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## **Wildlife (General) Regulations 2010**

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TASMANIA

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# **Wildlife (General) Regulations 2010**

I, the Governor in and over the State of Tasmania and its Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia, acting with the advice of the Executive Council, make the following regulations under the Nature Conservation Act 2002 .

22 November 2010

PETER G. UNDERWOOD

Governor

By His Excellency's Command,

D. J. O'BYRNE

Minister for Environment, Parks and Heritage

# PART 1 - Preliminary

## 1. Short title

These regulations may be cited as the Wildlife (General) Regulations 2010 .

## 2. Commencement

These regulations take effect on 1 January 2011.

## 3. Interpretation

(1) In these regulations, unless the contrary intention appears –

*Act* means the Nature Conservation Act 2002 ;

*adult male deer* means a male deer with branching antlers;

*antlerless deer* means a deer that is –

- (a) without antlers; and
- (b) partly protected wildlife;

*approved* means approved by the Secretary;

*Bass Strait islands* means the islands in Bass Strait that are within the jurisdiction of the State;

*brow tine* means the tine closest to a deer's brow;

*buy* includes acquire for any consideration;

*cage* includes any pen, aviary, enclosure or structure in which, or by means of which, wildlife is confined;

*certified forest practices plan* means a certified forest practices plan within the meaning of the Forest Practices Act 1985 ;

*device*, in relation to a seal deterrent permit, means a device that –

- (a) is designed to, or has the capability to, deter seals from entering or remaining in a particular area of water; and
- (b) involves the use of explosives, the discharge of a projectile or the use of a chemical substance;

*open season*, in relation to a form of partly protected wildlife, means the season during which the taking of the form of partly protected wildlife is permitted by order under section 30 of the Act;

*pheasant* means a pheasant of a species that is partly protected wildlife;

*process of treatment*, when used in relation to a skin, means any process for tanning or otherwise preserving a skin;

*protected wildlife* means wildlife of a species specified in Schedule 2 or 3 ;

*public authority management agreement* means a public authority management agreement within the meaning of the Threatened Species Protection Act 1995 ;

*relevant fee* –

- (a) for a licence named in column 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 8 , means the fee specified in column 2 of that Part adjacent to the licence so named; and
- (b) for a permit named in column 1 of Part 2 of Schedule 8 , means the fee specified in column 2 of that Part adjacent to the permit so named;

*relevant offence* means –

- (a) an offence under the Act, the Animal Welfare Act 1993 , the Firearms Act 1996 , the National Parks and Reserves Management Act 2002 , or the Threatened Species Protection Act 1995 ; or
- (b) regulations made under any of those Acts; or
- (c) such other offence as determined by the Secretary for the purpose of this regulation;

**restricted (special purpose) wildlife** means wildlife of a species specified in Schedule 6 ;

**sell** means sell by wholesale or retail and includes –

- (a) offer, display or expose for sale; and
- (b) keep or have in possession for sale; and
- (c) barter or exchange; and
- (d) deal in or agree to sell; and
- (e) supply, send, forward or deliver for sale or for, or in expectation of receiving, any payment or other consideration; and
- (f) authorise, cause, attempt or allow any act referred to in paragraph (a) , (b) , (c) , (d) or (e) ;

**specially protected wildlife** means wildlife of a species specified in Schedule 1 ;

**stock** means –

- (a) goats, horses, oxen, sheep, swine, cervids and camelids; and
- (b) poultry of any kind; and
- (c) oysters, mussels, abalone, scallops and clams; and
- (d) fish of the family Salmonidae and goldfish;

**taxidermy** means –

- (a) preparing and mounting parts, or complete specimens, of dead wildlife for the purpose of preserving those parts or specimens in lifelike form; or
- (b) restoring already preserved parts or specimens of dead wildlife;

**trez tine** means the first major tine after the brow tine;

**wild duck** means any bird of a species which is a member of the family Anatidae that is also partly protected wildlife;

[Regulation 3 Subregulation (1) amended by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Feb 2011] **wildlife exhibition licence** means a licence of that name issued under the Wildlife (Exhibited Animals) Regulations 2010 ;

**wildlife officer** means –

- (a) the Secretary; or
- (b) an inspector as defined in the Animal Health Act 1995 ; or
- (c) an authorised officer as defined in the Nature Conservation Act 2002 ; or
- (d) a person employed in the Department who is appointed by the Secretary to be a wildlife officer.

(2) [Regulation 3 Subregulation (2) amended by No. 36 of 2011, Sched. 2, Applied:01 Feb 2015] For the purposes of these regulations, any products of wildlife that have been canned or tinned or otherwise processed by the holder of a relevant accreditation under the Primary Produce Safety Act 2011 in accordance with the accreditation are taken not to be products of wildlife.

#### 4. Domestic stock

For the purposes of the definition of "domestic stock" in section 3(1) of the Act, the animals specified in Schedule 7 are prescribed to be domestic stock.

#### **4A. Controlled animals**

*[Regulation 4A Inserted by S.R. 2012, No. 82, Applied:26 Sep 2012]* For the purposes of the definition of *controlled animal* in section 32 of the Act, the animals specified in Schedule 7A are prescribed to be controlled animals.

#### **5. Partly protected wildlife**

For the purposes of the definition of "partly protected wildlife" in section 3(1) of the Act, the species of wildlife specified in Schedule 4 are prescribed to be partly protected wildlife.

#### **6. Restricted animals**

For the purposes of section 32 of the Act, the animals specified in Schedule 5 are prescribed to be restricted animals.

## **PART 2 - Taking and Trading in Wildlife and Wildlife Products**

### ***Division 1 - Licences***

#### **7. Who may apply for licence**

(1) An application for a fauna dealers licence (skins) or a commercial taxidermy licence may be made by, and the licence issued to –

- (a) an individual; or
- (b) 2 or more individuals jointly; or
- (c) a body corporate.

(2) An application for any other licence under this Part may only be made by, and the licence issued to, an individual.

#### **8. Application for licence**

(1) An application for a licence under this Part is to be –

- (a) in writing; and
- (b) accompanied by the relevant fee, if any; and
- (c) accompanied by a written notification of all relevant offences of which the applicant has been convicted within the period of 5 years immediately preceding the day on which the application is made.

(2) If the Minister in any special case so approves, an application may be accepted and a licence issued without payment of the relevant fee or on payment of a lesser fee approved by the Minister.

(3) A person who holds a licence under this Part must not make application for another licence of the same kind and any licence issued as a result of such an application is of no effect.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

#### **9. Grant and issue of licence**

(1) On receipt of an application for a licence made in accordance with regulation 8 , the Secretary may –

- (a) grant the application; or
- (b) refuse to grant the application.

(2) Without limiting subregulation (1)(b) , the Secretary is to refuse to grant an application if the applicant, within the period of 5 years immediately preceding the day on which the application is made, has been convicted of a relevant offence.

(3) If the Secretary grants the application, the Secretary is to issue the relevant licence to the applicant.

#### **10. Licence subject to conditions**

(1) A licence under this Part may be granted and issued subject to such conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(2) Without limiting subregulation (1) , a licence under this Part may be subject to conditions relating to –

- (a) the manner in which an animal taken by the licence holder may be identified; and
- (b) the affixing of a tag by the licence holder to an animal so taken.

(3) A person to whom a licence is issued under this Part must ensure that the conditions of the licence are complied with.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

## **11. Authority of licences**

Except as provided in these regulations, a licence under this Part does not authorise the doing of any act that is contrary to these regulations or any other regulations under the Act.

## **12. Skin dealers licence**

A fauna dealers licence (skins) authorises the holder during the period of 12 months ending on 31 December in any year as specified in the licence –

- (a) to buy untreated skins and unmarked skins; and
- (b) to sell any skins (including untreated skins) that are not unmarked skins.

## **13. Wallaby licences**

(1) A commercial wallaby hunters licence authorises the holder to –

- (a) take wallaby during the open season specified in the licence; and
- (b) sell the skins of any wallaby taken by the holder under the licence; and
- (c) *[Regulation 13 Subregulation (1) amended by No. 36 of 2011, Sched. 2, Applied:01 Feb 2015]* supply the meat of any wallaby taken by the holder under the licence to a person who is authorised by an accreditation under the Primary Produce Safety Act 2011 to process wallaby meat or to a person who is an agent or representative of such a person.

(2) A wallaby licence authorises the holder to take wallaby during the open season specified in the licence.

## **14. Muttonbird licences**

(1) A commercial muttonbird catchers licence authorises the holder to –

- (a) take juvenile muttonbirds on the rookeries specified in the licence during the open season specified in the licence; and
- (b) *[Regulation 14 Subregulation (1) amended by No. 36 of 2011, Sched. 2, Applied:01 Feb 2015]* supply any juvenile muttonbirds taken by the holder in pursuance of the licence to a person who is authorised by an accreditation under the Primary Produce Safety Act 2011 to process juvenile muttonbirds or to a person who is an agent or representative of such a person.

(2) A muttonbird licence authorises the holder to take muttonbird during the open season specified in the licence.

## **15. Hunting licences**

- (1) A deer licence authorises the holder to take deer during the open season specified in the licence.
- (2) A duck licence authorises the holder to take wild duck during the open season specified in the licence.
- (3) A pheasant licence authorises the holder to take adult male pheasant during the open season specified in the licence.
- (4) A brown quail licence authorises the holder to take brown quail during the open season specified in the licence.

## **16. Commercial taxidermy licence**

A commercial taxidermy licence authorises the licence holder to keep, buy, sell, dispose of and process dead wildlife that is partly protected wildlife for the purpose of taxidermy, for the 12-month period specified in the licence.

## **17. Licence holder to mark or tag wildlife if directed**

(1) The Secretary, by notice in writing, may direct the holder of a licence issued under this Part to mark or tag wildlife in that holder's possession, if –

- (a) the wildlife is diseased; or

- (b) the wildlife is of a species listed in Schedule 1 , Schedule 2 , Schedule 3 or Schedule 4 ; or
- (c) the Secretary believes on reasonable grounds that the wildlife is or was held, or was acquired or disposed of, in contravention of the Act, regulations made under the Act or a corresponding law of another State or a Territory of the Commonwealth.

- (2) The Secretary may specify the type of mark or tag to be used for marking the wildlife.
- (3) A person who possesses wildlife which the Secretary has directed to be marked or tagged must –
  - (a) mark or tag the wildlife with the mark or tag provided by the Secretary using a method approved by the Secretary; and
  - (b) subject to subregulation (4) , ensure that wildlife remains marked or tagged in accordance with paragraph (a) while that wildlife is in the person's possession.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

- (4) If a mark or tag has been affixed to an animal in accordance with this regulation, a person must not remove that mark or tag unless authorised to do so by the Secretary.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

## **18. Cancellation of licence**

- (1) The Secretary, by notice in writing served on the holder of a licence issued under this Part, may cancel the licence.
- (2) A notice under subregulation (1) is to specify the grounds on which the licence is cancelled.
- (3) The cancellation of a licence takes effect on service of the notice under subregulation (1) or a later day specified in the notice.
- (4) The holder of the licence must surrender it to the Secretary as soon as practicable after it is cancelled.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 50 penalty units.

## ***Division 2 - Permits***

### **19. Who may apply for permit**

- (1) Subject to subregulation (2) , an application for a permit under this Part may be made by, and the permit issued to –
  - (a) an individual; or
  - (b) 2 or more individuals jointly; or
  - (c) a body corporate.
- (2) Unless otherwise authorised by the Secretary, only an individual may apply for, and be issued with, a permit to take wildlife, other than a permit to take wildlife for scientific or educational purposes.
- (3) An application for a permit to receive skins –
  - (a) may be made by the holder of a fauna dealers licence (skins); and
  - (b) is to nominate a person who the holder of the licence wishes to receive wallaby skins or brushtail possum skins on the licence holder's behalf as the licence holder's employee, agent or otherwise.

### **20. Application for permit**

- (1) An application for a permit under this Part is to be –
  - (a) in writing; and
  - (b) accompanied by the relevant fee, if any; and

(c) accompanied by a written notification of all relevant offences of which the applicant has been convicted within the period of 5 years immediately preceding the day on which the application is made.

(2) If the Minister in any special case so approves, an application may be accepted and a permit issued without payment of the relevant fee or on payment of a lesser fee approved by the Minister.

(3) A person who holds a permit must not make application for another permit of the same kind and any permit issued as a result of such an application is of no effect.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

## **21. Grant and issue of permit**

(1) On receipt of an application for a permit made in accordance with regulation 20 , the Secretary may –

- (a) grant the application; or
- (b) refuse to grant the application.

(2) The Secretary is not to grant an application for a crop protection permit referred to in regulation 26 unless satisfied that it is proper to do so to prevent the destruction of, or injury to, any stock or plants caused by the wildlife specified in the permit.

(3) The Secretary is not to grant an application for a seal deterrent permit referred to in regulation 27 unless satisfied that –

- (a) the use of a deterrent is necessary to ensure the viability of the relevant fish farming or other fishing activity; and
- (b) the applicant has a sufficient commercial connection with the fish farming or other fishing activity; and
- (c) the user of the device has had adequate instructions and training in the safe and effective use of the device.

(4) Without limiting subregulation (1)(b) , the Secretary is to refuse to grant an application if the applicant, within the period of 5 years immediately preceding the day on which the application is made, has been convicted of a relevant offence.

(5) If the Secretary grants the application, the Secretary is to issue the relevant permit to the applicant or, in the case of a permit to receive skins, to the person nominated by the applicant to receive skins on the applicant's behalf.

## **22. Permit subject to conditions**

(1) A permit under this Part may be granted and issued subject to such conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(2) Without limiting subregulation (1) , the conditions may relate to any one or more of the following matters:

- (a) the manner in which an animal taken by the permit holder may be identified;
- (b) the affixing of a tag by the permit holder to an animal so taken;
- (c) the time at which, the period within which or the place at which the authority granted by the permit may be exercised;
- (d) the manner in which that authority may be exercised;
- (e) the precautions to be observed in the exercise of that authority;
- (f) the person by whom any act authorised by the permit is to be done, or the supervision or control under which any such act is to be done;
- (g) the disposal of, or other dealings with, any wildlife or wildlife products taken under the authority of the permit.

(2A) [Regulation 22 Subregulation (2A) inserted by S.R. 2016, No. 42, Applied:22 Jun 2016] In the case of a crop protection permit referred to in regulation 26 , a condition imposed under subregulation (1) may authorise the holder of the permit to allow another person to take wildlife under the authority of the crop protection permit, as if that other person were the holder of the permit.

(2B) [Regulation 22 Subregulation (2B) inserted by S.R. 2016, No. 42, Applied:22 Jun 2016] If the holder of a permit allows another person to take wildlife under the authority of a crop protection permit in accordance with subregulation (2A) , that person is taken to be authorised by the permit to take the wildlife if he or she takes wildlife in accordance with the permit.

(3) A person to whom a permit is issued under this Part must ensure that the conditions of the permit are complied with.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### **23. Permit for export**

A permit for export issued under this Part authorises the removal from the State of partly protected, protected or specially protected wildlife, or any product of such wildlife, specified in the permit.

### **24. Permit for taking specially protected, protected or partly protected wildlife in special cases**

(1) A permit under this regulation authorises the person named in the permit or a person acting under the Secretary's direction to take, have possession of, buy or sell or otherwise dispose of such form of partly protected, protected or specially protected wildlife, or the products of such wildlife, as are specified in the permit.

(2) The permit may only be issued if the Secretary is satisfied that it is necessary or desirable to do so.

### **25. Permit to take wildlife for scientific or educational purposes**

(1) A permit under this regulation authorises the taking, for scientific or educational purposes, of such form of partly protected, protected or specially protected wildlife as is specified in the permit.

(2) The permit may authorise persons other than the permit holder to take the wildlife if they do so at the direction, and under the close supervision, of the permit holder.

### **26. Crop protection permit**

(1) A crop protection permit authorises the taking of such form of partly protected, protected or specially protected wildlife as is specified in the permit to prevent the destruction of, or injury to, any stock or plants caused by that wildlife.

(2) A crop protection permit may also authorise the possession or selling or other disposal of the wildlife taken under the authority of the permit or the products of any such wildlife.

### **27. Seal deterrent permit**

(1) A seal deterrent permit authorises the use of a device that deters seals from interfering with fish farming or another fishing activity.

(2) Without limiting the conditions to which a seal deterrent permit may be made subject under regulation 22 , a seal deterrent permit may also specify that it is subject to conditions relating to one or more of the following matters:

(a) the circumstances or ways in which a device may be used;

(b) the time or locality in which a device may be used.

### **28. Permit to receive skins**

(1) A permit to receive skins referred to in regulation 19(3) authorises the person named in the permit to receive a wallaby skin or brushtail possum skin as the employee or agent of, or otherwise on behalf of, the holder of a fauna dealers licence (skins) named in the permit.

(2) The holder of a fauna dealers licence (skins) named in the permit, by written notice to the Secretary, may revoke the nomination, referred to in regulation 19(3)(b) , of the permit holder to receive skins on his or her behalf.

(3) The Secretary, on receipt of a notice under subregulation (2) from the holder of a fauna dealers licence (skins), is to cancel the permit to which the notice relates by serving on the holder of the permit a written notice stating that –

(a) the permit is cancelled; and

(b) it has been cancelled on the ground that the nomination of that person has been revoked by the holder of the licence.

(4) If the Secretary considers that there are grounds for cancelling a permit, other than the ground referred to in subregulation (3) , the Secretary may cancel the permit by serving on the holder of the permit a written notice stating that the permit is cancelled and the grounds for its cancellation.

(5) On service of a notice under subregulation (3) or (4) cancelling a permit, the permit ceases to have effect and the holder must surrender it to the Secretary as soon as practicable.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 50 penalty units.

## **29. Cancellation of permit**

(1) The Secretary, by notice in writing served on the holder of a permit issued under this Part, may cancel the permit.

(2) A notice under subregulation (1) is to specify the grounds on which the permit is cancelled.

(3) The cancellation of the permit takes effect on service of the notice under subregulation (1) or a later day specified in the notice.

(4) The holder of the permit must surrender it to the Secretary as soon as practicable after it is cancelled.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 50 penalty units.

## ***Division 3 - Returns and records***

### **30. Returns**

(1) The Secretary, by written notice, may require the holder of a licence or permit issued under this Part to provide the Secretary with a return, in a form approved by the Secretary, giving such particulars as the Secretary specifies in the notice.

(2) The holder of a licence or permit must comply with a notice under subregulation (1) –

(a) on or before the day specified in the notice; or

(b) where no day is specified in the notice, within 28 days after the end of the period for which the licence or permit is issued.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### **31. Returns by holders of commercial muttonbird operators licences**

The holder of a commercial muttonbird operators licence must, within the period of 14 days immediately after the end of the open season to which the licence relates, provide the Secretary with a return, in an approved form, giving such particulars relating to juvenile muttonbirds taken under the authority of the licence as the Secretary requires.

### **32. Records**

(1) The Secretary, by written notice, may require the holder of a permit issued under this Part to keep a record of such particulars as the Secretary specifies in the notice.

(2) The holder of the permit must comply with a notice under subregulation (1) .

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### **33. Records of dealings in skins**

(1) The holder of a commercial wallaby hunters licence or a wallaby licence who sells or otherwise disposes of any wallaby skins must, as soon as practicable –

(a) record on that licence –

(i) the number of skins sold or disposed of; and

(ii) the name, and address of the place of residence or business, of the person to whom they were sold or disposed of; and

(iii) the date on which they were sold or disposed of; and

(b) sign and date that record.

(2) If a record is made in respect of the sale or other disposal of any skins under subregulation (1) , the person to whom those skins are sold or disposed of is to sign and date that record.

(3) The holder of a fauna dealers licence (skins) must keep a record in an approved form of all sales and purchases by the holder of, and other dealings by the holder in, wallaby skins and brushtail possum skins.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) A record required to be kept under subregulation (3) is to show in relation to each sale or purchase of, or other dealing in, any skins –

(a) the date of that sale, purchase or other dealing; and

(b) the number of those skins; and

(c) the name, and address of the place of residence or business, of the person to whom the skins were sold, or from whom they were purchased or with whom the other dealing took place, as the case may be.

(5) The holder of a licence specified in Part 1 of Schedule 8 must, not later than the fourteenth day of each month, provide the Secretary with a copy of the record kept under subregulation (3) in respect of the sales and purchases of, and other dealings in, skins during the preceding calendar month.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(6) The holder of a licence specified in Part 1 of Schedule 8 must not, in a record kept under subregulation (3) , make a statement, or record information, knowing it to be false or misleading in a material particular.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

## ***Division 4 - Royalties***

### **34. Royalties for wallaby skins and brushtail possum skins**

(1) For each skin of a wallaby or brushtail possum, a royalty of the amount specified in Schedule 9 in respect of that animal skin is payable.

(2) When a wallaby or brushtail possum skin is produced to a wildlife officer and the royalty payable for that skin is paid to the officer, the officer is to mark the skin in an approved manner.

(3) The Secretary may waive the payment of the royalty for the skins of wildlife taken under a permit issued under regulation 26 .

(4) If a wildlife officer is satisfied that a skin produced to him or her is a skin for which the payment of the royalty has been waived under subregulation (3) , the wildlife officer is to mark the skin in an approved manner.

## ***Division 5 - Offences***

### **35. Taking specially protected wildlife**

(1) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not take, buy, sell or have possession of any specially protected wildlife or any product of specially protected wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Subregulation (1) does not apply to the having possession of specially protected wildlife, or the products of specially protected wildlife, kept by the holder of a wildlife exhibition licence pursuant to that licence.

(3) Also, subregulation (1) does not apply to the taking of specially protected wildlife, or the products of specially protected wildlife, by –

(a) a person undertaking the clearance of native vegetation or the harvesting of trees in accordance with a certified forest practices plan, or a public authority management agreement, unless the Secretary, by notice in writing, requires the person to obtain a permit; or

(b) [*Regulation 35 Subregulation (3) amended by No. 34 of 2015, s. 25, Applied:01 Jan 2016*] a person undertaking dam works in accordance with a permit issued under Part 8 of the Water Management Act 1999 after 16 July 2007.

### **36. Taking protected wildlife**

(1) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not take, buy, sell or have possession of any protected wildlife or any product of protected wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Subregulation (1) does not apply to –

(a) the buying, selling or having possession of a form of wildlife described in Schedule 3 or a product of that form of wildlife; or

(b) the having possession of protected wildlife, or the product of protected wildlife, that is kept by the holder of a wildlife exhibition licence pursuant to that licence; or

(c) the taking of a snake which a person reasonably believes may threaten the life of a person or a domestic animal; or

(d) the taking or having possession of amphibian eggs or tadpoles; or

(e) the taking or having possession of up to 6 adult specimens each of metallic skink, spotted skink, common froglet and brown tree frog.

(3) Also, subregulation (1) does not apply to the taking of protected wildlife, or the products of protected wildlife, by –

(a) a person undertaking the clearance of native vegetation or the harvesting of trees in accordance with a certified forest practices plan, or a public authority management agreement, unless the Secretary, by notice in writing, requires the person to obtain a permit; or

(b) [*Regulation 36 Subregulation (3) amended by No. 34 of 2015, s. 26, Applied:01 Jan 2016*] a person undertaking dam works in accordance with a permit issued under Part 8 of the Water Management Act 1999 after 16 July 2007.

### **37. Taking partly protected wildlife**

(1) Except as authorised by a licence or a permit under this Part, a person must not take any partly protected wildlife, or any product of partly protected wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not take any partly protected wildlife or any product of partly protected wildlife other than during an open season for that partly protected wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) Subregulations (1) and (2) do not apply to the taking of partly protected wildlife, or the products of partly protected wildlife, by –

(a) a person undertaking the clearance of native vegetation or the harvesting of trees in accordance with a certified forest practices plan, or a public authority management agreement, unless the Secretary, by notice in writing, requires the person to obtain a permit; or

(b) *[Regulation 37 Subregulation (3) amended by No. 34 of 2015, s. 27, Applied:01 Jan 2016]* a person undertaking dam works in accordance with a permit issued under Part 8 of the Water Management Act 1999 after 16 July 2007.

(4) Except as authorised by a licence or a permit under this Part, a person must not sell any product of partly protected wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(5) Subregulation (3) does not apply to the sale of –

(a) a skin of a wallaby or brushtail possum which has been –

(i) marked in accordance with regulation 34 ; or

(ii) subjected to a process of treatment; or

(b) an egg of a pheasant or brown quail produced by a bird held in captivity; or

(c) *[Regulation 37 Subregulation (5) amended by No. 36 of 2011, Sched. 2, Applied:01 Feb 2015]* a product of a juvenile muttonbird supplied by a person authorised by an accreditation under Part 4 of the Primary Produce Safety Act 2011 to process juvenile muttonbirds.

(6) Except as authorised by a licence or a permit under this Part, a person must not take or have possession of an egg of partly protected wildlife, other than an egg of a pheasant or brown quail produced by a bird held in captivity.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(7) Subregulation (6) does not apply to the having possession of an egg of partly protected wildlife kept under a wildlife exhibition licence.

(8) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not buy an egg of partly protected wildlife, other than an egg of a pheasant or brown quail produced by a bird held in captivity.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(9) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not have possession of any living partly protected wildlife, other than a wallaby, brushtail possum, pheasant, brown quail or wild duck.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(10) Subregulation (9) does not apply to the having possession of living partly protected wildlife kept under a wildlife exhibition licence.

(11) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not sell living partly protected wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### **38. Dealing with wildlife unlawfully taken**

- (1) A person must not buy or sell –
  - (a) any wildlife taken contrary to these regulations; or
  - (b) any product of any wildlife taken contrary to these regulations.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

- (2) A person must not have possession of –
  - (a) any wildlife taken contrary to these regulations; or
  - (b) any product of wildlife taken contrary to these regulations.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### **39. Exporting wildlife**

Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not remove, or cause or allow to be removed, from the State any partly protected, protected or specially protected wildlife or any product of any such wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### **40. Dealing in restricted (special purpose) wildlife**

Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not buy, sell or have possession of any restricted (special purpose) wildlife or any product of such wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### **41. Dealing in wallaby skins and brushtail possum skins**

(1) Except as authorised by a licence or a permit under this Part, a person must not buy or sell an untreated wallaby skin or brushtail possum skin or an unmarked wallaby skin or brushtail possum skin.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Despite subregulation (1), a single individual may buy during an open season not more than 10 untreated and unmarked skins.

(3) A commercial wallaby hunters licence or a wallaby licence that authorises the selling of a skin, or the products, of a wallaby is taken to authorise the selling of any such skin, or any such product, that is an untreated skin or an unmarked skin.

(4) A person who buys an unmarked skin must, within 28 days after receiving the skin, produce that skin to a wildlife officer and pay the royalty payable in respect of the skin under regulation 34.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(5) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not, otherwise than during an open season or the period of 28 days immediately following the end of the season, be in possession of an unmarked skin.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

- (6) A person must not –
  - (a) prepare an unmarked skin for any process of treatment; or
  - (b) carry out any process of treatment, or any part of a process of treatment, on an unmarked skin.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(7) Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not receive a wallaby skin or brushtail possum skin as the employee or agent of, or otherwise on behalf of, the holder of a fauna dealers licence (skins).

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

**42. Using device to deter seals**

Except as authorised by a permit under this Part, a person must not use a device to deter a seal from interfering with fish farming or another fishing activity.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

## PART 3 - Hunting

### 43. Prohibited methods of hunting wildlife

(1) Except with the written permission of the Secretary or as authorised under this Part, a person must not take any bird that is partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife by any method of hunting other than by shooting it with a firearm.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Subregulation (1) does not apply to the taking of muttonbirds.

(3) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not, in taking or for the purpose of taking any form of partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife –

(a) use or have possession of a firearm that has a bore that is greater than the bore commonly known as No. 12; or

(b) use or have possession of a firearm that is fitted with a silencer; or

(c) use a firearm during the period commencing one hour after sunset on any day and ending one hour before sunrise on the next day.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) A person must not, in taking or for the purpose of taking any partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife, use or have possession of any spear, explosive, poison, chemical or other weapon or substance, unless the use or possession is –

(a) authorised under this Part in respect of the form of wildlife taken; or

(b) permitted by the Secretary.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### 44. Prohibition on use of protected wildlife as bait

(1) A person must not use the carcass, or any part of the carcass, of a bird that is a form of partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife for the purpose of bait.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not use the carcass of an animal that is partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife for the purpose of a drag-hunt, dog race or dog training.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) A person must not use any living partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife for the purpose of taking wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) In this regulation –

*dog race* means a race involving the pursuit by dogs of a lure which may be the carcass of an animal;

*drag-hunt* means a hunt in which dogs are encouraged to follow a scent trail made by dragging the carcass of an animal over the ground.

### 45. Prohibition on discharging firearm in certain circumstances

(1) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not discharge a firearm for the purpose of taking any partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife if the person is –

- (a) in a conveyance; or
- (b) within 10 metres of a conveyance that the person has left for the purpose of taking wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) However, subregulation (1) does not apply to a person taking wild duck if the person –

- (a) is in a vessel that is not underway; and
- (b) takes the wild duck in accordance with a licence or permit.

(3) For the purposes of subregulation (2) , a vessel is taken to be underway if it is being propelled directly or indirectly by one or more of the following:

- (a) an engine;
- (b) a sail;
- (c) an oar, paddle or pole.

#### **46. Prohibition on spotlighting**

(1) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not use, or have possession of, any light in taking, or for the purpose of taking, any partly protected wildlife, protected wildlife or specially protected wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) In this regulation –

*light* means any lamp or lantern or other device for providing illumination.

#### **47. Prohibition on organised shoot without permission**

(1) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not –

- (a) arrange or provide facilities for an organised shoot; or
- (b) while carrying a firearm, take part in an organised shoot.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) If a person, while carrying a firearm, takes part in an organised shoot held with the permission of the Secretary granted under subregulation (1) , the person must comply with any conditions relating to that permission that are applicable to the person.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) For the purposes of this regulation, an organised shoot is a gathering of persons, at least 15 of whom are carrying firearms, who –

- (a) are assembled for the purpose of; or
- (b) are engaged in; or
- (c) are intending to engage in –

the taking of any wildlife.

#### **48. Nets and traps**

(1) A person who uses, sets, lays or places in position any net or trap of any kind for the purpose of taking any wildlife must remove, destroy or render harmless any net or trap that is no longer in use.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) A person who uses, sets, lays or places in position any net or trap for the purpose of taking any wildlife must –

- (a) inspect that net or trap at intervals not exceeding 24 hours; and
- (b) immediately remove or release from the net or trap any wildlife the person finds to be caught in it.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

#### **49. Wounded wildlife to be killed on recovery**

A person who, having taken wildlife with the intention to kill under a licence or permit under Part 2 , finds that the wildlife is alive when recovered must immediately kill that wildlife.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

#### **50. Special provisions as to muttonbird**

(1) A person must not take any muttonbird during the period commencing one hour after sunset on any day and ending one hour before sunrise on the following day.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) A person must not use, or have possession of, any pointed, barbed, hook-shaped or sharpened implement for the purpose of taking any muttonbird from a burrow.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) A person must not take any muttonbird by means, or with the assistance, of a dog.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not –

- (a) dig out, destroy, damage or in any way render useless any muttonbird burrow; or
- (b) wilfully interfere with any muttonbird or muttonbird burrow on or in the vicinity of a muttonbird rookery; or
- (c) take any adult muttonbird.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

#### **51. Special provisions as to deer**

(1) A person must not take a deer by means, or with the assistance, of a dog.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not take a deer otherwise than by shooting it with a rifle –

- (a) with a calibre of not less than 6 millimetres (or 0.236 inches); and
- (b) which is capable of delivering a projectile having a kinetic energy of 1 350 joules (or 996 foot pounds) at a distance of 100 metres (or 109.36 yards) from the rifle.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) A person who has taken an adult male deer must immediately fix and lock a prescribed tag to the antler of the deer around the beam between the brow tine and the trez tine.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) A person who has taken an antlerless deer must immediately fix and lock a prescribed tag through the lower jaw of the deer.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(5) A person must not affix a prescribed tag to a deer if it is a tag that has been issued to another person.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(6) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not remove a prescribed tag fixed to a deer in accordance with subregulation (3) or (4) .

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(7) A person must not interfere with, damage or deface a prescribed tag.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(8) In this regulation –

*prescribed tag* means a tag issued to the holder of a deer licence at the time of the issue of the licence.

## **52. Special provisions as to wild duck**

(1) A person who is in a vessel that is being driven or propelled by an engine or other mechanical means must not take or wilfully rouse or disturb any wild duck.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) A person must not use, or assist in the use of, any aircraft for the purpose of rousing or disturbing any wild duck.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) A person must not use any bait, live bird, tape recorder or electronic device to attract wild duck for the purpose of taking wild duck.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) A person must not use any weapon other than a shotgun with a smooth bore for the purpose of taking, rousing or wilfully disturbing any wild duck.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(5) A person must not –

(a) remove the head from a wild duck that has had its wings removed; or

(b) remove the wings from a wild duck that has had its head removed –

unless the person is at the residence, camp or shack of the holder of the licence under which the wild duck was taken.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(6) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person who is on any public land during the open season for the taking of wild duck must not use, or have possession of, any ammunition containing lead shot for the purpose of taking wild duck on that public land.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(7) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person who, during the open season for the taking of wild duck, is on any –

- (a) wetland; or
- (b) lake, dam, harbour, estuary or lagoon; or
- (c) river, creek, canal or other watercourse –

must not use, or have possession of, ammunition containing lead shot for the purpose of taking wild duck.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(8) Except with the written permission of the Secretary, a person must not, during the open season for the taking of wild duck, discharge lead shot from a firearm onto or across any –

- (a) wetland; or
- (b) lake, dam, harbour, estuary or lagoon; or
- (c) river, creek, canal or other watercourse.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(9) In this regulation –

**lead shot** means shot that is made of lead or any alloy containing lead;

**public land** means –

- (a) any land that is managed by a statutory authority if members of the public have lawful access to the land; and
- (b) any Crown land that is subject to a lease if members of the public have lawful access to the land;

**wetland** means a marsh, mudflat or other expanse of land that is permanently, intermittently or cyclically inundated with water, whether –

- (a) the water is static or flowing; or
- (b) the water is fresh, brackish or salt; or
- (c) the inundation occurs as a result of a natural or artificial process.

### **53. Hunting limits for deer, pheasant and brown quail**

(1) [Regulation 53 Subregulation (1) amended by S.R. 2015, No. 94, Applied:23 Dec 2015] Except as authorised by a permit under Part 2 , a person must not take more than 3 deer during an open season, that total being made up of –

- (a) [Regulation 53 Subregulation (1) amended by S.R. 2015, No. 94, Applied:23 Dec 2015] one adult male deer and 2 antlerless deer; or
- (b) [Regulation 53 Subregulation (1) amended by S.R. 2015, No. 94, Applied:23 Dec 2015] 3 antlerless deer.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Except as authorised by a permit under Part 2 , a person must not, in any one day during an open season, take more than 3 adult male pheasant.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) Except as authorised by a permit under Part 2 , a person must not, in any one day during an open season, take more than 20 brown quail.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) A person must not remove the head or sever the body of any deer at a place other than the usual residence of the holder of the licence under which the deer was taken except –

- (a) with the written permission of the Secretary; or
- (b) if all products of the deer have been labelled with the name and address of the licence holder and the numbers of the relevant licence and tag.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

#### **54. Bag limits for wild duck and muttonbird**

(1) Except as authorised by a permit under Part 2 , a person must not, in any one day during an open season, take more than 10 wild duck.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) Except as authorised by a permit under Part 2 , a person must not, in any one day during an open season, take more than the following number of juvenile muttonbirds:

- (a) in the Bass Strait islands, 25;
- (b) elsewhere, 15.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) A reference in this regulation to a bird of any kind includes a reference to the products of that bird.

## PART 4 - Taxidermy

### 55. Prohibition on carrying out taxidermy without licence

(1) A person must not carry out taxidermy for a commercial purpose unless the person is the holder of a commercial taxidermy licence issued under Part 2 .

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) A person must not carry out taxidermy other than for a commercial purpose unless the person has the permission of the Secretary.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) In this regulation –

*commercial purpose* means the purpose of sale, processing, manufacture or any other purpose that is directed to gain or reward.

### 56. Restrictions on licensed commercial taxidermist

The holder of a commercial taxidermy licence must not –

- (a) charge a fee for the display of wildlife to the public; or
- (b) buy or acquire wildlife from a person unless that person –
  - (i) holds an appropriate licence authorising that person to sell or dispose of that wildlife; or
  - (ii) has the written permission of the Secretary; or
- (c) sell or otherwise dispose of wildlife to a person unless that person –
  - (i) holds an appropriate licence authorising that person to buy or acquire that wildlife; or
  - (ii) has the written permission of the Secretary.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### 57. Restrictions on receiving wildlife for taxidermy

(1) A person must not receive any specially protected wildlife or protected wildlife for the purpose of taxidermy without the written permission of the Secretary.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) If any specially protected wildlife or protected wildlife is delivered to the holder of a commercial taxidermy licence for the purpose of taxidermy, but the person delivering the wildlife does not produce to the holder a permission referred to in subregulation (1) at the time of delivery, the licence holder is to place the wildlife in a freezing chamber and notify a wildlife officer of the delivery.

(3) The Secretary may reimburse the licence holder for any expenditure incurred by the licence holder in complying with subregulation (2) .

### 58. Receiving wildlife for taxidermy on behalf of licence holder

(1) Except as authorised by a permit issued under subregulation (3) , a person must not receive an animal or animal part for the purpose of taxidermy as the employee or agent of, or otherwise on behalf of, the holder of a commercial taxidermy licence.

(2) The holder of a commercial taxidermy licence may, by written notice to the Secretary, nominate a person as the person who the holder wishes to receive an animal or animal part for the purpose of taxidermy as an employee or agent of, or otherwise on behalf of, the holder of the licence.

(3) If the Secretary receives a notice under subregulation (2) , the Secretary may issue a permit to the person nominated by the holder of the commercial taxidermy licence authorising that person to receive an animal or animal part for the purpose of taxidermy as the employee or agent of, or otherwise on behalf of, the holder of the licence.

(4) The holder of a commercial taxidermy licence may, by written notice to the Secretary, revoke the nomination of a person contained in a notice under subregulation (2) .

(5) The Secretary, on receipt of a notice under subregulation (4) from the holder of a commercial taxidermy licence, is to cancel the permit to which the notice relates by serving on the holder of the permit a written notice stating that –

(a) the permit is cancelled; and

(b) it has been cancelled on the ground that the nomination of that person has been revoked by the holder of the licence.

(6) If at any time the Secretary considers that there are grounds for cancelling a permit other than the ground referred to in subregulation (5) , the Secretary may cancel the permit by serving on the holder a written notice stating that the permit is cancelled and the grounds for its cancellation.

(7) Where a notice under subregulation (5) or (6) cancelling a permit is served on a person, the permit ceases to have effect and the person must surrender it to the Secretary as soon as practicable.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 50 penalty units.

## PART 5 - Miscellaneous

### 59. Misrepresentations as to licences or permits

(1) A person must not produce to a wildlife officer any document that is, or purports to be, a licence or a permit with the intention of falsely representing to that officer that the person or a body corporate is the holder of that licence or permit.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(2) A person must not, with intention to deceive, produce to a wildlife officer any licence or permit that has been altered in a material respect or any document that resembles a licence or permit.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(3) The holder of a licence or permit must not lend the licence or permit to another person, or cause or allow that licence or permit to be used in a manner calculated to deceive a wildlife officer.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(4) A person must not falsely represent to a wildlife officer that –

(a) the person is the holder of a licence or permit in the person's own right or jointly with another person or other persons; or

(b) a body corporate is the holder of a licence or permit.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

(5) In this regulation –

*licence* means a licence issued under these regulations;

*permit* means a permit issued under these regulations.

### 60. False or misleading statements

A person must not, in applying for a licence or permit or in giving any information under these regulations –

(a) make a statement knowing it to be false or misleading; or

(b) omit any matter from a statement knowing that without that matter the statement is false or misleading; or

(c) provide a document that the person knows to be false or misleading without informing the person to whom the document is provided of that knowledge.

Penalty: Fine not exceeding 100 penalty units.

### 61. Infringement notice offences and penalties

For the purposes of section 62 of the Act –

(a) an offence against a regulation specified in Schedule 10 is a prescribed offence in respect of which an infringement notice may be issued; and

(b) the penalty specified in that Schedule adjacent to that offence is the applicable penalty for that prescribed offence.

## **SCHEDULE 1 - Specially protected wildlife**

*[Schedule 1 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]*

Regulation 3(1)

## PART 1 - Invertebrates

[Part 1 of Schedule 1 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

Order	Common Name	Species	
Cyclophyllidea	tapeworm	<i>Dasyurotaenia robusta</i>	
Oligochaeta	Lake Pedder Earthworm	<i>Hypolimnus pedderensis</i>	
Onychophora	Blind Velvet Worm	<i>Tasmanipatus anophthalmus</i>	
	Giant Velvet Worm	<i>Tasmanipatus barretti</i>	
Opiliones	Cave Harvestman	<i>Hickmanoxyomma cavaticum</i>	
	Ida Bay Cave Harvestman	<i>Hickmanoxyomma gibbergunyar</i>	
Pseudoscorpionida	pseudoscorpion	<i>Pseudotyranochthonius typhlus</i>	
Araneae	Plomleys Trapdoor Spider	<i>Migas plomleyi</i>	
	Little Six-eyed Spider	<i>Olgania excavata</i>	
	Lake Fenton Trapdoor Spider	<i>Plesiothele fentoni</i>	
Syncarida	Hickman's Pigmy Mountain Shrimp	<i>Allanaspides hickmani</i>	
Isopoda	Flinders Island Cave Slater isopod	<i>Echinodillo cavaticus</i>	
	isopod	<i>Haloniscus searlei</i>	
	isopod	<i>Mesacanthotelson setosus</i>	
	isopod	<i>Mesacanthotelson tasmaniae</i>	
	isopod	<i>Onchotelson brevicaudatus</i>	
	isopod	<i>Onchotelson spatulatus</i>	
	isopod	<i>Uramphisopus pearsoni</i>	
Amphipoda	amphipod	<i>Tasniphargus tyleri</i>	
Decapoda	Giant Freshwater Crayfish	<i>Astacopsis gouldi</i>	
	Mt. Arthur Burrowing Crayfish	<i>Engaeus orramakunna</i>	
	Central North Burrowing Crayfish	<i>Engaeus granulatus</i>	
	Furneaux Burrowing Crayfish	<i>Engaeus martigener</i>	
	Scottsdale Burrowing Crayfish	<i>Engaeus spinicaudatus</i>	
	Burnie Burrowing Crayfish	<i>Engaeus yabbimunna</i>	
	Craggy Island Cave Cricket	<i>Cavernotettix craggiensis</i>	
Orthoptera	Kiernan's Cave Cricket	<i>Micropathus kiernani</i>	
	Ranga Cave Cricket	<i>Parvotettix rangaensis</i>	
	Whinray's Cave Cricket	<i>Parvotettix whinrayi</i>	
	Schayer's Grasshopper	<i>Schayera baiulus</i>	
	Miena Jewel Beetle	<i>Castiarina insculpta</i>	
Coleoptera	carab beetle	<i>Catadromus lacordairei</i>	
	Weldborough Forest Weevil	<i>Enchymus sp. nov.</i>	
	cave beetles	<i>Goedetrechus spp.</i>	
	Bornemissza's Stag Beetle	<i>Hoplogonus bornemisszai</i>	
	Simson's Stag Beetle	<i>Hoplogonus simsoni</i>	
	Vanderschoor's Stag Beetle	<i>Hoplogonus vanderschoori</i>	
	cave beetles	<i>Idacarabus spp.</i>	
	Broad-toothed Stag Beetle	<i>Lissotes latidens</i>	
	Mt. Mangana Stag Beetle	<i>Lissotes menalcas</i>	
	Cockerill's Cave Beetle	<i>Tasmanotrechus cockerilli</i>	
	Lepidoptera	Chevron Looper Moth	<i>Amelora acontistica</i>
		Chaostola Skipper	<i>Antipodia chaostola</i>
Tunbridge Looper Moth		<i>Chrysolarentia decisaria</i>	
Saltmarsh Looper Moth		<i>Dasybela achroa</i>	
Marrawah Skipper		<i>Oreisplanus munionga larana</i>	
Ptunarra Brown Butterfly		<i>Oreixenica ptunarra</i>	
Tasmanian Hairstreak Butterfly		<i>Pseudalmenus chlorinda tax. myrsilus</i>	
Chequered Blue	<i>Theclinessthes serpentata</i>		

Trichoptera	caddis-fly	<i>Ecnomina vega</i>
	caddis-fly	<i>Hydrobiosella saggita</i>
	caddis-fly	<i>Hydroptila scamandra</i>
	caddis-fly	<i>Oecetis gilva</i>
	Spotted Microcaddis-fly	<i>Orphnino-trichia maculata</i>
	caddis-fly	<i>Orthotrichia adornata</i>
	Miena Microcaddis-fly	<i>Oxyethira mienica</i>
	caddis-fly	<i>Ramiheithrus kocinus</i>
	caddis-fly	<i>Stenopsychodes lineata</i>
	caddis-fly	<i>Tasimia drepana</i>
	McCubbins Caddis Fly	<i>Taskiria mccubbini</i>
	Lake Pedder Caddis Fly	<i>Taskiropsyche lacustris</i>
	Eupulmonata	Southern Hairy Red Snail
Ammonite Snail		<i>Discocharopa vigens</i>
Mesogastropoda	freshwater snails	<i>Beddomeia</i> spp.
	freshwater snails	<i>Phrantela</i> spp.
Basommatophora	Great Lake Snail	<i>Benthodorbis pawpela</i>
	Skemps Snail	<i>Charopidae</i> "Skemps"
Stylommatophora	Burgundy Snail	<i>Helicarion rubicundus</i>
	snail	<i>Miselaoma weldii</i>
	snail	<i>Pasmaditta jungermanniae</i>
	snail	<i>Roblinella agnewi</i>
	Keeled Snail	<i>Tasmaphena lamproides</i>

## PART 2 - Amphibians

[Part 2 of Schedule 1 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Myobatrachidae (Leptodactylidae)	Striped Marsh Frog	<i>Limnodynastes peronii</i>
Hylidae	Green and Gold Frog	<i>Litoria raniformis</i>

## PART 3 - Reptiles

[Part 3 of Schedule 1 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Cheloniidae	Loggerhead Turtle	<i>Caretta caretta</i>
	Hawksbill Turtle	<i>Eretmochelys imbricata</i>
Dermochelyidae	Leathery (or Luth) Turtle	<i>Dermochelys coriacea</i>
Scincidae	Pedra Branca Skink	<i>Carinascincus palfreymani</i>
	Tussock Skink	<i>Pseudemoia pagenstecheri</i>
	Glossy Grass Skink	<i>Pseudemoia rawlinsoni</i>
Elapidae	Chappell Island Tiger Snake	<i>Notechis scutatus serventyi</i>

## PART 4 - Birds

[Part 4 of Schedule 1 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

Family	Common Name	Species
Ardeidae	Australian Bittern	<i>Botaurus poiciloptilus</i>
Scolopacidae	Eastern Curlew	<i>Numenius madagascariensis</i>
Podicipedidae	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>
Procellariidae	Blue Petrel	<i>Halobaena caerulea</i>
	Southern Giant Petrel	<i>Macronectes giganteus</i>
	Northern Giant Petrel	<i>Macronectes halli</i>
	Fairy Prion (southern ssp.)	<i>Pachyptila turtur subantarctica</i>
	Grey Petrel	<i>Procellaria cinerea</i>
	White-headed Petrel	<i>Pterodroma lessoni</i>
	Gould's Petrel	<i>Pterodroma leucoptera leucoptera</i>
	Soft-plumaged Petrel	<i>Pterodroma mollis</i>
Diomededidae	Wandering Albatross	<i>Diomedea exulans</i>
	Sooty Albatross	<i>Phoebetria fusca</i>
	Light-mantled Albatross	<i>Phoebetria palpebrata</i>
	Shy Albatross	<i>Thalassarche cauta</i>
	Grey-headed Albatross	<i>Thalassarche chrysostoma</i>
	White-capped Albatross	<i>Thalassarche steadi</i>
Phalacrocoracidae	Macquarie Island Shag	<i>Leucocarbo atriceps purpurascens</i>
Accipitridae	Grey Goshawk	<i>Accipiter novaehollandiae</i>
	Wedge-tailed Eagle (Tasmanian ssp.)	<i>Aquila audax fleayi</i>
	White-bellied Sea-Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucogaster</i>
Laridae	Little Tern	<i>Sternula albifrons sinensis</i>
	Fairy Tern	<i>Sternula nereis nereis</i>
	White-fronted Tern	<i>Sterna striata</i>
	Antarctic Tern (New Zealand ssp.)	<i>Sterna vittata bethunei</i>
	Antarctic Tern (Indian & Atlantic Ocean ssp.)	<i>Sterna vittata vittata</i>
Alcedinidae	Azure Kingfisher	<i>Ceyxazureus diemonensis</i>
Psittacidae	Swift Parrot	<i>Lathamus discolor</i>
	Orange-bellied Parrot	<i>Neophema chrysogaster</i>
Tytonidae	Masked Owl	<i>Tyto novaehollandiae</i>
Pardalotidae	Brown Thornbill (King Island ssp.)	<i>Acanthiza pusilla archibaldi</i>
	Scrubtit	<i>Acanthornis magnus</i>
	Forty-spotted Pardalote	<i>Pardalotus quadragintus</i>

## PART 5 - Mammals

[Part 5 of Schedule 1 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

Order or Family	Common Name	Species
Dasyuridae	Spotted-tailed Quoll (SE mainland & Tas. ssp.)	<i>Dasyurus maculatus maculatus</i>
	Tasmanian Devil	<i>Sarcophilus harrisii</i>
Peramelidae	Eastern Barred Bandicoot (Tasmania)	<i>Perameles gunnii</i>
Otariidae	New Zealand Fur Seal	<i>Arctocephalus forsteri</i>
	Subantarctic Fur Seal	<i>Arctocephalus tropicalis</i>
	Leopard Seal	<i>Hydrurga leptonyx</i>
	Crab-eater Seal	<i>Lobodon carcinophagus</i>
Phocidae	Southern Elephant Seal	<i>Mirounga leonina</i>
Cetacea	Sei Whale	<i>Balaenoptera borealis</i>
	Blue Whale	<i>Balaenoptera musculus</i>
	Fin Whale	<i>Balaenoptera physalus</i>
	Southern Right Whale	<i>Eubalaena australis</i>
	Humpback Whale	<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i>
Muridae	New Holland Mouse	<i>Pseudomys novaehollandiae</i>

## **SCHEDULE 2 - Protected wildlife**

*[Schedule 2 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]*

Regulation 3(1)

## PART 1 - Invertebrates

[Part 1 of Schedule 2 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

<b>Order</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Opiliones	cave harvestman	<i>Lomanella</i> spp.
Pseudoscorpionida	pseudoscorpion	<i>Pseudotyranchothonius tasmanicus</i>
Orthoptera	cave crickets	<i>Cavernotettix</i> spp.
	cave crickets	<i>Micropathus</i> spp. except <i>kiernani</i>
	cave crickets	<i>Parvotettix</i> spp. except <i>rangaensis</i>
Diptera	Tasmanian Glow-worm	<i>Arachnocampa tasmaniensis</i>

## PART 2 - Amphibians

[Part 2 of Schedule 2 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Myobatrachidae (Leptodactylidae)	Moss Froglet	<i>Bryobatrachus nimbus</i>
	Common Froglet	<i>Crinia signifera</i>
	Tasmanian Froglet	<i>Crinia tasmaniensis</i>
	Smooth Froglet	<i>Geocrinia laevis</i>
	Eastern Banjo Frog	<i>Limnodynastes dumerilii</i>
	Spotted Marsh Frog	<i>Limnodynastes tasmaniensis</i>
	Southern Toadlet	<i>Pseudophryne semimarmorata</i>
Hylidae	Tasmanian Tree Frog	<i>Litoria burrowsae</i>
	Brown Tree Frog	<i>Litoria ewingii</i>

## PART 3 - Reptiles

[Part 3 of Schedule 2 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

<b>Order or Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Agamidae	Mountain Dragon	<i>Rankinia diemensis</i>
Scincidae	Three-lined Skink	<i>Acritoscincus duperreyi</i>
	Northern Snow Skink	<i>Carinascincus greeni</i>
	Metallic Skink	<i>Carinascincus metallicus</i>
	Southern Snow Skink	<i>Carinascincus microlepidotus</i>
	Spotted Skink	<i>Carinascincus ocellatus</i>
	Mountain Skink	<i>Carinascincus orocryptus</i>
	Tasmanian Tree Skink	<i>Carinascincus pretiosus</i>
	She-oak Skink	<i>Cyclodomorphus casuarinae</i>
	Delicate Skink	<i>Lampropholis delicata</i>
	Bougainvilles Skink	<i>Lerista bougainvillii</i>
	Whites Skink	<i>Liopholis whitii</i>
	Southern Grass Skink	<i>Pseudemoia entrecasteauxii</i>
	Tussock Skink	<i>Pseudemoia pagenstecheri</i>
	Glossy Grass Skink	<i>Pseudemoia rawlinsoni</i>
	Blotched Blue-tongue Skink	<i>Tiliqua nigrolutea</i>
	Elapidae	Copperhead Snake
White-lipped (Whip) Snake		<i>Drysdalia coronoides</i>
Hydrophiidae	Tiger Snake	<i>Notechis scutatis</i>
	Yellow-bellied Sea Snake	<i>Pelamis platurus</i>

## PART 4 - Birds

[Part 4 of Schedule 2 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

Family	Common Name	Species	
Anatidae	Australasian (or Blue-winged) Shoveler	<i>Anas rhynchotis</i>	
	Hardhead (or White-eyed Duck)	<i>Aythya australis</i>	
	Musk Duck	<i>Biziura lobata</i>	
	Cape Barren Goose	<i>Cereopsis novaehollandiae</i>	
	Black Swan	<i>Cygnus atratus</i>	
	Pink-eared Duck	<i>Malacorhynchus membranaceus</i>	
	Blue-billed Duck	<i>Oxyura australis</i>	
	Freckled Duck	<i>Stictonetta naevosa</i>	
	Podicipedidae	Hoary-headed Grebe	<i>Poliiocephalus poliocephalus</i>
		Australasian Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus novaehollandiae</i>
Spheniscidae	Emperor Penguin	<i>Aptenodytes forsteri</i>	
	King Penguin	<i>Aptenodytes patagonicus</i>	
	Rockhopper Penguin	<i>Eudyptes chrysocome</i>	
	Macaroni Penguin	<i>Eudyptes chrysolophus</i>	
	Fiordland Penguin	<i>Eudyptes pachyrhynchus</i>	
	Snares Penguin	<i>Eudyptes robustus</i>	
	Royal Penguin	<i>Eudyptes schlegeli</i>	
	Erect-crested Penguin	<i>Eudyptes sclateri</i>	
	Little Penguin	<i>Eudyptula minor</i>	
	Adelie Penguin	<i>Pygoscelis adeliae</i>	
	Chinstrap Penguin	<i>Pygoscelis antarctica</i>	
	Gentoo Penguin	<i>Pygoscelis papua</i>	
	Procellariidae	Cape Petrel	<i>Daption capense</i>
		Antarctic (or Southern) Fulmar	<i>Fulmarus glacialisoides</i>
Southern Giant-Petrel		<i>Macronectes giganteus</i>	
Northern Giant-Petrel		<i>Macronectes halli</i>	
Slender-billed Prion		<i>Pachyptila belcheri</i>	
Antarctic Prion		<i>Pachyptila desolata</i>	
Salvin's Prion		<i>Pachyptila salvini</i>	
Broad-billed Prion		<i>Pachyptila vittata</i>	
Common Diving-Petrel		<i>Pelecanoides urinatrix</i>	
White-chinned Petrel		<i>Procellaria aequinoctialis</i>	
Grey Petrel		<i>Procellaria cinerea</i>	
Westland Petrel		<i>Procellaria westlandica</i>	
Mottled Petrel		<i>Pterodroma inexpectata</i>	
Great-winged Petrel		<i>Pterodroma macroptera</i>	
Black-winged Petrel		<i>Pterodroma nigripennis</i>	
Little Shearwater		<i>Puffinus assimilis</i>	
Buller's Shearwater		<i>Ardenna bulleri</i>	
Fluttering Shearwater		<i>Puffinus gavia</i>	
Sooty Shearwater		<i>Ardenna grisea</i>	
Hutton's Shearwater		<i>Puffinus huttoni</i>	
Diomedidae	Antarctic Petrel	<i>Thalassoica antarctica</i>	
	Antipodean Albatross	<i>Diomedea antipodensis</i>	
	Southern Royal Albatross	<i>Diomedea epomophora</i>	
	Northern Royal Albatross	<i>Diomedea sanfordi</i>	
	Buller's Albatross	<i>Thalassarche bulleri</i>	
	Indian Yellow-nosed Albatross	<i>Thalassarche carteri</i>	
Atlantic Yellow-nosed Albatross	<i>Thalassarche chlororhynchos</i>		

	Chatham Albatross	<i>Thalassarche eremita</i>
	Campbell Albatross	<i>Thalassarche impavida</i>
	Black-browed Albatross	<i>Thalassarche melanophrys</i>
Hydrobatidae	White-bellied Storm-Petrel (Asian ssp.)	<i>Fregetta grallaria grallaria</i>
	Black-bellied Storm-Petrel	<i>Fregetta tropica</i>
	Grey-backed Storm-Petrel	<i>Garrodia nereis</i>
	Wilson's Storm-petrel	<i>Oceanites oceanicus</i>
	White-faced Storm-Petrel	<i>Pelagodroma marina</i>
Sulidae	Australasian Gannet	<i>Morus serrator</i>
Phalacrocoracidae	Black-faced Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax fuscescens</i>
	Little Black Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax sulcirostris</i>
	Pied Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax varius</i>
Pelecanidae	Australian Pelican	<i>Pelecanus conspicillatus</i>
Ardeidae	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
	Cattle Egret	<i>Ardea ibis</i>
	White-necked Heron	<i>Ardea pacifica</i>
	Australasian Bittern	<i>Botaurus poiciloptilus</i>
	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>
	White-faced Heron	<i>Egretta novaehollandiae</i>
	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>
	Nankeen Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax caledonicus</i>
Threskiornithidae	Royal Spoonbill	<i>Platylea regia</i>
	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>
	Australian White Ibis	<i>Threskiornis molucca</i>
	Straw-necked Ibis	<i>Threskiornis spinicollis</i>
Accipitridae	Collared Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter cirrhocephalus</i>
	Brown Goshawk	<i>Accipiter fasciatus</i>
	Swamp Harrier	<i>Circus approximans</i>
	Spotted Harrier	<i>Circus assimilis</i>
	Whistling Kite	<i>Haliastur sphenurus</i>
	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>
Falconidae	Brown Falcon	<i>Falco berigora</i>
	Nankeen Kestrel	<i>Falco cenchroides</i>
	Australian Hobby (or Little Falcon)	<i>Falco longipennis</i>
	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>
Rallidae	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>
	Tasmanian Native Hen	<i>Gallinula mortierii</i>
	Buff-banded Rail	<i>Gallirallus philippensis</i>
	Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>
	Australian Spotted Crake	<i>Porzana fluminea</i>
	Baillon's Crake	<i>Porzana pusilla</i>
	Spotless Crake	<i>Porzana tabuensis</i>
	Lewin's Rail	<i>Rallus pectoralis</i>
Turnicidae	Painted Button-quail	<i>Turnix varia</i>
Scolopacidae	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>
	Sharp-tailed Sandpiper	<i>Calidris acuminata</i>
	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>
	Baird's Sandpiper	<i>Calidris bairdii</i>
	Red Knot	<i>Calidris canutus</i>
	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>
	Pectoral Sandpiper	<i>Calidris melanotos</i>
	Red-necked Stint	<i>Calidris ruficollis</i>
	Great Knot	<i>Calidris tenuirostris</i>

	Latham's Snipe	<i>Gallinago hardwickii</i>
	Bar-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa lapponica</i>
	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>
	Little Curlew (or Little Whimbrel)	<i>Numenius minutus</i>
	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>
	Red-necked Phalarope	<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>
	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>
	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>
	Marsh Sandpiper (or Little Greenshank)	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>
	Terek Sandpiper	<i>Xenus cinereus</i>
Rostratulidae	Painted Snipe	<i>Rostratula australis</i>
Burhinidae	Bush Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus grallarius</i>
Haematopodidae	Sooty Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus fuliginosus</i>
	Pied Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus longirostris</i>
Recurvirostridae	Banded Stilt	<i>Cladorhynchus leucocephalus</i>
	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>
	Red-necked Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra novaehollandiae</i>
Charadriidae	Double-banded Plover	<i>Charadrius bicinctus</i>
	Greater Sand Plover	<i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i>
	Lesser Sand Plover	<i>Charadrius mongolus</i>
	Red-capped Plover	<i>Charadrius ruficapillus</i>
	Oriental Plover	<i>Charadrius veredus</i>
	Black-fronted Dotterel	<i>Eelseyornis melanops</i>
	Red-kneed Dotterel	<i>Erythronys cinctus</i>
	Pacific Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>
	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>
	Hooded Plover	<i>Thinornis rubricollis</i>
	Masked Lapwing	<i>Vanellus miles</i>
	Banded Lapwing	<i>Vanellus tricolor</i>
Laridae	Great Skua	<i>Catharacta skua</i>
	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>
	White-winged Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>
	Kelp (or Southern Black-backed) Gull	<i>Larus dominicanus</i>
	Silver Gull	<i>Larus novaehollandiae</i>
	Pacific Gull	<i>Larus pacificus</i>
	Topknot Pigeon	<i>Lopholaimus antarcticus</i>
	Arctic Jaeger	<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>
	Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii</i>
	Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>
Columbidae	Common Bronzewing	<i>Phaps chalcoptera</i>
	Brush Bronzewing	<i>Phaps elegans</i>
	Superb Fruit-dove	<i>Ptilinopus superbus</i>
	Arctic Tern	<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>
Cacatuidae	Major Mitchell Cockatoo	<i>Cacatua leadbeateri</i>
	Red-tailed Black Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus banksii</i>
	Yellow-tailed Black Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus funereus</i>
	Glossy Black Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus lathami</i>
Psittacidae	Musk Lorikeet	<i>Glossopsitta concinna</i>
	Blue-winged Parrot	<i>Neophema chrysostoma</i>
	Ground Parrot	<i>Pezoporus wallicus</i>
	Green Rosella	<i>Platycercus caledonicus</i>
	Eastern Rosella	<i>Platycercus eximius</i>
Cuculidae	Fan-tailed Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis flabelliformis</i>
	Horsfield's Bronze-Cuckoo	<i>Chalcites basalis</i>

	Shining Bronze-Cuckoo	<i>Chalcites lucidus</i>
	Pallid Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus pallidus</i>
Strigidae	Southern Boobook	<i>Ninox novaeseelandiae</i>
Tytonidae	Barn Owl	<i>Tyto javinica</i>
	Sooty Owl	<i>Tyto tenebricosa</i>
Podargidae	Tawny Frogmouth	<i>Podargus strigoides</i>
Aegothelidae	Australian Owllet-nightjar	<i>Aegotheles cristatus</i>
Apodidae	Fork-tailed Swift	<i>Apus pacificus</i>
	White-throated Needletail	<i>Hirundapus caudacutus</i>
Halcyonidae	Sacred Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus sanctus</i>
Coraciidae	Dollarbird	<i>Eurystomus orientalis</i>
Menuridae	Superb Lyrebird	<i>Menurana novaehollandiae</i>
Maluridae	Superb Fairy-wren	<i>Malurus cyaneus</i>
	Southern Emu-wren	<i>Stipiturus malachurus</i>
Pardalotidae	Yellow-rumped Thornbill	<i>Acanthiza chrysorrhoa</i>
	Tasmanian Thornbill	<i>Acanthiza ewingii</i>
	Brown Thornbill	<i>Acanthiza pusilla</i>
	Striated Fieldwren	<i>Calamanthus fuliginosus</i>
	Spotted Pardalote	<i>Pardalotus punctatus</i>
	Striated Pardalote	<i>Pardalotus striatus</i>
	Tasmanian Scrubwren	<i>Sericornis humilis</i>
Meliphagidae	Eastern Spinebill	<i>Acanthorhynchus tenuirostris</i>
	Little Wattlebird	<i>Anthochaera chrysoptera</i>
	Yellow Wattlebird	<i>Anthochaera paradoxa</i>
	White-fronted Chat	<i>Ephthianura albifrons</i>
	Yellow-throated Honeyeater	<i>Lichenostomus flavicollis</i>
	Noisy Miner	<i>Manorina melanocephala</i>
	Black-headed Honeyeater	<i>Melithreptus affinis</i>
	Strong-billed Honeyeater	<i>Melithreptus validirostris</i>
	Tawny-crowned Honeyeater	<i>Glyciphila melanops</i>
	New Holland Honeyeater	<i>Phylidonyris novaehollandiae</i>
	Crescent Honeyeater	<i>Phylidonyris pyrrhoptera</i>
Petroicidae	Dusky Robin	<i>Melanodryas vittata</i>
	Scarlet Robin	<i>Petroica boodang</i>
	Flame Robin	<i>Petroica phoenicea</i>
	Pink Robin	<i>Petroica rodinogaster</i>
Pachycephalidae	Grey Shrike-thrush	<i>Colluricincla harmonica</i>
	Olive Whistler	<i>Pachycephala olivacea</i>
	Golden Whistler	<i>Pachycephala pectoralis</i>
Dicruridae	Satin Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra cyanoleuca</i>
	Leaden Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra rubecula</i>
	Grey Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albiscapa</i>
Campephagidae	Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Coracina novaehollandiae</i>
	White-winged Triller	<i>Lalage sueurii</i>
Artamidae	Dusky Woodswallow	<i>Artamus cyanopterus</i>
	White-browed Woodswallow	<i>Artamus superciliosus</i>
	Grey Butcherbird	<i>Cracticus torquatus</i>
	Australian Magpie	<i>Cracticus tibicen</i>
	Black Currawong	<i>Strepera fuliginosa</i>
	Grey Currawong	<i>Strepera versicolor</i>
Corvidae	Little Raven	<i>Corvus mellori</i>
Motacillidae	Richard's (or Australian) Pipit	<i>Anthus novaeseelandiae</i>
Passeridae	Beautiful Firetail	<i>Stagonopleura bella</i>
Hirundinidae	Fairy Martin	<i>Petrochelidon ariel</i>
	Welcome Swallow	<i>Hirundo neoxena</i>
	Tree Martin	<i>Petrochelidon nigricans</i>
Sylviidae	Clamorous Reed-Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus australis</i>
	Golden-headed Cisticola	<i>Cisticola exilis</i>

Zosteropidae  
Muscicapidae

Little Grassbird  
Silvereye  
Bassian Thrush

*Megalurus gramineus*  
*Zosterops lateralis*  
*Zoothera lunulata*

## PART 5 - Mammals

[Part 5 of Schedule 2 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

Order or Family	Common Name	Species
Monotremata	Platypus	<i>Ornithorhynchus anatinus</i>
	Echidna	<i>Tachyglossus aculeatus</i>
Dasyuridae	Swamp Antechinus	<i>Antechinus minimus</i>
	Dusky Antechinus	<i>Antechinus swainsonii</i>
	Tasman Peninsula Dusky Antechinus	<i>Antechinus vandycki</i>
	Eastern Quoll	<i>Dasyurus viverrinus</i>
	White-footed Dunnart	<i>Sminthopsis leucopus</i>
Peramelidae	Southern Brown Bandicoot	<i>Isodon obesulus</i>
Potoroidae	Tasmanian Bettong	<i>Bettongia gaimardi</i>
	Long-nosed Potoroo	<i>Potorous tridactylus</i>
Macropodidae	Forester Kangaroo	<i>Macropus giganteus</i>
Vombatidae	Wombat	<i>Vombatus ursinus tasmaniensis</i>
	Common Wombat (Bass Strait)	<i>Vombatus ursinus ursinus</i>
	Little (Tasmanian) Pygmy Possum	<i>Cercartetus lepidus</i>
Burramyidae	Eastern Pygmy Possum	<i>Cercartetus nanus</i>
	Sugar Glider	<i>Petaurus breviceps</i>
	Ringtail Possum	<i>Pseudocheirus peregrinus</i>
Megachiroptera Microchiroptera	fruit bats	<i>Pteropus</i> spp.
	Gould's Wattled Bat	<i>Chalinolobus gouldi</i>
	Chocolate Wattled Bat	<i>Chalinolobus morio</i>
	Great Pipistrelle Bat	<i>Falsistrellus tasmaniensis</i>
	Lesser Long-eared Bat	<i>Nyctophilus geoffroyi</i>
	Greater Long-eared Bat	<i>Nyctophilus timoriensis</i>
	Large Forest Bat	<i>Vespadelus darlingtoni</i>
	Southern Forest Bat	<i>Vespadelus regulus</i>
	Little Forest Bat	<i>Vespadelus vulturnus</i>
	Antarctic Fur Seal	<i>Arctocephalus gazella</i>
Otariidae	Australian Fur Seal	<i>Arctocephalus pusillus</i>
	Weddell Seal	<i>Leptonychotes weddellii</i>
Phocidae	All whales and dolphins of the order Cetacea, excluding those listed in Schedule 1	All species of <i>Cetacea</i> excluding those listed in Schedule 1
Cetacea	Water Rat	<i>Hydromys chrysogaster</i>
	Broad-toothed Rat	<i>Mastacomys fuscus</i>
	Long-tailed Mouse	<i>Pseudomys higginsi</i>
	Velvet-furred (Eastern Swamp) Rat	<i>Rattus lutreolus</i>

# SCHEDULE 3 - Protected wildlife which may be bought, sold or held without a permit

Regulations 3(1) and 36(2)

[Schedule 3 Amended by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

## Birds

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Phasianidae	Stubble Quail	<i>Coturnix pectoralis</i>
Cacatuidae	Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	<i>Cacatua galerita</i>
	Western Long-billed Corella (southern ssp.)	<i>Cacatua pastinator pastinator</i>
	Galah	<i>Eolophus roseicapilla</i>
Fringillidae	Gouldian Finch	<i>Erythrura gouldiae</i>
Psittacidae	Little Lorikeet	<i>Glossopsitta pusilla</i>
	Alexandra's Parrot	<i>Polytelis alexandrae</i>
	Regent Parrot (eastern ssp.)	<i>Polytelis anthopeplus anthopeplus</i>
	Superb Parrot	<i>Polytelis swainsonii</i>
	Golden-shouldered Parrot	<i>Psephotus chrysopterygius</i>
	Hooded Parrot	<i>Psephotus dissimilis</i>

## SCHEDULE 4 - Partly protected wildlife

Regulation 5 and regulation 37

### PART 1 - Birds

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Phasianidae	Brown Quail	<i>Coturnix ypsilophora</i>
	Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>
Anatidae	Chestnut Teal	<i>Anas castanea</i>
	Grey Teal	<i>Anas gracilis</i>
	Pacific Black Duck	<i>Anas superciliosa</i>
	Australian Shelduck (Mountain Duck)	<i>Tadorna tadornoides</i>
	Australian Wood Duck	<i>Chenonetta jubata</i>
Procellariidae	Short-tailed Shearwater (Muttonbird)	<i>Ardenna tenuirostris</i>

## PART 2 - Mammals

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Phalangeridae	Brushtail Possum	<i>Trichosurus vulpecula</i>
Macropodidae	Bennett's (or Red-necked) Wallaby	<i>Macropus rufogriseus</i>
	Tasmanian Pademelon (or Rufous Wallaby)	<i>Thylogale billardierii</i>
Cervidae	European Fallow Deer that are not farm deer	<i>Dama dama dama</i>

## SCHEDULE 5 - Restricted animals

Regulation 6

### PART 1 - Birds

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Rallidae	Weka	<i>Gallirallus australis</i>
Columbidae	Ringneck Dove	<i>Streptopelia capicola</i>
	Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>
Passeridae	White-winged Whydah (or Widowbird)	<i>Euplectes albonotatus</i>
	Spice Finch (Nutmeg Mannikin)	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>
	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>
	Red-billed Quelea	<i>Quelea quelea</i>
Fringillidae	Mexican Rose Finch (House Finch)	<i>Carpodacus mexicanus</i>
	Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>
	Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>
	Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>
Pycnonotidae	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>
	Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>
Muscicapidae	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>
Sturnidae	Indian Mynah	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>

## PART 2 - Reptiles

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Carettochelydidae	Freshwater turtle	All members of family <i>Carettochelydidae</i>
Chelidae	Freshwater turtle	All members of family <i>Chelidae</i>
Emydidae	Red-eared slider turtle	<i>Trachemys scripta</i>

## PART 3 - Mammals

[Schedule 3 Amended by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Artiodactyla	Himalayan Tahr	<i>Hemitragus jemlahicus</i>
Macropodidae	Agile Wallaby	<i>Macropus agilis</i>
	Tammar Wallaby	<i>Macropus eugenii</i>
	Western Grey Kangaroo	<i>Macropus fuliginosus</i>

## SCHEDULE 6 - Restricted (special purpose) wildlife

[Schedule 6 Substituted by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

Regulation 3(1)

### *Amphibians*

<b>Order or Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Bufonidae	Marine (or Cane) Toad	<i>Bufo marinus</i>
Caudata	Caudates (Newts, salamanders, etc.)	all kinds
	Mexican Axolotl	<i>Ambystoma mexicanum</i>
	Fire-bellied Newt	<i>Cynops pyrrhogaster</i>
	Warty (Crested) Newt	<i>Triturus cristatus</i>
	Common Newt	<i>Triturus vulgaris</i>

### *Reptiles*

<b>Order or Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Agamidae	Central Bearded Dragon	<i>Pogona vitticeps</i>
Alligatoridae	American Alligator	<i>Alligator mississippiensis</i>
Boidae	Red-tailed Boa	<i>Boa constrictor</i>
Crocodylidae	Freshwater Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus johnsoni</i>
	Estuarine Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus porosus</i>
Pythonidae	Children's Pythons	<i>Antaresia spp.</i>
	Black-headed Python	<i>Aspidites melanocephalus</i>
	Scrub Python	<i>Morelia amethistina</i>
	Carpet Python	<i>Morelia spilota</i>
	Reticulated Python	<i>Python reticulatus</i>
Varanidae	Perentie	<i>Varanus giganteus</i>
	Lace Monitor	<i>Varanus varius</i>

### *Birds*

<b>Order or Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Anseranatidae	Magpie Goose	<i>Anseranas semipalmata</i>
Burhinidae	Bush Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus grallarius</i>
Cacatuidae	Gang-gang Cockatoo	<i>Callocephalon fimbriatum</i>
Casuariidae	Southern Cassowary	<i>Casuarius casuarius</i>

### *Mammals*

<b>Order or Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Atelidae	Black-handed Spider Monkey	<i>Ateles geoffroyi</i>
Bovidae	Addax	<i>Addax nasomaculatus</i>
	Scimitar-horned Oryx	<i>Oryx dammah</i>
Callitrichidae	Common Marmoset	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>
	Pygmy Marmoset	<i>Callithrix pygmaea</i>
	Cotton-top Tamarin	<i>Saguinus oedipus</i>
Caviidae	Capybara	<i>Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris</i>
Cebidae	Black-tufted Capuchin	<i>Cebus paella</i>
Cercopithecidae	De Brazza's Monkey	<i>Cercopithecus neglectus</i>
	Mantled Guereza	<i>Colobus guereza</i>
	Long-tailed Macaque	<i>Macaca fascicularis</i>
	Japanese Macaque	<i>Macaca fuscata</i>
	Black Crested Macaque	<i>Macaca nigra</i>

	Lion-tailed Macaque	<i>Macaca silenus</i>
	Hamadryas Baboon	<i>Papio hamadryas</i>
Equidae	Plains Zebra	<i>Equus quagga</i>
Felidae	Cheetah	<i>Acinonyx jubatus</i>
	African Serval	<i>Leptailurus serval</i>
	African Lion	<i>Panthera leo</i>
	Siberian Tiger	<i>Panthera tigris altaica</i>
	Bengal Tiger	<i>Panthera tigris tigris</i>
Herpestidae	Meerkat	<i>Suricata suricatta</i>
Hylobatidae	Siamang	<i>Symphalangus syndactylus</i>
Lemuridae	Ring-tailed Lemur	<i>Lemur catta</i>
Mustelidae	Oriental Small-clawed Otter	<i>Aonyx cinereus</i>
Phascolarctos	Koala	<i>Phascolarctos cinereus</i>
Procyonidae	Coati	<i>Nasua nasua</i>
Sciuridae	Northern Palm Squirrel	<i>Funambulus pennantii</i>

# SCHEDULE 7 - Domestic stock

Regulation 4

## PART 1 - Birds

[Part 1 of Schedule 7 Amended by No. 17 of 1996, Applied:24 Dec 2015]

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Struthionidae	Ostrich	Ostriches, all kinds
Phasianidae	Japanese Quail	<i>Coturnix japonica</i>
	Domestic Fowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>
	Domestic Turkey	<i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>
Anatidae	Mallard Duck	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>
	Domestic Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>
	Domestic (Chinese) Goose	<i>Anser cygnoides</i>
	Mandarin Duck	<i>Aix galericulata</i>
	Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>
Columbidae	Domestic Pigeon	<i>Columbia livia</i>
Cacatuidae	Cockatiel	<i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i>
Estrildidea	Zebra Finch	<i>Taeniopygia guttata</i>
Fringillidae	Common Canary	<i>Serinus canaria</i>
Numididae	Helmeted Guineafowl	<i>Numida meleagris</i>
Phasianidae	Common Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>
Psittacidae	Budgerigar	<i>Melopsittacus undulatus</i>

## PART 2 - Mammals

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Equidae	Donkey	<i>Equus asinus</i>
	Horse	<i>Equus caballus</i>
Suidae	Pig	<i>Sus scrofa</i>
Camelidae	Camels, Alpacas, Llamas, Vicunas	Camelids, all kinds
Bovidae	Indian cattle	<i>Bos indicus</i>
	European cattle	<i>Bos taurus</i>
	Goat	<i>Capra hircus</i>
	Sheep	<i>Ovis aries</i>
Caviidae	Guinea Pig	<i>Cavia procellus</i>
Leporidae	European rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>

## **SCHEDULE 7A - Controlled Animals**

*[Schedule 7A Inserted by S.R. 2012, No. 82, Applied:26 Sep 2012]*

Regulation 4A

## PART 1 - Spiders

Family	Common Name	Species
Family Actinopodidae	Mouse Spider	<i>Missulena</i> spp.
Family Hexathelidae	Tree Funnelweb Spider	<i>Atrax horribillis</i>
	Sydney Funnelweb Spider	<i>Atrax robustus</i>
Family Idiopidae	Funnelweb Spider	<i>Hadronyche</i> spp.
	Tree-stem Trapdoor Spider	<i>Aganippe castellum</i>
	Four-spotted Trapdoor Spider	<i>Aganippe subtristis</i>
	Golden Trapdoor Spider	<i>Arbanitis</i> spp.
	Adelaide Trapdoor Spider	<i>Blakistonia aurea</i>
	Shieldbacked Trapdoor Spider	<i>Idiosoma nigrum</i>
	Sydney Brown Trapdoor Spider	<i>Misgolas rapax</i>
Family Lycosidae	Tube Spider	<i>Misgolas robertsi</i>
	Grey Wolf Spider	<i>Dingosa simsoni</i>
	Garden Wolf Spider	<i>Lycosa godeffroyi</i>
	Little Striped Wolf Spider	<i>Venatrix furcillata</i>
Family Sparassidae	Flat Huntsman Spider or Avondale Spider	<i>Delena cancerides</i>
	Sydney Huntsman Spider, Large Huntsman Spider, Giant Huntsman Spider, Grey Huntsman Spider	<i>Holconia immanis</i>
	Badge Huntsman Spider, Shield Huntsman Spider	<i>Neosparassus</i> spp.
	Lichen Huntsman	<i>Pandercetes gracilis</i>
	Giant Huntsman Spider	<i>Typostola barbata</i>
	Golden Orbweavers	<i>Nephila</i> spp.
Family Tetragnathidae	Tarantula	<i>Phlogius</i> spp.
Family Theraphosidae	Coastal Whistling Spider	<i>Selenocosmia crassipes</i>
	Australian Common Whistling Spider	<i>Selenocosmia stirlingi</i>
	Australian Featherleg Spider	<i>Selenotypus plumipes</i>

## PART 2 - Scorpions

<b>Class</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Arachnida	Scorpions	Family Buthidae, all kinds

## PART 3 - Stick Insects

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Family Phasmatidae	Titan Stick Insect	<i>Acrophylla titan</i>
	Wuelfing's Stick Insect	<i>Acrophylla wuelfingi</i>
	Tessellated Stick Insect	<i>Anchiale austrotessulata</i>
	Spurlegged Stick Insect, Spurlegged Phasmatid	<i>Didymuria violescens</i>
	Peppermint Stick Insect, Pandanus Stick Insect	<i>Megacrania batesii</i>
	Ringbarker Phasmatid	<i>Podacanthus wilkinsoni</i>
	Children's Stick Insect	<i>Tropidoderus childrenii</i>

## PART 4 - Cockroaches

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Family Blaberidae	Burrowing Cockroach Friedman's Bark Cockroach Australian Wood Cockroach Giant Burrowing Cockroach, Giant Knobby Cockroach Surinam Cockroach	<i>Geoscapheus dilatatus</i> <i>Laxta friedmani</i> <i>Panesthia australis</i> <i>Parapanesthia gigantea</i> <i>Pycnoscelus surinamensis</i>

## PART 5 - Centipedes

<b>Class</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Chilopoda	Centipedes	Family Scolopendridae, all kinds

## PART 6 - Millipedes

<b>Class</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Order</b>
Class Diplopoda	Pill Millipedes	Order Sphaerotheriida, all kinds
	Spirobold Millipedes	Order Spirobolida, all kinds
	Polydesmid Millipedes	Order Polydesmida, all kinds

## PART 7 - Beetles

Family or Order	Common Name	Species
Family Curculionidae	Botany Bay Weevil	<i>Chrysolopus spectabilis</i>
Order Coleoptera	Longicorn Beetle	Family Cerambycidae, all kinds
	Stag Beetle	Family Lucanidae, all kinds
	Bess Beetle, Passalid Beetle	Family Passalidae, all kinds
Order Hemiptera	Assassin Bug	Family Reduviidae, all kinds

## PART 8 - Praying Mantis

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Family Mantidae	Large Brown Mantid Garden Mantid, Green Mantid, Slender Green Mantid	<i>Archimantis</i> spp. <i>Orthodera</i> spp.

## PART 9 - Crickets

Family	Common Name	Species
Family Stenopelmatidae	King Cricket	<i>Australostoma</i> spp.
Family Tettigoniidae	Spotted Katydid, Spotted Predatory Katydid	<i>Ephippitytha trigintiduoguttata</i>
	Rainforest Cricket, Katydid	<i>Phricta</i> spp.

## PART 10 - Snails

Family	Common Name	Species
Family Caryodidae	Giant Panda Snail	<i>Hedleyella falconeri</i>
Family Camaenidae	Rainforest Snail	<i>Hadra webbi</i>
	Fraser's Rainforest Snail	<i>Sphaerospira fraseri</i>
Family Ampullariidae	Mitchell's Rainforest Snail, Rainforest Snail	<i>Thersites</i> spp.
	Ramshorn Snail	<i>Bulinus</i> spp.
	Giant Ramshorn Snail	<i>Marisa cornuarietis</i>
	Apple Snail	<i>Pila</i> spp.
	Apple Snail	<i>Pomacea</i> spp.

## PART 11 - Velvet Worms

<b>Class</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Class Onychophorida	Velvet Worm	Family Peripatopsidae, all kinds

## PART 12 - Slugs

<b>Family</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Species</b>
Family Athoracophoridae	Red Triangle Slug	<i>Triboniophorus graeffei</i>

## SCHEDULE 8 - Fees

Regulation 3(1) and regulation 33(5) and (6)

### PART 1 - Fees for licences

<b>Column 1 Licence</b>	<b>Column 2 Fee (Fee units)</b>
1. Fauna dealer's licence (skins)	50
2. Commercial wallaby hunter's licence	40
3. Wallaby licence	20
4. Commercial muttonbird catcher's licence	Nil
5. Muttonbird licence	20
6. Deer licence	45
7. Duck licence	20
8. Pheasant licence	10
9. Brown quail licence	20
10. Commercial taxidermy licence	Nil

## PART 2 - Fees for permits

<b>Column 1 Permit</b>	<b>Column 2 Fee</b>
1. Permit for export – (a) for (i) a permit that relates to living wildlife (ii) in any other case (b) if the Secretary is satisfied that the removal from the State of the wildlife or products of wildlife is required for a scientific or educational purpose 2. Permit for taking specially protected, protected, or partly protected wildlife 3. Crop protection permit 4. Seal deterrent permit 5. Permit to receive skins	10 fee units or 2 fee units for each specimen – whichever is the greater 10 fee units  Nil  Fee approved by the Minister Fee approved by the Minister Fee approved by the Minister Fee approved by the Minister

## SCHEDULE 9 - Royalties

Regulation 34

In respect of each skin of –

(a) a wallaby; and

20 cents

(b) a brushtail possum.

30 cents

## SCHEDULE 10 - Infringement notice offences and penalties

Regulation 61

	<b>Regulation</b>	<b>Penalty (Penalty units)</b>
1.	regulation 8(3)	4
2.	regulation 10(3)	4
3.	regulation 17(3)	4
4.	regulation 17(4)	4
5.	regulation 18(4)	2
6.	regulation 20(3)	4
7.	regulation 22(3)	4
8.	regulation 28(5)	2
9.	regulation 29(4)	2
10.	regulation 30(2)	4
11.	regulation 32(2)	4
12.	regulation 33(3)	4
13.	regulation 33(5)	4
14.	regulation 33(6)	4
15.	regulation 35(1)	4
16.	regulation 36(1)	4
17.	regulation 37(1)	4
18.	regulation 37(2)	4
19.	regulation 37(4)	4
20.	regulation 37(6)	4
21.	regulation 37(8)	4
22.	regulation 37(9)	4
23.	regulation 37(11)	4
24.	regulation 38(1)	4
25.	regulation 38(2)	4
26.	regulation 39	4
27.	regulation 40	4
28.	regulation 41(1)	4
29.	regulation 41(4)	4
30.	regulation 41(5)	4
31.	regulation 41(6)	4
32.	regulation 41(7)	4
33.	regulation 42	4
34.	regulation 43(1)	4
35.	regulation 43(3)	4
36.	regulation 43(4)	4
37.	regulation 44(1)	4
38.	regulation 44(2)	4
39.	regulation 44(3)	4
40.	regulation 45(1)	4
41.	regulation 46	4
42.	regulation 47(1)	4
43.	regulation 47(2)	4
44.	regulation 48(1)	4
45.	regulation 48(2)	4
46.	regulation 49	4
47.	regulation 50(1)	4
48.	regulation 50(2)	4
49.	regulation 50(3)	4
50.	regulation 50(4)	4
51.	regulation 51(1)	4
52.	regulation 51(2)	4
53.	regulation 51(3)	4

54.	regulation 51(4)	4
55.	regulation 51(5)	4
56.	regulation 51(6)	4
57.	regulation 51(7)	4
58.	regulation 52(1)	4
59.	regulation 52(2)	4
60.	regulation 52(3)	4
61.	regulation 52(4)	4
62.	regulation 52(5)	4
63.	regulation 52(6)	4
64.	regulation 52(7)	4
65.	regulation 53(1)	4
66.	regulation 53(2)	4
67.	regulation 53(3)	4
68.	regulation 53(4)	4
69.	regulation 54(1)	4
70.	regulation 54(2)	4
71.	regulation 55(1)	4
72.	regulation 56	4
73.	regulation 57(1)	4
74.	regulation 58(7)	2
75.	regulation 59(1)	4
76.	regulation 59(2)	4
77.	regulation 59(3)	4
78.	regulation 59(4)	4
79.	regulation 60	4

Displayed and numbered in accordance with the *Rules Publication Act 1953*.

Notified in the *Gazette* on 1 December 2010

These regulations are administered in the Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment.