The Welsh Ministers make the following Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by—
(a) section 16(1)(e) (as read with section 16(3A)) of the Food Safety Act 1990(1);
(b) section 50(3) and paragraph 16(1) to Schedule 5 of the Agriculture Act 2020(2).
The Welsh Ministers have had regard to relevant advice given by the Food Standards Agency in accordance with section 48(4A) of the Food Safety Act 1990(3).
There has been consultation as required by Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety(4).

In accordance with section 48(3B) of the Food Safety Act 1990 and section 50(6)(c) of the Agriculture Act 2020 a draft of this instrument has been laid before and approved by a resolution of Senedd Cymru.

Title, commencement, application and extent

1.—(1) The title of these Regulations is the Alcoholic Beverages (Amendment) (Wales) Regulations 2023.
(2) These Regulations come into force on 28 April 2023.
(3) These Regulations extend to England and Wales and apply in relation to Wales.

(1) 1990 c. 16. Section 16(1) was amended by paragraph 8 of Schedule 5 to the Food Standards Act 1999 (c. 28). Section 16(3A) was inserted by section 174(1) of the Health and Care Act 2022 (c. 31). The functions of the “Secretary of State” under the Food Safety Act 1990 are exercisable by the Welsh Ministers (in relation to Wales), by virtue of the National Assembly for Wales (Transfer of Functions) Order 1999 (S.I. 1999/672), and section 162 of, and paragraph 30 of Schedule 11 to, the Government of Wales Act 2006 (c. 32).
(2) 2002/178.
(3) Section 50(6)(c) was inserted by paragraph 21 of Schedule 5 to the Food Standards Act 1999 (c. 28).
(4) EUR 2002/178, to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.


“In relation to a beverage marketed in Wales to which the first paragraph applies, the second sentence of that paragraph is to be read as if at the end there were inserted ‘, or the figure may be followed by ‘% alc/vol’”,”

Amendment of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33


(2) In Article 44 (actual alcoholic strength)—

(a) after the first paragraph insert—

“In relation to a product marketed in Wales to which the first paragraph applies, that paragraph is to be read as if for ‘in percentage units or half units’ there were substituted ‘to not more than one decimal place’.”;

(b) after the third paragraph (taking into account the paragraph inserted by sub-paragraph (a)) insert—

“In relation to a product marketed in Wales to which the third paragraph applies, the first sentence of that paragraph is to be read as if at the end there were inserted ‘or the figure may be followed by ‘% alc/vol’’.”

(3) After Article 50(1) (name of wine grape variety) insert—

“1b. In relation to a grapevine product marketed in Wales to which paragraph 1(a)(ii) applies, the first subparagraph of point (ii) is to be read as if, in the words before the first indent, for ‘100 %’ there were substituted ‘at least 95%’.”

Lesley Griffiths
Minister for Rural Affairs and North Wales, and Trefnydd, one of the Welsh Ministers

30 March 2023

(5) EUR 2011/1169, to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.

(6) EUR 2019/33, amended by S.I. 2020/1637; there are other amending instruments but none are relevant.
EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations make amendments to retained EU law in relation to the labelling of alcoholic beverages and wine products marketed in Wales. These Regulations amend the following retained EU law—


Regulation 2 amends Annex 12 to Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011 to enable an alternative indicator (“% alc/vol”) to be used (instead of one of the other specified indicators) with a figure indicating the actual alcoholic strength of a beverage to which that Annex applies.

Regulation 3(2) amends Article 44 of Regulation (EU) 2019/33—

(a) to require the actual alcoholic strength of wine and certain other wine sector products to be indicated to a figure of not more than one decimal point (instead of a requirement that the indication be given in percentage units or half units);

(b) to enable an alternative indicator (“% alc/vol”) to be used (instead of one of the other specified indicators) with a figure indicating the actual alcoholic strength of wine and certain other wine sector products to which Article 44 applies.

Regulation 3(3) amends Article 50(1) Regulation (EU) 2019/33 to enable wine and certain other wine sector products on the labels of which two or more wine grape varieties (or their synonyms) are named to be marketed in Wales where 95% of the product (reduced from 100%) has been made from those varieties. This is subject to compliance with existing labelling requirements relating to the naming of those varieties in Article 50(1).

The Welsh Ministers’ code of practice on the carrying out of regulatory impact assessments was considered in relation to these Regulations. As a result, it was not considered necessary to carry out a regulatory impact assessment as to the likely costs and benefits of complying with these Regulations.