THE GENDER EQUALITY AND WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT ACT, 2022

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THE GENDER EQUALITY AND WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT ACT, 2022

Being an Act to address gender imbalances by making provision for increased appointment of women to decision-making positions and structures so as to achieve at least 30% representation, to provide for the promotion of gender equality in employment and training, to provide for the implementation of gender mainstreaming and budgeting, to provide for financial institutions to prescribe procedures for the improvement of women's access to finance and to provide for other related matters.

[ ] Date of commencement.

ENAC TED by the President and Members of Parliament in this present Parliament assembled.
PART I—PRELIMINARY

Interpretation.

1. In this section, unless the context otherwise requires -

"access to finance" means women's ability to obtain finance from financial institutions;

"appointment to positions in public office" means a position that is not obtained through elections but appointed by the state;

"discrimination based on gender" means an action to prohibit or deny on the basis of sex or gender with the purpose of obstructing the right of a person to enjoy fundamental rights and freedoms equally;

"financial institution" means an establishment that completes and facilitates monetary transactions, such as loans, mortgages and deposits;

"gender" means the roles, duties and responsibilities which are culturally or socially ascribed to women, men, girls, and boys;

"gender equality" means the full and equal enjoyment of rights and freedoms and equal access to resources, opportunities and outcomes, by women, men, girls, and boys;

"gender mainstreaming" means the process of identifying gender gaps and making women's, men's, girls' and boys' concerns and experiences integral to the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of policies and programmes in all sectors of life to ensure that they benefit equally;
"Minister" means the Minister responsible for Gender and Children's Affairs and Ministry shall have corresponding meaning;

"private body" means

(a) a natural person who carries on any trade, business or profession, but only in such capacity

(b) a partnership which carries on any trade, business or profession-

(c) any juristic person -

"public body" means

(a) any department of state or administration in the central government or any municipality in the local sphere of government; or

(b) any other functionary or institution when-

(i) excersing a power or performing a duty in terms of the Constitution or

(ii) excersing a public power or performing a public function in terms of any legislation

"public elections" means presidential, parliamentary, local government and paramount chieftaincy elections;

"women's empowerment" means the advancement of women in social, political and economic spheres to promote the realization of gender equality;
PART II - PUBLIC ELECTIONS AND APPOINTMENT TO PUBLIC OFFICE

2. There shall be public elections as stated in sub-section (2) of section 58 of the Public Election Acts 2022.

3. (1) In making appointments to cabinet and other government positions, the President may take due consideration of the possibility of appointing women to at least 30%.

(2) For appointment to public office made by persons other than the President at least 30% shall be women.

PART III - WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT

4. (1) A designated public or private employer shall have at least 30% of women in his employment.

(2) An employer shall, in addition to his responsibility to employ at least 30% of women under sub-section (1), ensure that at least 30% of women in his employment, is in a decision making position at all levels within his organisation.

(3) An employer shall prohibit discrimination in employment against women and prohibit dismissal as a result of preganency.

(4) An employer shall ensure the prohibition of Sexual Harassment in accordance with the Sexual Offences Act.

(5) An employer shall ensure paid maternity of at least 14 weeks to women.

5. An employer shall ensure equal remuneration for persons of equal skills, competence, expertise and knowledge without discrimination of any kind.

6. An employer shall, in relation to training, education and scholarship provide equal opportunity for all employees.
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(3) An employer shall prohibit discrimination in employment against women and prohibit dismissal as a result of pregnancy.

(4) An employer shall ensure the prohibition of Sexual Harassment in accordance with the Sexual Offences Act.

(5) An employer shall ensure paid maternity of at least 14 weeks to women.

5. An employer shall ensure equal remuneration for persons of equal skills, competence, expertise and knowledge without discrimination of any kind.

6. An employer shall, in relation to training, education and scholarship provide equal opportunity for all employees.
7. (1) Women shall have equal access and rights to credit and financial services, transactions and products.

(2) A Government financial institution, including the Bank of Sierra Leone and the Ministry of Finance shall prescribe procedures and processes for improving access to finance for women.

PART IV - GENDER UNIT

8. (1) Every Ministry, Department, Agency and other public service institutions shall have a Gender Unit within its Planning Directorate which shall be responsible to

(a) integrate gender demands into all sectoral legal framework, policies, strategies and action plan

(b) collect and analyse gender disaggregated data and present in a report to the relevant Ministry, Department, Agency or other public service institution

(2) The Ministry of Finance shall facilitate fiscal and administrative policies for national gender budgeting

PART V - MONITORING, EVALUATION AND REPORT

9. Every public or private body to which this Act applies shall prepare and submit an annual report containing measures planned and implemented to promote gender equality to the Ministry in a template developed and published by the Ministry.

10. (1) The Ministry shall have a Gender Steering Committee which shall be responsible for monitoring and evaluation of Ministries, Departments, Agencies and other public service institutions for compliance with this Act.

(2) The Gender Steering Committee under sub-section (1) comprising representatives from the following institutions not below the rank of a Director-
(a) a representative from the Ministry who shall be the Chairman
(b) a representative from the Ministry of Technical and Higher Education
(c) a representative from the Ministry of Labour and Social Security
(d) a representative from the Ministry of Agriculture
(e) a representative from the Ministry of Lands, Housing and Country Planning
(f) a representative from the Ministry of Health and Sanitation
(g) a representative from the Ministry of Planning and Economic Development
(h) a representative from the Ministry of Finance
(i) a representative from the Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development
(j) a representative from the Ministry of Youth Affairs
(k) a representative from the Ministry of Internal Affairs
(l) a representative from the Ministry of Basic and Senior Secondary Education
(m) a representative from the Ministry of Mines and Mineral Resources
(n) a female representative representing Paramount Chiefs
(o) a representative, representing Civil Society Organisation specializing on gender issues

(3) The Director of Gender in the Ministry shall serve as Secretary to the Committee.

(4) The Committee shall conduct annual gender auditing of Ministries, Departments, Agencies and other public service institutions and submit a report of their findings and recommendations to the Minister to be laid in Parliament not later than 3 months.

(5) The report of the Committee under sub-section (4) shall include factors and challenges affecting the implementation of this Act including recommendation.

PART VI- MISCELLANEOUS

11. (1) A person, who fails or neglects any of the duties imposed under this Act, commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not less than Nle 50,000 or to a term of imprisonment not less than 1 year or to both such fine and imprisonment

(2) An organ or agency of government, private or public institution, commercial or corporate body, community or other entity, who fails or neglects any of the duties imposed under this Act commits an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not less than Nle 100,000.

(3) A person who suffers violation of his rights, or become victim of any action, omission or inaction of any organ or agency of government, public or private institution, commercial or corporate body, community or other entity or any representative of such organ or agency of government, public or private institution, commercial or corporate body, community or other entity shall be entitled to fair and adequate compensation as may be determined by the court, taking
into consideration the special damages suffered as well as social, psychological, emotional and health related burden suffered by such person by reason of such action, omission or inaction aforesaid.

(4) The court may in addition order such exemplary damages, public apology or such redress or restitution as may be deemed appropriate in the circumstances by the court.

12. (1) Unless otherwise indicated in this Act, this Act applies to all public bodies and private bodies designated under sub-section (2).

(2) The Minister shall, subject to sub-section (4) publish in the Gazette, designated public and private bodies which shall comply with one or more provisions of this Act.

(3) The Minister may periodically, for the purposes of sub-section (2), designate different public and private bodies which shall comply with the relevant provisions.

(4) The public and private bodies designated under sub-section (2) shall be those that employ 25 or more employees.

13. The Minister shall ensure that appropriate measures and mechanisms are put in place for the implementation of this Act.

14. The Minister may make regulations to give effect to this Act.
Passed in Parliament this 15th day of November, in the year of our Lord two thousand and twenty two.

PARAN UMAR TARAWALLY,  
Clerk of Parliament.

THIS PRINTED IMPRESSION has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed Parliament and found by me to be a true and correct printed copy of the said Bill.

PARAN UMAR TARAWALLY,  
Clerk of Parliament.