiated ingredients; or
- (c) where the required full dose of ionising radiation is applied to the food in divided doses for a specific technological reason;

provided that the cumulative maximum radiation dose absorbed by the food does not exceed that specified in the Table to clause 4.

technological need, in relation to the irradiation of food, refers to the minimum dose of ionising irradiation required to ensure the safety or quality of the food, provided the process is performed in accordance with good manufacturing practice, and includes the extension of shelf life, the destruction of certain bacteriological contamination or pest disinfestation.

2 General prohibition on irradiation of food

- (1) Food must not be irradiated unless there is a specific permission in this Standard to irradiate the food.
- (2) A permission to irradiate a food is not a permission to re-irradiate the food unless re-irradiation is expressly permitted by this Standard.

3 Permitted sources of radiation

Where this Standard permits a food to be irradiated, the ionising radiation must be either-

- (a) gamma rays from the radionuclide cobalt 60; or
- (b) X-rays generated by or from machine sources operated at an energy level not exceeding 5 megaelectronvolts; or
- (c) electrons generated by or from machine sources operated at an energy level not exceeding 10 megaelectronvolts.

4 Foods permitted to be irradiated

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a food listed in column 1 of the Table to this clause may be irradiated, provided that-
 - (a) the absorbed dose of radiation is not below the minimum dose value or above the maximum dose value specified in column 2 of the Table to this clause; and
 - (b) the conditions specified in column 3 of the Table to this clause, if any, are met.
- (2) A food listed in column 1 of the Table to this clause may only be processed by irradiation where such processing -
 - (a) fulfills a technological need; or
 - (b) is necessary for a purpose associated with food hygiene;

and such processing is not a substitute procedure for good manufacturing practice.

Table to clause 4

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Food	Minimum and Maximum Dose	Conditions
	(kGy)	
no entries		

Editorial note:

The conditions imposed in column 3 will be those necessary to ensure that the purpose of the standard is achieved. They might relate to matters such as packaging materials used throughout processing and subsequent handling, requirements relating to facilities and premises, and particular operating procedures.

5 Record keeping

- (1) Records must be kept at a facility where food is irradiated in relation to -
 - (a) the nature and quantity of the food treated; and
 - (b) lot identification; and
 - (c) the minimum durable life of the food treated; and
 - (d) the process used; and
 - (e) compliance with the process used; and
 - (f) the minimum and maximum dose absorbed by the food; and
 - (g) an indication whether or not the product has been irradiated previously and if so, details of such treatment; and
 - (h) date of irradiation.
- (2) The records required to be kept by subclause (1) must be kept for a period of time that exceeds the minimum durable life of the irradiated food by 1 year.

6 Labelling

(1) The label on a package of food which has been processed by ionising radiation must include a statement that the food has been treated with ionising radiation.

Examples:

'TREATED WITH IONISING RADIATION'

'TREATED WITH IONISING ELECTRONS'

'IRRADIATED (name of food)'

- (2) The label on a package of food containing an irradiated food as an ingredient or component, must include a statement that the ingredient or component has been treated with ionising radiation, either as part of the declaration of that ingredient or component in an ingredient list or elsewhere on the label.
- (3) Where an irradiated food, or a food containing an irradiated food as an ingredient or component, is not required to bear a label pursuant to clause 2 of Standard 1.2.1, there must be displayed on or in connection with the display of the food a statement that the food has been treated with ionising radiation, or that it contains an ingredient or component that has been treated with ionising radiation, as the case may be.
- (4) Notwithstanding clause 3 of Standard 1.2.1, the label on a package of irradiated food which is sold other than for retail sale must include -
 - (a) a statement that the food has been irradiated; and
 - (b) the minimum and maximum dose of the irradiation; and
 - (c) the identity of the facility where the food was irradiated; and
 - (d) the date or dates of irradiation.

Standard 1.6.1

Microbiological Limits for Food

Purpose

This Standard lists the maximum permissible levels of foodborne microorganisms that pose a risk to human health in nominated foods, or classes of foods. This Standard includes mandatory sampling plans, used to sample lots or consignments of nominated foods or classes of foods, and the criteria for determining when a lot or consignment of food poses a risk to human health and therefore should not be offered for sale, or further used in the preparation of food for sale. The microbiological standards included in the Schedule to this Standard are applicable to the foods listed in the Schedule.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Application
- 3 Sampling of foods for microbiological analysis
- 4 Prescribed methods of analysis
- 5 Microbiological limits in food

Schedule

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

- **n** means the minimum number of sample units which must be examined from a lot of food as specified in Column 3 of the Schedule in this Standard.
- **c** means the maximum allowable number of defective sample units as specified in Column 4 of the Schedule.
- **m** means the acceptable microbiological level in a sample unit as specified in Column 5 of the Schedule.
- **M** means the level specified in Column 6 of the Schedule, when exceeded in one or more samples would cause the lot to be rejected.
- **defective sample unit** means a sample unit in which a microorganism is detected in a sample unit of a food at a level greater than m.

food means a food product listed in Column 1 of the Schedule.

microorganism means a microbiological agent listed in Column 2 of the Schedule.

SPC means standard plate count at 30°C with an incubation time of 72 hours.

2 Application

- (1) The foods listed in column 1 of the Schedule in this Standard must, subject to subclause (2) and subclause (3), comply with the microbiological limits set in relation to that food in the Schedule.
- (2) The Standard Plate Count (SPC) in powdered infant formula with added lactic acid producing cultures must not exceed the microbiological limits set in the Schedule, prior to the addition of the lactic acid cultures to the food.
- (3) Unpasteurised milk which is not for retail sale, is not required to comply with the microbiological limits set out in the Schedule to this Standard.

3 Sampling of foods for microbiological analysis

- (1) At the point of sampling, a lot of a food must have taken from it, n sample units as specified in Column 3 of the Schedule in this Standard, unless specified otherwise in this Standard
- (2) An authorised officer who takes or otherwise obtains a sample of food for the purpose of submitting it for microbiological analysis -
 - (a) shall not divide that sample into separate parts; and
 - (b) where the sample consists of one or more than one sealed package of a kind ordinarily sold by retail, must submit for such analysis that sample in that package or those packages in an unopened and intact condition.
- (3) Where an authorised officer takes or otherwise obtains a sample of food which is the subject of a suspected food poisoning incident or consumer complaint, the results of an analysis conducted on such food are not invalid by reason that fewer sample units than prescribed have been analysed or that a sample unit analysed is smaller than prescribed.

4 Prescribed methods of analysis

- (1) Subject to subclause (2) and subclause (3), the Australian/New Zealand Standard methods for Food Microbiology AS/NZS 1766, as of the date of commencement of this Standard, must be used to determine whether a food has exceeded the maximum permissible levels of the foodborne microorganisms specified in relation to that food in the Schedule.
- (2) Any equivalent method to those specified in subclause (1), as determined by the provisions of AS/NZS 4659 as of the date of commencement of this Standard, is permitted to be used for the purposes of this Standard.
- (3) The Australia/New Zealand Standard Methods for Water Microbiology AS 4276 must be used for packaged water, packaged ice and mineral water.

5 Microbiological limits in food

A lot of a food fails to comply with this Standard if the -

- (a) number of defective sample units is greater than c; or
- (b) level of a microorganism in a food in any one of the sample units exceeds M.

Schedule

Column 1	Column 2	Column	Column	Column	Column
Food	Microorganism	3	4	5	6
1000	Wilefootgamsm	n	c	m	M
Butter made from	Campylobacter/25g	5	0	0	1/1
unpasteurised milk	Coagulase-positive	· ·	v	Ů	
and/or unpasteurised	C 1	5	1	10	10^{2}
milk products	Coliforms/g	5	1	10	10^2
	Escherichia coli/g	5	1	3	9
	Listeria monocytogenes/25g	5	0	0	
	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
	SPC/g	5	0	$5x10^5$	
All cheese	Escherichia coli/g	5	1	10	102
Soft and semi-soft cheese (moisture	Listeria monocytogenes/25g	5	0	0	
content > 39%) with pH >5.0	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
All raw milk cheese	Listeria monocytogenes/25g	5	0	0	
(cheese made from	~	_			
milk not pasteurised	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
or thermised)	C	5	0	0	
Raw milk unripened cheeses (moisture	Campylobacter/25g	3	0	U	
content > 50% with					
pH > 5.0					
Dried milk	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
Unpasteurised milk	Campylobacter/25ml	5	0	0	
	Coliforms/ml	5	1	10^2	10^3
	Escherichia coli/ml	5	1	3	9
	Listeria monocytogenes/25ml	5	0	0	
	Salmonella/25ml	5	0	0	_
	SPC/ml	5	1	2.5×10^4	2.5×10^{5}
Packaged cooked	Coagulase-positive	5	1	10 ²	10 ³
cured/salted meat	staphylococci/g				
	Listeria monocytogenes/25g	5	0	0	
	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
Packaged heat	Listeria monocytogenes/25g	5	0	0	
treated meat paste and packaged heat treated pâté	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	

Schedule (Continued)

Column 1	Column 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Column	Column	Column
Food	Microorganism	4	5	6	7
		n	c	m	M
Fermented,	Coagulase-positive				
comminuted meat	staphylococci/g	5	1	10^3	104
which has not been	Escherichia coli/g	5	1	0	10
cooked		-		U	
	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
Cooked crustacea	Coagulase-positive	5	2	10 ²	10 ³
	staphylococci/g			10	10
	Listeria monocytogenes/25g	5	0	0	
	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
	SPC/g	5	2	10 ⁵	106
Raw crustacaea	Coagulase-positive	5	2	10 ²	10 ³
	staphylococci/g			10	10
	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
	SPC/g	5	2	$5x10^5$	$5x10^6$
Ready-to-eat	Listeria monocytogenes/ g	5	1	0	$\frac{10^{2}}{10^{2}}$
processed finfish,	, 3 2				10
other than fully					
retorted finfish					
Molluses, other than	Escherichia coli/g	5	1	2.3	7
scallops	S				
Molluscs that have	Listeria monocytogenes/25g	5	0	0	
undergone					
processing other					
than depuration					
Cereal based	Coliforms/g	5	2	<3	20
foods for infants	Salmonella/25g	10	0	0	
Powdered infant	Bacillus cereus/g	5	2	10	10^{2}
formula					-
	Coagulase-positive				
	staphylococci/g	5	1	0	10
	Coliforms/g	5	2	<3	10
	Salmonella/25g	10	0	0	
	SPC/g	5	2	10^3	10^{4}
Powdered infant	Bacillus cereus/g	5	2	10	10^2
formula with					10
added lactic acid	Coagulase-positive				
producing cultures	staphylococci/g	5	1	0	10
	Coliforms/g	5	2	<3	10
	Salmonella/25g	10	0	0	
	SPC/g	5	2	10^3	10^{4}
				10	10

Schedule (Continued)

Column 1	Column 2	Column	Column	Column	Column
Food	Microorganism	3	4	5	6
		n	c	m	M
Pepper, paprika and cinnamon	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
Dried, chipped, dessicated coconut	Salmonella/25g	10	0	0	
Cocoa powder	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
Cultured seeds and grains (bean sprouts, alfalfa, etc)	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
Pasteurised egg products	Salmonella/25g	5	0	0	
Mineral water	Escherichia coli/100ml	5	0	0	
Packaged water	Escherichia coli/100ml	5	0	0	
Packaged ice	Escherichia coli/100ml	5	0	0	

Standard 1.6.2

Processing Requirements

(Australia Only)

Purpose

This Standard sets out the requirements for processing of foods regulated in Chapter 2 of this Code. This Standard does not apply to food produced in, or imported into, New Zealand.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Processing of milk and liquid milk products
- 2 Processing of cheese and cheese products
- 3 Processing of egg products
- 4 Eviscerated poultry
- 5 Dried meat
- 6 Crocodile meat
- 7 Game meat
- 8 Fermented comminuted processed meat
- 9 Production of fermented comminuted meat which has not been cooked
- 10 Semi-dry heat-treated processed meat

Schedule - Methods of analysis

Clauses

1 Processing of milk and liquid milk products

- (1) Milk must be pasteurised by -
 - (a) heating to a temperature of no less than 72°C and retaining at such temperature for no less than 15 seconds and immediately shock cooling to a temperature of 4.5°C; or
 - (b) heating using any other time and temperature combination of equal or greater lethal effect on bacteria;

unless an applicable law of a State or Territory otherwise expressly provides.

(2) Liquid milk products must be heated using a combination of time and temperature of equal or greater lethal effect on the bacteria in liquid milk that would be achieved by pasteurisation or otherwise produced and processed in accordance with any applicable law of a State or Territory.

Editorial note:

For the purposes of clause 1 of this Standard, milk and liquid milk products includes milk and liquid milk products used in the production of any cream and cream products, fermented milks, yoghurt, dried, condensed and evaporated milks, butter and ice cream.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for milk and milk products are regulated under the *Dairy Industry Act 1952* and the *Food Act 1981*.

2 Processing of cheese and cheese products

Milk and milk products used to manufacture cheese or cheese products must -

- (a) be heat treated by being held at a temperature of no less than 72°C for a period of no less than 15 seconds, or by using a time and temperature combination providing an equivalent level of bacteria reduction; or
- (b) be heat treated by being held at a temperature of no less than 62°C, for a period of no less than 15 seconds, and the final product stored at a temperature of no less than 2°C for a period of 90 days from the date of manufacture of the cheese or cheese product.

Editorial note:

Processing requirements for milk and milk products used in the production of raw Swiss cheeses are contained in Standard 2.5.4.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for cheese and cheese products, other than raw Swiss cheese, are regulated under the *Dairy Industry Act 1952* and the *Food Act 1981*.

3 Processing of egg products

- (1) In this clause
 - **liquid egg white** means the white of egg separated as efficiently as practicable from the yolk in liquid form.
 - **liquid egg yolk** means the yolk of egg separated as efficiently as practicable from the white in liquid form.
 - **liquid whole egg** means the whole egg removed from the shell and includes the product which is frozen or chilled, but does not include reconstituted dried egg.
- (2) Liquid whole egg or a mixture of liquid egg yolk and liquid egg white must not be sold or used in the manufacture of food unless it has been pasteurised by being retained at a temperature not lower than 64°C for at least 2.5 minutes and immediately rapidly cooled to a temperature not greater than 7°C.

- (3) Liquid egg yolk must not be sold or used in the manufacture of food unless it has been pasteurised by being retained at a temperature not lower than 60°C for at least 3.5 minutes and immediately rapidly cooled to a temperature not greater than 7°C.
- (4) Subject to subclause 2(2) of Standard 2.2.2, liquid egg white must not be sold or used in the manufacture of food unless it has been pasteurised by being retained at a temperature not lower than 55°C for at least 9.5 minutes and immediately rapidly cooled to a temperature not greater than 7°C.

Editorial note:

From raw material production to the point of consumption, egg products and products containing egg products should be subject to a combination of control measures, including, for example, pasteurisation, and such measures should be shown to achieve the appropriate level of public health protection.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for egg products are regulated under the *Animal Products Act 1999*, and until November 2002, the *Food Act 1981*.

4 Eviscerated poultry

- (1) Poultry in the form of an eviscerated carcass may include the gizzard, heart, liver, neck or a combination thereof.
- (2) Uneviscerated poultry must not be frozen.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for poultry are regulated under the *Animal Products Act 1999*, and until November 2002, the *Food Act 1981*.

5 Dried meat

Dried meat means meat that has been dried to a water activity of no more than 0.85 but does not include slow dried cured meat.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for dried meat are regulated under the *Animal Products Act 1999* and the *Food Act 1981*.

6 Crocodile meat

(1) In this clause -

crocodile meat means the skeletal muscle of the family *Crocodylidae* including any attached fat, connective tissue, nerve, blood and blood vessels, but does not include head meat.

(2) Crocodile meat must be derived from farmed animals and be handled in accordance with and under the conditions specified in the Standing Committee on Agriculture's *Australian Code of Practice for Veterinary Public Health: The Hygienic Production of*

Crocodile Meat for Human Consumption, 1993, published by the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation.

(3) A person must not sell as food any part of the carcass of the family *Crocodylidae* that is not crocodile meat.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for crocodile meat are regulated under the *Animal Products Act 1999* and the *Food Act 1981*.

7 Game meat

(1) In this clause -

game meat means the whole or part of the carcass of any bird, buffalo, camel, deer, donkey, goat, hare, horse, kangaroo, rabbit, pig, possum or wallaby that has been slaughtered in the wild state, but does not include avian eggs, foetuses, parts of foetuses or pouch young.

game meat flesh means skeletal game meat muscle, including any attached fat, connective tissue, nerve, blood, blood vessels and, in the case of birds, skin.

game offal means game meat other than game meat flesh.

- (2) Game meat, except game birds, must be obtained -
 - (a) from a game carcass which has been subjected to governmentally approved post mortem inspection; or
 - (b) in accordance with a governmentally approved quality assurance program designed to ensure that the game meat is fit for human consumption.
- (3) Game meat offal, except for bone or cartilage attached to game meat flesh, must not be sold as or used in the preparation of food.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for game meat are regulated under the *Animal Products Act 1999* and the *Food Act 1981*.

8 Fermented comminuted processed meat

(1) In this clause -

comminuted means chopped, diced or minced.

mechanically separated meat means meat that has been separated from bone by a mechanical process that results in comminuted meat.

rendered trimmings means the cooked meat fractions derived from the rendering of meat trimmings, excluding ligamentum nuchae.

(2) A fermented comminuted processed meat is heat treated if it has had its core temperature maintained at 55°C for a period of at least 20 minutes, or an equivalent combination of time and higher temperature.

- (3) A fermented comminuted processed meat is cooked if it has had its core temperature maintained at 65°C for a period of at least 10 minutes, or an equivalent combination of time and higher temperature.
- (4) A fermented meat product must not contain mechanically separated meat or rendered trimmings unless it has been cooked in accordance with subclause (3).

Editorial note:

Processed meat in this clause includes processed meat and manufactured meat in accordance with Standard 2.2.1, irrespective of the prescribed names set out in that Standard.

Advisory Guidelines for the Hygienic Production of Uncooked Fermented Comminuted Meat Products have been published by the Australia New Zealand Food Authority to assist manufacturers and officials to give effect to the provisions in this clause.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for fermented comminuted processed meat are regulated under the *Food Act 1981*.

9 Production of fermented comminuted meat which has not been cooked

- (1) In this clause
 - (a) a product has been cooked if it has had its core temperature maintained at 65°C for at least 10 minutes or an equivalent combination of time and higher temperature during production; and
 - (b) **starter culture** means a preparation of micro-organisms prepared for the purpose of fermenting meat which -
 - (i) successfully competes for the nutrients in the meat medium; and
 - (ii) produces microbial inhibitors; and
 - (iii) is microbiologically safe; and
 - (iv) produces a controlled reduction of the pH of the meat mix.
- (2) Fermentation of a comminuted meat product which will not be cooked must be initiated through the use of a starter culture.
- (3) A previously fermented or fermenting meat product must be cooked prior to use as an ingredient in a fermented comminuted meat product which will not itself be cooked.
- (4) The number of *Escherichia coli* organisms in a fermented comminuted meat product which will not be cooked must be monitored and recorded for the -
 - (a) ingoing raw meat ingredients; and
 - (b) product after fermentation and any subsequent process.
- (5) The pH of fermenting comminuted meat products which will not be cooked, measured in accordance with Method 1 in the Schedule, and the fermentation room temperature, must be monitored and recorded during fermentation.
- (6) Measurements recorded under subclauses (4) and (5) must be kept either for 1 year after the end of the minimum durable life of the product, or 2 years, whichever is the greater.

- (7) Meat for a fermented comminuted meat product which will not be cooked must, if stored by the manufacturer, be stored at 5°C or below prior to fermentation.
- (8) The process of fermentation and any other subsequent processes must reduce prior to sale from the processing factory by 99.9% or greater the number of *Escherichia coli* organisms potentially present in a fermented comminuted meat product which has not been cooked.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for fermented comminuted meat which has not been cooked are regulated under the *Food Act 1981*.

10 Semi-dry heat-treated processed meat

Semi-dry heat-treated processed meat must -

- have been heat-treated in the primary package so that all parts of the product reach a temperature of not less than 78°C; and
- (b) have a pH of not less than 5.5 when determined by Method 1 in the Schedule; and
- (c) have a water activity between 0.910 and 0.950 when determined by Section 978.18A-F of the A.O.A.C. 15th Edition.

Editorial note for New Zealand:

For New Zealand purposes, processing requirements for semi-dry heat-treated processed meat are regulated under the *Food Act 1981*.

Schedule

Methods of Analysis

1 Meat Determination of pH.

Mince a representative portion of the sample of fermenting comminuted meat product or semi-dry heat-treated processed meat and place that portion in a stoppered bottle with twice its weight of water. Shake at five minute intervals for 30 minutes and determine the pH value of the liquid electrometrically at 20°C.

2 Escherichia coli

Proceed in accordance with the triplicate tube method specified in current Australian standard method AS 1766.2.3 *Food Microbiology*, save that for the purpose of this method, when 5 sample units each consisting of 10 grams or more of fermented comminuted meat product are examined as detailed, the result shall be reported as '*Escherichia coli* not detected in 0.1 g' only when no *Escherichia coli* has been detected in at least 4 of the 5 sample units.

Standard 2.1.1

Cereals and Cereal Products

Purpose

This Standard defines a number of products composed of cereals, qualifies the use of the term 'bread', and requires the mandatory fortification of flour for bread making with thiamin in Australia.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of bread
- 3 Use of the word 'bread'
- 4 Flour for making bread

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

bread means the product made by baking a yeast-leavened dough prepared from one or more cereal flours or meals and water.

flour products means the cooked or uncooked products, other than bread, of one or more flours, meals or cereals.

flours or meals means the products of grinding or milling of cereals, legumes or other seeds.

wholegrain means the unmilled products of a single cereal or mixture of cereals.

wholemeal means the product containing all the milled constituents of the grain in such proportions that it represents the typical ratio of those fractions occurring in the whole cereal.

2 Composition of bread

Bread may contain other foods.

3 Use of the word 'bread'

20 DECEMBER

This Standard does not prohibit the word 'bread' on the label of products that traditionally use that term.

Editorial notes:

- 1. Clause 3 of this Standard allows products which are traditionally described by names such as 'shortbread', 'soda bread', 'pita bread' and 'crispbread' to continue using such names irrespective of the definition of bread in clause 1.
- 2. Where food contains certain specified substances, the presence of those substances must always be declared in the label of the food. The Table to clause 4 of Standard 1.2.3 (Mandatory Warning and Advisory Statements and Declarations) lists those substances. The presence in a food of cereals containing gluten, namely, wheat, rye, barley, oats and spelt, and their hybridised strains must always be declared in the label.

4 Flour for making bread

- (1) Subclause (2) does not apply to flour for bread making produced in, or imported into, New Zealand.
- (2) Flour for making bread must contain no less than 6.4 mg/kg of thiamin.

Editorial note:

Clause 4 of this Standard will be reviewed prior to the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code becoming the sole Food Standards Code in Australia and New Zealand.

Standard 2.2.1

Meat and Meat Products

Purpose

This Standard includes definitions, compositional and labelling requirements for meat and meat products. Processing requirements for processed meat products, including fermented comminuted meat products are contained in Standard 1.6.2.

The Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand (ARMCANZ) prescribe mandatory standards in Australia, but not New Zealand, that control the hygienic slaughter of animals for human consumption.

Table of Provisions

Division 1 - Interpretation

1 Interpretation

Division 2 - Compositional requirements

- 2 Limit on fluid loss from thawed poultry
- 3 Composition of sausage

Division 3 - Information Requirements

- 4 Declaration of the presence of offal in food
- Mandatory fat declaration where a reference is made to the fat content of minced meat
- Information required in relation to raw meat joined or formed into the semblance of a cut of meat
- 7 Inspection brands
- 8 Labelling of fermented comminuted processed meat
- 9 Labelling of fermented comminuted manufactured meat
- Unpackaged fermented comminuted manufactured meat and fermented comminuted processed meat products

Schedule

Clauses

Division 1 - Interpretation

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

cured and/or dried meat flesh in whole cuts or pieces means meat flesh including any attached bone containing no less than 160g/kg meat protein on a fat free basis.

manufactured meat means processed meat containing no less than 660g/kg of meat.

- meat means the whole or part of the carcass of any buffalo, camel, cattle, deer, goat, hare, pig, poultry, rabbit or sheep, slaughtered other than in a wild state, but does not include
 - (a) the whole or part of the carcass of any other animal unless permitted for human consumption under a law of a State, Territory or New Zealand; or
 - (b) avian eggs, or foetuses or part of foetuses.

Editorial note:

This definition of meat does not include eggs or fish, as such foods are regulated in Standards 2.2.2 and 2.2.3 respectively.

The generic Standards in Chapter 1 of this Code apply to foods in Chapter 2, Food Product Standards. In particular, it should be noted that clause 3 of Standard 1.2.4 applies to meat and meat products.

meat flesh means the skeletal muscle of any slaughtered animal, and any attached -

- (a) animal rind; and
- (b) fat; and
- (c) connective tissue; and
- (d) nerve; and
- (e) blood; and
- (f) blood vessels; and
- (g) skin, in the case of poultry.

meat pie means a pie containing no less than 250g/kg of meat.

- **offal** means those parts of the carcass such as blood, brain, heart, kidney, liver, pancreas, spleen, thymus, tongue and tripe, but excludes meat flesh, bone and bone marrow.
- **processed meat** means a meat product containing no less than 300g/kg meat, where meat either singly or in combination with other ingredients or additives, has undergone a method of processing other than boning, slicing, dicing, mincing or fr **Editorial note:**eezing, and includes manufactured meat and cured and/or dried meat flesh in whole cuts or pieces.
- **sausage** means processed meat that is minced, or comminuted meat or a combination thereof, which may be combined with other foods, encased or formed into discrete units, but does not include meat formed or joined into the semblance of cuts of meat.

Division 2 - Compositional requirements

2 Limit on fluid loss from thawed poultry

Frozen poultry when thawed must yield no more than 60g/kg of fluid as determined by the method prescribed in the Schedule.

3 Composition of sausage

Sausage must contain -

- (a) no less than 500g/kg of fat free meat flesh; and
- (b) the proportion of fat in sausage must be no more than 500g/kg of the fat free meat flesh content.

Division 3 - Information Requirements

4 Declaration of the presence of offal in food

- (1) The presence of brain, heart, kidney, liver, tongue or tripe in a food, must be declared in accordance with subclause 4(3), either by the -
 - (a) class name offal; or
 - (b) specific type of offal.
- (2) Subject to subclause (3), offal other than those specified in subclause (1) is prohibited to be present in food.
- (3) Offal, otherwise prohibited in this Standard to be present in food, is not prohibited if the specific name of the offal present in the food -
 - (a) is declared on the label; or
 - (b) where the food is not required to bear a label, is otherwise declared to the purchaser.

5 Mandatory fat declaration where a reference is made to the fat content of minced meat

Where express or implied reference is made in relation to the fat content of minced meat, the maximum proportion of fat in the minced meat, expressed in g/100g, must be -

- (a) declared on the label on package of the food; or
- (b) where the food is not required to bear a label -
 - (i) displayed on or in connection with the display of the food; or
 - (ii) provided to the purchaser upon request.

6 Information required in relation to raw meat joined or formed into the semblance of a cut of meat

Where raw meat which has been formed or joined in the semblance of a cut of meat using a binding system without the application of heat, whether coated or not, a declaration that the meat is either formed or joined, in conjunction with cooking instructions indicating how the microbiological safety of the product can be achieved –

- (a) must be included in the label; or
- (b) if the food is not required to be labelled, must be provided to the purchaser.

7 Inspection brands

(1) Colourings permitted in Standard 1.3.1 may be applied to the outer surface of meat as a brand for the purposes of inspection or identification.

(2) The presence of colourings applied to the outer surface of meat as a brand for the purposes of inspection or identification in accordance with subclause (1), is not required to be declared on the label on a package containing such a food.

8 Labelling of fermented comminuted processed meat

- (1) The following names are prescribed for fermented comminuted processed meat -
 - (a) in the case of fermented comminuted processed meat which has not been heat treated or cooked -

'fermented processed meat - not heat treated'; and

(b) in the case of fermented comminuted processed meat which has been heat treated -

'fermented processed meat - heat treated'; and

(c) in the case of fermented comminuted processed meat which has been cooked -

'fermented processed meat - cooked'.

- (2) If the label on a package containing fermented comminuted processed meat has a trade name, that trade name must have in association therewith, the following word or words-
 - (a) in the case of fermented comminuted processed meat which has not been heat treated or cooked -

'fermented';

(b) in the case of fermented comminuted processed meat which has been heat treated -

'fermented heat treated'; and

(c) in the case of fermented comminuted processed meat which has been cooked -

'fermented cooked'.

(3) Except as specified in subclause (1) and subclause (2), the label on a package of fermented comminuted processed meat must not refer to any heating process, unless the heating process is a cooking instruction for the consumer.

9 Labelling of fermented comminuted manufactured meat

- (1) The following names are prescribed for fermented comminuted manufactured meat -
 - (a) in the case of fermented comminuted manufactured meat which has not been heat treated or cooked -

'fermented manufactured meat - not heat treated'; and

(b) in the case of fermented comminuted manufactured meat which has been heat treated -

'fermented manufactured meat - heat treated'; and

(c) in the case of fermented comminuted manufactured meat which has been cooked -

'fermented manufactured meat - cooked'.

- (2) If the label on a package containing fermented comminuted manufactured meat has a trade name, that trade name must have in association therewith, the following word or words -
 - (a) in the case of fermented comminuted manufactured meat which has not been heat treated or cooked -

'fermented'; and

(b) in the case of fermented comminuted manufactured meat which has been heat treated –

'fermented heat treated'; and

(c) in the case of fermented comminuted manufactured meat which has been cooked -

'fermented cooked'.

(3) Except as specified in subclause (1) and subclause (2), the label on a package of a fermented comminuted manufactured meat must not refer to any heating process.

Editorial note:

Subclause 8(3) and subclause 9(3) prevent the use of word 'pasteurised' or any word of similar meaning on the label of a fermented comminuted processed meat product or a fermented comminuted manufactured meat product.

10 Unpackaged fermented comminuted manufactured meat and fermented comminuted processed meat products

Where a fermented comminuted manufactured meat or a fermented comminuted processed meat product is offered for sale other than in a package, the prescribed name of the food must be displayed in connection with the food, provided that in the case of –

- (a) fermented comminuted manufactured meat which has not been heat treated or cooked; and
- (b) fermented cominuted processed meat product which has not been heat treated or cooked;

the words "not heat treated" may be omitted.

Schedule

Determination of fluid in a package of frozen poultry carcass

Take a double plastic bag of suitable size (approximately 700mm by 300mm) and weigh to the nearest gram - called 'A' in the formula.

Place the frozen carcass, still in its' wrapping, in the double plastic bag. Without taking the frozen carcass from the double plastic bag, remove its wrapping and any included label. Retain in the double plastic bag any ice formed on the inside of the carcass wrapping or on any included label.

Discard the carcass wrapping and any included label.

Weigh the frozen carcass and the double plastic bag to the nearest half gram - called 'B' in the formula.

Suitably suspend the frozen carcass within the double plastic bag and securely close the neck of the bag around the suspending device. (Sharpened 230mm hooks made from 3mm diameter wire are convenient.)

Suspend the frozen carcass and enclosing double plastic bag in an air-space maintained at the temperature of $20 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C for a period of 14 to 18 hours.

Open the double plastic bag and, without removing the thawed carcass or allowing any fluid to escape, remove and retain any device securing the legs and extract any giblet contained in the carcass.

Drain excess liquid from the giblet pack into the double plastic bag, remove the giblets and suspend them from a wing of the bird by means of a small wire hook. Retain the empty giblet package.

Ensure that all parts of the carcass can drain freely and securely reclose the neck of the double plastic bag.

Weigh the combined empty giblet package and any leg securing device to the nearest gram - called 'C' in the formula.

Drain for a further period of two to four hours. At the end of the period remove the carcass after shaking it to remove any fluid that may be trapped within the bird.

Weigh the double plastic bag and the contents to the nearest gram - called 'D' in the formula.

Where there is no edible oil layer in the double plastic bag:

Use this formula to calculate the proportion of fluid:

Proportion of fluid =
$$\frac{D-A}{B-A-C}$$
 x $\frac{1000}{1}$

Where there is an edible oil layer in the double plastic bag -

Carefully pour the contents of the double plastic bag into a centrifuge tube of suitable volume (approximately 250mL).

Weigh the centrifuge tube and its contents to the nearest gram - called 'E' in the formula.

After centrifugation at 1000g for 5-10 minutes, remove the edible oil layer with the aid of a pasteur pipette.

Reweigh the centrifuge tube and its contents to the nearest gram - called 'F' in the formula.

Use this formula to calculate the proportion of fluid -

Proportion of fluid =
$$\underline{D-A-(E-F)}$$
 x $\underline{1000}$ expressed as g/kg $B-A-C$ 1

Egg and Egg Products

Purpose

This Standard provides definitions for egg and egg products. Processing requirements for egg products and requirements relating to the sale of cracked eggs are included in this Standard and Standard 1.6.2.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Processing of egg products
- 3 Sale of cracked eggs

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

egg means the reproductive body in shells obtained from any avian species, the shell being free from visible cracks, faecal matter, soil or other foreign matter.

egg products means the content of egg, as part or whole, in liquid, frozen or dried form.

visible cracks includes cracks visible by candling.

2 Processing of egg products

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), egg products must be pasteurised or undergo an equivalent treatment so that the egg product meets the microbiological criteria specified in Standard 1.6.1.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to the non-retail sale of egg products used in a food which is pasteurised or undergoes an equivalent treatment so that the egg product used in the food meets the microbiological criteria specified in Standard 1.6.1.

3 Sale of cracked eggs

- (1) Cracked eggs must not be made available for retail sale or for catering purposes.
- (2) Cracked eggs sold for non-retail must be pasteurised or have undergone an equivalent treatment so that the egg product meets the microbiological criteria specified in Standard 1.6.1

Editorial Note:

Standard 1.2.3 requires unpasteurised egg and egg products to be labelled with an advisory statement that the product is unpasteurised.

Fish and Fish Products

Purpose

This Standard defines the term 'fish' and provides a compositional standard specific to histamine in fish and fish products. This Standard also requires the provision of certain cooking instructions for raw fish which has been joined using a binding system without the application of heat.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition
- 3 Labelling etc of formed or joined raw fish

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

fish means any of the cold-blooded aquatic vertebrates and aquatic invertebrates including shellfish, but does not include amphibians and reptiles.

Editorial note:

This Standard does not define specific names for fish.

In Australia, guidance on the specific naming of fish may be found in the Australian Seafood Handbook 1999.

In New Zealand, guidance may be found in the following publications:

- the 'Authorised Fish Names Circular' (1995) issued by the New Zealand Fishing Industry Agreed Implementation Standards pursuant to Regulation 19 of the Fish Export Processing Regulations 1995; and
- the Commerce Commission's booklet titled 'Food Labelling, Promotion and Marketing A Guide for Manufacturers, Importers and Retailers' (1998).

2 Composition

The level of histamine in fish or fish products must not exceed 200mg/kg.

3 Labelling etc of formed or joined raw fish

Where raw fish has been formed or joined in the semblance of a cut or fillet of fish using a binding system without the application of heat, whether coated or not, a declaration that the fish is either formed or joined, in conjunction with cooking instructions indicating how the microbiological safety of the product can be achieved –

- (a) must be included on the label on the packaged of the fish; or
- (b) if the food is not required to be labelled, must be provided to the purchaser.

Editorial Notes

Circumstances in which food is not required to be labelled are set out in Standard 1.2.1.

The Codex Alimentarius Standards for fish provide histamine levels as indicators for -

- 1. Decomposition; and
- 2. Hygiene and handling.

For decomposition, the relevant Standards state -

"The products shall not contain more than 10mg/100g of histamine based on the average of the sample unit tested. This applies only to species of *Clupeidae*, *Scrombridae*, *Scrombresocidae*, *Pomatomidae* and *Coryphaenedae* families."

For hygiene and handling, the relevant Standards state -

"No sample unit shall contain histamine that exceeds 20mg per 100g. This applies only to species of the families <u>Scrombridae</u>, <u>Clupeidae</u>, <u>Coryphaenidae</u>, <u>Scrombresocidae</u> and Pomatomidae."

These Codex Standards cover -

- a) Quick frozen fish fillets;
- b) Quick frozen blocks of fish fillet, minced fish flesh and mixtures of fillets and minced fish flesh;
- c) Eviscerated and uneviscerated quick frozen finfish;
- d) Quick frozen fish sticks (fish fingers), fish portions and fish fillets breaded or battered;
- e) Canned sardines and sardine type products; and
- f) Canned tuna and bonito.

Fruit and Vegetables

Purpose

This Standard provides specific definitions for fruit and vegetables, which include nuts, spices, herbs, fungi, legumes and seeds based on processing categories in Standard 1.3.1 for the purpose of providing specific additive permissions.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

fruit and vegetables means fruit, vegetables, nuts, spices, herbs, fungi, legumes and seeds.

peeled and/or cut fruit and vegetables means fruit and vegetables that are peeled and/or cut, whether or not they have been surface treated.

surface treated fruit and vegetables means fruit and vegetables harvested, washed and treated with permitted processing aids and food additives.

2 Composition

Fruit and vegetables in brine, oil, vinegar or water, other than commercially canned fruit and vegetables, must not have a pH greater than 4.6.

Edible Oils

Purpose

This Standard contains specific labelling and composition requirements for edible oils.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition
- 3 Process declaration

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

edible oils mean the triglycerides of fatty acids of plant or animal origin.

Editorial note:

All edible fats are included in the definition of edible oils. 'Plant' includes aquatic plants and 'animal' includes aquatic animals.

This Standard does not define specific names for edible oils.

Guidance on the specific naming of oils may be found in Codex Alimentarius 1983 Volume 8-'Fats, Oils and Related Products' and the 'Agreement to Monitor Olive Oils and Olive Pomace Oils in Australia issued by the Australian Olive Oil Association.'

2 Composition

Edible oils may contain incidental amounts of free fatty acids, unsaponifiable constituents and other lipids.

Editorial note:

'Other lipids' include naturally occurring gums, waxes and phosphatides.

3 Process declaration

Where the specific name of an oil is used, the label on the package containing that oil must include a statement that describes the nature of any process which has been used to alter the fatty acid composition of the edible oil.

Editorial note:

For example, hydrogenation is a process used to alter the fatty acid composition of fatty acids in an edible oil.

Standard 2.4.2 Edible Oil Spreads

Purpose

This Standard defines edible oil spreads and margarine and sets compositional requirements for these products. Butter is standardised in Standard 2.5.5.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of edible oil spreads and margarine

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

edible oil spreads means a spreadable food composed of edible oils and water in the form of an emulsion of the type water-in-oil.

margarine means an edible oil spread containing no less than 800g/kg of edible oils.

2 Composition of edible oil spreads and margarine

- (1) Edible oil spreads and margarine may contain -
 - (a) water; and
 - (b) edible proteins; and
 - (c) salt; and
 - (d) lactic acid producing microorganisms; and
 - (e) flavour producing microorganisms; and
 - (f) milk products.
- (2) Subclause (3) does not apply to table edible oil spreads and table margarine produced in, or imported into, New Zealand.
- (3) Table edible oil spreads and table margarine, must contain no less than 55µg/kg of vitamin D.

Editorial note:

Subclauses (2) and (3) of clause 2 in this Standard will be reviewed prior to the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code becoming the sole Food Standards Code in Australia and New Zealand.

Milk

Purpose

This Standard defines milk and skim milk and sets compositional requirements for these products. Processing requirements for milk are contained in Standard 1.6.2. Subclause 4(2) of this Standard does not apply to milk produced in New Zealand.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of cow's milk
- 3 Composition of skim milk
- 4 Milk to be processed

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

milk means the mammary secretion of milking animals, obtained from one or more milkings for consumption as liquid milk or for further processing but excludes colostrum.

skim milk means milk from which milkfat has been removed.

2 Composition of cow's milk

(1) Subject to subclause (2), packaged cow's milk for retail sale must contain each of the components listed in column 1 of the Table to this subclause in the corresponding proportion specified in column 2.

Table to subclause 2(1)

Column 1	Column 2
milkfat	minimum 3.2% m/m
protein (measured as crude protein)	minimum 3.1% m/m

(2) Packaged cow's milk for retail sale may be adjusted to comply with the compositional requirements in the Table to subclause (1) by the addition of and/or withdrawal of milk components, provided the adjustment does not alter the whey protein to casein ratio of the milk being adjusted.

3 Composition of skim milk

(1) Skim milk must contain each of the components listed in column 1 of the Table to this subclause in the corresponding proportion specified in column 2.

Table to subclause 3(1)

Column 1	Column 2
milkfat	maximum 0.15% m/m
protein (measured as crude	minimum 3.1% m/m
protein)	

(2) The protein requirements specified in the Table to subclause (1) apply exclusively to skim milk derived from cow's milk.

4 Milk to be processed

- (1) Subclause 4(2) does not apply to milk produced in New Zealand.
- (2) Milk must be processed according to Standard 1.6.2 of this Code.
- (3) Milk and milk products produced in New Zealand must be processed in accordance with the *Food Regulations 1984*, made from time to time for the purpose of regulating the processing of milk and milk products.

Editorial note:

Cream

Purpose

This Standard defines cream and sets a compositional requirement for this product. Processing requirements for cream are contained in Standard 1.6.2.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of cream
- 3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

cream means a milk product comparatively rich in fat, in the form of an emulsion of fatin-skim milk, which can be obtained by separation from milk.

2 Composition of cream

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), cream must contain no less than 18% m/m of milkfat.
- (2) The final composition of cream obtained by the separation from milk may be adjusted by the addition of milk or products obtained from milk.

3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Milk and milk products produced in New Zealand must be processed in accordance with the *Food Regulations 1984*, made from time to time for the purpose of regulating the processing of milk and milk products.

Editorial note:

Fermented Milk Products

Purpose

This Standard defines and sets compositional requirements for fermented milk, including yoghurt. Processing requirements for fermented milk are contained in Standard 1.6.2.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of fermented milk, including yoghurt
- 3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

fermented milk means a milk product obtained by fermentation of milk and/or products derived from milk, where the fermentation involves the action of microorganisms and results in coagulation and a reduction in pH.

yoghurt means a fermented milk where the fermentation has been carried out with lactic acid producing microorganisms.

2 Composition of fermented milk, including yoghurt

- (1) Fermented milk may contain other foods.
- (2) Microorganisms used in the fermentation of fermented milk must remain viable in the product.
- (3) Fermented milk and the fermented milk portion of a food containing fermented milk must contain each component or parameter listed in Column 1 in the corresponding proportion specified in Column 2 of the Table to this subclause.

Table to subclause 2(3)

Column 1	Column 2
Component or	Proportion
parameter	
Protein (measured as crude	minimum 3.1% m/m
protein)	
pН	maximum 4.5
microorganisms from the	minimum 1,000,000 cfu/g
added culture	

(4) The protein requirements in the Table to subclause 2(3) apply exclusively to fermented milk made from cow's milk.

Editorial note:

Reference to microorganisms in the Table to subclause 2(3) means the combined total of microorganisms present in the food.

'cfu/g' means colony forming units per gram.

3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Milk and milk products produced in New Zealand must be processed in accordance with the *Food Regulations 1984*, made from time to time for the purpose of regulating the processing of milk and milk products.

Editorial note:

Standard 2.5.4 Cheese

Purpose

This Standard defines cheese and sets compositional requirements for that product. The Standard also defines processed cheese. Processing requirements for cheese are contained in Standard 1.6.2.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of cheese
- Processing of milk and milk products used to produce Gruyere, Sbrinz or Emmental cheese
- 4 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

cheese means the ripened or unripened solid or semi-solid milk product which may be coated and is obtained by one or both of the following processes -

- (a) coagulating wholly or partly milk, and/or materials obtained from milk, through the action of rennet or other suitable coagulating agents, partially draining the whey which results from such coagulation; or
- (b) processing techniques involving concentration or coagulation of milk and/or materials obtained from milk which give an end-product with similar physical, chemical and organoleptic characteristics as the product described in paragraph (a).

processed cheese means a product manufactured from cheese and products obtained from milk, which is heated and melted, with or without added emulsifying salts, to form a homogeneous mass.

2 Composition of cheese

Cheese may contain -

- (a) water; and
- (b) lactic acid producing microorganisms; and
- (c) flavour producing microorganisms; and
- (d) gelatin; and
- (e) starch; and
- (f) vinegar; and
- (g) salt.

3 Processing of milk and milk products used to produce Gruyere, Sbrinz or Emmental cheese

Milk and milk products used to manufacture cheese or cheese products specified in Column 1 of the Table to this clause must be produced and processed using a method that -

- (a) ensures that the cheese produced achieves an equivalent level of safety protection as cheese prepared from milk or milk products that have been heat treated in accordance with paragraph (2)(a) in Standard 1.6.2; and
- (b) is set out in the legislation or documentation listed in Column 2 of the Table to this paragraph.

Table to clause 3

Column 1	Column 2
Milk and milk products	Legislation or documentation
Milk and milk products used to produce Gruyere, Sbrinz or Emmental cheese only	The Ordinance on Quality Assurance in the Dairy Industry of the Swiss Federal
	Council of 18 October 1995

Editorial note

- (1) From raw material production to the point of consumption, the milk, milk products and products containing milk or milk products should be subject to a combination of control measures, which may include, for example, pasteurisation, and these should be shown to achieve the appropriate level of public health protection.
- (2) Legislation or documentation will only be listed in the Table to clause 3 if it incorporates or provides for methods which provide a level of safety protection equivalent to that provided by a process that includes treatment of the milk or milk product in accordance with paragraph 3(a), and has adequate hazard identification and process controls.

4 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Milk and milk products produced in New Zealand must be processed in accordance with the *Food Regulations 1984*, made from time to time for the purpose of regulating the processing of milk and milk products.

Editorial note:

Butter

Purpose

This Standard defines the term 'butter' and sets compositional requirements for the product. Processing requirements for butter are contained in Standard 1.6.2.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of butter
- 3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

butter means a product derived exclusively from milk and products obtained from milk, principally in the form of an emulsion of the type water-in-oil.

2 Composition of butter

- (1) Butter must contain no less than 80.0% m/m milkfat.
- (2) Butter may contain -
 - (a) water; and
 - (b) salt; and
 - (c) lactic acid producing microorganisms; and
 - (d) flavour producing microorganisms.

3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Milk and milk products produced in New Zealand must be processed in accordance with the *Food Regulations 1984*, made from time to time for the purpose of regulating the processing of milk and milk products.

Editorial note:

Ice Cream

Purpose

This Standard defines the term 'ice cream' and contains a specific compositional requirement for the product. Processing requirements for ice cream are contained in Standard 1.6.2.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition
- 3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code-

ice cream means a sweet frozen food made from cream or other milk products or both, and is generally aerated.

2 Composition

Ice cream must contain no less than 150 g/Litre of food solids, and may contain other foods.

Editorial note:

Standard 1.2.4 requires that where animal fats other than dairy fat are added to ice cream, the specific source of the animal fat must be declared in the ingredient list.

3 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Milk and milk products produced in New Zealand must be processed in accordance with the *Food Regulations 1984*, made from time to time for the purpose of regulating the processing of milk and milk products.

Editorial note:

Dried Milks, Evaporated Milks and Condensed Milks

Purpose

This Standard contains specific compositional requirements for dried milks, evaporated milks and condensed milks. Processing requirements for dried, evaporated and condensed milk are contained in Standard 1.6.2.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of dried, evaporated and condensed milks
- 3 Permitted ingredients
- 4 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Schedule

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

- **components of milk products** mean the components of the specified milk products listed in column 1 of the Schedule to this Standard in unbolded type.
- **condensed milks** mean either, milk products obtained by the partial removal of water from milk with the addition of sugars, or milk products of the same composition obtained by any other process.
- **dried milks** mean powdered milk products obtained by the partial removal of water from milk.
- **evaporated milks** mean either, milk products obtained by the partial removal of water from milk by heat or milk products of the same composition obtained by any other process.

2 Composition of dried, evaporated and condensed milks

- (1) The fat and/or protein content of the milk used to make dried milks, evaporated milks or condensed milks, may be adjusted to comply with the compositional requirements set out in this Standard, by the addition and/or withdrawal of milk constituents in such a way as not to alter the whey protein to casein ratio of the milk being adjusted.
- (2) Dried milks, evaporated milks and condensed milks must contain no less than 34% m/m milk protein in milk solids-non-fat.
- (3) In addition to the general compositional requirements of this Standard, the milk products listed in bold type in Column 1 of the Schedule, when made from cow's milk, must contain the components in the corresponding proportions listed in Column 2 of the Schedule.

3 Permitted ingredients

- (1) Evaporated milks may contain -
 - (a) salt; and
 - (b) water.
- (2) Condensed milks may contain -
 - (a) salt; and
 - (b) water; and
 - (c) sugars.

4 Processing of milk and milk products in New Zealand

Milk and milk products produced in New Zealand must be processed in accordance with the *Food Regulations 1984*, made from time to time for the purpose of regulating the processing of milk and milk products.

Editorial note:

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

SCHEDULE

Column 1	Column 2
Dried whole milks	
milkfat	minimum 26% m/m
water	maximum 5% m/m
Dried skim milks milkfat water	maximum 1.5% m/m maximum 5% m/m
Condensed whole milks milkfat milk solids	minimum 8% m/m minimum 28% m/m
Condensed skim milks milkfat milk solids	maximum 1% m/m minimum 24% m/m
Evaporated whole milks milkfat milk solids	minimum 7.5% m/m minimum 25% m/m
Evaporated skim milks	
milkfat	maximum 1% m/m
milk solids	minimum 20% m/m

Fruit Juice and Vegetable Juice

Purpose

This Standard defines fruit and vegetable juice, sets certain compositional permissions for the product and specifies labelling requirements for juice blends.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition
- 3 Labelling of juice blend

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

fruit juice or vegetable juice means the liquid portion, with or without pulp, obtained from –

- (a) fruit or vegetables respectively; and
- (b) in the case of citrus fruit, other than lime, the endocarp only of the fruit;

and includes products that have been concentrated and later reconstituted with water to a concentration consistent with that of the undiluted juice from which it was made.

juice blend means juice made from a blend of more than one juice.

2 Composition

Fruit juice or vegetable juice may have added to it any of the following foods -

- (a) sugars; and
- (b) salt; and
- (c) herbs and spices.

3 Labelling of juice blend

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), the label on a package of juice blend must include
 - (a) the names of each juice present in the blend; and
 - (b) the percentage by volume of each juice present in the blend.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to orange juice which contains no more than ten % in total of -
 - (a) mandarin juice; or
 - (b) tangelo juice;

or both.

Editorial note:

General labelling requirements for food are contained in Part 1.2 of this Code.

Additive permissions for fruit juice and vegetable juice are contained in Standard 1.3.1.

Permissions for the use of processing aids in the production of fruit juice and vegetable juice are contained in Standard 1.3.3.

Non-Alcoholic Beverages and Brewed Soft Drinks

Purpose

This Standard deals with packaged waters and water based beverages which contain food additives and in certain cases, nutritive substances. The Standard defines a number of products and sets certain compositional requirements for packaged water, electrolyte drinks and brewed soft drinks. Labelling requirements specific to electrolyte drinks are included in this Standard. This Standard also prohibits the labelling or presentation of non-alcoholic beverages in such a way as to suggest the product is an alcoholic beverage.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of packaged water
- 3 Composition of brewed soft drink
- 4 Non-alcoholic beverages not to be labelled/presented as alcoholic beverages
- 5 Composition of electrolyte drinks and electrolyte drink bases
- 6 Labelling of electrolyte drinks and electrolyte drink bases
- 7 Claims in relation to the tonicity of electrolyte drinks

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code –

brewed soft drink means the product prepared by a fermentation process from water with fruit and/or vegetable extractives or fruit and/or vegetable infusions, and sugar.

electrolyte drink means a drink formulated and represented as suitable for the rapid replacement of fluid, carbohydrates, electrolytes and minerals.

electrolyte drink base means a solid or liquid which when made up, makes an electrolyte drink.

fruit drink means a non-alcoholic beverage containing fruit and/or fruit products and other foods except alcoholic beverages.

mineral water or spring water means ground water obtained from subterranean waterbearing strata that, in its natural state, contains soluble matter.

non-alcoholic beverage means -

- (a) packaged water; or
- (b) a water-based beverage which may or may not contain other foods, except for alcoholic beverages; or
- (c) electrolyte drinks.

2 Composition of packaged water

- (1) Water presented in packaged form may or may not contain added carbon dioxide.
- (2) Water presented in packaged form must not contain the substances listed in column 1 of the Table in greater corresponding proportion than that specified in column 2 of the Table to this subclause.

Table to subclause (2)2

Column 1	Column 2 mg/L
Arsenic	0.05
Barium	1.0
Borate	30 (calculated as H ₃ BO ₃)
Cadmium	0.01
Chromium VI	0.05
Copper	1.0
Cyanide	0.01 (calculated as CN)
Fluoride	2.0 (calculated as F)
Lead	0.05
Manganese	2.0
Mercury	0.001
Nitrate	45 (calculated as NO ₃ ⁻)
Nitrite	0.005 (calculated as NO ₂)
Organic matter	3.0 (KMnO ₃ digested as O ₂)
Selenium	0.01
Sulphide	0.05 (calculated as H ₂ S)
Zinc	5.0

3 Composition of brewed soft drink

Brewed soft drink must contain no more than 1.15% alcohol/volume.

4 Non alcoholic beverages not to be labelled/presented as alcoholic beverages

Non alcoholic beverages must not be labelled or otherwise presented for sale in a form which expressly or by implication suggests that the product is an alcoholic beverage.

20 DECEMBER

5 Composition of electrolyte drinks and electrolyte drink bases

- (1) An electrolyte drink, or an electrolyte drink base when made up, must contain no less than 10 mmol/L of sodium.
- (2) An electrolyte, or an electrolyte drink base when made up according to directions, must contain
 - (a) no less than 50 g/L and no more than 100 g/L total -
 - (i) glucose syrup; and
 - (ii) dextrose; and
 - (iii) fructose; and
 - (iv) maltodextrin; and
 - (b) no more than 50 g/L fructose.
- (3) An electrolyte drink, or an electrolyte drink base when made up, may contain:
 - (a) calcium phosphates; and
 - (b) potassium phosphates; and
 - (c) calcium citrates; and
 - (d) potassium citrates; and
 - (e) sodium citrates; and
 - (f) potassium carbonates, including potassium bicarbonate; and
 - (g) potassium chloride; and
 - (h) calcium chloride; and
 - (i) sodium chloride; and
 - (j) calcium lactate; and
 - (k) magnesium lactate; and
 - (1) magnesium sulphate.

6 Labelling of electrolyte drinks and electrolyte drink bases

The label on a package of electrolyte drink or electrolyte drink base, must include a declaration, as ready to drink -

- (a) the average per 100 mL:
 - (i) energy value; and
 - (ii) total carbohydrate present, including each type of monosaccharide and disaccharide; and
 - (iii) milligrams and millimoles of the added minerals and electrolytes; and
- (b) the recommended volume and frequency of use.

Editorial note:

When determining the values to be included in the declaration in this clause, it should be done so on the basis that the water added to the electrolyte drink base, to make up the electrolyte drink does not contribute to the declared values.

7 Claims in relation to the tonicity of electrolyte drinks

- (1) A claim that an electrolyte drink is isotonic may only be made if the electrolyte drink has an average osmolality of 250 340 milliOsmol/L.
- (2) Where a claim is made that an electrolyte drink is isotonic, hypertonic or hypotonic, the osmolality of the electrolyte drink as measured in milliOsmols/L must be declared on the label of the package.
- (3) The label on a package of isotonic electrolyte drink may include words to the effect that the product is designed to promote the availability of energy and to prevent or treat mild dehydration that may occur as a result of sustained strenuous exercise.

Editorial note:

A claim that an electrolyte drink is isotonic is not considered a nutrition claim for the purposes of Standard 1.2.8 of this Code.

For New Zealand purposes, if a claim is made on a product under subclause 7(3), the claim would contravene the New Zealand *Medicines Act*, unless the claim has been approved by the Minister.

Kava

Purpose

This Standard, in conjunction with the *National Code of Management on the Restriction of the Sale and Advertising of Kava* (the National Code of Kava Management), regulates the sale and distribution of kava in Australia.

While Commonwealth, State and Territory Governments recognise the cultural importance of kava to the Australian South Pacific community, this Standard and the National Code of Kava Management seek to minimise the detrimental effects associated with kava abuse.

In New Zealand this Standard regulates the labelling of sale of kava, and prohibits the addition of kava to foods other than those that comply with New Zealand *Dietary Supplements Regulations* (1985). The National Code of Kava Management is not in operation in New Zealand.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Prohibition
- 3 Labelling

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

kava means the plant, or a derivative of the plant, *Piper methysticum*, whether or not mixed with water.

2 Prohibition

Kava must not be used as an ingredient in foods other than those products regulated under the *Dietary Supplements Regulations (1985)* in New Zealand as in force on 1 January 2000.

3 Labelling

- (1) There shall be written in the label on or attached to a package containing kava, the following statements-
 - (a) 'Use in moderation'; and
 - (b) 'May cause drowsiness'; and
 - (c) 'The sale and distribution of kava in Australia is subject to the National Code of Kava Management'.

(2) Where kava is offered for sale other than in a package, there must be displayed in connection with the food, the statements that would, if the kava were packaged, be required by subclause (1) to be included in the label on or attached to the package.

Editorial note:

This Standard will be reviewed prior to the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code becoming the sole Food Standards Code in Australia and New Zealand.

Labelling of Alcoholic Beverages and Food Containing Alcohol

Purpose

This Standard provides labelling requirements for alcoholic beverages and food containing alcohol.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Declaration of alcohol by volume
- 3 Standard drink labelling
- 4 Representations of low alcohol
- 5 Representations of 'non-intoxicating'
- Food containing alcohol not to be represented as non-alcoholic

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard-

standard drink means the amount of a beverage which contains 10 grams of ethanol, measured at 20°C.

2 Declaration of alcohol by volume

(1) The label on a package of food listed in column 1 of the Table to this subclause must include a statement of the alcohol content in the corresponding form specified in column 2.

Table to subclause 2(1)

Column 1	Column 2
Food, including alcoholic	Expressed in mL/100g or
beverages, containing	mL/100mL or X%
more than 1.15 % alcohol	ALCOHOL BY
by volume	VOLUME or words and
	expressions of the same or
	similar effect
Alcoholic beverages	'CONTAINS NOT MORE
containing not more than	THAN X% ALCOHOL
1.15 % alcohol by volume	BY VOLUME' or words
	and expressions of the
Beverages containing no	same or similar effect
less than 0.5% alcohol by	
volume	

(2) The statement required by subclause (1) must, for the foods specified in column 1 of the Table to this subclause, be accurate to within the limits specified in column 2.

Table to subclause 2(2)

Table to subclause 2(2)		
Column 1	Column 2	
Beer, cider and perry	0.3% alc/vol	
Spirits, liqueurs, fortified	0.5% alc/vol	
wine, fortified fruit or		
vegetable wine, and all		
other alcoholic beverages		
containing more than 1.15		
% alcohol by volume		
Wine and fruit wine	1.5% alc/vol	
(including sparkling		
forms), and wine products		
and fruit or vegetable wine		
products containing more		
than 6.5 % alcohol by		
volume		

3 Standard drink labelling

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), the label on a package of a beverage or a food capable of being consumed as a beverage, which contains more than $0.5\,\%$ alcohol by volume, measured at 20°C , must include a statement of the approximate number of standard drinks in the package
 - in the case of packages containing 10 or less standard drinks, accurate to the first decimal place; or
 - (b) in the case of packages containing more than 10 standard drinks, accurate to the nearest whole number of standard drinks.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to beverages packaged prior to 22 December 2000.

Examples:

For the purposes of subclause 3(1) the following examples are provided.

For a 750 mL bottle of 12.5% wine:

'CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY 7.4 STANDARD DRINKS'

For a 750 mL bottle of 37% spirit:

'CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY 22 STANDARD DRINKS

For a 375 mL can of 4.9% beer:

'CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY 1.4 STANDARD DRINKS

4 Representations of low alcohol

An alcoholic beverage which contains more than 1.15 % alcohol by volume must not be represented as a low alcohol beverage.

5 Representations of 'non-intoxicating'

The label on a package of a beverage containing more than 0.5 % alcohol by volume must not include the words 'non intoxicating' or words of similar meaning.

6 Food containing alcohol not to be represented as non-alcoholic

Food containing alcohol must not be represented in a form which expressly or by implication suggests that the product is a non-alcoholic confection or non-alcoholic beverage.

Beer

Purpose

This Standard defines the term 'beer' and permits the addition of specified foods during its manufacture.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Addition of other foods during production

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard-

beer means the product, characterised by the presence of hops or preparations of hops, prepared by the yeast fermentation of an aqueous extract of malted or unmalted cereals, or both.

a reference to beer includes a reference to 'ale', 'lager', 'pilsener', 'porter' and 'stout'.

2 Addition of other foods during production

The following foods may be added to beer during production -

- (a) cereal products or other sources of carbohydrate; and
- (b) sugar; and
- (c) salt; and
- (d) herbs and spices.

Editorial note:

Additive permissions and permitted processing aids for the products referred to in this Standard are contained in Standards 1.3.1 (Food Additives) and 1.3.3 (Processing Aids) respectively.

Specific labelling requirements for alcoholic beverages are contained in Standard 2.7.1.

Standard 2.7.3

Fruit Wine and Vegetable Wine

Purpose

This Standard defines the terms fruit and/or vegetable wine, fruit wine and/or vegetable wine product, mead and associated products, and sets out compositional requirements for those products.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard-

cider means the fruit wine prepared from the juice or must of apples and no more than 25 % of the juice or must of pears.

fruit wine and/or vegetable wine means the product prepared from the complete or partial fermentation of fruit, vegetable, grains and/or cereals or preparations of those foods, other than that produced solely from grapes.

fruit wine and/or vegetable wine product means a food containing no less than 700 mL/L of fruit wine and/or vegetable wine, which has been formulated, processed, modified or mixed with other foods such that it is not a fruit wine and/or vegetable wine.

mead means the product prepared from the complete or partial fermentation of honey.

perry means the fruit wine prepared from the juice or must of pears and no more than 25 % of the juice or must of apples.

2 Composition

Fruit wine, vegetable wine and mead may contain -

- (a) fruit juice and fruit juice products; and
- (b) vegetable juice and vegetable juice products; and
- (c) sugars; and
- (d) honey; and
- (e) spices; and
- (f) alcohol; and
- (g) water.

Editorial note:

Additive permissions and permitted processing aids for the products referred to in this Standard are contained in Standards 1.3.1 (Food Additives) and 1.3.3 (Processing Aids) respectively.

Specific labelling requirements for alcoholic beverages are contained in Standard 2.7.1.

Standard 2.7.4

Wine and Wine Product

Purpose

This Standard sets general definitions for wine and wine product and provides permissions for the addition of certain foods during the production of wine. This Standard, however, requires wine produced in Australia to comply with the provisions of Standard P4 of the *Australian Food Standards Code*.

The Australian *Wine and Brandy Corporation Act 1980* and the Regulations made under the Act should also be consulted. The Act and the Regulations contain provisions which, for example, regulate:

- the use of geographical indications for wine, sparkling wine and fortified wine;
- limited derogations from the requirements in this Standard for wine, sparkling wine and fortified wine for export;
- blending rules for wine, sparkling wine and fortified wine; and
- the compositional and other requirements for wine, sparkling wine and fortified wine imported into Australia from countries with which Australia has a wine trading agreement prescribed by the Act.

Editorial Note:

The New Zealand *Geographical Indications Act* 1995 applies to appellations in relation to wine. The Act will come into effect when the relevant regulations are adopted.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Addition of other foods to wine during production
- Wine and wine product produced in Australia

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

wine means the product of the complete or partial fermentation of fresh grapes, or a mixture of that product and products derived solely from grapes.

wine product means a food containing no less than 700 mL/L of wine as defined in this Standard, which has been formulated, processed, modified or mixed with other foods such that is not wine.

2 Addition of other foods to wine during production

The following foods may be added to wine during production -

- (a) grape juice and grape juice products; and
- (b) sugars; and
- (c) brandy or other spirit; and
- (d) added water, where the water is necessary to incorporate any permitted food additive or processing aid.

3 Wine and wine product produced in Australia

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Standard, wine and wine product produced in Australia must comply with the provisions of Standards P4 and P6 respectively of the Australian *Food Standards Code*.
- (2) For the purposes of subclause (1), a reference to brandy or grape spirit in Standard P4 is a reference to those products as standardised in Standard P3 of the Australian *Food Standards Code*.

Editorial Notes:

It is anticipated that clause 3 of this Standard will be amended to reflect expected amendments to the Australian *Wine and Brandy Corporation Act 1980*. Additive permissions and permitted processing aids for the products referred to in this Standard are contained in Standards 1.3.1 Food Additives and 1.3.3 Processing Aids respectively.

Specific labelling requirements for alcoholic beverages are contained in Standard 2.7.1.

Standard 2.7.5 Spirits

Purpose

This Standard defines the words, 'brandy', 'liqueur' and 'spirit', and provides compositional permissions for spirits and brandy, and permissions for the addition of certain foods to brandy during its production.

The Standard also protects geographical indications which represent a given quality, reputation or other characteristic of the product which is essentially attributable to its geographical origin. This protection implements Article 23 of the World Trade Organisation Agreement on Trade and Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights ("TRIPs").

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of spirit and brandy
- 3 Addition of other foods to brandy during production
- 4 Geographical indications

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard-

brandy means a spirit obtained from the distillation of wine, or fermented preparations of grapes or grape product.

liqueur means a spirit flavoured or mixed with other foods.

geographical indication means an indication, whether express or implied -

- (a) which identifies a spirit as originating in a particular country, locality or region; and
- (b) where a given quality, reputation or other characteristic of the spirit is essentially attributable to its origin in that particular country, locality or region.

spirit means a potable alcoholic distillate, including whisky, brandy, rum, gin, vodka and tequila, which, unless otherwise required by this Standard, contains at least 37% alcohol by volume, produced by distillation of fermented liquor derived from food sources, so as to have the taste, aroma and other characteristics generally attributable to that particular spirit.

2 Composition of spirit and brandy

Spirit and brandy may contain -

- (a) water; and
- (b) sugars; and
- (c) honey; and
- (d) spices.

3 Addition of other foods to brandy during production

During the production of brandy the following foods may be added -

- (a) grape juice; and
- (b) grape juice concentrates; and
- (c) wine; and
- (d) prune juice.

4 Geographical indications

- (1) A geographical indication must not be used in relation to a spirit, even where the true origin of the spirit is indicated or the geographical indication is used in translation or accompanied by expressions such as 'kind', 'type', 'style', 'imitation' or the like, unless the spirit has been produced in the country, locality or region indicated.
- (2) A spirit lawfully exported under a geographical indication, but bottled in Australia or New Zealand, must not be sold under that geographical indication
 - unless the concentration of alcohol by volume in the spirit is at a level permitted under the laws for that geographical indication of the country, region or locality indicated by that geographical indication; or
 - (b) if any other distinctive quality or characteristic of the spirit is altered in a manner that would mislead or deceive the public as to the nature of the product identified by the geographical indication.

Editorial note:

Additive permissions and permitted processing aids for the products referred to in this Standard are contained in Standards 1.3.1 Food Additives and 1.3.3 Processing Aids respectively.

Specific labelling requirements for alcoholic beverages are contained in Standard 2.7.1.

Standard 2.8.1

Sugars

Purpose

This Standard provides specific definitions for sugar and related products. The Standard also sets a compositional requirement for white sugar.

Standard 2.8.2 prescribes standards for honey, and Standard 1.3.1 regulates intense sweeteners.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Reference to 'sugar'
- 3 Composition of white sugar

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

icing means a mixture of sugar and other foods for use as a coating and includes frosting, plastic icing and icing gel.

sugars means -

- (a) hexose monosaccharides and disaccharides, including dextrose, fructose, sucrose and lactose; or
- (b) starch hydrolysate; or
- (c) glucose syrups, maltodextrin and similar products; or
- (d) products derived at a sugar refinery, including brown sugar and molasses; or
- (e) icing sugar; or
- (f) invert sugar; or
- (g) fruit sugar syrup;

derived from any source, but does not include -

- (h) malt or malt extracts; or
- (i) sorbitol, mannitol, glycerol, xylitol, polydextrose, isomalt, maltitol, maltitol syrup or lactitol.

white sugar means purified crystallised sucrose.

2 Reference to 'sugar'

A reference to 'sugar' elsewhere in this Code is, unless otherwise expressly stated, a reference to

- (a) white sugar; or
- (b) caster sugar; or
- (c) icing sugar; or
- (d) loaf sugar; or
- (e) coffee sugar; or
- (f) raw sugar.

Editorial note:

For the labelling of sugar as an ingredient refer to the Table to clause 4 in Standard 1.2.4. The Table prohibits the use of the word 'sugars' in a statement of ingredients.

3 Composition of white sugar

White sugar must have no less than 99.7% sucrose content, calculated on a dry basis.

Standard 2.8.2

Honey

Purpose

This Standard defines honey and sets certain compositional requirements for the product. This Standard also makes the word 'honey' a prescribed name for the purposes of this Code.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of honey
- 3 Prescribed name

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code -

honey means the natural sweet substance produced by honey bees from the nectar of blossoms or from secretions of living parts of plants or excretions of plant sucking insects on the living parts of plants, which honey bees collect, transform and combine with specific substances of their own, store and leave in the honey comb to ripen and mature.

2 Composition for honey

Honey must contain -

- (a) no less than 60 % reducing sugars; and
- (b) no more than 21 % moisture.

3 Prescribed name

The word 'honey' is a prescribed name.

Standard 2.9.1

Infant Formula Products

Reserved

Standard 2.9.2

Foods for Infants

Purpose

This Standard provides for the compositional (including nutritional) and labelling requirements of foods intended and/or represented for use as food for infants. Foods in this Standard are intended to be fed to infants in addition to human milk and/or infant formula products. This Standard does not apply to Infant Formula Products, as they are regulated by Standard 2.9.1, nor does it apply to Formulated Meal Replacements and Formulated Supplementary Foods as they are regulated by Standard 2.9.3.

The Standard recognises the specific needs of infants relating to the texture of the food, the infant's digestion ability, renal capacity and the need for high energy and nutrient intake to support rapid growth. This Standard recognises the particular microbiological and immunological susceptibility of infants including the potential for the development of food allergy.

General labelling requirements are contained in Part 1.2. Microbiological requirements are contained in Standard 1.6.1 – Microbiological Limits for Food.

This Standard amends the application of Standard 1.2.8 – Nutrition Information Requirements in relation to food for infants.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 General compositional requirements
- 3 Additional compositional requirements for cereal-based foods
- 4 Additional compositional requirements for non-cereal-based foods
- 5 Labelling
- 6 Additional labelling requirements relating to specific nutrients and energy information
- 7 Representations
- 8 Claims about vitamins and minerals
- 9 Nutrition information
- Food in dehydrated or concentrated form
- 11 Storage requirements

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard –

cereal-based food means a food for infants that is based on cereal.

ESADDI means, for a vitamin or mineral in column 1 of Table 3 to clause 8, the estimated safe and adequate daily dietary intake specified for that vitamin or mineral in column 2.

food for infants means a food that is intended and/or represented for use as a source of nourishment for infants, but does not include –

- (a) infant formula products; and
- (b) formulated meal replacements; and
- (c) formulated supplementary foods; and
- (d) unprocessed fruit and vegetables.

fruit-based food means a food for infants that is based on fruit.

infant means a person up to the age of 12 months.

infant formula product means an infant formula product as defined in Standard 2.9.1.

RDI means, for a vitamin or mineral in column 1 of Table 2 to clause 8, the recommended dietary intake specified in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 2 calculated and expressed in the form specified in the Table.

sugars includes honey.

Editorial note:

Sugars is defined in Standard 2.8.1

2 General compositional requirements

- (1) Food for infants must not contain a food additive or nutritive substance unless -
 - (a) expressly permitted by this Code; or
 - (b) the food additive or nutritive substance is naturally present in an ingredient of the food for infants.
- (2) Food for infants may contain
 - sugars, provided in the case of a juice or a non-alcoholic beverage, the total sugars content of the food is no more than 4 g/100 g; and

Editorial note:

'non-alcoholic beverage' is defined in Standard 2.6.2.

- (b) lactic acid producing cultures.
- (3) Food for infants must not contain -
 - (a) more than 50 mg/100 g of total iron in cereal-based food on a moisture free basis; or
 - (b) honey, unless it has been treated to inactivate *Clostridium botulinum* spores; or
 - (c) more than the total quantity of sodium set out in column 2 of the Table to this paragraph for each particular type of food for infants; or
 - (d) added salt, in the case of ready-to-eat fruit-based foods including juices.

Table to paragraph 2(3)(c) Maximum permitted quantity of sodium in food for infants

Column 1	Column 2
Food Type	Maximum permitted
	quantity
Rusks	350 mg/100 g
Biscuits	300 mg/100 g
Flours, pasta, ready-to-eat foods for infants (including	100 mg/100 g
cereal-based foods other than rusks and biscuits)	
Ready-to-eat fruit-based foods, including juices	100 mg/100 g

(4) Food for infants intended for infants under the age of 6 months must be formulated and manufactured to a consistency that minimises the risk of choking.

Editorial note:

The intent of subclause (4) is to ensure that the food, except in the case of rusks, should have a texture that is soft and free of lumps.

3 Additional compositional requirements for cereal-based foods

- (1) Cereal-based food for infants which contains more than 70% cereal, on a moisture free basis, and is promoted as suitable for infants over the age of 6 months -
 - (a) must contain no less than 20 mg iron/100 g on a moisture free basis; and
 - (b) may contain added thiamin, niacin, vitamin B₆, vitamin C, folate, iron, magnesium in the permitted forms set out in Schedule 1 of Standard 2.9.1; and
 - (c) may contain added vitamin C in the forms permitted in Schedule 1 of Standard 2.9.1 to a maximum level of 90 mg/100 g on a moisture free basis.

- (2) Cereal-based food for infants which contains more than 70% cereal, on a moisture free basis, and is promoted as suitable for infants from 4 months of age may contain added -
 - (a) iron in the permitted forms as set out in Schedule 1 of Standard 2.9.1; and
 - (b) vitamin C in the forms permitted in Schedule 1 of Standard 2.9.1 to a maximum level of 90 mg/100 g on a moisture free basis.

4 Additional compositional requirements for non-cereal-based foods

Foods for infants other than cereal-based food for infants -

- (a) in the case of juices and gels, must contain no less than 25 mg/100 g of vitamin C; and
- (b) in the case of fruit-based foods, may contain vitamin C and/or folate in the permitted forms set out in Schedule 1 of Standard 2.9.1.

5 Labelling

- (1) This clause does not apply to packaged water.
- (2) The label on a package of food for infants must not include a recommendation, whether express or implied, that the food is suitable for infants less than four months old.
- (3) The label on a package of food for infants must include -
 - (a) a statement indicating the consistency of the food; and
 - (b) a statement indicating the minimum age, expressed in numbers, of the infants for whom the food is recommended; and
 - (c) where the food is recommended for infants between the ages of 4-6 months, in association with the statement required by paragraph (b), the words -
 - "Not recommended for infants under the age of 4 months"; and
 - (d) where the added sugars content of the food for infants exceeds 4 g/100 g, the word-
 - "sweetened"; and
 - (e) where honey has been used as an ingredient, in association with the word "honey, the word-
 - "sterilised".

Editorial note:

This Standard does not place limits on the use of sugars except for juices and non-alcoholic beverages.

Claims such as 'no added sugar', 'sweetened' or words of similar import are subject to the general labelling provisions.

6 Additional labelling requirements relating to specific nutrients and energy information

(1) Where a reference is made in the label on a package of food for infants to a food source of protein in the food, then the percentage of that food source of protein in the final food must be declared in the label.

Editorial note:

In this Standard, a reference to a food source of protein includes a reference in the name of the food to a source of protein. A food source of protein means milk, eggs, cheese, fish, meat, nuts and legumes. Meat includes poultry.

Where a food for infants contains more than of 3 g/100 kJ of protein, the label on the package must include the words -

"Not suitable for infants under the age of 6 months".

(3) A claim must not be made, whether express or implied, that a food for infants is a source of protein unless no less than 12% of the average energy content of the food is derived from protein.

Editorial note:

Average energy content is defined in Standard 1.2.8.

7 Representations

- (1) A food must not be represented as being the sole or principal source of nutrition for infants.
- (2) The label on a package of food for infants must not include a recommendation that the food can be added to bottle feeds of an infant formula product.

8 Claims about vitamins and minerals

- (1) A claim must not be made, whether express or implied, in relation to a food for infants comparing the vitamin or mineral content of the food with that of any other food unless such a claim is expressly permitted elsewhere in this Standard.
- (2) A claim, either express or implied, as to the presence of a vitamin or mineral in a food for infants may be made if the food contains in a normal serve at least 10% of the RDI as specified in Table 2 to this clause or at least 10% of the ESADDI as specified in Table 3 to this clause, for that vitamin or mineral.
- (3) A claim, either express or implied, that a food for infants is a good source of a vitamin or mineral may be made if a reference quantity of the food contains at least 25% of the RDI as specified in Table 2 to this clause or at least 25% of the ESADDI as specified in Table 3 to this clause.

- (4) A claim, whether expressed or implied, must not be made in relation to a fruit-based food for infants that the food contains more than -
 - (a) 60 mg/100 g of vitamin C; or
 - (b) $150 \,\mu g/100 \,g$ of folate.
- (5) A claim must not be made, whether express or implied, in relation to a cereal-based food for infants to which a vitamin or mineral has been added, that the food contains in a normal serve that vitamin or mineral in a quantity greater than that specified in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 2 of Table 1 to this clause.

Table 1 to clause 8

Maximum claims per serve for cereal-based foods
for infants

Column 1	Column 2
Vitamins & Minerals	Maximum claim per serve
Thiamin (mg)	15% RDI
Niacin* (mg)	15% RDI
Folate (µg)	10% RDI
Vitamin B ₆ (mg)	10% RDI
Vitamin C (mg)	10% RDI
Magnesium (mg)	15% RDI

Table 2 to clause 8
Recommended Dietary Intake for infants

Recommended Dietary Intake for Infants			
Column 1	Column 2		
Vitamins &	Specified RDI		
Minerals			
Vitamin A	300 μg as retinol		
	equivalents ¹		
Thiamin	0.35 mg		
Riboflavin	0.6 mg		
Niacin	3 mg as niacin ²		
Folate	75μg		
Vitamin B ₆	0.45mg		
Vitamin B ₁₂	0.7 μg		
Vitamin C	30 mg in total of L-		
	ascorbic acid and		
	dehydroascorbic acid		
Vitamin D	5 μg cholecalciferol ³		
Vitamin E	4 mg alpha-		
	tocopherol		
	equivalents ⁴		
Vitamin K	10 μg phylloquinone		
Calcium	550 mg		
Iodine	60 μg		
Iron	9 mg, in the case of		
	infants from 6		
	months		

Iron	3 mg, in the case of
	infants under 6
	months
Magnesium	60 mg
Phosphorus	300 mg
Selenium	15 μg
Zinc	4.5 mg

- These figures represent US Adequate Intake Levels 1,2 , 3 , and 4 - these numbers refer to the corresponding numbers in the footnotes in Schedule 1 in Standard 1.1.1

Table 3 to clause 8
Estimated Safe and Adequate Daily Dietary Intake for infants

Column 1	Column 2
Vitamins & Minerals	Specified ESADDI
Biotin# (µg)	6
	1.8
Pantothenic Acid	
(mg)#	
Copper (mg)	0.65
Manganese (mg)	0.8
Chromium (µg)	40
Molybdenum (μg)	30

- These figures represent US Adequate Intake Levels

9 Nutrition information

- (1) The following provisions of Standard 1.2.8 do not apply to this Standard -
 - (a) paragraph 3(j); and
 - (b) paragraphs 3(c), (d), (e) and (f); and
 - (c) subclause 5(2); and
 - (d) clause 7; and
 - (e) clause 8; and
 - (f) clause 9; and
 - (g) subclause 17(2).
- (2) In addition to the requirements of clause 5 of Standard 1.2.8, the nutrition information panel on a label on a package of food for infants must include the total sugars content.
- (3) The nutrition information panel for food for infants must be set out in the following format –

NIIT	DITI	N	INE)DM	ATION
NUL	KIII		11760	JK VI A	~

Servings per package: (here insert number of servings)

Serving size: g (or mL)

Scrving size. g (of file)		
	Quantity per Serving	Quantity per 100g
	(g (or mL))	(or 100 mL)
Energy	kJ (Cal)	kJ (Cal)
Protein	g	g
Fat, total	g	g
- claimed fatty acids	g	g
Carbohydrate, total	g	g
- sugars	g	g
(here insert any other nutrient, or biologically active substance, to be declared)		

10 Food in dehydrated or concentrated form

The label on a package of food in dehydrated or concentrated form, must include directions as to how the food should be reconstituted, and the particulars set out in each column of the panel expressed as a proportion of the food as so reconstituted.

Editorial note:

If manufacturers nominate more than one fluid for preparing the food, the particulars set out in the column should be according to the first liquid nominated and a note to this effect made.

11 Storage requirements

The label on a package of food for infants must contain storage instructions covering the period after it is opened.

Editorial note:

Standard 1.2.4 – Labelling of Ingredients applies to this Standard with the exception of paragraph 6(1)(a) – declaration of compound ingredients.

Standard 2.9.3

Formulated Meal Replacements and Formulated Supplementary Foods

Purpose

This Standard provides compositional and labelling requirements for formulated meal replacements and formulated supplementary foods. In addition, this Standard sets out the compositional and labelling requirements for formulated supplementary foods for young children, aged one to three years.

Table of Provisions

Division 1 – Interpretation 1 Interpretation

Division 2 - Formulated meal replacements

- 2 Compositional requirements for formulated meal replacements
- 3 Labelling of formulated meal replacements

Division 3 - Formulated supplementary foods

- 4 Compositional requirements for formulated supplementary foods
- 5 Labelling of formulated supplementary foods

Division 4 - Formulated supplementary foods for young children

- 6 Compositional requirements for formulated supplementary foods for young children
- 7 Labelling of formulated supplementary foods for young children

Schedule

Division 1 - Interpretation

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

formulated meal replacement means a single food or prepackaged selection of foods that is sold as a replacement for one or more of the daily meals but not as a total diet replacement.

formulated supplementary food means a food specifically designed as a supplement to a normal diet to address situations where intakes of energy and nutrients may not be adequate to meet an individual's requirements.

- **formulated supplementary food for young children** means a formulated supplementary food for children aged one to three years.
- **permitted form** means the form of vitamin or mineral specified in column 2 of the Schedule to Standard 1.1.1 and in the case of formulated meal replacements, those listed in column 2 of the Schedule to Standard 2.9.4.
- **serving** means a quantity of the food which constitutes one normal serving when prepared according to manufacturer's directions or when the food requires no further preparation before consumption, and in the case of a formulated meal replacement is equivalent to one meal.

Editorial note:

Recommended Dietary Intake (RDI) and Estimated Safe and Adequate Daily Dietary Intake (ESADDI) are defined in Standard 1.1.1 for the purposes of this Standard.

Division 2 - Formulated meal replacements

- 2 Compositional requirements for formulated meal replacements
- (1) Formulated meal replacements must contain in a serving no less than -
 - (a) 12 g protein; and
 - (b) 850 kJ; and
 - (c) 25 % of the RDI of each of those vitamins and minerals listed in column 1 of Table 1 in the Schedule.
- (2) A formulated meal replacement may have added to it the vitamins and minerals listed in
 - (a) column 1 of Table 1 in the Schedule, provided the total of the naturally occurring and added quantity of each vitamin or mineral in a serving does not exceed the quantity, where specified, set out in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 2 of Table 1; and
 - (b) column 1 of Table 2 in the Schedule, provided the total of the naturally occurring and added quantity of each vitamin or mineral in a serving does not exceed the quantity, where specified, set out in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 2 of Table 2.
- (3) Vitamins and minerals added to formulated meal replacements must be in the permitted form.

3 Labelling of formulated meal replacements

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), the nutrition information panel on the label on a package of formulated meal replacement must include a declaration of the average quantities of the vitamins and minerals present in the food and
 - (a) listed in column 1 of Table 1 to the Schedule; and
 - (b) listed in column 1 of Table 2 to the Schedule, and have been added to the food.
- (2) A claim as to the presence in a formulated meal replacement of a vitamin or mineral listed in column 1 of Table 1 or Table 2 in the Schedule may be made on the label on a package of formulated meal replacement, provided that -
 - (a) no less than 10 % of the RDI or ESADDI of that vitamin or mineral is present in a serving of the food; and
 - (b) where a vitamin or mineral has been added to the food, the claimed quantity of that vitamin or mineral in a serving does not exceed the quantity set out in column 3 of Table 1 or Table 2.
- (3) 'Formulated meal replacement' is a prescribed name.
- (4) The label on a package of formulated meal replacement must include words to the effect that the product must not be used as a total diet replacement.

Division 3 - Formulated supplementary foods

4 Compositional requirements for formulated supplementary foods

- (1) Formulated supplementary foods must contain in a serving no less than -
 - (a) 8 g protein; and
 - (b) 550 kJ; and
 - (c) 20 % of the RDI of no less than one of those vitamins or minerals listed in column 1 of Table 3 in the Schedule, provided the total quantity of each vitamin or mineral in a serving does not exceed the quantity, where specified, set out in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 4 of Table 3.
- (2) The vitamins or minerals listed in column 1 of Table 3 in the Schedule may be added to a formulated supplementary food, provided the total of the naturally occurring and added quantity of each vitamin or mineral in a serving does not exceed the quantity, where specified, set out in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 4 of Table 3.
- (3) Vitamins and minerals added to formulated supplementary foods must be in the permitted form.

5 Labelling of formulated supplementary foods

(1) Subject to subclause (2), the nutrition information panel on the label on a package of formulated supplementary food must include a declaration of the average quantity of a vitamin or mineral present in the food where that vitamin or mineral is listed in column 1 of Table 3 to the Schedule and has been added to the food.

- (2) A claim as to the presence in a formulated supplementary food of one or more of those vitamins or minerals listed in column 1 of Table 3 in the Schedule may be made on the label on a package of formulated supplementary food provided that -
 - (a) no less than 10 % of the RDI of the vitamin or mineral listed in column 1 of Table 3 is present in a serving of the food; and
 - (b) no less than 10 % of the ESADDI of the vitamin or mineral is present in a serving of the food; and
 - (c) where a vitamin or mineral has been added to the food, the claimed quantity of that vitamin or mineral in a serving of the food does not exceed the quantity set out in column 5 of Table 3.
- (3) The label on a package of formulated supplementary food must include a description of the role of the food as a supplement to a normal diet to address situations where intakes of energy and nutrients may not be adequate to meet an individual's requirements.
- (4) 'Formulated supplementary food' is a prescribed name.

Division 4 - Formulated supplementary foods for young children

6 Compositional requirements for formulated supplementary foods for young children

- (1) Formulated supplementary foods for young children must contain in a serving no less than -
 - (a) 2.5 g protein; and
 - (b) 330 kJ; and
 - (c) 20 % of the RDI of no less than one of those vitamins or minerals listed in column 1 of Table 3 in the Schedule, provided the total quantity of each vitamin or mineral in a serving does not exceed the quantity, where specified, set out in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 2 of Table 3.
- (2) The vitamins or minerals listed in column 1 of Table 3 in the Schedule may be added to a formulated supplementary food for young children, provided the total of the naturally occurring and added quantity of each vitamin or mineral in a serving does not exceed the quantity, where specified, set out in relation to that vitamin or mineral in column 2 of Table 3.
- (3) Vitamins and minerals added to formulated supplementary foods for young children must be in the permitted form.

7 Labelling of formulated supplementary foods for young children

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), the nutrition information panel on the label on a package of formulated supplementary food for young children must include a declaration of the average quantity of a vitamin or mineral present in the food where that vitamin or mineral is listed in column 1 of Table 3 to the Schedule and has been added to the food.
- (2) A claim as to the presence in a formulated supplementary food for young children of one or more of those vitamins or minerals listed in column 1 of Table 3 in the Schedule may be made on the label on a package of formulated supplementary food provided that -

- (a) no less than 10 % of the RDI of the vitamin or mineral listed in column 1 of Table 3 is present in a serving of the food; and
- (b) no less than 10 % of the ESADDI of the vitamin or mineral is present in a serving of the food; and
- (c) where a vitamin or mineral has been added to the food, the claimed quantity of that vitamin or mineral in a serving of the food does not exceed the quantity set out in column 3 of Table 3.
- (3) The label on a package of formulated supplementary food for young children must include a description of the role of the food as a supplement to a normal diet to address situations where intakes of energy and nutrients may not be adequate to meet an individual's requirements.
- (4) 'Formulated supplementary food for young children' is a prescribed name.

SCHEDULE

Table 1 Formulated meal replacements

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Vitamins and	Maximum quantity	Maximum claim
minerals	per one-meal	per one-meal
	serving	serving
	(proportion RDI)	(proportion RDI)
Vitamin A	300 μg (40%)	300 μg (40%)
Thiamin	No quantity set	0.55 mg (50%)
Riboflavin	No quantity set	0.85 mg (50%)
Niacin	No quantity set	5.0 mg (50%)
Folate	No quantity set	100 μg (50%)
Vitamin B ₆	No quantity set	0.8 mg (50%)
Vitamin B ₁₂	No quantity set	1.0 μg (50%)
Vitamin C	No quantity set	20 mg (50%)
Vitamin D	5.0 μg (50%)	5.0 μg (50%)
Vitamin E	No quantity set	5.0 mg (50%)
Calcium	No quantity set	400 mg (50%)
Iodine	75 μg (50%)	75 μg (50%)
Iron	No quantity set	4.8 mg (40%)
Magnesium	No quantity set	160 mg (50%)
Phosphorus	No quantity set	500 mg (50%)
Zinc	No quantity set	4.8 mg (40%)

Table 2
Formulated meal replacements

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Vitamins and minerals	Maximum quantity per	Maximum claim per
	one-meal serving	one-meal serving
	(proportion ESADDI	(proportion ESADDI
	unless stated otherwise)	unless stated otherwise)
Biotin	No quantity set	17 μg (17%)
Pantothenic acid	No quantity set	1.3 mg (17%)
Vitamin K	No quantity set	40 μg (50%)
Chromium:		
inorganic	34 μg (17%)	34 μg (17%)
organic	16 μg (8%)	16 μg (8%)
Copper:		
inorganic	0.50 mg (17%)	0.50 mg(17%)
organic	0.24 mg (8%)	0.24 mg (8%)
Manganese:		
inorganic	0.85 mg (17%)	0.85 mg (17%)
organic	0.4 mg (8%)	0.4 mg(8%)
Molybdenum:		
inorganic	42.5 μg (17%)	42.5 μg (17%)
organic	20 μg (8%)	20 μg (8%)
Selenium:		
inorganic	17.5 μg (25% RDI)	17.5 μg (25% RDI)
organic	9 μg (13% RDI)	9 μg (13% RDI)

Table 3

Formulated supplementary foods and formulated supplementary foods young children

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Vitamins and	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
minerals	quantity per	claim per	quantity per	claim per
	serving (young	serving	serving	serving
	children)	(young	(adults)	(adults)
	(proportion	children)	(proportion	(proportion
	RDI)	(proportion	RDI)	RDI)
		RDI)		
Vitamin A	135 μg (45%)	105 μg (35%)	340 μg (45%)	265 μg (35%)
Thiamin	No quantity set	0.25 mg (50%)	No quantity set	0.55 mg (50%)
Riboflavin	No quantity set	0.4 mg (50%)	No quantity set	0.85 mg (50%)
Niacin	No quantity set	2.5 mg (50%)	No quantity set	5.0 mg (50%)
Folate	No quantity set	50 μg (50%)	No quantity set	100 μg (50%)
Vitamin B ₆	No quantity set	0.35 mg (50%)	No quantity set	0.8 mg (50%)
Vitamin B ₁₂	No quantity set	$0.5 \mu g (50\%)$	No quantity set	1.0 μg (50%)
Vitamin C	No quantity set	15 mg (50%)	No quantity set	20 mg (50%)
Vitamin D	2.5 μg (50%)	2.5 μg (50%)	5.0 μg (50%)	5.0 μg (50%)
Vitamin E	No quantity set	2.5 mg (50%)	No quantity set	5.0 mg (50%)
Calcium	No quantity set	350 mg (50%)	No quantity set	400 mg (50%)
Iodine	35 μg (50%)	35 μg (50%)	75 μg (50%)	75 μg (50%)
Iron	No quantity set	3.0 mg (50%)	No quantity set	6.0 mg (50%)
Magnesium	No quantity set	32 mg (40%)	No quantity set	130 mg (40%)
Phosphorus	No quantity set	250 mg (50%)	No quantity set	500 mg(50%)
Zinc	No quantity set	1.1 mg (25%)	No quantity set	3.0 mg (25%)

Standard 2.9.4

Formulated Supplementary Sports Foods

Purpose

This Standard defines and regulates the composition and labelling of foods specially formulated to assist sports people in achieving specific nutritional or performance goals. Such foods are intended as supplements to a diet rather than for use as the sole or principal source of nutrition.

Due to the particular physiological demands of sports people, this Standard provides for the addition to formulated supplementary sports foods of certain micronutrients and other ingredients which are not permitted to be added to other foods. This means that such products are not suitable for consumption by children.

Table of Provisions

Division 1 - Formulated Supplementary Sports Foods Generally

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition
- 3 Required labelling statements
- 4 Ingredient claims
- 5 Vitamin and mineral claims
- 6 Prohibition on representations

Division 2 - Particular Formulated Supplementary Sports Foods

- 7 High carbohydrate supplement
- 8 Protein energy supplement
- 9 Energy supplement

Division 1 - Formulated Supplementary Sports Foods Generally

1 Interpretation

In this Code –

formulated supplementary sports food means a food or mixture of foods specifically formulated to assist sports people in achieving specific nutritional or performance goals.

one-day quantity in relation to formulated supplementary sports food, means the amount of that food which is to be consumed in one day in accordance with directions specified in the label.

2 Composition

A formulated supplementary sports food –

- (a) may contain the vitamins and minerals specified in the Table to this paragraph provided that
 - (i) the vitamin or mineral is added in a form listed in the Schedule to Standard 1.1.1 or in column 2 of the Schedule to this Standard; and
 - (ii) the amount of the vitamin or mineral in the food does not exceed the amount, if any, specified in column 3 of the Table; and

Table to Paragraph 2(a)

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Micronutrient	Maximum claimed amount per one-day	Maximum amount per one-day quantity
Vitamin A	quantity 375 μg	375 μg
Thiamin	2.2 mg	373 μg
Riboflavin	3.4 mg	
Niacin	20 mg	
Folate	400 μg	
Vitamin B6	3.2 mg	
Vitamin B12		
Vitamin C	4.0 μg	
Vitamin D	80 mg	25.43
Vitamin E	2.5 μg	2.5 μg
Biotin	20 mg	
Pantothenic acid	50 μg	
Calcium	3.5 mg	
	1600 mg	100
Chromium: inorganic forms	100 μg	100 μg
organic forms	50 μg	50 μg
Copper: inorganic forms	1.5 mg	1.5 mg
organic forms Iodine	750 μg	750 μg
Iron	75 μg	75 μg
Magnesium	12 mg	
	640 mg	
Manganese: inorganic forms organic forms	2.5 mg 1.25 mg	
Molybdenum: inorganic forms	1.25 mg 125 μg	
organic forms	62.5 μg	
Phosphorus	1000 mg	
Selenium: inorganic forms	· · · · · ·	52 μg
organic forms	52 μg 26 μg	26 μg
Zinc	20 μg 12 mg	20 μg
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(b) must not contain added amino acids as such, except for those specified in the Table to this paragraph, provided that the amount of the amino acid added to the food does not exceed the amount specified in column 2 of the Table; and

Table to Paragraph 2(b)

Column 1	Column 2
Amino Acid	Maximum
	amount
	added per
	one-day
	quantity
Alanine	1200 mg
Arginine	1100 mg
Aspartic acid	600 mg
Cysteine	440 mg
Glutamine	1900 mg
Glutamic acid	1600 mg
Glycine	1500 mg
Histidine	420 mg
Isoleucine	350 mg
Leucine	490 mg
Lysine	420 mg
Methionine	180 mg
Ornithine	360 mg
Phenylalanine	490 mg
Proline	1100 mg
Serine	1400 mg
Taurine	60 mg
Threonine	245 mg
Tyrosine	400 mg
Tryptophan	100 mg
Valine	350 mg

(c) may contain the ingredients listed in the Table to this paragraph added as such, provided that the amount of each ingredient added does not exceed the amount specified in relation to that ingredient in column 2 of the Table; and

Table to Paragraph 2(c)

Column 1	Column 2
Ingredient	Maximum amount added per one-day quantity
L-carnitine	100 mg
Choline	10 mg
Inosine	10 mg
Ubiquinones	15 mg
Creatine	3 g
Gamma-oryzinol	25 mg

- (d) must not contain, in a one-day quantity, more than -
 - (i) 70 mmol sodium; or
 - (ii) 95 mmol potassium.

3 Required labelling statements

- (1) The label on a package of formulated supplementary sports food must include statements to the effect that -
 - (a) the food is not a sole source of nutrition and should be consumed in conjunction with a nutritious diet; and
 - (b) the food should be used in conjunction with an appropriate physical training or exercise program.
- (2) The label on a package of formulated supplementary sports food must include -
 - (a) directions stating the recommended quantity and frequency of intake of the food; and
 - (b) a statement of the recommended consumption in one day; and
 - (c) a nutrition information panel in accordance with Standard 1.2.8.
- (3) The label on a package of formulated supplementary sports food must include, the statement -

"Not suitable for children under 15 years of age or pregnant women: Should only be used under medical or dietetic supervision"

(4) If a formulated supplementary sports food contains added phenylalanine then the label must include, the statement -

"Phenylketonurics: Contains phenylalanine".

(5) Formulated supplementary sports food is a prescribed name.

4 Ingredient claims

- (1) If the label on a package of formulated supplementary sports food refers to the presence of a particular ingredient, other than -
 - (a) vitamins or minerals; or
 - (b) in a statement required elsewhere in this Code;

the label must also include a statement of the amount by weight (expressed per 100g food or as a percentage) of the ingredient in that food either -

- (c) immediately after the statement referring to the presence of the ingredient; or
- (d) immediately following the name of that ingredient in the statement of ingredients.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply if the nutrition information panel lists the particular ingredient and the average quantity by weight of the ingredient in -
 - (a) a serving of the food; and
 - (b) per 100g or 100mL of the food.

5 Vitamin and mineral claims

- (1) The label on a package of formulated supplementary sports food must not claim the presence of a vitamin or mineral unless -
 - (a) the reference is required elsewhere in this Code; or
 - (b) the reference is specifically permitted by this clause.
- (2) The label on a package of formulated supplementary sports food may only claim the presence of a vitamin or mineral in the food if -
 - (a) the food contains -
 - (i) at least 10% of the recommended dietary intake for that vitamin or mineral in a serving of that food or, in relation to a food which requires dilution or preparation according to directions, the quantity of the food which when diluted or prepared produces a normal serving; or
 - (ii) at least 10% of the amount specified in column 3 of the Schedule to this Standard for that vitamin or mineral in a normal serving of that food, or in relation to a food which requires dilution or preparation according to directions, the quantity of the food which when diluted or prepared produces a normal serving; and
 - (b) the amount claimed does not exceed the amount specified in column 2 of the Table to paragraph 2(a); and
 - (c) the label on the package of the food includes a statement in accordance with clause 9 of Standard 1.3.2.

6 Prohibition on representations

Unless specific permission is given in this Part, the label on a package of formulated supplementary sports food must not include an express or implied representation that relates to any property or proposed use of the food to enhanced athletic performance or beneficial physiological effects.

Division 2 - Particular Formulated Supplementary Sports Foods

7 High carbohydrate supplement

- (1) A high carbohydrate supplement is a formulated supplementary sports food for which -
 - (a) not less than 90% of the energy yield of the product is derived from carbohydrate: and
 - (b) more than 15% of the product by weight is carbohydrate when prepared as directed.
- (2) The label on a package of high carbohydrate supplement must include statements to the effect that -
 - (a) if used during exercise, the food should be consumed in accordance with directions, to avoid the possibility of gastrointestinal upset; and
 - (b) the food must be consumed with an appropriate fluid intake.
- (3) The label on a package of a high carbohydrate supplement may include statements to the effect that -
 - (a) the product is useful either before, during and/or after sustained strenuous exercise; and
 - (b) appropriate usage may assist in the provision of energy in the form of carbohydrates.

8 Protein energy supplement

- (1) A protein energy supplement is a formulated supplementary sports food for which -
 - (a) not more than 30 % and not less than 15% of the energy yield of the product is derived from protein; and
 - (b) not more than 25 % of the energy yield of the product is derived from fat; and
 - (c) not more than 70 % of the energy yield of the product is derived from carbohydrate.
- (2) The label on a package of protein energy supplement must include a statement to the effect that the food must be consumed with an appropriate fluid intake.

- (3) The label on a package of protein energy supplement may include statements to the effect that -
 - (a) the product may assist in providing a low-bulk diet as may be required during training; and
 - (b) the product may assist in supplementing the diet with a high energy source as may be required during training; and
 - (c) usage as directed may assist in the development of muscle bulk; and
 - (d) the product is useful either before, during and/or after sustained strenuous exercise.

9 Energy supplement

- (1) An energy supplement is a formulated supplementary sports food for which not more than 20 % of the energy yield of the product is derived from protein.
- (2) The label on a package of energy supplement must include statements to the effect that -
 - (a) if used during exercise, the food should be consumed in accordance with directions, to avoid the possibility of gastrointestinal upset; and
 - (b) the food must be consumed with an appropriate fluid intake.
- (3) If more than 30% of the energy yield of the energy supplement is derived from fat, the label on the energy supplement must include a statement to the effect that the product is a high fat food and should be used for special fat loading strategies rather than everyday use.
- (4) The label on a package of energy supplement may include statements to the effect that -
 - (a) the product may assist in supplementing the diet with an energy source as may be required during training; and
 - (b) the product is useful either before, during and/or after sustained strenuous exercise.

SCHEDULE

Additional permitted forms and intake amounts for vitamins and minerals in Formulated Supplementary Sports Foods and in Formulated Meal Replacements

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Vitamin or Mineral	Permitted forms	Amount ¹
Biotin	d-biotin	100µg
Pantothenic acid	d-calcium pantothenate dexpanthenol d-sodium pantothenate	7mg
Calcium	calcium hydroxide calcium oxide calcium sulphate	800mg
Chromium	Inorganic forms: chromic chloride	200μg
	Organic forms: high chromium yeast chromium picolinate chromium nicotinate chromium aspartate	
Copper	Inorganic forms: cupric carbonate cupric sulphate Organic forms: copper gluconate	3.0mg
	copper-lysine complex cupric citrate	
Magnesium	magnesium citrate magnesium hydroxide	320mg
Manganese	Inorganic forms: manganese carbonate manganese chloride manganese sulphate	5.0mg
	Organic forms: manganese citrate	
Molybdenum	Inorganic forms: sodium molybdate	250μg
	Organic forms: high molybdenum yeast	

SCHEDULE (Continued)

Additional permitted forms and intake amounts for vitamins and minerals in Formulated Supplementary Sports Foods

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Vitamin or Mineral	Permitted forms	Amount ¹
Phosphorus	magnesium phosphate, monobasic phosphoric acid potassium phosphate, dibasic potassium phosphate, tribasic sodium phosphate, dibasic sodium phosphate, monobasic sodium phosphate, tribasic	1000mg
Selenium	Inorganic forms: sodium selenate sodium selenite Organic forms: selenomethionine	70μg

 $^{^{1}}$ The amount represents the recommended dietary intake for the permitted forms of calcium, magnesium, phosphorus and selenium and the estimated safe and adequate daily dietary intake for the remaining minerals listed in column 1 of the Schedule.

Standard 2.10.1

Vinegar and Related Products

Purpose

This standard contains specific compositional requirements for vinegar, imitation vinegar, blended vinegar and other vinegar products.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of vinegar and imitation vinegar

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Standard -

vinegar means the sour liquid prepared by acetous fermentation, with or without alcoholic fermentation, of any suitable foodstuff.

imitation vinegar means the product prepared by mixing water and acetic acid.

2 Composition of vinegar

Vinegar and imitation vinegar must contain no less than 40 g/kg of acetic acid.

Editorial note:

Blended vinegar is a liquid mixture of a number of vinegar products, and as such must also contain no less than 40 g/kg of acetic acid.

Standard 2.10.2

Salt and Salt Products

Purpose

This Standard sets out the compositional and labelling requirements for salt and salt products.

Table of Provisions

- 1 Interpretation
- 2 Composition of salt
- 3 Composition of reduced sodium salt mixtures
- 4 Composition of salt substitutes
- 5 Labelling of reduced sodium salt mixtures and salt substitutes
- 6 Composition of iodised salt
- 7 Composition of iodised reduced sodium salt mixtures

Clauses

1 Interpretation

In this Code-

iodised salt means a mixture of salt and -

- (a) potassium iodide or potassium iodate; or
- (b) sodium iodide or sodium iodate.

reduced sodium salt mixture means a product prepared from a mixture of sodium chloride and potassium chloride.

salt means the crystalline product consisting predominantly of sodium chloride, that is obtained from the sea, underground rock salt deposits or from natural brine.

salt substitute means a food made as a substitute for salt consisting of permitted food additives.

2 Composition of salt

- (1) Salt must contain no less than 970 g/kg sodium chloride on a dry matter basis, exclusive of permitted food additives.
- (2) Salt must contain no more than -
 - (a) 0.5 mg/kg of arsenic; and
 - (b) 2 mg/kg of lead; and
 - (c) 0.5 mg/kg cadmium; and
 - (d) 0.1 mg/kg of mercury.

3 Composition of reduced sodium salt mixtures

Reduced sodium salt mixtures must contain no more than -

- (a) 200 g/kg sodium; and
- (b) 400 g/kg potassium.

4 Composition of salt substitutes

Salt substitutes must contain no more than 1.2 g/kg of sodium.

5 Labelling of reduced sodium salt mixtures and salt substitutes

- (1) The label on a package of reduced sodium salt mixture or salt substitute
 - (a) must declare the sodium and potassium content, expressed per 100 g; and
 - (b) may include a declaration of the percentage reduction of sodium in the reduced sodium salt mixture or salt substitute, relative to salt.
- (2) A declaration in accordance with subclause (1) does not constitute a nutrition claim for the purposes of Standard 1.2.8.

Editorial note:

Where a claim is made in relation to the sodium content of foods to which reduced sodium salt mixtures or salt substitutes have been added, a nutrition information panel in accordance with Standard 1.2.8 is required on the label of such foods.

6 Composition of iodised salt

Iodised salt must contain potassium iodide or iodate, or sodium iodide or iodate equivalent to -

- (a) no less than 25 mg/kg of iodine; and
- (b) no more than 65 mg/kg of iodine.

7 Composition of iodised reduced sodium salt mixtures

Iodised reduced sodium salt mixtures must contain potassium iodide or iodate, or sodium iodide or iodate equivalent to -

- (a) no less than 25 mg/kg of iodine; and
- (b) no more than 65 mg/kg of iodine.

